ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM BOARD OF RETIREMENT 2223 E. WELLINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 100 SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

REGULAR MEETING Tuesday, January 18, 2022 9:30 A.M.

Pursuant to Assembly Bill 361, signed into law on September 16, 2021 as urgency legislation; Governor Newsom's Proclamation of a State of Emergency on March 4, 2020, which Proclamation is still in effect; and Board of Retirement Resolution 2021-03, <u>this meeting will be conducted by video/teleconference</u> <u>only, in compliance with Government Code section 54953 as amended by Assembly Bill 361. None of</u> <u>the locations from which the Board members will participate will be open to the public</u>.

Members of the public who wish to observe and/or participate in the meeting may do so via the Zoom app or via telephone. Members of the public who wish to provide comment during the meeting may do so by "raising your hand" in the Zoom app, or if joining by telephone, by pressing * 9 on your telephone keypad.

OCERS Zoom Video/Teleconference information		
Join Using Zoom App (Video & Audio) Join by Telephone (Audio Only)		
	Dial by your location	
https://ocers.zoom.us/j/86757427977	+1 669 900 6833 US (San Jose)	
	+1 346 248 7799 US (Houston)	
Meeting ID: 867 5742 7977	+1 253 215 8782 US	
Password: 982221	+1 301 715 8592 US	
	+1 312 626 6799 US (Chicago)	
Go to <u>https://www.zoom.us/download</u> to	+1 929 436 2866 US (New York)	
download Zoom app before meeting		
Go to <u>https://zoom.us</u> to connect online using	Meeting ID: 867 5742 7977	
any browser.	Password: 982221	
A Zoom Meeting Participant Guide is available on	OCERS website Board & Committee meetings page	

AGENDA

The Orange County Board of Retirement welcomes you to this meeting. This agenda contains a brief general description of each item to be considered. The Board of Retirement may take action on any item included in the following agenda; however, except as otherwise provided by law, no action shall be taken on any item not appearing on the agenda. The Board of Retirement may consider matters included on the agenda in any order, and not necessarily in the order listed.

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CALL MEETING TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL

OATH OF OFFICE – CHRIS PREVATT

Administered by Clerk of the Board, Robin Stieler

PUBLIC COMMENTS

At this time, members of the public may comment on (1) matters <u>not</u> included on the agenda, provided that the matter is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Board; and (2) any matter appearing on the Consent Agenda. Members of the public who wish to provide comment at this time may do so by "raising your hand" in the Zoom app, or if joining by telephone, by pressing * 9 on your telephone keypad. When addressing the Board, please state your name for the record prior to providing your comments. Speakers will be limited to three (3) minutes.

<u>In addition</u>, public comment on matters listed on this agenda will be taken at the time the item is addressed.

CONSENT AGENDA

All matters on the Consent Agenda are to be approved by one action unless a Board Member requests separate action on a specific item.

BENEFITS

C-1 OPTION 4 RETIREMENT ELECTION

<u>Recommendation</u>: Grant election of retirement benefit payment, Option 4, based on Segal Consulting's actuarial report.

- 1. McHenry, Michael P.
- 2. Whitehurst, Daniel W.

ADMINISTRATION

C-2 BOARD MEETING MINUTES

Regular Board Meeting Minutes

December 13, 2021

Recommendation: Approve minutes.

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C-3 BOARD FINDINGS PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE § 54953, AS AMENDED BY AB 361, AND ADOPTION OF BOARD RESOLUTION 2022-01

<u>Recommendation</u>: That the Board (1) make the following findings pursuant to Government Code section 54953, as amended by AB 361;

- a. The Board has reconsidered the circumstances of the state of emergency resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- b. The Board has determined that the following circumstances exist:
 - i. The state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members of the Board to meet safely in person; and
 - ii. State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

and

(2) Adopt Board of Retirement Resolution 2022-01 to reflect such findings.

C-4 2022 BUDGET AMENDMENT – IT CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

<u>Recommendation</u>: Approve an amendment to OCERS' Administrative Budget for Fiscal Year 2022 to carryover costs related to the 2021 Business Plan initiatives to upgrade the Board Room Audio/Visual equipment for \$532,000 and implement new backup solutions to enhance recovery of on premise and cloud systems for \$250,000.

DISABILITY/MEMBER BENEFITS AGENDA 9:30 AM

NOTE: WHEN CONSIDERING DISABILITY RETIREMENT APPLICATIONS OR MEMBER APPEALS OF BENEFIT OR DISABILITY RETIREMENT DETERMINATIONS, THE BOARD MAY ADJOURN TO CLOSED SESSION TO DISCUSS MATTERS RELATING TO THE MEMBER'S APPLICATION OR APPEAL, PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTIONS 54957 OR 54956.9. IF THE MATTER IS A DISABILITY APPLICATION UNDER SECTION 54957, THE MEMBER MAY REQUEST THAT THE DISCUSSION BE IN PUBLIC.

OPEN SESSION

CONSENT ITEMS

All matters on the Consent Agenda are to be approved by one action unless a Board member requires separate action on a specific item. If separate action is requested, the item will be discussed in closed session during agenda item DA-1.

DC-1: DANIEL BOWDISH

Investigator, Orange County Sheriff's Department (Safety Member)

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Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant non-service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as September 11, 2020.

DC-2: LIDIA CARMONA

Social Worker II, Orange County Social Services Agency (General Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

• Deny service connected disability retirement due to insufficient evidence of job causation.

DC-3: EDITH GAGE

Correctional Services Technician, Orange County Sheriff's Department (General Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant Service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as March 26, 2021.

DC-4: LILIAN GRANILLO

Sergeant, Orange County Sheriff's Department (Safety Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as September 11, 2020.

DC-5: ROBERT HOFFMANN

Deputy Sheriff II, Orange County Sheriff's Department (Safety Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as March 26, 2021.

DC-6: BRIAN HOPP

Firefighter, Orange County Fire Authority (Safety Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as January 18, 2019.

DC-7: JEFFREY HUBERT

Fire Apparatus Engineer, Orange County Fire Authority (Safety Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as January 1, 2021.

DC-8: JEFFREY McBRIDE

Firefighter, Orange County Fire Authority (Safety Member)

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<u>Recommendation</u>: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as April 22, 2021.

DC-9: HERMAN RANGEL

Employment & Eligibility Specialist, Orange County Social Services Agency (General Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as, October 14, 2016, the day following the last day of regular compensation as an Employment & Eligibility Specialist.
- Find the Applicant is capable of performing other duties in the service of the County of Orange pursuant to Government Code Section 31725.65.
- Grant a supplemental disability retirement payment allowance in the amount of the salary difference between the higher and lower paying positions effective May 7, 2021, the date of the position change, until the day Mr. Rangel wishes to retire from the new position.

DC-10: DAVID WOLF

Fire Captain/Paramedic, Orange County Fire Authority (Safety Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as the day after the last day of regular compensation.

DC-11: RANDY ZERANCE

Sheriff's Special Officer II, Orange County Sheriff's Department (General Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as the day after the last day of regular compensation.

CLOSED SESSION

Government Code section 54957

Adjourn to Closed Session under Government Code section 54957 to consider member disability applications and to discuss member medical records submitted in connection therewith. The applicant may waive confidentiality and request his or her disability application to be considered in Open Session.

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OPEN SESSION

REPORT OF ACTIONS TAKEN IN CLOSED SESSION

DA-1: INDIVIDUAL ACTION ON ANY ITEM TRAILED FROM THE DISABILITY/MEMBER BENEFITS CONSENT AGENDA

DA-2: MCDONALD, KEVIN – REQUEST FOR REDUCTION OF OVERPAID BENEFITS

Recommendation: Staff recommends that the Board deny the Applicant's request to reduce the overpayment amount of \$3,465.73 owed by the Applicant due to overpaid disability benefits by \$2,500.

DA-3: ADOPTION OF FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF JAMES B. MORELL FOR A RECALCULATED RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE (ON REMAND FROM THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT AFTER JUDGMENT ON PEREMPTORY WRIT OF MANDATE)

Recommendation: Staff recommends that the Board adopt the proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision, attached hereto as Exhibit B, in the matter of The Application of James B. Morell for a Recalculated Retirement Allowance.

DA-4: FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION IN THE MATTERS OF THE BENEFIT APPEALS OF MEMBERS SZEWCZYK, ROBERT AND MORIKAWA, RODNEY

Recommendation: In the *Matters of Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa*, Staff recommends the Board exercise its authority pursuant to subdivision (d) of section 31534 of the California Government Code and:

- (1) Set this matter for hearing before itself;
- (2) Accept the record before the referee, together with additional evidence, written briefing and argument from the parties in accordance with a schedule determined by the Board; and
- (3) Consider all such testimony, evidence, briefing and argument at a future meeting of the Board at which time the Board will decide the matter as if it had not been referred to the referee.

CLOSED SESSION

Government Code section 54957

Adjourn to Closed Session under Government Code section 54957 to consider member disability applications and to discuss member medical records submitted in connection therewith. The applicant

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may waive confidentiality and request his or her disability application to be considered in Open Session.

DA-5: MICHELLE WACHTER

STAFF RECOMMENDATION -

- (1) MOVE TO RESCIND BOARD ACTION ON AUGUST 19, 2019 REGARDING THE APPLICATION FOR DISABILITY RETIREMENT FILED BY MICHELLE WACHTER; AND
- (2) REFER THE MATTER BACK TO THE HEARING OFFICER ON THE SOLE ISSUE OF PERMANENT INCAPACITY

<u>Recommendation</u>: Staff recommends that the Board (1) rescind its prior action in this matter to consider new evidence; and (2) refer the matter back to the Hearing Officer on the sole issue of permanent incapacity, pursuant to Government Code section 31534(d).

OPEN SESSION

REPORT OF ACTIONS TAKEN IN CLOSED SESSION

ACTION ITEMS

NOTE: Public comment on matters listed in this agenda will be taken at the time the item is addressed, prior to the Board's discussion of the item. **Members of the public who wish to provide comment in connection with any matter listed in this agenda may do so by "raising your hand" in the Zoom app, or if joining by telephone, by pressing * 9, at the time the item is called.**

A-1 INDIVIDUAL ACTION ON ANY ITEM TRAILED FROM THE CONSENT AGENDA

A-2 AUDIT COMMITTEE – EXTERNAL AUDITOR CONTRACT AWARD

Presentation by Brenda Shott CPA, Assistant CEO Finance and Internal Operations, OCERS

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Audit Committee recommends the Board of Retirement award a contract for financial auditor services to Moss Adams LLP, subject to satisfactory negotiation of terms.

A-3 REINSTATEMENT OF EMERGENCY PAID SICK LEAVE (EPSL)

Presentation by Cynthia Hockless, Director of Human Resources, OCERS

Recommendation:

Staff recommends that the Board of Retirement approve the reinstatement of Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) for Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) Direct employees from December 31, 2021, through April 07, 2022. Approval and adoption of emergency leave practices will provide employees with compensation relief during COVID-19-related absences. The recommendation includes the following:

1. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, or Designee, to administer a 2022 Emergency Paid Sick Leave Program effective December 31, 2021, to April 7, 2022, that provides employees

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up to 40 hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-related absences. The use of this leave will be retroactively applied.

- 2. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, the discretion to provide up to 40 additional hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-related absences and to extend the program to June 30, 2022, in a manner consistent with combating the health pandemic.
- 3. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, or Designee, after review by Counsel and notification to the Board, to administer future state and/or federal statutorily required leave programs in a manner consistent with the parameters approved by the Board for the health pandemic.

This recommendation mirrors the reinstatement of EPSL approved by the Orange County Board of Supervisors for County of Orange employees at their January 11, 2022, Board meeting.

INFORMATION ITEMS

Each of the following informational items will be presented to the Board for discussion.

Presentations

- I-1 DISCOVERY OF ERRONEOUS CALCULATION OF FINAL AVERAGE SALARY FOR FULL-TIME MEMBERS WITH LESS THAN THREE YEARS OCERS SERVICE AND PART-TIME MEMBERS Presentation by Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer, OCERS
- I-2 2021 OCERS INNOVATIONS AND PROCESS IMPROVEMENTS Presentation by Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer, OCERS and the OCERS Team
- I-3 COVID-19 UPDATE Presentation by Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer, OCERS

WRITTEN REPORTS

The following are written reports that will not be discussed unless a member of the Board requests discussion.

R-1 MEMBER MATERIALS DISTRIBUTED

Written Report

Application Notices Death Notices January 18, 2022 January 18, 2022

- R-2 COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES - 10-04-2021 Audit Committee Meeting Minutes
- R-3 CEO FUTURE AGENDAS AND 2022 OCERS BOARD WORK PLAN Written Report
- R-4 QUIET PERIOD NON-INVESTMENT CONTRACTS

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Written Report

- R-5 BOARD COMMUNICATIONS Written Report
- R-6 2021 OCERS YEAR IN REVIEW: COMMUNICATION PLAN Written Report
- **R-7 DISABILITY RETIREMENT STATISTICS 2021 REPORT** Written Report
- R-8 ANNUAL FORM 700 DESIGNATED FILERS LIST AND FACT SHEET Written Report
- R-9 BOARD COMMUNICATIONS POLICY FACT SHEET Written Report
- R-10 FOURTH QUARTER 2021 EDUCATION AND TRAVEL EXPENSE REPORT Written Report
- R-11 OCERS TRUSTEE EDUCATION SUMMARY REPORT Written Report
- R-12 2022 OCERS BOARD COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS Written Report
- R-13 CONTRACT STATUS FOR NAMED SERVICE PROVIDERS Written Report

CIO COMMENTS

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER/STAFF COMMENTS

COUNSEL COMMENTS

BOARD MEMBER COMMENTS

ADJOURNMENT: (IN MEMORY OF THE ACTIVE MEMBERS, RETIRED MEMBERS, AND SURVIVING SPOUSES WHO PASSED AWAY THIS PAST MONTH)

NOTICE OF NEXT MEETINGS

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DISABILITY COMMITTEE MEETING February 22, 2022 8:30 A.M.

ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 2223 E. WELLINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 100 SANTA ANA, CA 92701

REGULAR BOARD MEETING February 22, 2022 9:30 A.M.

ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 2223 E. WELLINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 100 SANTA ANA, CA 92701

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE MEETING February 23, 2022 9:30 A.M.

ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 2223 E. WELLINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 100 SANTA ANA, CA 92701

AVAILABILITY OF AGENDA MATERIALS - Documents and other materials that are non-exempt public records distributed to all or a majority of the members of the OCERS Board or Committee of the Board in connection with a matter subject to discussion or consideration at an open meeting of the Board or Committee of the Board are available at the OCERS' website: <u>https://www.ocers.org/board-committee-meetings</u>. If such materials are distributed to members of the Board or Committee of the Board less than 72 hours prior to the meeting, they will be made available on the OCERS' website at the same time as they are distributed to the Board or Committee of the Board or Committee of the Board or Committee and will be made available on the OCERS' website at the same time as they are distributed to the Board or Committee of the Board will be made available on the OCERS' website as soon as practicable and will be available promptly upon request.

It is OCERS' intention to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act ("ADA") in all respects. If, as an attendee or participant at this meeting, you will need any special assistance beyond that normally provided, OCERS will attempt to accommodate your needs in a reasonable manner. Please contact OCERS via email at <u>adminsupport@ocers.org</u> or call 714-558-6200 as soon as possible prior to the meeting to tell us about your needs and to determine if accommodation is feasible. We would appreciate at least 48 hours' notice, if possible. Please also advise us if you plan to attend meetings on a regular basis.



Memorandum

SUBJECT:	OPTION 4 RETIREMENT ELECTION – MICHAEL MCHENRY
FROM:	Jonathea Tallase, Member Services Manager
то:	Members of the Board of Retirement
DATE:	January 18, 2022

Recommendation

Grant election of retirement benefit payment, Option 4, based on Segal Consulting's actuarial report.

Background/Discussion

This member elected Option 4 as the benefit payment option for his service retirement allowance as required by his Domestic Relations Order (DRO), effective October 29, 2021. The Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) was joined in the member's dissolution of marriage and under the terms of the DRO, the member's ex-spouse was awarded a lifetime continuance as a percentage of the member's allowance.

The approval of Option 4 will not increase OCERS liability because the cost of this Option 4 benefit is proportional to the cost of the other benefit plans. Segal Consulting has calculated the member's monthly allowance as indicated in the attached letter, as well as the allowance payable to the member's ex-spouse and the member's girlfriend's continuance (upon the member's death).

Submitted by:



J. T. – APPROVED Jonathea Tallase Member Services Manager



Molly Calcagno, ASA, MAAA, EA Actuary T 415.263.8254 mcalcagno@segalco.com

180 Howard Street, Suite 1100 San Francisco, CA 94105-6147 segalco.com

Personal and Confidential

December 14, 2021

Ms. Adina Bercaru Member Services Manager Orange County Employees Retirement System 2223 Wellington Avenue Santa Ana, CA 92701-3101

Re: Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) Option 4 Calculation for Michael McHenry

Dear Adina:

Pursuant to your request, we have determined the Option 4 benefits payable to Michael McHenry, his ex-spouse, and his girlfriend based on the unmodified benefit and other information provided in the System's request dated December 9, 2021.

The monthly benefits payable to the member, ex-spouse, and girlfriend and the data we used for our calculations are as follows:

Member's Date of Birth	
Ex-Spouse's Date of Birth	
Date of Retirement	October 29, 2021
Plan of Membership	Safety Plan F
Monthly Unmodified Benefit	\$13,720.69
Ex-Spouse's Share of Monthly Unmodified Benefit	37.48%
Retirement Type	Service Retirement
Girlfriend's Date of Birth ¹	
Continuance Payable to Girlfriend	10%/20%/50%

In providing this calculation, we have made the assumption that the girlfriend has satisfied the definition of having an "insurable interest" in the life of the member as required by Section 31764.

Ms. Adina Bercaru December 14, 2021 Page 2

We have determined the Option 4 benefits using a two-part process. In Part One, we first calculated the adjustment to the member's unmodified benefit to provide a 37.48% continuance to the ex-spouse. As instructed by OCERS, the cost to provide the continuance benefit to the ex-spouse is paid for entirely by the ex-spouse.

Part One – Before Adjustment for Continuance to Girlfriend

	Payable while the Member is Alive	Payable after the Member's Death
Monthly benefit payable to member		
Annuity:	\$1,543.05	
Pension:	7,035.13	
Total:	\$8,578.18	\$0.00
Monthly benefit payable to ex-spouse ²	\$4,738.93	\$4,738.93

In Part Two, we further adjusted the member's benefit in Part One so that a continuance benefit of 10%, 20%, or 50% can be paid to the member's girlfriend. In addition, the cost to provide this continuance benefit would be paid for entirely by the member.

² This is equal to 37.48% of the member's unmodified benefit (i.e., 37.48% * \$13,720.69 or \$5,142.51) adjusted further to provide a benefit payable over the ex-spouse's lifetime or to the estate of the ex-spouse if the ex-spouse pre-deceases the member.



Ms. Adina Bercaru December 14, 2021 Page 3

Part Two – After Adjustment for Continuance Benefit Payable to Girlfriend

Alternative A: 10% Continuance

	Payable while the Member is Alive	Payable after the Member's Death
Monthly benefit payable to member		
Annuity:	\$1,525.25	
Pension:	<u>6,953.96</u>	
Total:	\$8,479.21	\$0.00
Monthly benefit payable to girlfriend	\$0.00	\$847.92
Monthly benefit payable to ex-spouse ³	\$4,738.93	\$4,738.93

Alternative B: 20% Continuance

	Payable while the Member is Alive	Payable after the Member's Death
Monthly benefit payable to member		
Annuity:	\$1,507.85	
Pension:	<u>6,874.65</u>	
Total:	\$8,382.50	\$0.00
Monthly benefit payable to girlfriend	\$0.00	\$1,676.50
Monthly benefit payable to ex-spouse ³	\$4,738.93	\$4,738.93

Alternative C: 50% Continuance

	Payable while the Member is Alive	Payable after the Member's Death
Monthly benefit payable to member		
Annuity:	\$1,457.96	
Pension:	<u>6,647.20</u>	
Total:	\$8,105.16	\$0.00
Monthly benefit payable to girlfriend	\$0.00	\$4,052.58
Monthly benefit payable to ex-spouse ³	\$4,738.93	\$4,738.93

³ This is equal to 37.48% of the member's unmodified benefit (i.e., 37.48% * \$13,720.69 or \$5,142.51) adjusted further to provide a benefit payable over the ex-spouse's lifetime or to the estate of the ex-spouse if the ex-spouse pre-deceases the member.



Ms. Adina Bercaru December 14, 2021 Page 4

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Effective interest rate of 4.136253% per year, which is calculated using an investment return assumption of 7.00% per year together with a cost-of-living adjustment assumption of 2.75% per year.

Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2016 set back four years, weighted 80% male and 20% female for members.

Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2016, weighted 20% male and 80% female for beneficiaries.

The actuarial calculations contained in this letter were prepared under my supervision. I am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion herein.

Please let us know if you have any comments or questions. As in all matters pertaining to the interpretation and application of the law, Plan, or individual Option 4 Calculation provisions, you should be guided by the advice of the Plan's Legal Counsel.

Sincerely,

Molly Colcago

Molly Calcagno, ASA, MAAA, EA Actuary

JY/hy





January 6, 2022

Michael P. Mchenry

Re: Retirement Election Confirmation - Option 4

Dear Mr. MCHENRY:

You have elected Option 4 as your retirement option. This option will provide the following:

37.48% of your monthly benefit, for the life of the benefit, to TINA MCHENRY

50% of your monthly benefit (upon your death) to your girlfriend CATHERINE E SYLSTRA

This designation is irrevocable; you will not be allowed to change your retirement option or designated beneficiary.

Please complete this form and return to OCERS as soon as possible.

() I understand that my retirement option is irrevocable; by choosing Option 4 I will take a monthly reduction in order to provide a: 37.48% continuance to TINA MCHENRY and 50% Continuance to CATHERINE E

SYLSTRA Member Signature/Date

Sincerely,

Sandy Guevara Retirement Program Specialist

PO Box 1229, Santa Ana, CA 92702 • Telephone (714) 558-6200 • www.ocers.org "We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."



Memorandum

SUBJECT:	OPTION 4 RETIREMENT ELECTION – DANIEL WHITEHURST
FROM:	Jonathea Tallase, Member Services Manager
то:	Members of the Board of Retirement
DATE:	January 18, 2022

Recommendation

Grant election of retirement benefit payment, Option 4, based on Segal Consulting's actuarial report.

Background/Discussion

This member elected Option 4 as the benefit payment option for his service retirement allowance as required by his Domestic Relations Order (DRO), effective November 5, 2021. The Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) was joined in the member's dissolution of marriage and under the terms of the DRO, the member's ex-spouse was awarded a lifetime continuance as a percentage of the member's allowance.

The approval of Option 4 will not increase OCERS liability because the cost of this Option 4 benefit is proportional to the cost of the other benefit plans. Segal Consulting has calculated the member's monthly allowance as indicated in the attached letter, as well as the allowance payable to the member's ex-spouse.

Submitted by:



J. T. – APPROVED

Jonathea Tallase Member Services Manager



Molly Calcagno, ASA, MAAA, EA Actuary T 415.263.8254 mcalcagno@segalco.com 180 Howard Street, Suite 1100 San Francisco, CA 94105-6147 segalco.com

Personal and Confidential

December 20, 2021

Ms. Adina Bercaru Member Services Manager Orange County Employees Retirement System 2223 Wellington Avenue Santa Ana, CA 92701-3101

Re: Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) Option 4 Calculation for Daniel Whitehurst

Dear Adina:

Pursuant to your request, we have determined the Option 4 benefits payable to Daniel Whitehurst and his ex-spouse based on the unmodified benefit and other information provided in the System's request dated December 17, 2021.

The monthly benefits payable to the member and the ex-spouse and the data we used for our calculations are as follows:

Member's Date of Birth	
Ex-Spouse's Date of Birth	
Date of Retirement	November 5, 2021
Plan of Membership	General Plan J
Monthly Unmodified Benefit	\$3,540.32
Ex-Spouse's Share of Monthly Unmodified Benefit	34.47%
Retirement Type	Service Retirement

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Ms. Adina Bercaru December 20, 2021 Page 2

We calculated the adjustment to the member's unmodified benefit to provide a 34.47% continuance to the ex-spouse. As instructed by OCERS, the cost to provide the continuance benefit to the ex-spouse is paid for entirely by the ex-spouse.

	Payable while the Member is Alive	Payable after the Member's Death
Monthly benefit payable to member		
Annuity:	\$976.17	
Pension:	<u>1,343.80</u>	
Total:	\$2,319.97	\$0.00
Monthly benefit payable to ex-spouse ¹	\$1,105.03	\$1,105.03

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Effective interest rate of 4.136253% per year, which is calculated using an investment return assumption of 7.00% per year together with a cost-of-living adjustment assumption of 2.75% per year.

Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2016, weighted 40% male and 60% female for members.

Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table projected 20 years with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2016, weighted 60% male and 40% female for beneficiaries.

The actuarial calculations contained in this letter were prepared under my supervision. I am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion herein.

This is equal to 34.47% of the member's unmodified benefit (i.e., 34.47% * \$3,540.32 or \$1,220.35) adjusted further to provide a benefit payable over the ex-spouse's lifetime or to the estate of the ex-spouse if the ex-spouse pre-deceases the member.



Ms. Adina Bercaru December 20, 2021 Page 3

Please let us know if you have any comments or questions. As in all matters pertaining to the interpretation and application of the law, Plan, or individual Option 4 Calculation provisions, you should be guided by the advice of the Plan's Legal Counsel.

Sincerely,

Molly Colcayour

Molly Calcagno, ASA, MAAA, EA Actuary

JY/hy





December 22, 2021

Daniel W. Whitehurst

Re: Retirement Election Confirmation - Option 4

Dear Mr. WHITEHURST:

You have elected Option 4 as your retirement option. This option will provide a 34.47% of your monthly benefit, for the life of the benefit, to: Roslyn Whitehurst

This designation is irrevocable; you will not be allowed to change your retirement option or designated beneficiary.

Please complete this form and return to OCERS as soon as possible.

(f) I understand that my retirement option is irrevocable; by choosing Option 4 I will take a monthly reduction in order to provide a 34.47% continuance to Ress con term mean weeks r

12/22/01 Member Signature/D

Sincerely,

Cesar Rodriguez Retirement Program Specialist

> PO Box 1229, Santa Ana, CA 92702 • Telephone (714) 558-6200 • www.ocers.org "We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."

and a second

ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM BOARD OF RETIREMENT 2223 E. WELLINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 100 SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

REGULAR MEETING Monday, December 13, 2021 9:30 a.m.

MINUTES

Chair Dewane called the meeting to order at 9:32 a.m.

Recording Secretary administered the Roll Call attendance.

Attendance was as follows:

Present via Zoom Video conference pursuant to Government Code § 54953, as amended by AB 361:

Shawn Dewane, Chair; Frank Eley, Vice-Chair, Richard Oates, Adele Tagaloa, Charles Packard, Chris Prevatt, Arthur Hidalgo, Jeremy Vallone, Shari Freidenrich, and Wayne Lindholm

Also Present via Zoom:Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer; Brenda Shott, Assistant CEO,
Internal Operations; Suzanne Jenike, Assistant CEO, External Operations;
Gina Ratto, General Counsel; Jenny Sadoski, Director of Information
Technology, Anthony Beltran, Audio-Visual Technician; Brittany Cleberg;
Recording Secretary

CONSENT AGENDA

MOTION by Mr. Lindholm, **seconded** by Mr. Prevatt to approve recommendations on all of the following items excluding item C-3 on the Consent Agenda:

BENEFITS

C-1 OPTION 4 RETIREMENT ELECTION

<u>Recommendation</u>: Grant election of retirement benefit payment, Option 4, based on Segal Consulting's actuarial report.

None

ADMINISTRATION

C-2 BOARD MEETING MINUTES

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Regular Board Meeting Minutes

November 15, 2021

Recommendation: Approve Minutes.

C-3 BOARD FINDINGS PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE § 54953, AS AMENDED BY AB 361, AND ADOPTION OF BOARD RESOLUTION 2021-03

<u>Recommendation</u>: That the Board (1) make the following findings pursuant to Government Code section 54953, as amended by AB 361;

- a. The Board has reconsidered the circumstances of the state of emergency resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- b. The Board has determined that the following circumstances exist:
 - i. The state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members of the Board to meet safely in person; and
 - ii. State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

and

(2) Adopt Board of Retirement Resolution 2021-03 to reflect such findings.

C-4 2022 OCERS BOARD ANNUAL WORK PLAN

Recommendation: Approve 2022 OCERS Board Annual Work plan.

CONSENT ITEMS: DISABILITY/MEMBER BENEFITS AGENDA

OPEN SESSION

CONSENT ITEMS

Ms. Jenike announced that item DC-1 and DC-3 was pulled from the agenda.

MOTION by Eley, **seconded** by Oates, to approve staff's recommendation on all of the following items on the Disability/Member Benefits Consent Agenda excluding item DC-1 and DC-3:

DC-1: EDWARD CORTEZ

Journeyman Mechanic, Orange County Transportation Authority (General Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board of Retirement:

• Deny service and non-service connected disability retirement without prejudice due to the member's failure to cooperate.

DC-2: MINEA GRACIA

Eligibility Technician, Orange County Social Services Agency (General Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board of Retirement:

• Deny service and non-service connected disability retirement due to insufficient evidence of permanent incapacity.

DC-3: MONICA RANGEL-SANTOS

Eligibility Technician, Orange County Social Services Agency (General Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board of Retirement:

• Deny service and non-service connected disability retirement due to insufficient evidence of permanent incapacity.

DC-4: MICHAEL SCHROEDER

Battalion Chief, Orange County Fire Authority (Safety Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board of Retirement:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as March 26, 2021.

DC-5: STEVE TEAL

Firefighter/Paramedic, Orange County Fire Authority (Safety Member)

Recommendation: The Disability Committee recommends that the Board of Retirement:

- Grant service connected disability retirement.
- Set the effective date as August 13, 2021.

The motion passed **unanimously.**

OPEN SESSION

DA-2: APPLICATION OF JAMES B. MORELL FOR A RECALCULATED RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE -- ON REMAND FROM THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT AFTER JUDGMENT ON PEREMPTORY WRIT OF MANDATE

<u>Recommendation</u>: Staff recommends that the Board: (1) set aside its prior administrative decision of October 18, 2018 in this matter, and (2) reconsider the Application of James B. Morell for a Recalculated Retirement Allowance in light of the Superior Court's Judgment and Writ, wherein the Board is directed by the Court to decide the Applicant's contentions that OCERS improperly excluded Optional Benefit Plan payments from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the 2002 Settlement Agreement in *In re Retirement Cases*, Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No. 4049 in San Francisco County Superior Court.

Ms. Ratto provided the Board an overview of the procedural background of Mr. Morell's case, and explained the two actions needed from the Board in order to comply with the Court's Writ. First, the

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Board must set aside its prior administrative decision dated October 18, 2018 in this matter; and second, the Board must reconsider Mr. Morell's contentions that OCERS improperly excluded Optional Benefit Plan (OBP) payments from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the 2002 Settlement Agreement in *In re Retirement Cases*.

Ms. Ratto asked Chair Dewane to call for a motion to set aside the Board's October 18, 2018 administrative decision.

Chair Dewane requested a motion.

MOTION by Eley, **seconded** by Tagaloa, to set aside the Board's prior administrative decision of October 18, 2018.

The motion passed **unanimously.**

Ms. Ratto then stated for the record there is a court reporter in attendance who is transcribing the proceedings. She also confirmed for the record that on November 19, the Board was provided a copy of the Administrative Record in this case, the Opening and Responsive Briefs of both Mr. Morell and OCERS, and Declarations and exhibits from both parties – almost 3,000 pages of records.

Chair Dewane introduced James Morell, a retired attorney, representing himself in this matter.

Mr. Morell first expressed concerns regarding the procedural overview of his case that was presented to the Board by Ms. Ratto. Mr. Morell then summarized and walked the Board through the written briefs that he filed, and presented his legal argument to the Board, with references to court cases supporting his position. He requested that the Board reconsider his case.

Chair Dewane introduced OCERS Staff Attorney, Dawn Matsuo.

Ms. Matsuo presented legal argument in support of OCERS' staff's position that OCERS properly excluded OBP payments from the calculation of Mr. Morell's final compensation.

After questions from the Board directed to both parties and discussion by the Board, Chair Dewane made the following statement and motion:

In accordance with the instructions of the Los Angeles County Superior Court in this matter, the Board has, separate and apart from the 2002 Settlement Agreement reconsidered the application of James Morell for a recalculated retirement allowance; and the Board has heard Mr. Morell's contentions that OCERS improperly excluded Optional Benefit Plan payments from the calculation of his final compensation; and that the Board make a finding that OCERS properly excluded all OBP payments from the calculation of Mr. Morell's final compensation under the CERL provisions and related laws in effect when Mr. Morell retired in 2014.

The motion was seconded by Prevatt.

Mr. Morell asked a procedural question about the motion. Ms. Ratto responded to Mr. Morell's question and Mr. Morell stated he was in agreement with the procedure as described.

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The motion passed **unanimously.**

Ms. Ratto asked the Chair to direct staff to prepare written proposed findings and decision, and share them with Mr. Morell by December 22, and tht Mr. Morell would then have until January 4 to submit changes and/or objections to the proposed findings and decision, and that both documents be provided to the Board on or before January 7 for consideration by the Board at its January 18, 2022 meeting.

Chair Dewane confirmed that this was the direction of the Board to staff.

The Board took a break at 11:40 a.m.

The Board reconvened at 12:01 p.m.

ACTION ITEMS:

A-1 INDIVIDUAL ACTION ON ANY ITEM TRAILED FROM THE CONSENT AGENDA

Ms. Freidenrich pulled item C-3.

Ms. Freidenrich stated she is concerned about item C-3 Recommendation: b, ii. State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing, as the County does not have these requirements at the workplace.

Ms. Ratto stated the recommendation came from the County of Orange Health Officer's Orders and Strong Recommendations that was revised on November 17, 2021.

Ms. Ratto explained the Orders and Recommendations contain a statement on the importance of taking preventive measures to avoid contracting Covid-19. They include: getting vaccinated, wearing a mask, avoid gatherings, and social distancing.

Ms. Ratto stated based on these Orders and Recommendations, staff wanted to bring this item before the Board for approval to adopt this resolution.

MOTION by Freidenrich, **seconded** by Dewane, to approve item C-3 on the Consent Agenda.

The motion passed unanimously.

A-2 ELECTION OF OCERS BOARD VICE CHAIR

Presentation by Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer, OCERS

Mr. Delaney provided brief remarks and options electing Vice-Chair in 2022. He turned the item over to Mr. Dewane for discussion.

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Mr. Eley gave brief explanation why he was opting not to serve as Chair.

MOTION by Eley, **SECONDED** by Packard, to appoint Dewane to serve a second term as Chair of the Board in 2022.

<u>SUBSTITUTE MOTION</u> by Prevatt, **<u>SECONDED</u>** by Packard for purposes of discussion, to appoint Prevatt to serve as Chair of the Board in 2022.

During discussion, Vice Chair Eley indicated that he has changed his mind and is now willing to accede to the position of Chair of the Board in 2022 as contemplated by the Board of Retirement Charter. After discussion, the original motion was <u>WITHDRAWN</u>.

With Eley acceding to the position of Chair of the Board in 2022, the Board proceeded to consider the election of a Vice Chair for 2022.

After discussion, <u>MOTION</u> by Packard nominating Mr. Hidalgo to serve as Vice Chair of the Board in 2022. <u>SECONDED</u> by Prevatt. Mr. Hidalgo declined nomination.

MOTION by Lindholm, **SECONDED** by Packard, nominating Dewane to serve as Vice Chair of the Board in 2022.

<u>SUBSTITUTE MOTION</u> by Packard, <u>SECONDED</u> by Hidalgo, to appoint Dewane to serve a second term as Chair of the Board in 2022, and to elect an elected Board member to serve as Vice Chair.

After discussion, the substitute motion was WITHDRAWN.

The original **MOTION** by Lindholm, **SECONDED** by Packard, nominating Dewane to serve as Vice Chair of the Board in 2022, **carried unanimously**.

Frank Eley will serve as Chair of the OCERS Board in 2022, and Shawn Dewane will serve at the Vice Chair of the Board in 2022.

The Board took a break at 12:55 P.m.

The Board reconvened at 3:30 p.m.

A-3 COMPENSATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Recommendation: Take appropriate action.

Mr. Eley stated that based inflation and on the evaluation of Mr. Delaney's performance he recommended a salary increase of 6%.

After discussion by the Board they proposed: (broken down) 5% base 2% Bonus

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MOTION by Packard, **seconded** by Prevatt, to approve an increase of 5% in the salary for the OCERS Chief Executive Officer, Steve Delaney, broken out as 5% base building (salary adjustment) and 2% in a lump sum (bonus).

The motion passed unanimously.

CLOSED SESSION

The Board adjourned into closed session at 3:37 p.m.

Government Code section 54957

Adjourn to Closed Session under Government Code section 54957 to consider member disability applications and to discuss member medical records submitted in connection therewith. The applicant may waive confidentiality and request his or her disability application to be considered in Open Session.

OPEN SESSION

The Board reconvened into open session at 4:50 p.m.

REPORT OF ACTIONS TAKEN IN CLOSED SESSION

No reportable action taken.

INFORMATIONAL ITEMS

Each of the following informational items will be presented to the Board for discussion.

Presentations

I-1 RETIRED EMPLOYEES ASSOCIATION OF ORANGE COUNTY – ISSUES UPDATE Presentation made by Linda Robinson and Doug Storm, Co-Presidents, REAOC

Mr. Storm and Ms. Robinson provided their yearly update and explained the challenges faced by retirees in 2021 especially with the current pandemic. They also thanked OCERS staff for their ongoing support and services on behalf of retired members.

I-2 COVID-19 UPDATE

Presentation by Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer, OCERS

Mr. Delaney presented the COVID-19 update. He informed the Board that OCERS staff continue to work remotely until the end of the year. Mr. Delaney mentioned that the plan is to have a hybrid schedule for OCERS staff beginning January 2022. Mr. Delaney further stated that OCERS remains closed to the public.

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Written Reports

No written reports were pulled for discussion.

R-1 MEMBER MATERIALS DISTRIBUTED Written Report

> Application Notices Death Notices

December 13, 2021 December 13, 2021

- R-2 COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES - None
- R-3 CEO FUTURE AGENDAS AND 2021 OCERS BOARD WORK PLAN Written Report
- R-4 QUIET PERIOD NON-INVESTMENT CONTRACTS Written Report
- R-5 BOARD COMMUNICATIONS Written Report
- R-6 REVIEW OF NEW PAY ITEMS ADDED BETWEEN DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2021 AS PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE ON OCTOBER 28, 2021 Written Report
- R-7 GENERAL MEMBER ELECTION UPDATE Written Report

CLOSED SESSION

E-1 PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 54957

Adjourn to closed session pursuant to Government Code Section 54957

Position to be evaluated: Chief Executive Officer

Recommendation: Take appropriate action.

Mr. Leiderman reported Board had no reportable action taken.

BOARD MEMBER COMMENTS

N/A

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER/STAFF COMMENTS

Mr. Delaney reminded the Board to respond to inquiry on Committees.

Announced CA Legislation passed new Mask mandate.

Announced 7 people / 7% of OCERS staff have resigned.

COUNSEL COMMENTS

N/A

The meeting **ADJOURNED** at 5:04 p.m.

Submitted by:

Approved by:

Steve Delaney Secretary to the Board Shawn Dewane Chairman Page 9



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board

FROM: Gina M. Ratto, General Counsel

SUBJECT: BOARD FINDINGS PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE § 54953, AS AMENDED BY AB 361, AND ADOPTION OF BOARD RESOLUTION 2022-01

Recommendation

That the Board:

- (1) Make the following findings pursuant to Government Code section 54953, as amended by AB 361;
 - a. The Board has reconsidered the circumstances of the state of emergency resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic; and
 - b. The Board has determined that the following circumstances exist:
 - i. The state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members of the Board to meet safely in person; and
 - ii. State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

and

(2) Adopt Board of Retirement Resolution 2022-01 to reflect such findings.

Background/Discussion

In March of 2020, amid rising concern surrounding the spread of COVID-19 throughout communities in the state, Governor Newsom declared a state of emergency and issued a series of Executive Orders that modified certain requirements of the Brown Act. The orders waived several requirements for meetings conducted by teleconference, including the requirement that each teleconference location be accessible to the public, that agendas are posted at all teleconference locations, and that each teleconference location be accessible to the public.

On June 11, 2021, the Governor issued Executive Order N-08-21, rescinding the aforementioned modifications of the Brown Act effective September 30, 2021. On September 16, 2021, Assembly Bill 361 was signed into law as urgency legislation. AB 361 provides local agencies with the ability to meet remotely during proclaimed states of emergency under modifications to the Brown Act that are similar in many ways to the rules and procedures established by the Governor's Executive Orders. On September 20, 2021, the Governor signed an executive order waiving the application of AB 361 until October 1, 2021.

AB 361 amended the teleconference rules of the Brown Act and added new provisions for abbreviated teleconferencing procedures that deviate from the traditional teleconferencing procedures during a proclaimed state of emergency, subject to certain requirements specified in the statute.

More specifically, AB 361 amended the Brown Act to add subdivision (e) to Gov't Code § 54953. This subdivision describes the circumstances and procedures for adopting abbreviated teleconferencing procedures during a proclaimed state of emergency, such as the current continuing COVID-19 pandemic. Subdivision (e)(1) of the statute provides the circumstances and requirements under which a local legislative body may adopt the abbreviated teleconferencing procedures. Once a local legislative body meets the requirements for adopting teleconferencing procedures, subdivision (e)(2) provides the requirements for the abbreviated teleconferencing procedures that the local legislative body must implement.

Adopting Abbreviated Teleconferencing Procedures Under AB 361

A local legislative body, such as OCERS and its standing committees, may elect to use the abbreviated teleconferencing procedures under AB 361 where a state of emergency has been formally proclaimed, *provided that*:

- State or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing at the time the legislative body holds the meeting (Gov't Code § 54953(e)(1)(A)); **or**
- The legislative body holds a meeting for the first time for the purpose of determining by majority vote whether, as a result of proclaimed state of emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health and safety of attendees (Gov't Code § 54953(e)(1)(B)), *or*
- The legislative body has determined (per previous bullet) that, as a result of the proclaimed state of emergency, meeting in person would continue to present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees (Gov't Code § 54953(e)(1)(C)).

AB 361 further imposes on local legislative bodies a duty to make factual findings to justify the election to continue to use the abbreviated teleconferencing procedures. (Gov't Code § 54953(e)(3).) Local legislative bodies who wish to consider using the AB 361 abbreviated teleconferencing procedures must make the following factual findings within 30 days after teleconferencing for the first time after the expiration of Executive Order N-29-20, and every 30 days thereafter:

- 1) The legislative body has reconsidered the circumstances of the state of emergency; and
- 2) One or both of the following circumstances exist:
 - a. The state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members to meet safely in person.
 - b. State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

Until January 1, 2024, public retirement boards and their Boards must reconsider the aforementioned circumstances and make factual findings by majority vote that the circumstances continue to exist in order for the local legislative body to elect and continue to use the abbreviated teleconferencing procedures. (Note that

AB 361 was designed not only to deal with COVID-19 but also with other types of states of emergency, as defined in Gov't Code § 8625 of the California Emergency State Services Act.)

On December 13, 2021, the Board adopted Resolution 2021-03 to reflect the findings made by the Board pursuant to AB 361. Staff recommends the Board renew its findings and adopt Resolution 2022-01 in order for the Board and its committees to continue to meet by teleconference.

Reconsideration of the State of Emergency and Requisite Findings

A state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members of the Board and its committees to meet safely in person and, as more fully set forth below, both state and local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

The COVID-19 Prevention Emergency Temporary Standards issued by the California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) (codified at 8 C.C.R. § 3205) recommends physical distancing and requires it under certain circumstances. For example, the regulations require employees not wearing a face covering to be at least six feet apart from all other persons unless the unmasked employee is either fully vaccinated or tested at least weekly for COVID-19. In addition, six feet of distance between people is recommended even when outdoors for those who are unmasked and unvaccinated. On December 16, the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board readopted the Cal/OSHA COVID-19 Prevention Emergency Temporary Standards for the second time. The draft emergency standards include important revisions to make the workplace rules consistent with the latest requirements and recommendations from the California Department of Public Health (CDPH). The revised emergency standards had not yet been published. A fact sheet about the revised emergency standards had not yet been published. A fact sheet about the revised emergency standards is attached to the Resolution.

In addition, OSHA has issued guidance on mitigating and preventing the spread of COVID-19 in the workplace that recommends physical distancing in all communal work areas for unvaccinated and otherwise at-risk workers: "[a] key way to protect such workers is to physically distance them from other such people (workers or customers) – generally at least 6 feet of distance is recommended, although this is not a guarantee of safety, especially in enclosed or poorly ventilated spaces."

Moreover, the County of Orange Health Officer's "Orders and Strong Recommendations" (revised November 17, 2021) states at page 15 that, "[i]n general, the older a person is, the more health conditions a person has, and the more severe the conditions, the more important it is to take preventive measures for COVID-19 such as getting vaccinated, social distancing and wearing a mask when around people who don't live in the same household..." The Health Officer also recognizes, at pages 16 and 17 of the "Orders and Strong Recommendations", the Center for Disease Control's admonition that anyone infected with COVID-19 can spread it even if they do not have symptoms; and that "the current consensus among public health officials for slowing down the transmission of and avoiding contracting COVID-19 is for unvaccinated persons to avoid gathering and practice social distancing, frequently wash hands with soap, wearing face covering and get vaccinated."

Based on the foregoing, staff recommends the Board find that the state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members of the Board to meet safely in person, and that state and local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing. Staff further recommends the Board adopt the attached Resolution 2022-01 to memorialize such findings.

Attachments

Submitted by:

Gina M. Ratto General Counsel

OCERS BOARD OF RETIREMENT RESOLUTION NO. 2022-01

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF THE ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

- RATIFYING (1) THE PROCLAMATION OF A LOCAL HEALTH EMERGENCY BY THE COUNTY OF ORANGE HEALTH OFFICER ON FEBRUARY 26, 2020; (2) THE PROCLAMATION OF A LOCAL EMERGENCY BY THE CHAIRWOMAN OF THE ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ON FEBRUARY 26, 2020; (3) RESOLUTIONS NO. 20-011 AND 20-012 OF THE ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS RATIFYING THE LOCAL HEALTH EMERGENCY AND THE LOCAL EMERGENCY; AND (4) THE PROCLAMATION OF A STATE OF EMERGENCY BY GOVERNOR NEWSOM ON MARCH 4, 2020; AND
- AUTHORIZING REMOTE TELECONFERENCE MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES THROUGH FEBRUARY 22, 2022, PURSUANT TO BROWN ACT PROVISIONS.

WHEREAS, the Board of the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS Board) is a legislative body under Government Code section 54952; and

WHEREAS, OCERS is committed to preserving and nurturing public access and participation in meetings of the OCERS Board and its committees; and

WHEREAS, all meetings of the OCERS Board and its committees are open and public, as required by the Ralph M. Brown Act (Cal. Gov. Code 54950 – 54963), so that any member of the public may attend, participate, and watch the OCERS Board and its committees conduct their business; and

WHEREAS, the Brown Act, Government Code section 54953(e), makes provisions for remote teleconferencing participation in meetings by members of a legislative body without compliance with the requirements of Government Code section 54953(b)(3), subject to the existence of certain conditions; and

WHEREAS, a required condition is that a State of Emergency is declared by the Governor pursuant to Government Code section 8625, proclaiming the existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by conditions as described in Government Code section 8558; and

WHEREAS, a proclamation is made when there is an actual incident, threat of disaster, or extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the geographical boundaries within which the OCERS Board and its committees hold their meetings, caused by natural, technological, or human-caused disasters; and

WHEREAS, it is further required that state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, or, the legislative body meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health and safety of attendees; and

WHEREAS, such conditions now exist in Orange County, specifically, a Local Health Emergency based on an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 in Orange County

was declared by the County of Orange Health Officer on February 26, 2020; a Local Emergency based on the imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 that created conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the territorial limits of Orange County was proclaimed by the Chairwoman of the Board of Supervisors on February 26, 2020; Resolutions No. 20-011 and No. 20-012 of the Orange County Board of Supervisors were adopted on March 2, 2020, ratifying the Local Health Emergency and Local Emergency; and a State of Emergency was proclaimed by Governor Newsom for the State of California on March 4, 2020 based on an outbreak of respiratory illness due to COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, the California Division of Occupational Safety and Health has issued COVID-19 prevention Emergency Temporary Standards requiring any employee not wearing a face covering to be at least six feet apart from all other persons unless the unmasked employee is either fully vaccinated or tested at least weekly for COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, the County of Orange Health Officer's Orders and Strong Recommendations, last revised on November 17, 2021, state that the current consensus among public health officials for slowing down the transmission of and avoiding contracting COVID-19 is for unvaccinated persons to avoid gathering and practice social distancing; and

WHEREAS, the CDC currently recommends that organizations prioritize COVID-19 prevention strategies for indoor settings, and that multiple interventions, including maintaining physical distance and avoiding crowds, should be used concurrently to reduce the spread of disease; and

WHEREAS, the OCERS Board does hereby find that the COVID-19 pandemic has caused, and will continue to cause, conditions of peril to the safety of persons that are likely to be beyond the control of services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of OCERS; and

WHEREAS, in making the aforementioned finding, the OCERS Board acknowledges the proclamation of State of Emergency by the Governor of the State of California; the proclamation of Local Health Emergency by the County of Orange Health Officer; the proclamation of a Local Emergency by the Chairwoman of the Orange County Board of Supervisors; and the ratification of the Local Health Emergency and Local Emergency by the Orange County Board of Supervisors; as well as CalOSHA's prevention Emergency Temporary Standards requiring any employee not wearing a face covering to be at least six feet apart from all other persons unless the unmasked employee is either fully vaccinated or tested at least weekly for COVID-19; the County of Orange Health Officer's Orders and Strong Recommendations for unvaccinated persons to avoid gathering and practice social distancing; and the CDC's recommendation for maintaining physical distance and avoiding crowds; and

WHEREAS, as a consequence of the State of Emergency, Local Health Emergency and Local Emergency, the OCERS Board does hereby find that conditions exist to enable the OCERS Board and its committees to conduct their meetings without compliance with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of Government Code section 54953, as authorized by subdivision (e) of section 54953, and that the OCERS Board and its committees will comply with the requirements to provide the public with access to the meetings as prescribed in paragraph (2) of subdivision (e) of section 54953; and

WHEREAS, members of the public who wish to observe or participate in the meeting may do so via the Zoom application or via telephone, as explained in the agenda for the meeting posted on the OCERS' website and at its business office location at least 72 hours prior to the meeting.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE OCERS BOARD DOES HEREBY RESOLVE AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. <u>Recitals</u>. The Recitals set forth above are true and correct and are incorporated into this Resolution by this reference.

Section 2. <u>Acknowledgement of Proclamation of State and Local Emergency</u>. The OCERS Board hereby acknowledges that a State of Emergency has been proclaimed by the Governor of the State of California effective March 4, 2020; that a Local Health Emergency has been proclaimed by the Orange County Health Officer on February 26, 2020; that a Local Emergency has been proclaimed by the Chairwoman of the Board of Supervisors on February 26, 2020; and that the Local Health Emergency and Local Emergency were ratified by the Orange County Board of Supervisors on March 2, 2020, all of which continue to exist within the geographical boundaries of the territory within which the OCERS Board and its committees hold meetings to conduct business.

Section 3. <u>Determination Regarding Health and Safety Need to Continue Teleconferencing</u>. The OCERS Board finds that the State of Emergency directly impacts the ability of the OCERS Board, its committees, members and staff to meet safely in person, and that state or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

Section 4. <u>Remote Teleconference Meetings</u>. The staff and the OCERS Board and each of its committees are hereby authorized and directed to take all actions necessary to carry out the intent and purpose of this Resolution including conducting open and public meetings in accordance with Government Code section 54953(e) and other applicable provisions of the Brown Act.

Section 5. <u>Effective Date of Resolution</u>. This Resolution will take effect immediately upon its adoption and shall be effective until the earlier of February 22, 2022, or such time the OCERS Board adopts a subsequent resolution in accordance with Government Code section 54953(e)(3) to extend the time during which the OCERS Board and its committees may continue to meet by teleconference without compliance with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of section 54953.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Board of the Orange County Employees Retirement System this 18th day of January, 2022, by the following vote:

AYES: NOES: ABSENT: ABSTAIN:

Assembly Bill No. 361

CHAPTER 165

An act to add and repeal Section 89305.6 of the Education Code, and to amend, repeal, and add Section 54953 of, and to add and repeal Section 11133 of, the Government Code, relating to open meetings, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

[Approved by Governor September 16, 2021. Filed with Secretary of State September 16, 2021.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 361, Robert Rivas. Open meetings: state and local agencies: teleconferences.

(1) Existing law, the Ralph M. Brown Act requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a legislative body of a local agency, as those terms are defined, be open and public and that all persons be permitted to attend and participate. The act contains specified provisions regarding the timelines for posting an agenda and providing for the ability of the public to directly address the legislative body on any item of interest to the public. The act generally requires all regular and special meetings of the legislative body be held within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, subject to certain exceptions. The act allows for meetings to occur via teleconferencing subject to certain requirements, particularly that the legislative body notice each teleconference location of each member that will be participating in the public meeting, that each teleconference location be accessible to the public, that members of the public be allowed to address the legislative body at each teleconference location, that the legislative body post an agenda at each teleconference location, and that at least a quorum of the legislative body participate from locations within the boundaries of the local agency's jurisdiction. The act provides an exemption to the jurisdictional requirement for health authorities, as defined. The act authorizes the district attorney or any interested person, subject to certain provisions, to commence an action by mandamus or injunction for the purpose of obtaining a judicial determination that specified actions taken by a legislative body are null and void.

Existing law, the California Emergency Services Act, authorizes the Governor, or the Director of Emergency Services when the governor is inaccessible, to proclaim a state of emergency under specified circumstances.

Executive Order No. N-29-20 suspends the Ralph M. Brown Act's requirements for teleconferencing during the COVID-19 pandemic provided that notice and accessibility requirements are met, the public members are allowed to observe and address the legislative body at the meeting, and that a legislative body of a local agency has a procedure for receiving and swiftly

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resolving requests for reasonable accommodation for individuals with disabilities, as specified.

This bill, until January 1, 2024, would authorize a local agency to use teleconferencing without complying with the teleconferencing requirements imposed by the Ralph M. Brown Act when a legislative body of a local agency holds a meeting during a declared state of emergency, as that term is defined, when state or local health officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, during a proclaimed state of emergency held for the purpose of determining, by majority vote, whether meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees, and during a proclaimed state of emergency when the legislative body has determined that meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees, as provided.

This bill would require legislative bodies that hold teleconferenced meetings under these abbreviated teleconferencing procedures to give notice of the meeting and post agendas, as described, to allow members of the public to access the meeting and address the legislative body, to give notice of the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment, including an opportunity for all persons to attend via a call-in option or an internet-based service option, and to conduct the meeting in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties and the public appearing before the legislative body. The bill would require the legislative body to take no further action on agenda items when there is a disruption which prevents the public agency from broadcasting the meeting, or in the event of a disruption within the local agency's control which prevents members of the public from offering public comments, until public access is restored. The bill would specify that actions taken during the disruption are subject to challenge proceedings, as specified.

This bill would prohibit the legislative body from requiring public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and would specify that the legislative body must provide an opportunity for the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time. The bill would prohibit the legislative body from closing the public comment period and the opportunity to register to provide public comment, until the public comment period has elapsed or until a reasonable amount of time has elapsed, as specified. When there is a continuing state of emergency, or when state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, the bill would require a legislative body to make specified findings not later than 30 days after the first teleconferenced meeting pursuant to these provisions, and to make those findings every 30 days thereafter, in order to continue to meet under these abbreviated teleconferencing procedures.

Existing law prohibits a legislative body from requiring, as a condition to attend a meeting, a person to register the person's name, or to provide other information, or to fulfill any condition precedent to the person's attendance.

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This bill would exclude from that prohibition, a registration requirement imposed by a third-party internet website or other online platform not under the control of the legislative body.

(2) Existing law, the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a state body be open and public and all persons be permitted to attend any meeting of a state body. The act requires at least one member of the state body to be physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting.

The Governor's Executive Order No. N-29-20 suspends the requirements of the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act for teleconferencing during the COVID-19 pandemic, provided that notice and accessibility requirements are met, the public members are allowed to observe and address the state body at the meeting, and that a state body has a procedure for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable accommodation for individuals with disabilities, as specified.

This bill, until January 31, 2022, would authorize, subject to specified notice and accessibility requirements, a state body to hold public meetings through teleconferencing and to make public meetings accessible telephonically, or otherwise electronically, to all members of the public seeking to observe and to address the state body. With respect to a state body holding a public meeting pursuant to these provisions, the bill would suspend certain requirements of existing law, including the requirements that each teleconference location be accessible to the public and that members of the public be able to address the state body at each teleconference location. Under the bill, a state body that holds a meeting through teleconferencing and allows members of the public to observe and address the meeting telephonically or otherwise electronically would satisfy any requirement that the state body allow members of the public to attend the meeting and offer public comment. The bill would require that each state body that holds a meeting through teleconferencing provide notice of the meeting, and post the agenda, as provided. The bill would urge state bodies utilizing these teleconferencing procedures in the bill to use sound discretion and to make reasonable efforts to adhere as closely as reasonably possible to existing law, as provided.

(3) Existing law establishes the various campuses of the California State University under the administration of the Trustees of the California State University, and authorizes the establishment of student body organizations in connection with the operations of California State University campuses.

The Gloria Romero Open Meetings Act of 2000 generally requires a legislative body, as defined, of a student body organization to conduct its business in a meeting that is open and public. The act authorizes the legislative body to use teleconferencing, as defined, for the benefit of the public and the legislative body in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law.

This bill, until January 31, 2022, would authorize, subject to specified notice and accessibility requirements, a legislative body, as defined for purposes of the act, to hold public meetings through teleconferencing and

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to make public meetings accessible telephonically, or otherwise electronically, to all members of the public seeking to observe and to address the legislative body. With respect to a legislative body holding a public meeting pursuant to these provisions, the bill would suspend certain requirements of existing law, including the requirements that each teleconference location be accessible to the public and that members of the public be able to address the legislative body at each teleconference location. Under the bill, a legislative body that holds a meeting through teleconferencing and allows members of the public to observe and address the meeting telephonically or otherwise electronically would satisfy any requirement that the legislative body allow members of the public to attend the meeting and offer public comment. The bill would require that each legislative body that holds a meeting through teleconferencing provide notice of the meeting, and post the agenda, as provided. The bill would urge legislative bodies utilizing these teleconferencing procedures in the bill to use sound discretion and to make reasonable efforts to adhere as closely as reasonably possible to existing law, as provided.

(4) This bill would declare the Legislature's intent, consistent with the Governor's Executive Order No. N-29-20, to improve and enhance public access to state and local agency meetings during the COVID-19 pandemic and future emergencies by allowing broader access through teleconferencing options.

(5) This bill would incorporate additional changes to Section 54953 of the Government Code proposed by AB 339 to be operative only if this bill and AB 339 are enacted and this bill is enacted last.

(6) The California Constitution requires local agencies, for the purpose of ensuring public access to the meetings of public bodies and the writings of public officials and agencies, to comply with a statutory enactment that amends or enacts laws relating to public records or open meetings and contains findings demonstrating that the enactment furthers the constitutional requirements relating to this purpose.

This bill would make legislative findings to that effect.

(7) Existing constitutional provisions require that a statute that limits the right of access to the meetings of public bodies or the writings of public officials and agencies be adopted with findings demonstrating the interest protected by the limitation and the need for protecting that interest.

This bill would make legislative findings to that effect.

(8) This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 89305.6 is added to the Education Code, to read: 89305.6. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, and subject to the notice and accessibility requirements in subdivisions (d) and (e), a legislative body may hold public meetings through teleconferencing

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and make public meetings accessible telephonically, or otherwise electronically, to all members of the public seeking to observe and to address the legislative body.

(b) (1) For a legislative body holding a public meeting through teleconferencing pursuant to this section, all requirements in this article requiring the physical presence of members, the clerk or other personnel of the legislative body, or the public, as a condition of participation in or quorum for a public meeting, are hereby suspended.

(2) For a legislative body holding a public meeting through teleconferencing pursuant to this section, all of the following requirements in this article are suspended:

(A) Each teleconference location from which a member will be participating in a public meeting or proceeding be identified in the notice and agenda of the public meeting or proceeding.

(B) Each teleconference location be accessible to the public.

(C) Members of the public may address the legislative body at each teleconference conference location.

(D) Post agendas at all teleconference locations.

(E) At least one member of the legislative body be physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting.

(c) A legislative body that holds a meeting through teleconferencing and allows members of the public to observe and address the meeting telephonically or otherwise electronically, consistent with the notice and accessibility requirements in subdivisions (d) and (e), shall have satisfied any requirement that the legislative body allow members of the public to attend the meeting and offer public comment. A legislative body need not make available any physical location from which members of the public may observe the meeting and offer public comment.

(d) If a legislative body holds a meeting through teleconferencing pursuant to this section and allows members of the public to observe and address the meeting telephonically or otherwise electronically, the legislative body shall also do both of the following:

(1) Implement a procedure for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable modification or accommodation from individuals with disabilities, consistent with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq.), and resolving any doubt whatsoever in favor of accessibility.

(2) Advertise that procedure each time notice is given of the means by which members of the public may observe the meeting and offer public comment, pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (e).

(e) Except to the extent this section provides otherwise, each legislative body that holds a meeting through teleconferencing pursuant to this section shall do both of the following:

(1) Give advance notice of the time of, and post the agenda for, each public meeting according to the timeframes otherwise prescribed by this article, and using the means otherwise prescribed by this article, as applicable.

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(2) In each instance in which notice of the time of the meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, also give notice of the means by which members of the public may observe the meeting and offer public comment. As to any instance in which there is a change in the means of public observation and comment, or any instance prior to the effective date of this section in which the time of the meeting has been noticed or the agenda for the meeting has been posted without also including notice of the means of public observation and comment, a legislative body may satisfy this requirement by advertising the means of public observation and comment using the most rapid means of communication available at the time. Advertising the means of public observation and comment using the most rapid means of communication available at the time shall include, but need not be limited to, posting such means on the legislative body's internet website.

(f) All legislative bodies utilizing the teleconferencing procedures in this section are urged to use sound discretion and to make reasonable efforts to adhere as closely as reasonably possible to the otherwise applicable provisions of this article, in order to maximize transparency and provide the public access to legislative body meetings.

(g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 31, 2022, and as of that date is repealed.

SEC. 2. Section 11133 is added to the Government Code, to read:

11133. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, and subject to the notice and accessibility requirements in subdivisions (d) and (e), a state body may hold public meetings through teleconferencing and make public meetings accessible telephonically, or otherwise electronically, to all members of the public seeking to observe and to address the state body.

(b) (1) For a state body holding a public meeting through teleconferencing pursuant to this section, all requirements in this article requiring the physical presence of members, the clerk or other personnel of the state body, or the public, as a condition of participation in or quorum for a public meeting, are hereby suspended.

(2) For a state body holding a public meeting through teleconferencing pursuant to this section, all of the following requirements in this article are suspended:

(A) Each teleconference location from which a member will be participating in a public meeting or proceeding be identified in the notice and agenda of the public meeting or proceeding.

(B) Each teleconference location be accessible to the public.

(C) Members of the public may address the state body at each teleconference conference location.

(D) Post agendas at all teleconference locations.

(E) At least one member of the state body be physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting.

(c) A state body that holds a meeting through teleconferencing and allows members of the public to observe and address the meeting telephonically

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or otherwise electronically, consistent with the notice and accessibility requirements in subdivisions (d) and (e), shall have satisfied any requirement that the state body allow members of the public to attend the meeting and offer public comment. A state body need not make available any physical location from which members of the public may observe the meeting and offer public comment.

(d) If a state body holds a meeting through teleconferencing pursuant to this section and allows members of the public to observe and address the meeting telephonically or otherwise electronically, the state body shall also do both of the following:

(1) Implement a procedure for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable modification or accommodation from individuals with disabilities, consistent with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq.), and resolving any doubt whatsoever in favor of accessibility.

(2) Advertise that procedure each time notice is given of the means by which members of the public may observe the meeting and offer public comment, pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (e).

(e) Except to the extent this section provides otherwise, each state body that holds a meeting through teleconferencing pursuant to this section shall do both of the following:

(1) Give advance notice of the time of, and post the agenda for, each public meeting according to the timeframes otherwise prescribed by this article, and using the means otherwise prescribed by this article, as applicable.

(2) In each instance in which notice of the time of the meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, also give notice of the means by which members of the public may observe the meeting and offer public comment. As to any instance in which there is a change in the means of public observation and comment, or any instance prior to the effective date of this section in which the time of the meeting has been noticed or the agenda for the meeting has been posted without also including notice of the means of public observation and comment, a state body may satisfy this requirement by advertising the means of public observation and comment using the most rapid means of communication available at the time. Advertising the means of public observation and comment using the most rapid means of communication available at the time shall include, but need not be limited to, posting such means on the state body's internet website.

(f) All state bodies utilizing the teleconferencing procedures in this section are urged to use sound discretion and to make reasonable efforts to adhere as closely as reasonably possible to the otherwise applicable provisions of this article, in order to maximize transparency and provide the public access to state body meetings.

(g) This section shall remain in effect only until January 31, 2022, and as of that date is repealed.

SEC. 3. Section 54953 of the Government Code is amended to read:

54953. (a) All meetings of the legislative body of a local agency shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of the legislative body of a local agency, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing for the benefit of the public and the legislative body of a local agency in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law. The teleconferenced meeting or proceeding shall comply with all otherwise applicable requirements of this chapter and all otherwise applicable provisions of law relating to a specific type of meeting or proceeding.

(2) Teleconferencing, as authorized by this section, may be used for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. All votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by rollcall.

(3) If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, it shall post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties or the public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency. Each teleconference location shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body shall participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, except as provided in subdivisions (d) and (e). The agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3 at each teleconference location.

(4) For the purposes of this section, "teleconference" means a meeting of a legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or video, or both. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a local agency from providing the public with additional teleconference locations.

(c) (1) No legislative body shall take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final.

(2) The legislative body of a local agency shall publicly report any action taken and the vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the action.

(3) Prior to taking final action, the legislative body shall orally report a summary of a recommendation for a final action on the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of a local agency executive, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3511.1, during the open meeting in which the final action is to be taken. This paragraph shall not affect the public's right under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1) to inspect or copy records created or received in the process of developing the recommendation.

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(d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions relating to a quorum in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), if a health authority conducts a teleconference meeting, members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority may be counted toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50 percent of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows any person to call in to participate in the meeting and the number and access codes are identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as discouraging health authority members from regularly meeting at a common physical site within the jurisdiction of the authority or from using teleconference locations within or near the jurisdiction of the authority. A teleconference meeting for which a quorum is established pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all other requirements of this section.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, a health authority means any entity created pursuant to Sections 14018.7, 14087.31, 14087.35, 14087.36, 14087.38, and 14087.9605 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, any joint powers authority created pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 for the purpose of contracting pursuant to Section 14087.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and any advisory committee to a county-sponsored health plan licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code if the advisory committee has 12 or more members.

(e) (1) A local agency may use teleconferencing without complying with the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) if the legislative body complies with the requirements of paragraph (2) of this subdivision in any of the following circumstances:

(A) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency, and state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing.

(B) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency for the purpose of determining, by majority vote, whether as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.

(C) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency and has determined, by majority vote, pursuant to subparagraph (B), that, as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.

(2) A legislative body that holds a meeting pursuant to this subdivision shall do all of the following:

(A) The legislative body shall give notice of the meeting and post agendas as otherwise required by this chapter.

(B) The legislative body shall allow members of the public to access the meeting and the agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3.

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In each instance in which notice of the time of the teleconferenced meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, the legislative body shall also give notice of the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment. The agenda shall identify and include an opportunity for all persons to attend via a call-in option or an internet-based service option. This subparagraph shall not be construed to require the legislative body to provide a physical location from which the public may attend or comment.

(C) The legislative body shall conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties and the public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency.

(D) In the event of a disruption which prevents the public agency from broadcasting the meeting to members of the public using the call-in option or internet-based service option, or in the event of a disruption within the local agency's control which prevents members of the public from offering public comments using the call-in option or internet-based service option, the body shall take no further action on items appearing on the meeting agenda until public access to the meeting via the call-in option or internet-based service option is restored. Actions taken on agenda items during a disruption which prevents the public agency from broadcasting the meeting may be challenged pursuant to Section 54960.1.

(E) The legislative body shall not require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and must provide an opportunity for the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time. This subparagraph shall not be construed to require the legislative body to provide a physical location from which the public may attend or comment.

(F) Notwithstanding Section 54953.3, an individual desiring to provide public comment through the use of an internet website, or other online platform, not under the control of the local legislative body, that requires registration to log in to a teleconference may be required to register as required by the third-party internet website or online platform to participate.

(G) (i) A legislative body that provides a timed public comment period for each agenda item shall not close the public comment period for the agenda item, or the opportunity to register, pursuant to subparagraph (F), to provide public comment until that timed public comment period has elapsed.

(ii) A legislative body that does not provide a timed public comment period, but takes public comment separately on each agenda item, shall allow a reasonable amount of time per agenda item to allow public members the opportunity to provide public comment, including time for members of the public to register pursuant to subparagraph (F), or otherwise be recognized for the purpose of providing public comment.

(iii) A legislative body that provides a timed general public comment period that does not correspond to a specific agenda item shall not close the public comment period or the opportunity to register, pursuant to subparagraph (F), until the timed general public comment period has elapsed.

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(3) If a state of emergency remains active, or state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, in order to continue to teleconference without compliance with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), the legislative body shall, not later than 30 days after teleconferencing for the first time pursuant to subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (1), and every 30 days thereafter, make the following findings by majority vote:

(A) The legislative body has reconsidered the circumstances of the state of emergency.

(B) Any of the following circumstances exist:

(i) The state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members to meet safely in person.

(ii) State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

(4) For the purposes of this subdivision, "state of emergency" means a state of emergency proclaimed pursuant to Section 8625 of the California Emergency Services Act (Article 1 (commencing with Section 8550) of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of Title 2).

(f) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2024, and as of that date is repealed.

SEC. 3.1. Section 54953 of the Government Code is amended to read: 54953. (a) All meetings of the legislative body of a local agency shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of the legislative body of a local agency in person, except as otherwise provided in this chapter. Local agencies shall conduct meetings subject to this chapter consistent with applicable state and federal civil rights laws, including, but not limited to, any applicable language access and other nondiscrimination obligations.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing for the benefit of the public and the legislative body of a local agency in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law. The teleconferenced meeting or proceeding shall comply with all otherwise applicable requirements of this chapter and all otherwise applicable provisions of law relating to a specific type of meeting or proceeding.

(2) Teleconferencing, as authorized by this section, may be used for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. All votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by rollcall.

(3) If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, it shall post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties or the public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency. Each teleconference location shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference location shall be accessible to the public. During the teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body

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shall participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, except as provided in subdivisions (d) and (e). The agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3 at each teleconference location.

(4) For the purposes of this section, "teleconference" means a meeting of a legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or video, or both. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a local agency from providing the public with additional teleconference locations.

(c) (1) No legislative body shall take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final.

(2) The legislative body of a local agency shall publicly report any action taken and the vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the action.

(3) Prior to taking final action, the legislative body shall orally report a summary of a recommendation for a final action on the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of a local agency executive, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3511.1, during the open meeting in which the final action is to be taken. This paragraph shall not affect the public's right under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1) to inspect or copy records created or received in the process of developing the recommendation.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions relating to a quorum in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), if a health authority conducts a teleconference meeting, members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority may be counted toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50 percent of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows any person to call in to participate in the meeting and the number and access codes are identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as discouraging health authority members from regularly meeting at a common physical site within the jurisdiction of the authority or from using teleconference locations within or near the jurisdiction of the authority. A teleconference meeting for which a quorum is established pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all other requirements of this section.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, a health authority means any entity created pursuant to Sections 14018.7, 14087.31, 14087.35, 14087.36, 14087.38, and 14087.9605 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, any joint powers authority created pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 for the purpose of contracting pursuant to Section 14087.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and any advisory committee to a county-sponsored health plan licensed pursuant to Chapter

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2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code if the advisory committee has 12 or more members.

(e) (1) A local agency may use teleconferencing without complying with the requirements of paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) if the legislative body complies with the requirements of paragraph (2) of this subdivision in any of the following circumstances:

(A) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency, and state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing.

(B) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency for the purpose of determining, by majority vote, whether as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.

(C) The legislative body holds a meeting during a proclaimed state of emergency and has determined, by majority vote, pursuant to subparagraph (B), that, as a result of the emergency, meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees.

(2) A legislative body that holds a meeting pursuant to this subdivision shall do all of the following:

(A) The legislative body shall give notice of the meeting and post agendas as otherwise required by this chapter.

(B) The legislative body shall allow members of the public to access the meeting and the agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3. In each instance in which notice of the time of the teleconferenced meeting is otherwise given or the agenda for the meeting is otherwise posted, the legislative body shall also give notice of the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment. The agenda shall identify and include an opportunity for all persons to attend via a call-in option or an internet-based service option. This subparagraph shall not be construed to require the legislative body to provide a physical location from which the public may attend or comment.

(C) The legislative body shall conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties and the public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency.

(D) In the event of a disruption which prevents the public agency from broadcasting the meeting to members of the public using the call-in option or internet-based service option, or in the event of a disruption within the local agency's control which prevents members of the public from offering public comments using the call-in option or internet-based service option, the body shall take no further action on items appearing on the meeting agenda until public access to the meeting via the call-in option or internet-based service option is restored. Actions taken on agenda items during a disruption which prevents the public agency from broadcasting the meeting may be challenged pursuant to Section 54960.1.

(E) The legislative body shall not require public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and must provide an opportunity for

the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time. This subparagraph shall not be construed to require the legislative body to provide a physical location from which the public may attend or comment.

(F) Notwithstanding Section 54953.3, an individual desiring to provide public comment through the use of an internet website, or other online platform, not under the control of the local legislative body, that requires registration to log in to a teleconference may be required to register as required by the third-party internet website or online platform to participate.

(G) (i) A legislative body that provides a timed public comment period for each agenda item shall not close the public comment period for the agenda item, or the opportunity to register, pursuant to subparagraph (F), to provide public comment until that timed public comment period has elapsed.

(ii) A legislative body that does not provide a timed public comment period, but takes public comment separately on each agenda item, shall allow a reasonable amount of time per agenda item to allow public members the opportunity to provide public comment, including time for members of the public to register pursuant to subparagraph (F), or otherwise be recognized for the purpose of providing public comment.

(iii) A legislative body that provides a timed general public comment period that does not correspond to a specific agenda item shall not close the public comment period or the opportunity to register, pursuant to subparagraph (F), until the timed general public comment period has elapsed.

(3) If a state of emergency remains active, or state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, in order to continue to teleconference without compliance with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), the legislative body shall, not later than 30 days after teleconferencing for the first time pursuant to subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (1), and every 30 days thereafter, make the following findings by majority vote:

(A) The legislative body has reconsidered the circumstances of the state of emergency.

(B) Any of the following circumstances exist:

(i) The state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members to meet safely in person.

(ii) State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

(4) For the purposes of this subdivision, "state of emergency" means a state of emergency proclaimed pursuant to Section 8625 of the California Emergency Services Act (Article 1 (commencing with Section 8550) of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of Title 2).

(f) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2024, and as of that date is repealed.

SEC. 4. Section 54953 is added to the Government Code, to read:

54953. (a) All meetings of the legislative body of a local agency shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting

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of the legislative body of a local agency, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing for the benefit of the public and the legislative body of a local agency in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law. The teleconferenced meeting or proceeding shall comply with all requirements of this chapter and all otherwise applicable provisions of law relating to a specific type of meeting or proceeding.

(2) Teleconferencing, as authorized by this section, may be used for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. All votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by rollcall.

(3) If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, it shall post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties or the public appearing before the legislative body of a local agency. Each teleconference location shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body shall participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, except as provided in subdivision (d). The agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3 at each teleconference location.

(4) For the purposes of this section, "teleconference" means a meeting of a legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or video, or both. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a local agency from providing the public with additional teleconference locations

(c) (1) No legislative body shall take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final.

(2) The legislative body of a local agency shall publicly report any action taken and the vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the action.

(3) Prior to taking final action, the legislative body shall orally report a summary of a recommendation for a final action on the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of a local agency executive, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3511.1, during the open meeting in which the final action is to be taken. This paragraph shall not affect the public's right under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1) to inspect or copy records created or received in the process of developing the recommendation.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions relating to a quorum in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), if a health authority conducts a teleconference meeting,

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members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority may be counted toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50 percent of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows any person to call in to participate in the meeting and the number and access codes are identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as discouraging health authority members from regularly meeting at a common physical site within the jurisdiction of the authority or from using teleconference locations within or near the jurisdiction of the authority. A teleconference meeting for which a quorum is established pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all other requirements of this section.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, a health authority means any entity created pursuant to Sections 14018.7, 14087.31, 14087.35, 14087.36, 14087.38, and 14087.9605 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, any joint powers authority created pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 for the purpose of contracting pursuant to Section 14087.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and any advisory committee to a county-sponsored health plan licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code if the advisory committee has 12 or more members.

(e) This section shall become operative January 1, 2024.

SEC. 4.1. Section 54953 is added to the Government Code, to read:

54953. (a) All meetings of the legislative body of a local agency shall be open and public, and all persons shall be permitted to attend any meeting of the legislative body of a local agency, in person except as otherwise provided in this chapter. Local agencies shall conduct meetings subject to this chapter consistent with applicable state and federal civil rights laws, including, but not limited to, any applicable language access and other nondiscrimination obligations.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the legislative body of a local agency may use teleconferencing for the benefit of the public and the legislative body of a local agency in connection with any meeting or proceeding authorized by law. The teleconferenced meeting or proceeding shall comply with all requirements of this chapter and all otherwise applicable provisions of law relating to a specific type of meeting or proceeding.

(2) Teleconferencing, as authorized by this section, may be used for all purposes in connection with any meeting within the subject matter jurisdiction of the legislative body. All votes taken during a teleconferenced meeting shall be by rollcall.

(3) If the legislative body of a local agency elects to use teleconferencing, it shall post agendas at all teleconference locations and conduct teleconference meetings in a manner that protects the statutory and constitutional rights of the parties or the public appearing before the

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legislative body of a local agency. Each teleconference location shall be identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting or proceeding, and each teleconference location shall be accessible to the public. During the teleconference, at least a quorum of the members of the legislative body shall participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, except as provided in subdivision (d). The agenda shall provide an opportunity for members of the public to address the legislative body directly pursuant to Section 54954.3 at each teleconference location.

(4) For the purposes of this section, "teleconference" means a meeting of a legislative body, the members of which are in different locations, connected by electronic means, through either audio or video, or both. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a local agency from providing the public with additional teleconference locations.

(c) (1) No legislative body shall take action by secret ballot, whether preliminary or final.

(2) The legislative body of a local agency shall publicly report any action taken and the vote or abstention on that action of each member present for the action.

(3) Prior to taking final action, the legislative body shall orally report a summary of a recommendation for a final action on the salaries, salary schedules, or compensation paid in the form of fringe benefits of a local agency executive, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3511.1, during the open meeting in which the final action is to be taken. This paragraph shall not affect the public's right under the California Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1) to inspect or copy records created or received in the process of developing the recommendation.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions relating to a quorum in paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), if a health authority conducts a teleconference meeting, members who are outside the jurisdiction of the authority may be counted toward the establishment of a quorum when participating in the teleconference if at least 50 percent of the number of members that would establish a quorum are present within the boundaries of the territory over which the authority exercises jurisdiction, and the health authority provides a teleconference number, and associated access codes, if any, that allows any person to call in to participate in the meeting and the number and access codes are identified in the notice and agenda of the meeting.

(2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as discouraging health authority members from regularly meeting at a common physical site within the jurisdiction of the authority or from using teleconference locations within or near the jurisdiction of the authority. A teleconference meeting for which a quorum is established pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all other requirements of this section.

(3) For purposes of this subdivision, a health authority means any entity created pursuant to Sections 14018.7, 14087.31, 14087.35, 14087.36, 14087.38, and 14087.9605 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, any joint

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powers authority created pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Chapter 5 of Division 7 for the purpose of contracting pursuant to Section 14087.3 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and any advisory committee to a county-sponsored health plan licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code if the advisory committee has 12 or more members.

(e) This section shall become operative January 1, 2024.

SEC. 5. Sections 3.1 and 4.1 of this bill incorporate amendments to Section 54953 of the Government Code proposed by both this bill and Assembly Bill 339. Those sections of this bill shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2022, but this bill becomes operative first, (2) each bill amends Section 54953 of the Government Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after Assembly Bill 339, in which case Section 54953 of the Government Code, as amended by Sections 3 and 4 of this bill, shall remain operative only until the operative date of Assembly Bill 339, at which time Sections 3.1 and 4.1 of this bill shall become operative.

SEC. 6. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this act to improve and enhance public access to state and local agency meetings during the COVID-19 pandemic and future applicable emergencies, by allowing broader access through teleconferencing options consistent with the Governor's Executive Order No. N-29-20 dated March 17, 2020, permitting expanded use of teleconferencing during the COVID-19 pandemic.

SEC. 7. The Legislature finds and declares that Sections 3 and 4 of this act, which amend, repeal, and add Section 54953 of the Government Code, further, within the meaning of paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution, the purposes of that constitutional section as it relates to the right of public access to the meetings of local public bodies or the writings of local public officials and local agencies. Pursuant to paragraph (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution, the Legislature makes the following findings:

This act is necessary to ensure minimum standards for public participation and notice requirements allowing for greater public participation in teleconference meetings during applicable emergencies.

SEC. 8. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that during the COVID-19 public health emergency, certain requirements of the Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act (Article 9 (commencing with Section 11120) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code) were suspended by Executive Order N-29-20. Audio and video teleconference were widely used to conduct public meetings in lieu of physical location meetings, and public meetings conducted by teleconference during the COVID-19 public health emergency have been productive, have increased public participation by all members of the public regardless of their location in the state and ability to travel to physical meeting locations, have protected the health and safety of civil servants and the public, and have reduced travel costs incurred by members of state bodies and reduced work hours spent traveling to and from meetings.

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(b) The Legislature finds and declares that Section 1 of this act, which adds and repeals Section 89305.6 of the Education Code, Section 2 of this act, which adds and repeals Section 11133 of the Government Code, and Sections 3 and 4 of this act, which amend, repeal, and add Section 54953 of the Government Code, all increase and potentially limit the public's right of access to the meetings of public bodies or the writings of public officials and agencies within the meaning of Section 3 of Article I of the California Constitution. Pursuant to that constitutional provision, the Legislature makes the following findings to demonstrate the interest protected by this limitation and the need for protecting that interest:

(1) By removing the requirement that public meetings be conducted at a primary physical location with a quorum of members present, this act protects the health and safety of civil servants and the public and does not preference the experience of members of the public who might be able to attend a meeting in a physical location over members of the public who cannot travel or attend that meeting in a physical location.

(2) By removing the requirement for agendas to be placed at the location of each public official participating in a public meeting remotely, including from the member's private home or hotel room, this act protects the personal, private information of public officials and their families while preserving the public's right to access information concerning the conduct of the people's business.

SEC. 9. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the California Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

In order to ensure that state and local agencies can continue holding public meetings while providing essential services like water, power, and fire protection to their constituents during public health, wildfire, or other states of emergencies, it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.

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DECLARATION OF A LOCAL HEALTH EMERGENCY

WHEREAS, Health and Safety Code section 101080 authorizes a local health officer to declare a local health emergency in the health officer's jurisdiction, or any part thereof, whenever the health officer reasonably determines that there is an imminent and proximate threat of the introduction of any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease, chemical agent, non-communicable biologic agent, toxin, or radioactive agent;

WHEREAS, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention announced on February 25, 2020 that community spread of COVID-19 is likely to occur in the United States;

WHEREAS, based on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention statements, there is an ongoing risk and likelihood of COVID-19 positive patients being identified in Orange County;

WHEREAS, based on the foregoing, there is an imminent and proximate threat of the introduction of COVID-19 in the County of Orange and a threat to the public health of the County residents;

THEREFORE, the County Health Officer hereby declares a health emergency.

2/26/2020

Date

Nichole Quick, MD, MPH Health Officer

COUNTY OF ORANGE STATE OF CALIFORNIA PROCLAMATION OF A LOCAL EMERGENCY

REQUEST FOR GOVERNOR TO DECLARE A STATE OF EMERGENCY

WHEREAS, in accordance with Government Code Section 8630, a local emergency may be proclaimed by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Orange or by an official so designated by ordinance adopted by the Board of Supervisors; and

WHEREAS, Section 3-1-6(a) of the Codified Ordinances of the County of Orange provides that the Director of Emergency Services shall request the Board of Supervisors to proclaim a local emergency when the Board of Supervisors is in session and the Chair of the Emergency Management Council to so proclaim when the Board of Supervisors is not in session; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors is not currently in session, and the Director of Emergency Services has requested that the Chair of the Emergency Management Council proclaim a local emergency; and

WHEREAS, a novel coronavirus, COVID-19, which causes infectious disease resulting in symptoms of fever, coughing and shortness of breath with outcomes ranging from mild to severe illness and in some cases death, has arisen in China and spread to numerous other countries including the United States; and

WHEREAS, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention has determined the virus to be a very serious public health threat, yet the method and efficacy of transmission of the virus is not yet fully understood and no vaccine currently exists; and

WHEREAS, Orange County has a population of over 3 million residents, is a major tourist destination, has a high volume airport within its jurisdiction and is a significant destination for business travel all resulting in high volumes of foreign and domestic travelers traveling into and out of the County, which has the potential to result in significant spreading of the disease; and

WHEREAS, the Health Officer of the County of Orange has determined that the County is preparing for an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the virus; and

WHEREAS, communities within the geographic boundaries of Orange County have and will continue to prepare and, as necessary, take significant response actions to any developing contagion and to any other risks that may arise from introduction and possible spread of the virus;

WHEREAS, the above described events are creating a condition of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the territorial limits of the County of Orange which conditions are or are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment and facilities of the County of Orange, and require the combined forces of other political subdivisions to combat;

IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED that a local emergency exists within the geographic area of Orange County;

IT IS FURTHER PROCLAIMED AND ORDERED that as of this date all County departments and agencies take those actions, measures and steps deemed necessary to assure the safety and welfare of Orange County residents and property, including requesting mutual aid to the extent such aid is necessary and utilizing EOC Cal Cards and any other available funding stream to acquire resources determined by the DES or an authorized emergency purchaser as necessary to respond to this declared emergency.

ACCORDINGLY, THE CHAIR OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ACTING AS THE CHAIR OF THE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT COUNCIL HEREBY REQUESTS that the Governor declare a State of Emergency and make all relevant funds available to the County of Orange and all eligible community members and businesses, including but not limited to, California Disaster Assistance Act funds and State Private Nonprofit Organizations Assistance Program funds, and that the Governor request that the President of the United States make a Presidential Declaration of Emergency in and for the County of Orange and make all relevant funds available to the County of Orange and all eligible community members and businesses, including, but not limited to, aid provided by the Small Business Administration.

Date: 226 20

An Su Signed:

Michelle Steel, Chairwoman of the Board of Supervisors Acting as the Chair of the Emergency Management Council County of Orange

Attachment A

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ORANGE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA March 2, 2020

WHEREAS, Health and Safety Code section 101080 authorizes a local health officer to declare a local health emergency in the health officer's jurisdiction, or any part thereof, whenever the health officer reasonably determines that there is an imminent and proximate threat of the introduction of any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease, chemical agent, non-communicable biologic agent, toxin, or radioactive agent;

WHEREAS, on February 26, 2020, the County's Health Officer declared a local health emergency based on an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of a novel coronavirus (named "COVID-19") in Orange County.

WHEREAS, under Health and Safety Code Section 101080, the local health emergency shall not remain in effect for more than seven days unless ratified by the Board of Supervisors;

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors hereby finds that there continues to exits an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 in Orange County for reasons set forth in the declaration of local health emergency by County's Health Officer, dated February 26, 2020;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Orange County Board of Supervisors that:

- The local health emergency declared by the County's Health Officer on February 26, 2020 is hereby ratified. Under Health and Safety Code Section 101080, the local health emergency may remain in effect for no more than 30 days from the date of this Resolution.
- The County's Health Officer is directed to bring for review by the Board of Supervisors the need for continuing the local health emergency no later than the date

Resolution No. Item No. Declaration of a Local Health Emergency

Page 1 of 2

coinciding with the expiration of this Resolution

- 3. The Board of Supervisors delegates authority to the County's Health Officer to terminate the local health emergency, pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 101080, "at the earliest possible date that conditions warrant the terminations."
- 4. All County departments and agencies take those actions, measures, and steps deemed necessary to assure the health, safety and welfare of Orange County citizens and property, including requesting mutual aid to the extent such aid is necessary.

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APPROVED AS TO FORM OFFICE OF THE COUNTY COUNSEL ORANGE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA Deputy 2 27 20 Date

Resolution No. ____ Item No. ____ Declaration of a Local Health Emergency

Page 2 of 2

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - C-3 Board Findings Under AB 361 Attachment C

RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ORANGE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA March 2, 2020

WHEREAS, Government Code section 8630 and section 3-1-6(a) of the Codified Ordinances of the County of Orange empower the Director of Emergency Services to request the Chair of the Emergency Management Council to proclaim the existence or threatened existence of a local emergency, subject to ratification by the Board of Supervisors within seven days; and

WHEREAS, a novel coronavirus, COVID-19, which causes infectious disease resulting in symptoms of fever, coughing and shortness of breath with outcomes ranging from mild to severe illness and in some cases death, has arisen in China and spread to numerous other countries including the United States; and

WHEREAS, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention has determined the virus to be a very serious public health threat, yet the method and efficacy of transmission of the virus is not yet fully understood and no vaccine currently exists; and

WHEREAS, Orange County has a population of over 3 million residents, is a major tourist destination, has a high volume airport within its jurisdiction and is a significant destination for business travel all resulting in high volumes of foreign and domestic travelers traveling into and out of the County, which has the potential to result in significant spreading of the disease; and

WHEREAS, the Health Officer of the County of Orange has determined that the County is preparing for an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the virus; and

WHEREAS, communities within the geographic boundaries of Orange County have and will continue to prepare and, as necessary, take significant response actions to any developing contagion and to any other risks that may arise from introduction and possible spread of the virus;

Resolution No. Item No. Proclamation of a Local Emergency

Page 1 of 2

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - C-3 Board Findings Under AB 361 Attachment C

WHEREAS, the above described events are creating conditions of extreme peril and such conditions are or are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of the County, requiring the combined forces of other political subdivisions to combat; and

WHEREAS, at the request of the Director of Emergency Services, the Chair of the Emergency Management Council, on February 26, 2020, did proclaim the existence of local emergency within the County of Orange; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors does hereby find that the aforesaid conditions of extreme peril did warrant and necessitate the proclamation of the existence of a local emergency; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors also finds a local emergency does exist and shall be deemed to continue to exist until its termination is proclaimed by the Board of Supervisors;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Orange County Board of Supervisors does hereby ratify the Chair of the Emergency Management Council's February 26, 2020, Proclamation of a Local Emergency.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that all powers, functions, and duties of the emergency organization of the County of Orange shall be vested in such persons as prescribed by federal and state law, by County ordinances and resolutions, and by the Orange County Emergency Plan now in effect.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that all County departments and agencies take those actions, measures, and steps deemed necessary to assure the safety and welfare of Orange County citizens and property, including requesting mutual aid to the extent such aid is necessary.

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Resolution No. Item No. Proclamation of a Local Emergency

APPROVED AS TO FORM OFFICE OF THE COUNTY COU ORANGE COUNTY, CALIFO Date

Page 2 of 2

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT STATE OF CALIFORNIA

PROCLAMATION OF A STATE OF EMERGENCY

WHEREAS in December 2019, an outbreak of respiratory illness due to a novel coronavirus (a disease now known as COVID-19), was first identified in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China, and has spread outside of China, impacting more than 75 countries, including the United States; and

WHEREAS the State of California has been working in close collaboration with the national Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), with the United States Health and Human Services Agency, and with local health departments since December 2019 to monitor and plan for the potential spread of COVID-19 to the United States; and

WHEREAS on January 23, 2020, the CDC activated its Emergency Response System to provide ongoing support for the response to COVID-19 across the country; and

WHEREAS on January 24, 2020, the California Department of Public Health activated its Medical and Health Coordination Center and on March 2, 2020, the Office of Emergency Services activated the State Operations Center to support and guide state and local actions to preserve public health; and

WHEREAS the California Department of Public Health has been in regular communication with hospitals, clinics and other health providers and has provided guidance to health facilities and providers regarding COVID-19; and

WHEREAS as of March 4, 2020, across the globe, there are more than 94,000 confirmed cases of COVID-19, tragically resulting in more than 3,000 deaths worldwide; and

WHEREAS as of March 4, 2020, there are 129 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in the United States, including 53 in California, and more than 9,400 Californians across 49 counties are in home monitoring based on possible travel-based exposure to the virus, and officials expect the number of cases in California, the United States, and worldwide to increase; and

WHEREAS for more than a decade California has had a robust pandemic influenza plan, supported local governments in the development of local plans, and required that state and local plans be regularly updated and exercised; and

WHEREAS California has a strong federal, state and local public health and health care delivery system that has effectively responded to prior events including the H1N1 influenza virus in 2009, and most recently Ebola; and

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WHEREAS experts anticipate that while a high percentage of individuals affected by COVID-19 will experience mild flu-like symptoms, some will have more serious symptoms and require hospitalization, particularly individuals who are elderly or already have underlying chronic health conditions; and

WHEREAS it is imperative to prepare for and respond to suspected or confirmed COVID-19 cases in California, to implement measures to mitigate the spread of COVID-19, and to prepare to respond to an increasing number of individuals requiring medical care and hospitalization; and

WHEREAS if COVID-19 spreads in California at a rate comparable to the rate of spread in other countries, the number of persons requiring medical care may exceed locally available resources, and controlling outbreaks minimizes the risk to the public, maintains the health and safety of the people of California, and limits the spread of infection in our communities and within the healthcare delivery system; and

WHEREAS personal protective equipment (PPE) is not necessary for use by the general population but appropriate PPE is one of the most effective ways to preserve and protect California's healthcare workforce at this critical time and to prevent the spread of COVID-19 broadly; and

WHEREAS state and local health departments must use all available preventative measures to combat the spread of COVID-19, which will require access to services, personnel, equipment, facilities, and other resources, potentially including resources beyond those currently available, to prepare for and respond to any potential cases and the spread of the virus; and

WHEREAS I find that conditions of Government Code section 8558(b), relating to the declaration of a State of Emergency, have been met; and

WHEREAS I find that the conditions caused by COVID-19 are likely to require the combined forces of a mutual aid region or regions to appropriately respond; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8625(c), I find that local authority is inadequate to cope with the threat posed by COVID-19; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with various statutes and regulations specified in this order would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19.

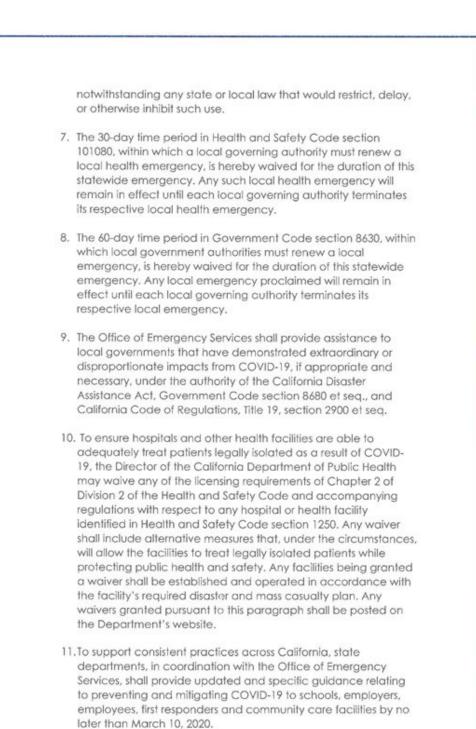
NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes, including the California Emergency Services Act, and in particular, Government Code section 8625, HEREBY PROCLAIM A STATE OF EMERGENCY to exist in California.

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IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- In preparing for and responding to COVID-19, all agencies of the state government use and employ state personnel, equipment, and facilities or perform any and all activities consistent with the direction of the Office of Emergency Services and the State Emergency Plan, as well as the California Department of Public Health and the Emergency Medical Services Authority. Also, all residents are to heed the advice of emergency officials with regard to this emergency in order to protect their safety.
- 2. As necessary to assist local governments and for the protection of public health, state agencies shall enter into contracts to arrange for the procurement of materials, goods, and services needed to assist in preparing for, containing, responding to, mitigating the effects of, and recovering from the spread of COVID-19. Applicable provisions of the Government Code and the Public Contract Code, including but not limited to travel, advertising, and competitive bidding requirements, are suspended to the extent necessary to address the effects of COVID-19.
- 3. Any out-of-state personnel, including, but not limited to, medical personnel, entering California to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, and recovering from COVID-19 shall be permitted to provide services in the same manner as prescribed in Government Code section 179.5, with respect to licensing and certification. Permission for any such individual rendering service is subject to the approval of the Director of the Emergency Medical Services Authority for medical personnel and the Director of the Office of Emergency Services for non-medical personnel and shall be in effect for a period of time not to exceed the duration of this emergency.
- 4. The time limitation set forth in Penal Code section 396, subdivision (b), prohibiting price gouging in time of emergency is hereby waived as it relates to emergency supplies and medical supplies. These price gouging protections shall be in effect through September 4, 2020.
- 5. Any state-owned properties that the Office of Emergency Services determines are suitable for use to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, or recovering from COVID-19 shall be made available to the Office of Emergency Services for this purpose, notwithstanding any state or local law that would restrict, delay, or otherwise inhibit such use.
- 6. Any fairgrounds that the Office of Emergency Services determines are suitable to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, or recovering from COVID-19 shall be made available to the Office of Emergency Services pursuant to the Emergency Services Act, Government Code section 8589. The Office of Emergency Services shall notify the fairgrounds of the intended use and can immediately use the fairgrounds without the fairground board of directors' approval, and

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12. To promptly respond for the protection of public health, state entities are, notwithstanding any other state or local law, authorized to share relevant medical information, limited to the patient's underlying health conditions, age, current condition, date of exposure, and possible contact tracing, as necessary to address the effect of the COVID-19 outbreak with state, local, federal, and nongovernmental partners, with such information to be used for the limited purposes of monitoring, investigation and control, and treatment and coordination of care. The

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notification requirement of Civil Code section 1798.24, subdivision (i), is suspended. 13. Notwithstanding Health and Safety Code sections 1797.52 and 1797.218, during the course of this emergency, any EMT-P licensees shall have the authority to transport patients to medical facilities other than acute care hospitals when approved by the California EMS Authority. In order to carry out this order, to the extent that the provisions of Health and Safety Code sections 1797.52 and 1797.218 may prohibit EMT-P licensees from transporting patients to facilities other than acute care hospitals, those statutes are hereby suspended until the termination of this State of Emergency. 14. The Department of Social Services may, to the extent the Department deems necessary to respond to the threat of COVID-19, waive any provisions of the Health and Safety Code or Welfare and Institutions Code, and accompanying regulations, interim licensing standards, or other written policies or procedures with respect to the use, licensing, or approval of facilities or homes within the Department's jurisdiction set forth in the California Community Care Facilities Act (Health and Safety Code section 1500 et seq.), the California Child Day Care Facilities Act (Health and Safety Code section 1596.70 et seq.), and the California Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly Act (Health and Safety Code section 1569 et sea.). Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website. I FURTHER DIRECT that as soon as hereafter possible, this proclamation be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this proclamation. **IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have** hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 4th day of March 2020 N NEWSOM overnor of California ATTEST: ALEX PADILLA Secretary of State and Barn



California Department of Industrial Relations Division of Occupational Safety & Health

UPDATE - COVID-19 Prevention Emergency Temporary Standards What Employers Need to Know About the December 16 Standards

December 16, 2021

On December 16, the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board readopted the Cal/OSHA COVID-19 Prevention Emergency Temporary Standards (ETS) for the second time. These emergency standards include important revisions to make the workplace rules consistent with the latest requirements and recommendations from the California Department of Public Health (CDPH). The emergency standards take effect on **January 14, 2022**, and apply to most workers in California not covered by the **Aerosol Transmissible Diseases standard**.

Some important requirements that remain unchanged in the COVID-19 Emergency Temporary Standards:

- Employers must establish, implement, and maintain an effective written COVID-19 Prevention Program that includes:
 - \circ $\;$ Identifying and evaluating employee exposures to COVID-19 health hazards.
 - \circ Implementing effective policies and procedures to correct unsafe and unhealthy conditions.
 - Allowing adequate time for handwashing and cleaning frequently touched surfaces and objects.
- Employers must provide effective training and instruction to employees on how COVID-19 is spread, infection prevention techniques, and information regarding COVID-19-related benefits that affected employees may be entitled to under applicable federal, state, or local laws.

Important revisions to the COVID-19 Prevention Emergency Temporary Standards include:

Investigating and responding to COVID-19 cases in the workplace

Employers must continue to properly notify employees, employee representatives and any other workers at a worksite of possible COVID-19 exposures within one business day. This section was updated to give employers more clear instructions on how to notify workers who were at the same worksite as the COVID-19 case during the high-risk exposure period.

Face Coverings

Employees who are exempted from wearing a face covering due to a medical or mental health condition, or disability and cannot wear a non-restrictive alternative must physically distance at least six feet from others and either be fully vaccinated or tested at least weekly for COVID-19. **Note:** The testing must be during paid time and at no cost to the employee.

Testing and Exclusion

- Employers are now required to make COVID-19 testing available at no cost and during paid time to employees who were fully vaccinated before the "close contact" with a COVID-19 case occurred, even if they are asymptomatic.
- During outbreaks and major outbreaks, employers must now make weekly testing (outbreaks) or twice-weekly testing (major outbreaks) available to asymptomatic fully vaccinated employees in the exposed group
- Employees who have recently recovered from COVID-19 and those who are fully vaccinated are not required to be excluded from the workplace after "close contact" but must wear a face covering and maintain six feet of physical distancing for 14 calendar days following the last date of contact.

Return to Work Criteria

The period of time before an employee can return to work after "close contact" or COVID-19 illness has been revised to be consistent with current CDPH guidelines. These time frames will automatically update if CDPH updates their guidelines pursuant to the Governor's executive order.

Definitions

- "Worksite" now specifically excludes the employee's personal residence, locations where an employee works alone, and remote work locations chosen by the employee.
- Definitions revised to be more consistent with federal OSHA, including:
 - "COVID-19 test" now includes specific instructions for workers using a test at home with self-read results. The employer or a telehealth professional must observe the test results.
 - "Face coverings" was updated to include more specific detail on the different types of acceptable face coverings.
 - "Fully vaccinated," now mentions the minimal amount of time workers need to wait between the first and second shot of a two-dose vaccine.

This guidance is an overview, for full requirements see Title 8 sections <u>3205</u>, <u>3205.1</u>, <u>3205.2</u>, <u>3205.3</u>, <u>3205.4</u>



For assistance with developing a COVID-19 Prevention Program, employers may contact Cal/OSHA Consultation Services at 1 800 963 9424 or InfoCons@dir.ca.gov For Consultation information, publications, access the following link or copy the site address: DOSHConsultation www.dir.ca.gov/dosh/consultation.html



How to Protect Yourself & Others

Updated Nov. 29, 2021

CDC has updated isolation and quarantine recommendations for the public. These recommendations do not apply to healthcare personnel and do not supersede state, local, tribal, or territorial laws, rules, and regulations. Read CDC's media statement. Spanish

Protect Family Members

Some members in your family may need to continue to take steps to protect themselves from COVID-19, including

- Anyone not fully vaccinated, including children under 5 years who are not eligible for COVID-19 vaccines.
- People with weakened immune systems or underlying medical conditions.







Get Vaccinated

- Authorized COVID-19 vaccines can help protect you from COVID-19.
- You should get a COVID-19 vaccine as soon as you can.
- Once you are fully vaccinated, you may be able to start doing some things that you had stopped doing because of the pandemic.



Wear a mask

- Everyone 2 years or older who is not fully vaccinated should wear a mask in indoor public places.
- In general, you do not need to wear a mask in outdoor settings.
 - In areas with high numbers of COVID-19 cases, consider wearing a mask in crowded outdoor settings and for activities with close contact with others who are not fully vaccinated.
- People who have a condition or are taking medications that weaken their immune system may not be fully protected even if they are fully vaccinated. They should continue to take all precautions recommended for unvaccinated people, including wearing a well-fitted mask, until advised otherwise by their healthcare provider.
- If you are fully vaccinated, to maximize protection and prevent possibly spreading COVID-19 to others, wear a mask indoors in public if you are in an area of substantial or high transmission.
 Wearing a mask over your nose and mouth is required on planes,

buses, trains, and other forms of public transportation traveling into, within, or out of the United States and while indoors at U.S. transportation hubs such as airports and stations. Travelers are not required to wear a mask in outdoor areas of a conveyance (like on open deck areas of a ferry or the uncovered top deck of a bus).



COVID-19 County Check

Find community transmission levels and masking guidance by county.

Select a Location

State

County



Stay 6 feet away from others

Inside your home

- Avoid close contact with people who are sick.
- If possible, maintain 6 feet between the person who is sick and other household members.
- Outside your home
 - Remember that some people without symptoms may be able to spread virus.
 - Stay at least 6 feet (about 2 arm lengths) from other people, especially if you are at higher risk of getting very sick.



Avoid crowds and poorly ventilated spaces

- Being in crowded places like restaurants, bars, fitness centers, or movie theaters puts you at higher risk for COVID-19.
- Avoid indoor spaces that do not offer fresh air from the outdoors as much as possible.
- If indoors, bring in fresh air by opening windows and doors, if possible.



Test to prevent spread to others

- Testing can give you information about your risk of spreading COVID-19.
- You can choose from many different types of tests.
- Regardless of the test type you select, a positive test result means that you have an infection and should isolate and inform your close contacts to avoid spreading disease to others.
- Over-the-counter self-tests can be used at home or anywhere,

are easy to use, and produce rapid results. Anyone can use selftests, regardless of vaccination status or whether they have symptoms or not.

- Consider using a self-test before joining indoor gatherings with others who are not in your household.
 - A positive self-test result means that you have an infection and should avoid indoor gatherings to reduce the risk of spreading disease to someone else.
 - A negative self-test result means that you may not have an infection. Repeating the test with at least 24 hours between tests will increase the confidence that you are not infected.
 - Ask your healthcare provider if you need help interpreting your test results.



Wash your hands often

- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds especially after you have been in a public place, or after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing.
- It's especially important to wash your hands:
 - Before eating or preparing food
 - Before touching your face
 - After using the restroom
 - After leaving a public place
 - After blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing
 - After handling your mask
 - After changing a diaper
 - After caring for someone sick
 - After touching animals or pets
- If soap and water are not readily available, use a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol. Cover all surfaces of your hands and rub them together until they feel dry.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.



Cover coughs and sneezes

- If you are wearing a mask: You can cough or sneeze into your mask. Put on a new, clean mask as soon as possible and wash your hands.
- If you are not wearing a mask:
 - Always cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze, or use the inside of your elbow and do not spit.
 - Throw used tissues in the trash.
 - Immediately wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not readily available, clean your hands with a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.



Clean and disinfect

- Clean high touch surfaces regularly or as needed and after you have visitors in your home. This includes tables, doorknobs, light switches, countertops, handles, desks, phones, keyboards, toilets, faucets, and sinks.
- If someone is sick or has tested positive for COVID-19, disinfect frequently touched surfaces.
 - Use a household disinfectant product from EPA's List N:
 Disinfectants for Coronavirus (COVID-19) According to manufacturer's labeled directions.
 - If surfaces are dirty, clean them using detergent or soap and water prior to disinfection.



Monitor your health daily

- Be alert for symptoms:
 - Watch for fever, cough, shortness of breath, or other symptoms of COVID-19.
 - Take your temperature if symptoms develop.
 - Don't take your temperature within 30 minutes of exercising or after taking medications that could lower your temperature, like acetaminophen.
 - Follow CDC guidance if symptoms develop.
- Monitoring symptoms is especially important if you are running errands, going into the office or workplace, and in settings where it may be difficult to keep a physical distance of 6 feet.



Related Pages

Prevent Getting Sick

Symptoms

How COVID-19 Spreads

If You Are Sick or Caring for Someone

People at Increased Risk

Frequently Asked Questions

Hand Sanitizer Use

Quarantine and Isolation

Last Updated Nov. 29, 2021 Content source: National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases (NCIRD), Division of Viral Diseases

COUNTY OF ORANGE HEALTH OFFICER'S ORDERS AND STRONG RECOMMENDATIONS

(Revised December 31, 2021)

In light of the recent quarantine and isolation guidelines announced/issued by Centers for Disease Control and Preventions (CDC) and California Department of Public Health (CDPH), the following Orders and Strong Recommendations shall revise and replace the prior Orders and Strong Recommendations of the County Health Officer that were issued on December 23, 2021. The Orders and Strong Recommendations issued on December 23, 2021, are no longer in effect as of December 31, 2021.

Pursuant to California Health and Safety Code sections 101030, 101040, 101470, 120175, and 120130, the County Health Officer for County of Orange orders and strongly recommends the following:

ORDERS

Effective immediately, and continuing until further notice, the following shall be in effect in unincorporated and incorporated territories of Orange County, California:

I. <u>Self-Isolation and Self-Quarantine Orders</u>

A. <u>Self-isolation of Persons with COVID-19</u>.

NOTE: This self-isolation order DOES NOT in any way restrict access by first responders to an isolation site during an emergency.

<u>Persons with COVID-19 who have symptoms</u>. All Orange County residents and visitors *with COVID-19 who are symptomatic* (as defined below) shall immediately isolate themselves in their home or another residence. They may discontinue self-isolation under the following conditions:

- At least 5 days have passed since symptom onset; AND
- At least 24 hours have passed since resolution of fever without the use of feverreducing medications; AND
- Other symptoms have improved (except that loss of taste and smell may persist for weeks or months after recovery and need not delay the end of isolation); AND
- A US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved/authorized COVID-19 test (antigen testing is preferred) is negative on or after day 5 from symptom onset

<u>10 Day Isolation Required</u>: If a person *with COVID-19 who is symptomatic* (as defined below) is either unable to test or chooses not to test, he or she shall isolate for 10 days from symptom onset.

All persons *with COVID-19 who are symptomatic* (as defined below) should continue to wear a well-fitting mask around other people through at least day10 from symptom onset.

<u>Persons who have COVID-19 without symptoms</u>. All Orange County residents and visitors *with COVID-19 who are asymptomatic* (i.e., they do not have any symptom(s), as defined below) shall isolate themselves immediately in their home or another residence. They may discontinue self-isolation under the following conditions:

- At least 5 days have passed since the first positive COVID-19 PCR; AND
- An FDA approved/authorized COVID-19 test (antigen testing is preferred) is negative on or after day 5 from symptom onset

<u>10 Day Isolation Required</u>: If a person *with COVID-19 who is asymptomatic* (i.e., they do not have any symptom(s), as defined below) is either unable to test or chooses not to test, he or she shall isolate for 10 days from symptom onset.

All persons *with COVID-19 who are asymptomatic* (i.e., they do not have any symptom(s), as defined below) should continue to wear a well-fitting mask around other people through at least day10 from symptom onset.

Additional Considerations.

- A Person who is self-isolated may not leave his or her place of isolation except to receive necessary medical care.
- If a more specific and individualized isolation order is issued by the County Health Officer for any county resident, the resident shall follow the specific order instead of the order herein.
- People who are severely ill with COVID-19 might need to stay in self-isolation longer than 5 days and up to 20 days after symptoms first appeared. People with weakened immune systems should talk to their healthcare provider for more information.

Definition.

A person is considered to be "with COVID-19" if the person has:

- Received a positive COVID-19 result from test that has been approved/authorized by the FDA; AND/OR
- Exhibits symptoms of COVID-19; AND
- Has known exposure to an individual with COVID-19..

People with COVID-19 have had a wide range of symptoms reported – ranging from mild symptoms to severe illness. Symptoms may appear 2-14 days after

exposure to the virus. Anyone can have mild to severe symptoms. People with these symptoms may have COVID-19:

- Fever or chills
- Cough
- Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing
- Fatigue
- Muscle or body aches
- Headache
- New loss of taste or smell
- Sore throat
- Congestion or runny nose
- Nausea or vomiting
- Diarrhea

The list above does not include all possible symptoms.

B. <u>Self-Quarantine of Persons Exposed to COVID-19 and Exemptions</u>.

NOTE: The self-quarantine orders and exemptions below DO NOT in any way restrict access by first responders to a quarantine site during an emergency.

All Orange County residents and visitors who are *not-up-to-date* (as defined below) and who know that they have been in close contact (within 6 feet of someone for a cumulative total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period) with a person who has, or is suspected to have, COVID-19 and who do not have any symptoms (as defined above) shall quarantine:

- For at least 5 days from the date of last contact with a person who has COVID-19, if:
 - No symptoms have developed; AND
 - An FDA approved/authorized COVID-19 test (antigen testing is preferred) is negative on or after day 5.

Persons are considered *not-up-to-date* if they:

- Are unvaccinated for COVID-19; OR
- Have not completed a primary series with any COVID-19 vaccine; OR
- Completed a primary series of Pfizer or Moderna COVID-19 vaccines more than six months ago and are not boosted; OR
- Completed a primary series with Johnson & Johnson/Janssen vaccine more than 2 months ago and are not boosted.

All persons who are exposed to COVID-19 and who are not-up-to-date (as defined below) should continue to wear a well-fitting mask around other people through at least day10 after most recent exposure.

10 Day Quarantine Required: If a person *who is exposed to COVID-19 and who is not-up-to-date (as defined below)* is either unable to test or chooses not to test, he or she shall quarantine for 10 days after most recent exposure.

Exemptions from Quarantine

- 1. <u>Asymptomatic up-to-date Persons</u>. Persons who are up-to-date (as defined above) prior to their close contact with a person with COVID-19 and have not developed any symptoms (as defined in the Isolation Section, above) since their exposure are not required to quarantine are not subject to the quarantine requirements in this Order.
- 2. <u>Asymptomatic Persons Previously Infected</u>. If an exposed person tested positive for COVID-19 before their new, recent close contact with a person with COVID-19 and it has been less than 3 months since they started having symptoms from that previous infection (or since their first positive COVID-19 test if asymptomatic), they do not need to quarantine, as long as they have not had any new symptoms since their recent exposure to COVID-19.
- 3. <u>Exposed Asymptomatic First Responders</u>. During critical staffing shortages, exposed first responders who do not have any symptoms (as defined above in Isolation Section, above), are not subject to the quarantine requirements in this Order. These individuals should wear a well-fitting mask at all times when around others for at least 10-days after most recent exposure and monitor for symptoms of COVID-19.
- 4. <u>Quarantine of Students in both Private and Public Transitional Kindergarten</u> <u>through Grade 12.</u> Students in both private and public transitional kindergarten through grade 12 shall follow the isolation and self-quarantine guidance above with the following exemption:

Modified Quarantine. If a *not-up-to-d*ate (as defined above) student is exposed to a person with COVID-19 and both were wearing face covering then the exposed student may continue to attend school for in-person instruction during the duration of his or her quarantine period if the following conditions are met:

- The exposed student is asymptomatic; AND
- The exposed student continues to appropriately wear well-fitting face covering; AND
- The exposed student undergoes testing at least twice during his or her quarantine period of 5 days; AND

• The exposed student refrains from participation in all extracurricular activities at school, including sports, and activities within the community setting for the duration of his or her quarantine period. The exposed student may participate in all required instructional components of the school day, except activities where a mask cannot be worn, such as while playing certain musical instruments. The exposed student may also eat meals on campus.

<u>10 Day Quarantine Required</u>: If an *exposed not-up-to-date student* is either unable to test or chooses not to test, he or she shall quarantine for 10 days after most recent exposure.

- 5. <u>Acute Care Hospital, Acute Psychiatric Hospital, and Skilled Nursing Facility,</u> <u>Staff Shortage</u>.
 - Modification of quarantine for exposed staff: Acute Care Hospitals, Acute Psychiatric Hospitals, and Skilled Nursing Facilities that are experiencing staff shortage and therefore are unable to otherwise provide safe patient care at their facilities may allow asymptomatic health care providers, who are not-up-to-date (as defined above) and who have had a higher-risk exposure to COVID-19 but are not known to be infected to continue to work onsite at their facilities throughout their 14-day exposure period. These health care providers shall be monitored for symptoms for COVID-19 and shall immediately isolate as consistent with the isolation order above if any symptoms develop (as defined above). These facilities are to make this staffing shortage determination in collaboration with their human resources and occupational health services.
 - Modification of isolation for ill staff: During critical staffing shortages that persist despite other mitigation strategies, as a last resort hospitals may consider allowing staff with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 infection who are well enough and willing to work but have not met all Return to Work Criteria to work, if the hospital follows <u>CDC Guidance on</u> <u>Mitigating Staffing Shortages</u> and California Department of Public Health All Facilities Letter 21.08.6, as applicable.

Additional Consideration for Quarantine.

- <u>Testing After Exposure</u>. All individuals should test for COVID-19 (antigen test preferred) 5 days after their most recent exposure.
 - If they test positive, they shall immediately self-isolate, as ordered above, and contact their healthcare provider with any questions regarding their care.
 - If they test negative, they shall continue monitoring their symptoms.
 - Self-monitor for COVID-19 symptoms through Day 14; if symptoms occur, immediately isolate as ordered above and contact the Orange

County Health Care Agency or their healthcare provider and seek COVID-19 testing.

• <u>Continue Wearing Mask</u>. All persons *with COVID-19 who are symptomatic* (as defined below) should continue to wear a well-fitting mask around other people through at least day10 from symptom onset.

II. Face-Covering Order:

• <u>Wear a Cloth Face-Covering</u>. To help prevent the spread of droplets containing COVID-19, all County residents and visitors shall wear face coverings in accordance with and as required by the Guidance for the Use of Face Coverings issued by CDPH, effective December 15, 2021. The Guidance is attached herein as Attachment "A" and can be found at: <u>https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/guidance-</u>for-face-coverings.aspx.

The Guidance orders, as follows:

Masking Requirements.

Masks are required for all individuals in all indoor public settings, regardless of vaccination status from December 15, 2021, through January 15, 2022. Full guidance can be found

at: <u>https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Get-the-Most-out-of-Masking.aspx</u>.

In workplaces, employers are subject to the Cal/OSHA COVID-19 Emergency Temporary Standards (ETS) or in some workplaces the Cal/OSHA Aerosol Transmissible Diseases (ATD) Standard and should consult those regulations for additional applicable requirements.

See State Health Officer Order, issued on July 26, 2021

(https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Order-of-the-State-Public-Health-Officer-Unvaccinated-Workers-In-High-Risk-Settings.aspx), for a full list of high-risk congregate and other healthcare settings where surgical masks are required for unvaccinated workers, and recommendations for respirator use for unvaccinated workers in healthcare and long-term care facilities in situations or settings not covered by Cal OSHA ETS or ATD. No person can be prevented from wearing a mask as a condition of participation in an activity or entry into a business.

Exemptions to masks requirements.

The following individuals are exempt from wearing masks at all times:

- Persons younger than two years old. Very young children must not wear a mask because of the risk of suffocation.
- Persons with a medical condition, mental health condition, or disability that prevents wearing a mask. This includes persons with a medical condition for whom wearing a mask could obstruct breathing or who are unconscious, incapacitated, or otherwise unable to remove a mask without assistance.
- Persons who are hearing impaired, or communicating with a person who is hearing impaired, where the ability to see the mouth is essential for communication.
- Persons for whom wearing a mask would create a risk to the person related to their work, as determined by local, state, or federal regulators or workplace safety guidelines.

The County Health Officer strongly recommends that all mask wearers consistently and correctly wear a mask that offers good filtration to get the best protection. To improve efficacy, the mask should fit to minimize gaps between the face and mask. The mask should also fully cover the nose and mouth. If wearing a fabric face covering, three layers should be worn to offer better filtration.

The County Health Officer also strongly recommends wearing a face shield for members of the public who cannot wear a face covering due to a medical condition or other exemption (except for children younger than 2 years old), although they may not work as well as face coverings in their ability to prevent the spread of COVID-19 to others. A cloth "drape" should be attached to the bottom edge of the face shield and tucked into the shirt to minimize gaps between the face and face shield.

Vaccination and Testing for COVID-19 Orders:

0. <u>COVID-19 Vaccination for Workers and Service Providers of Certain</u> <u>Facilities</u>. To help prevent transmission of COVID-19, all workers who provide services or work in facilities described below shall comply with the COVID-19 vaccination and booster dose requirements as set forth in the December 22, 2021, State Health Officer Order. A copy of the State Health Officer Order is attached herein as Attachment "**B**" and can be found at the following link:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Order-of-the-State-Public-Health-Officer-Health-Care-Worker-Vaccine-Requirement.aspx

Facilities covered by this order include:

- General Acute Care Hospitals
- Skilled Nursing Facilities (including Subacute Facilities)
- Intermediate Care Facilities
- Acute Psychiatric Hospitals
- Adult Day Health Care Centers
- Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) and PACE Centers
- Ambulatory Surgery Centers
- Chemical Dependency Recovery Hospitals
- Clinics & Doctor Offices (including behavioral health, surgical)
- Congregate Living Health Facilities
- Dialysis Centers
- Hospice Facilities
- Pediatric Day Health and Respite Care Facilities
- Residential Substance Use Treatment and Mental Health Treatment Facilities

The word, "worker," as used in this Order shall have the same meaning as defined in the State Health Officer's Order, dated December 22,

2021. See <u>https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-</u> 19/Order-of-the-State-Public-Health-Officer-Health-Care-Worker-Vaccine-Requirement.aspx

1. <u>Requirements for COVID-19 Vaccination Status Verification, COVID-19</u> <u>Testing, and Masking for Certain Facilities</u>.

To help prevent transmission of COVID-19, all facilities described below shall comply with the State Health Officer Order, effective August 9, 2021. A copy of the State Health Officer Order is attached herein as Attachment "C" and can be found at the following link:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Order-of-the-State-Public-Health-Officer-Unvaccinated-Workers-In-High-Risk-Settings.aspx Facilities covered by this order include:

Acute Health Care and Long-Term Care Settings:

- General Acute Care Hospitals
- Skilled Nursing Facilities (including Subacute Facilities)
- Intermediate Care Facilities

High-Risk Congregate Settings:

- Adult and Senior Care Facilities
- Homeless Shelters
- State and Local <u>Correctional Facilities and Detention Centers</u>

Other Health Care Settings:

- Acute Psychiatric Hospitals
- Adult Day Health Care Centers
- Adult Day Programs Licensed by the California Department of Social Services
- Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) and PACE Centers
- Ambulatory Surgery Centers
- Chemical Dependency Recovery Hospitals
- Clinics & Doctor Offices (including behavioral health, surgical)
- Congregate Living Health Facilities
- Dental Offices
- Dialysis Centers
- Hospice Facilities
- Pediatric Day Health and Respite Care Facilities
- Residential Substance Use Treatment and Mental Health Treatment Facilities

2. <u>Requirements for COVID-19 Vaccine Status Verification and COVID-19</u> <u>Testing for School Workers in Transitional Kindergarten through Grade 12</u>.

To prevent the further spread of COVID-19 in K-12 school settings, all public and private schools serving students in transitional kindergarten through grade 12 shall comply with the State Health Officer Order, effective August 12, 2021, regarding verification of COVID-19 vaccination status and COVID-19 testing of all workers. A copy of the State Health Officer Order is attached herein as Attachment "**D**" and can be found at the following link:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Order-of-the-State-Public-Health-Officer-Vaccine-Verification-for-Workers-in-Schools.aspx

This Order <u>does not apply</u> to (i) home schools, (ii) child care settings, or (iii) higher education.

3. <u>Local Correctional Facilities and Detention Centers Health Care Worker</u> <u>Vaccination Requirement</u>.

To prevent the further spread of COVID-19 in local correctional facilities and detention centers, all individuals identified in the State Health Officer Order, effective December 22, 2021, shall comply with the State Health Officer's Order with regards to obtaining COVID-19 vaccination and booster doses. A copy of the State Health Officer Order is attached herein as Attachment "E" and can be found at the following link:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Order-of-the-State-Public-Health-Officer-Health-Care-Worker-Vaccine-Requirement.aspx

4. Adult Care Facilities and Direct Care Worker Vaccination Requirements.

To help prevent transmission of COVID-19, all individuals specified below shall comply with the COVID-19 vaccination and booster does requirements as set forth in the December 22, 2021, State Health Officer Order. A copy of the State Health Officer Order is attached herein as Attachment "**F**" and can be found at the following link:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Order-of-the-State-Public-Health-Officer-Adult-Care-Facilities-and-Direct-Care-Worker-Vaccine-Requirement.aspx

Individuals covered by this order include:

- All workers who provide services or work in Adult and Senior Care Facilities licensed by the California Department of Social Services;
- All in-home direct care services workers, including registered home care aides and certified home health aides, except for those workers who only

provide services to a recipient with whom they live or who are a family member of the recipient for whom they provide services;

- All waiver personal care services (WPCS) providers, as defined by the California Department of Health Care Services, and in-home supportive services (IHSS) providers, as defined by the California Department of Social Services, except for those workers who only provide services to a recipient with whom they live or who are a family member of the recipient for whom they provide services;
- All hospice workers who are providing services in the home or in a licensed facility; and
- All regional center employees, as well as service provider workers, who provide services to a consumer through the network of Regional Centers serving individuals with developmental and intellectual disabilities, except for those workers who only provide services to a recipient with whom they live or who are a family member of the recipient for whom they provide services.

Visiting Acute Health Care and Long-Term Care Setting Order:

Requirements for Visiting Acute Health Care and Long-Term Care Settings.

To help prevent transmission of COVID-19, all acute health care and long-term care settings shall comply with the indoor visitation requirements set forth in the State Health Officer, effective August 11, 2021. A copy of the State Health Officer Order is attached herein as Attachment "G" and can be found at the following link: <u>https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/Order-of-the-State-Public-Health-Officer-Requirements-for-Visitors-in-Acute-Health-Care-and-Long-Term-Care-Settings.aspx</u>

Seasonal Flu Vaccination Order:

Seasonal Flu Vaccination for Certain County Residents.

All individuals who reside or work in Orange County and fall under one of the following categories, shall obtain the seasonal flu vaccination unless a medical or religious exemption applies: (i) current providers for congregate settings; (ii) current health care providers; and (iii) current emergency responders. However, nothing herein shall be construed as an obligation, on the part of employers, public or private, to require employees obtain the seasonal flu vaccination as a term or condition of employment.

• *Emergency responder* shall mean military or national guard; law enforcement officers; correctional institution personnel; fire fighters; emergency medical services personnel; physicians; nurses; public health personnel; emergency

medical technicians; paramedics; emergency management personnel; 911 operators; child welfare workers and service providers; public works personnel; and persons with skills or training in operating specialized equipment or other skills needed to provide aid in a declared emergency; as well as individuals who work for such facilities employing these individuals and whose work is necessary to maintain the operation of the facility.

Health care provider shall mean physicians; psychiatrists; nurses; nurse practitioners; nurse assistants; medical technicians; any other person who is employed to provide diagnostic services, preventive services, treatment services or other services that are integrated with and necessary to the provision of patient care and, if not provided, would adversely impact patient care; and employees who directly assist or are supervised by a direct provider of diagnostic, preventive, treatment, or other patient care services; and employees who do not provide direct heath care services to a patient but are otherwise integrated into and necessary to the provision those services - for example, a laboratory technician who processes medical test results to aid in the diagnosis and treatment of a health condition. A person is not a health care provider merely because his or her employer provides health care services or because he or she provides a service that affects the provision of health care services. For example, IT professionals, building maintenance staff, human resources personnel, cooks, food services workers, records managers, consultants, and billers are not health care providers, even if they work at a hospital of a similar health care facility.

STRONG RECOMMENDATIONS

Effective immediately, and continuing until further notice, the following shall be in effect in unincorporated and incorporated territories in Orange County, California:

- 1. <u>For Vulnerable Populations</u>. In general, the older a person is, the more health conditions a person has, and the more severe the conditions, the more important it is to take preventive measures for COVID-19 such as getting vaccinated, including boosters, social distancing and wearing a mask when around people who don't live in the same household, and practicing hand hygiene. For more information, see <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extra-precautions/people-with-medical-conditions.html</u>.
- <u>COVID-19 Vaccination for County Residents</u>. All Orange County residents should receive COVID-19 vaccination in accordance with the Federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and CDC guidance unless a medical contraindication applies. Minors, who are eligible to receive COVID-19 vaccination in accordance with the applicable CDC guidelines, should be vaccinated in the presence of their parent or legal guardian.
- 3. <u>Seasonal Flu Vaccination for County Residents</u>. All County residents who are six months of age or older should obtain the seasonal flu vaccination unless a medical or religious exemption applies.

4. <u>COVID-19 Vaccination and Testing for Emergency Medical Technicians,</u> <u>Paramedics and Home Healthcare Providers</u>. To help prevent transmission of COVID-19, it is strongly recommended that all Emergency Medical Technicians, Paramedics, and Home Healthcare Providers (including In Home Supportive Services Program workers) are fully vaccinated by September 30, 2021.

Furthermore, it is strongly recommended that all unvaccinated Emergency Medical Technicians, Paramedics, and Home Healthcare Providers (including In Home Supportive Services Program workers) undergo at least twice weekly testing for COVID-19 until such time they are fully vaccinated.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

- The Orders and Strong Recommendations, above, shall not supersede any conflicting or more restrictive orders issued by the State of California or federal government. If any portion of this document or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held to be invalid, the remainder of the document, including the application of such part or provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected and shall continue in full force and effect. To this end, the provisions of the orders and strong recommendations are severable.
- The Orders contained in this document may be enforced by the Orange County Sheriff or Chiefs of Police pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section 101029, and California Government Code sections 26602 and 41601. A violation of a health order is subject to fine, imprisonment, or both (California Health and Safety Code section 120295).

REASONS FOR THE ORDERS AND STRONG RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. On February 26, 2020, the County of Orange Health Officer declared a Local Health Emergency based on an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 in Orange County.
- 2. On February 26, 2020, the Chairwoman of the Board of Supervisors, acting as the Chair of Emergency Management Council, proclaimed a Local Emergency in that the imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 created conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the territorial limits of Orange County.
- 3. On March 2, 2020, the Orange County Board of Supervisors adopted Resolutions No. 20-011 and No. 20-012 ratifying the Local Health Emergency and Local Emergency, referenced above.
- 4. On March 4, 2020, the Governor of the State of California declared a State of Emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19.
- 5. As of December 31, 2021, the County has reported a total of 339,525 recorded confirmed COVID-19 cases and 5,890 of COVID-19 related deaths.
- 6. Safe and effective authorized COVID-19 vaccines are recommended by the CDC. According to CDC, anyone infected with COVID-19 can spread it, even if they do NOT

have symptoms. The novel coronavirus is spread in 3 ways:1) Breathing in air when close to an infected person who is exhaling small droplets and particles that contain the virus. 2) Having these small droplets and particles that contain virus land on the eyes, nose, or mouth, especially through splashes and sprays like a cough or sneeze. 3) Touching eyes, nose, or mouth with hands that have the virus on them. See https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/prevent-getting-sick/how-covid-spreads.html.

- CDC requires face coverings on planes, buses, trains, and other forms of public transportation traveling into, within, or out of the United States and in U.S. transportation hubs such as airports and stations. See <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/prevent-getting-sick/about-face-coverings.html</u>.
- The CDPH issued a revised Guidance for the Use of Face Coverings, effective December 15, 2021, available at: <u>https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-</u> <u>19/guidance-for-face-coverings.aspx</u>
- According to the CDC and CDPH, older adults, individuals with medical conditions, and pregnant and recently pregnant persons are at higher risk of severe illness when they contract COVID-19. See <u>https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/need-extraprecautions/index.html</u>; see also <u>https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/PublicHealthGuidanceSelfIsolationforOlderAdultsandThoseWhoHaveElevatedRisk.as <u>px</u>.
 </u>
- 10. The Orders and the Strong Recommendations contained in this document are based on the following facts, in addition to the facts stated under the foregoing paragraphs: (i) Safe and effective FDA authorized COVID-19 vaccines have become widely available, but many Orange County residents have not yet had the opportunity to be vaccinated, or have not completed their vaccination series to be fully vaccinated; (ii) there are currently limited therapeutic options proven effective that consistently prevents the severe illness associated with COVID-19; (iii) the current consensus among public health officials for slowing down the transmission of and avoiding contracting COVID-19 is for unvaccinated persons to avoid gathering and practice social distancing, frequently wash hands with soap, wearing face covering and get vaccinated; (iv) some individuals who contract COVID-19 have no symptoms or have only mild symptoms and so are unaware that they carry the virus and are transmitting it to others; (v) current evidence shows that the novel coronavirus can survive on surfaces and can be indirectly transmitted between individuals; (vi) older adults and individuals with medical conditions are at higher risk of severe illness; (vii) sustained COVID-19 community transmission continues to occur; (viii) the age, condition, and health of a significant portion of Orange County's residents place them at risk for serious health complications, including hospitalization and death, from COVID-19; (ix) younger and otherwise healthy people are also at risk for serious negative health outcomes and for transmitting the novel coronavirus to others.
- 11. The orders and strong recommendations contained in this document are necessary and less restrictive preventive measures to control and reduce the spread of COVID-19 in Orange County, help preserve critical and limited healthcare capacity in Orange County and save the lives of Orange County residents.

- 12. The California Health and Safety Code section 120175 requires the County of Orange Health Officer knowing or having reason to believe that any case of a communicable disease exists or has recently existed within the County to take measures as may be necessary to prevent the spread of the disease or occurrence of additional cases.
- 13. The California Health and Safety Code sections 101030 and 101470 require the county health officer to enforce and observe in the unincorporated territory of the county and within the city boundaries located with a county all of the following: (a) Orders and ordinances of the board of supervisors, pertaining to the public health and sanitary matters; (b) Orders, including quarantine and other regulations, prescribed by the department; and (c) Statutes relating to public health.
- 14. The California Health and Safety Code section 101040 authorizes the County of Orange Health Officer to take any preventive measure that may be necessary to protect and preserve the public health from any public health hazard during any "state of war emergency," "state of emergency," or "local emergency," as defined by Section 8558 of the Government Code, within his or her jurisdiction. "Preventive measure" means abatement, correction, removal, or any other protective step that may be taken against any public health hazard that is caused by a disaster and affects the public health.
- 15. The California Health and Safety Code section 120130 (d) authorizes the County of Orange Health Officer to require strict or modified isolation, or quarantine, for any case of contagious, infectious, or communicable disease, when such action is necessary for the protection of the public health.

IT IS SO ORDERED:

Date: December 31, 2021

Clayton Chau MD, PhD County Health Officer County of Orange



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Jenny Sadoski, Director of Information Technology and Brenda Shott, Assistant CEO, Finance and Internal Operations

SUBJECT: 2022 BUDGET AMENDMENT – IT CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Recommendation

Approve an amendment to OCERS' Administrative Budget for Fiscal Year 2022 to carryover costs related to the 2021 Business Plan initiatives to upgrade the Board Room Audio/Visual equipment for \$532,000 and implement new backup solutions to enhance recovery of on premise and cloud systems for \$250,000.

Background/Discussion

OCERS' Amended Administrative Budget for Fiscal Year 2021 included funding for two 2021 Business Plan Initiatives that have been delayed; the upgrade of Board Room Audio/Visual equipment for \$532,000 and implementation of new backup solutions to enhance recovery of on premise and cloud systems in the amount of \$250,000.

COVID-19 supply chain issues have delayed fulfillment of OCERS' Audio Visual equipment orders. This has delayed the overall project pushing implementation and completion out from 2021 until 2022, including payments to the vendor. Timing issues and coordination also delayed procurement of a new enterprise backup solution from December 2021 to January 2022. As a result of these delays, staff requests a budget amendment of \$782,000 to carryover the costs for these two 2021 Business Plan initiatives, increasing the 2022 budget for capital expenditures from \$310,000 to \$1,092,000. This budget amendment would also increase the overall 2022 Administrative Budget from \$33,100,984 to \$33,882,984 and would have no impact to the 21 basis point test as expenditures for capitalized IT costs are excluded from this test.

Submitted by:

CERSJ.S. - Approved

Jenny Sadoski Director of Information Technology

Approved by:

CCERS B.M.S - Approved

Brenda Shott Assistant CEO, Finance and Internal Operations



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022
TO: Members of the Board of Retirement
FROM: Suzanne Jenike, Assistant CEO, External Operations
SUBJECT: MCDONALD, KEVIN – REQUEST FOR REDUCTION OF OVERPAID BENEFITS

Recommendation:

Staff recommends that the Board deny the Applicant's request to reduce the overpayment amount of \$3,465.73 owed by the Applicant due to overpaid disability benefits by \$2500.00.

Background

Senior Social Worker, Orange County Social Services Agency Date of entry to OCERS: 04/07/2000 Total years of OCERS service: 19.2134 Years of reciprocal service: 6.2861 Last day of compensation: 07/05/2019 Date of disability retirement: 07/06/2019 Attorney Designation: Pro Per

This matter was presented to the Board on April 19, 2021 as a request for benefit determination review of the CEO designee's determination. All of the materials associated to the item can be found in the April 19, 2021 meeting materials folders or links. The Board continued the item to allow the Applicant time to work with the County on unresolved payroll matters that could affect his retirement. In working with the County, the Applicant has provided OCERS Staff with updated records related to the 35.55 hours of holiday compensation and vacation time previously denied by OCERS for inclusion in Applicant's Final Average Salary calculation. Because of this new information, OCERS Staff recalculated the Applicant's Final Average Salary and we have confirmed that the Applicant is in agreement with the calculation. The request for administrative review has been withdrawn and is no longer an issue.

After the final recalculation to add the items of compensation referred to above and coordination with San Bernardino County Employees Retirement Associated (SBCERA) it was determined that the Applicant was overpaid disability benefits due to the disability offset. We have calculated the overpayment to be \$3,465.73 and intend on applying a repayment plan in accordance with OCERS Overpaid/Underpaid Plan Benefits policy (Policy). The Applicant has requested that the Board reduce the \$3,465.73 overpayment by \$2,500 to account for the attorney fees he paid his attorney for work performed to secure his Service Connected Disability benefit. Staff denied this request as his payment for services related to his service connected disability are unrelated to the matter of benefit payments, disability offset calculations and the coordination of benefits between reciprocal systems. According to section 8(c) of the Policy: Only the Board may compromise claims in which the total amount of such overpaid benefits, not including interest, is greater than \$1,000.

In the event the Board approves the Applicant's request to compromise the amount due by the requested \$2500 the total overpayment owed by the Applicant would be \$965.75.

Submitted by:

This image carries convertig for all places.	
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	SJ-Approved
	JJ Approved

Suzanne Jenike Assistant CEO, External Operations

DATE: JANUARY 18, 2022 TO: Members of the Board of Retirement FROM: Kevin McDonald SUBJECT: Supportive documentation for reduction of overpaid benefits

This letter is in response to the Memorandum dated January 18, 2022, submitted by Suzanne Jenike, Assistant CEO, External Operations, Orange County Employees Retirement System, regarding the "Request for reduction of overpaid benefits."

Ms. Jenike's memorandum does not accurately reflect the request for my reduction of overpaid benefits since it was first brought to my attention in May of 2021. For the Members of the Board of Retirement reference and consideration, I have attached documents showing the email exchanges between myself and OCERS. Below are excerpts from those emails related to overpayment of my benefit:

August 25, 2021, email sent to OCERS:

The overpayment you referenced, has no breakdown. I definitely would like to see how it was determined as it does involve a payment made to my previous attorney. The overpayment that OCERS calculated appears to be from an internal OCERS error/oversight as OCERS coordinated my reciprocity with SBCERA.

Additionally, OCERS isn't consistent with how SBCERA handled an overpayment within their system. SBCERA decided to forgo any overpayment prior to the notification of my disability retirement from OCERS, as it seems punitive especially for a retiree with a disability retirement.

I did consult with my previous attorney for some guidance. She did get paid a percentage of the retro the payment I received and this has been a rather complex and lengthy process. As you know, I requested a review of the determination of my retirement benefit back in November 2019 and didn't receive the CEO determination until November 2020. My request for an Administrator Review of the CEO determination was submitted in January 2021. The OCERS Board meeting was in April 2021, and the recalculated benefit is still not finalized. I never imaged that this would still not be finalized. It is very stressful and causes me undue anxiety.

September 17, 2021, email received from OCERS:

In response to SBCERA not charging for the previous overpayments to you, every system operates under their own procedures. Overpayments of benefits in our system are not allowed to be written off as they are assets of the plan to pay benefits for the members of the plan.

Regarding the breakdown of the overpayment and the comment about a payment to your attorney, OCERS has never made a payment to your attorney. All overpayments were made directly to you as part of your monthly benefit due to your disability offset required from the reciprocal benefit provided by SBCERA. I will send you the details of this calculation at the beginning of next week.

October 8, 2021, email sent to OCERS:

I can attest to and definitely agree that systems operate differently. I also know that understanding and interpretation of the laws pertaining to County Employees Retirement can be ambiguous.

With that said, it is also a bit complex with the payment issue to my attorney.

OCERS is aware that I had legal representation from an attorney regarding my disability retirement application. OCERS is also aware that the retro payment for my disability benefit was sent to my attorney on my behalf. My attorney received a percentage of this retro pay, which OCERS is now declaring as an overpayment. I paid my attorney based on the original retro disability benefit amount received.

OCERS coordinated reciprocity with SBCERA. Knowing that I had reciprocity, OCERS still calculated my disability retro pay incorrectly, without the offset, and only became aware of it when SBCERA contacted OCERS in May of 2021. For the record, I was the one to initially notify SBCERA of my disability retirement.

SBCERA expeditiously recalculated my benefit and only pursued additional benefit paid from June 2021 forward. As I stated before, they determine it would be punitive to collect previously paid benefits, prior to notification that my disability retirement was granted. This seemed fair to me.

I would request that OCERS follow suit and reconsider the calculated amount of retro benefit overpayment. If OCERS collected retro overpayment starting June 2021, it would be consistent with SBCERA and would seem fair and more reasonable. Additionally, it would resolve the situation regarding the payment I made to my attorney, which was based on OCERS original retro payment amount, not the new proposed offsetting calculation.

In summary, I propose the following to resolve my current appeal which is pending before the OCERS Board:

1) Include the 16 hours of holiday comp for January 21, 2019, and May 27, 2019, in the amount of \$611.52, in my Final average salary

2) Recalculate my benefit, combined allowance, and disability offset

3) Recalculate benefit overpayment and collect from June 2021, forward only

If OCERS it's not in agreement with the proposed items listed above, then perhaps it's time to bring the matter before the Board for a final resolution. As mentioned before, this has extended way beyond what I could have imagined and is resulting in additional stress and anxiety for me. Let's this resolved in a fair and equitable manner. Thank you for your understanding.

November 9, 2021, email received from OCERS:

I have reviewed your request below. I have not received any information regarding your request to the County regarding the time card issues you had for the two remaining 8 hour days. As such OCERS will not make any additional changes to your final average salary for those days.

I believe that we have made all of the changes to your account that we can make at this time so we will schedule your appeal to come back to the Board on January 18, 2022. If you receive any additional information that is pertinent to your request for the additional 16 hours, we will be happy to review it before that date.

In addition, we will recalculate your benefit to apply the disability offset and will inform you in writing once that has occurred. You will have 90 days from the date of that notification to request administrative view of the determination.

December 13, 2021, email sent to OCERS:

I received the Benefit Recalculation with Offset letter dated, December 2, 2021. The Benefit Recalculation with Offset letter is contradictory as the payback amount listed is \$2117.50, but the options given totals \$3791. I assume this is erroneous.

If the amount to collect is \$2117.50, then I would assume this is the amount OCERS is seeking to collect starting in June 2021. If OCERS is seeking to collect \$3791, I remind you, as indicated in the email I sent to you on October 8, 2021, "OCERS is aware that I had legal representation from an attorney regarding my disability retirement application. OCERS is also aware that the retro payment for my disability benefit was sent to my attorney on my behalf. My attorney received a percentage of this retro pay, which OCERS is now declaring as an overpayment. I paid my attorney based on the original retro disability benefit amount received."

If OCERS intends to interpret the laws differently than SBCERA and move forward with being punitive by withholding monies I already paid to my attorney, then I see my only option is to seek legal advice and submit a Request For an Administrative Review.

As I wrote before, "...If OCERS collected retro overpayment starting June 2021, it would be consistent with SBCERA and would seem fair and more reasonable. Additionally, it would resolve the situation regarding the payment I made to my attorney, which was based on OCERS original retro payment amount, not the new proposed offsetting calculation."

OCERS has not directly addressed my concerns of the amount of stated overpayment. I have communicated with OCERS with the intend to have this resolved in a fair and equitable manner. I request OCERS to do the same, in good faith, by doing the following:

1) Include the 16 hours of holiday comp for January 21, 2019, and May 27, 2019, in the amount of \$611.52, in my Final average salary

2) Recalculate my benefit, combined allowance, and disability offset

3) Recalculate benefit overpayment and collect from June 2021, forward only

Provide detailed documentation that shows the breakdown of the recalculations

January 3, 2022, email sent to OCERS:

Yes, I do plan to attend the Board Meeting as I don't agree with the amount of overpayment request. If OCERS reduces the amount by \$2,500.00, I would be satisfied and not continue with the appeal. This amount would cover the "overpayment" I made to my attorney. The payment to my attorney was based on OCERS original retro pay amount, which was calculated incorrectly. OCERS should be responsible and hold accountability for the overpayment.

I still need to review everything when I get back home, but it appears the payback amount will be the only outstanding issue. I believe a fair amount of payback would be \$965.74 (3465.74 - 2500.00).

The memorandum erroneously states, "The Applicant has requested that the Board reduce the \$3465.73 overpayment by \$2,500 to account for the attorney fees he paid his attorney for the work performed to secure his Service Connected Disability benefit. Staff denied this request as his payment for services related to his service connected disability are unrelated to the manner of benefit payments..."

I paid my attorney a flat fee for the service provided regarding my application for Service-Connected Disability Retirement benefit. My request to reduce the overpayment has nothing to do with this flat fee. I also paid my attorney an additional percentage of the retro benefit payment received . The retro benefit check received from OCERS was over \$14,000. This amount was calculated and determined by OCERS. I paid my attorney the additional percentage of the retro benefit payment in February 2021, based on the retro benefit check amount received from OCERS.

OCERS was well aware of my reciprocity with SBCERA, but did not coordinate with SBCERA to factor in any disability offset calculations before issuing the retro benefit payment check. The coordination between OCERS and SBCERA did not occur until I had communication with SBCERA in May of 2021, when informing them of my disability retirement. SBCERA then reach out to OCERS to confirm my disability retirement.

The requested \$2500 reduction of the overpayment is to cover the **additional percentage of the retro benefit payment** I gave to my attorney, based on OCERS incorrect calculation and issued retro benefit check. Had OCERS initially coordinated benefits with SBCERA as required by law, then this wouldn't have happened and I wouldn't be in this predicament.

Since OCERS did not coordinate benefits with SBCERA initially and issued a retro benefit payment check more than what it should have been, it resulted in me paying my attorney more than our contract required. I feel OCERS should be held accountable for their error.

I have worked extensively and in good faith with OCERS to come to a fair resolution, but after numerous delays, have no resolve.

I respectively request and recommend the Members of the Board of Retirement consider the information provided above and grant the reduction of overpaid benefits in the amount of \$2,500.

Respectively,

Kwin/hc)magg

Kevin McDonald

RE: [EXTERNAL] Re: SCD Benefit Recalculation

- From: Bercaru, Adina (abercaru@ocers.org)
- To: kevmaclb@yahoo.com; jlamberson@ocers.org
- Date: Monday, January 3, 2022, 05:27 PM EST

Thank you for the clarification!

Adina Bercaru, Member Services Manager P: (714) 569-4896 States abercaru@ocers.org

From: Kevin McDonald <kevmaclb@yahoo.com> Sent: Monday, January 3, 2022 2:03 PM To: Lamberson, Jeff <jlamberson@ocers.org>; Bercaru, Adina <abercaru@ocers.org> Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Re: SCD Benefit Recalculation

I still need to review everything when I get back home, but it appears the payback amount will be the only outstanding issue. I believe a fair amount of payback would be \$965.74 (3465.74 - 2500.00)

On Monday, January 3, 2022, 03:40:18 PM CST, Bercaru, Adina abercaru@ocers.org> wrote:

Hi Mr. McDonald,

Happy New Year!

Just to make sure I understand correctly, would you please confirm that you agree with everything done on our end as a result of your appeal and the only remaining issue is the payback amount as you believe it should be \$2,500.00 instead of \$3,465.74?

OCERS used 19.0884 years of service in the calculation. The January Zoom meeting will be held via Zoom, however, should there be any changes, we will let you know.

Thank you so much,

Adina

From: Kevin McDonald <<u>kevmaclb@yahoo.com</u>> Sent: Monday, January 3, 2022 1:12 PM To: Lamberson, Jeff <<u>jlamberson@ocers.org</u>>; Bercaru, Adina <<u>abercaru@ocers.org</u>> Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Re: SCD Benefit Recalculation

Hi Adina,

Happy New Year!

Thank you for the information. I will be able to look over everything better this weekend, as I am not in town. Can you provide the years of serviced used in calculation?

Yes, I do plan to attend the Board Meeting as i don't agree with the amount of overpayment request. If OCERS reduces the amount by \$2,500.00, I would be satisfied and not continue with the appeal. This amount would cover the "overpayment" I made to my attorney. The payment to my attorney was based on OCERS original retro pay amount, which was calculated incorrectly. OCERS should be responsible and hold accountability for the overpayment.

Will the OCERS Board Meeting be held in-person or via zoom?

Respectfully,

Kevin

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-2 McDonald

On Thursday, December 30, 2021, 01:30:15 PM CST, Bercaru, Adina abercaru@ocers.org> wrote:

Hello Mr. McDonald,

I apologize for the late response, I was out of the office yesterday.

The breakdown of your recalculated benefit is:

Pension: \$2,006.44

Annuity: \$1,229.88

COLA: \$147.09 (cumulative \$97.09 effective 4/1/2020 and \$147.09 effective 4/1/2021)

SBCERA is paying you an annuity only = \$308.04, as they reported to OCERS. The OCERS recalculated benefit includes 16 hours of holiday compensation we discussed (bringing the total of your appeal to 35.55 hours added to your benefit), we will notify SBCERA of the change in your monthly benefit amount, as this is a coordination of benefits between the 2 reciprocal systems in accordance to County Employees Retirement Law which limits the maximum allowed benefit payable to a member across two systems.

Please let us know if this concludes your concerns in your appeal or if you still plan on attending the January 2022 Board Meeting regarding your OCERS benefit. Our due date for board materials to be include for the January meeting will be early next week.

Regards,

Adina

Adina Bercaru I Member Services Manager | Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS)

Office Address I 2223 E. Wellington Ave., Ste 100 I Santa Ana, CA 92701 I 714.569.4896 abercaru@ocers.org

Mailing Address | PO Box 1229 | Santa Ana, CA 92702

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING	- DA-2 McDonald
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Connect with OCERS:	

From: Kevin McDonald <<u>kevmaclb@yahoo.com</u>> Sent: Tuesday, December 28, 2021 3:03 PM To: Bercaru, Adina <<u>abercaru@ocers.org</u>> Subject: [EXTERNAL] Re: SCD Benefit Recalculation

Good Evening Adina,

Thank you for the information!

Is it possible to provide a spreadsheet showing the breakdown for the new/recalculated service connected disability benefit amount (base allowance and COLA)? Including the monthly annuity benefit offset I receive from SBCERA?

Thank you Adina!

Best Regards,

Kevin

On Tuesday, December 28, 2021, 04:15:26 PM EST, Bercaru, Adina abercaru@ocers.org> wrote:

Hello Mr. McDonald,

Your benefit was recalculated to add 16 hrs of holiday comp for MLK and Memorial 2019 holidays, after we received notification from OC Auditor Controller that your timesheets containing these holidays have been adjusted.

Therefore, your final average salary and benefit amount change as reflected in the attached letter. Please disregard the letter dated December 2, 2021.

I removed the personal identifiable information (address and last 4 of SSN), but I mailed the original, certified mail, no signature required (since you will be out of town). Also, you asked for a breakdown of how we calculated your overpayment amount. Please see below the amounts already paid vs what we should have paid.

Please review and let me know if you have any questions.

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-2 McDonald

	01-16-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-2 MCDOIlaiu
Thank you,	
	rices Manager Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS)
Mailing Address PO Box 12	
New logo	
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OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM I message is not the intended recipien attachment is strictly prohibited. If yo	N THIS MESSAGE AND ANY ATTACHMENT MAY BE PRIVILEGED, CONFIDENTIAL, PROPRIETARY DISCLOSURE AND IS INTENDED FOR USE BY THE PERSON(S) NAMED ABOVE. If the reader of th it, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, copying or use of this message and any u have received this message in error, please notify us immediately by replying to the message and puter and destroy any printout thereof.
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01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-2 McDonald

Re: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

From: Kevin McDonald (kevmaclb@yahoo.com)

- To: jlamberson@ocers.org
- Cc: sjenike@ocers.org
- Date: Monday, December 13, 2021, 09:47 PM EST

Good Evening Mr. Lamberson,

Please see the attached document, *County of Orange-Timesheet Correction Form 2019*, which reflects adjustments/corrections made by the auditor-controller to my timesheets for January 21, 2019 and May 27, 2019. It reflects that 8 hours of HC was posted for both days.

Also, I received the Benefit Recalculation with Offset letter dated, December 2, 2021. The Benefit Recalculation with Offset letter is contradictory as the payback amount listed is \$2117.50, but the options given totals \$3791. I assume this is erroneous.

If the amount to collect is \$2117.50, then I would assume this is the amount OCERS is seeking to collect starting in June 2021. If OCERS is seeking to collect \$3791, I remind you, as indicated in the email I sent to you on October 8, 2021, "OCERS is aware that I had legal representation from an attorney regarding my disability retirement application. OCERS is also aware that the retro payment for my disability benefit was sent to my attorney on my behalf. My attorney received a percentage of this retro pay, which OCERS is now declaring as an overpayment. I paid my attorney based on the original retro disability benefit amount received."

If OCERS intends to interpret the laws differently than SBCERA and move forward with being punitive by withholding monies I already paid to my attorney, then I see my only option is to seek legal advice and submit a Request For an Administrative Review.

As I wrote before, "...If OCERS collected retro overpayment starting June 2021, it would be consistent with SBCERA and would seem fair and more reasonable. Additionally, it would resolve the situation regarding the payment I made to my attorney, which was based on OCERS original retro payment amount, not the new proposed offsetting calculation."

OCERS has not directly addressed my concerns of the amount of stated overpayment. I have communicated with OCERS with the intend to have this resolved in a fair and equitable manner. I request OCERS to do the same, in good faith, by doing the following:

1) Include the 16 hours of holiday comp for January 21, 2019, and May 27, 2019, in the amount of \$611.52, in my Final average salary

- 2) Recalculate my benefit, combined allowance, and disability offset
- 3) Recalculate benefit overpayment and collect from June 2021, forward only
- 4) Provide detailed documentation that shows the breakdown of the recalculations

Best Regards,

Kevin McDonald

On Tuesday, November 9, 2021, 02:48:58 PM EST, Lamberson, Jeff <jiamberson@ocers.org> wrote:

Good Morning Mr. McDonald

I have reviewed your request below. I have not received any information regarding your request to the County regarding the time card issues you had for the two remaining 8 hour days. As such OCERS will not make any additional changes to your final average salary for those days.

I believe that we have made all of the changes to your account that we can make at this time so we will schedule your appeal to come back to the Board on January 18, 2022. If you receive any additional information that is pertinent to your request for the additional 16 hours, we will be happy to review it before that date.

In addition, we will recalculate your benefit to apply the disability offset and will inform you in writing once that has occurred. You will have 90 days from the date of that notification to request administrative view of the determination.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

JEFF LAMBERSON IDirector, Member Services IP: (714) 558-6203I C: (714) 559-9836 I C: (Imperson@ocers.org

From: Kevin McDonald <kevmaclb@yahoo.com> Sent: Friday, October 8, 2021 10:00 AM To: Lamberson, Jeff <jlamberson@ocers.org> Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <sjenike@ocers.org> Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation Importance: High

Good Morning Mr. Lamberson,

Thank you for the additional information. I have provided responses below your comments.

I have reviewed the highlighted calculations below and do not see any errors in the calculations. I have copied the highlighted items from my original 8-18-21 email below.

This would produce a benefit of \$3,421.34 at 2% for every year of service (.02*25.3745*\$6,741.69) This is correct.

(\$3,678.89 - \$3,421.34 = \$257.54) -> \$257.57 should have been \$257.54 * 75.23% = \$193.74 This is correct as well although there was a typo highlighted in red.

Regarding your comment at the end of your first paragraph, "At the very least, I would need a better explanation and details of the process to understand how the figures were determined.", I am not sure what additional explanation can be made. I have provided you each of the calculations regarding the determination of your benefit in the August 18, 2021 email below. I can however provide additional information on the overpayments at the beginning of next week as I do not have access to the file today.

Thank you for making the corrections. I have responded based on my understanding of the information you have provided.

You are correct in your comment that we had discussed that if we determined we were not going to allow for the January 21, 2019 holiday of 8 hours to be included, that you would have the opportunity to review that with the county. I have not told you in my email from August 18, 2021 that you should not do that. I however, also did not tell you that you should go do that either. I cannot tell you what the County will allow or adjust. We must go off the records they have provided. The timecard we have on file from them indicates the hours were paid to you in the same pay period as the holiday. At this point, we have approved the additional 19.55 hours from your appeal where you requested 35.55 hours. To note, in previous discussions with the County, when they were researching your timecards, they stated in order to correct the timecards with the County from Holiday Pay (HH) to Holiday Comp (HC), you would end up owing the County for 4 hours at your hourly rate because Holiday. Comp (HC) is credited at 8 hours and the entry in your timecards for Holiday Pay (HH) time was for 10 hours for each of those days. Below are notes sent from the County regarding their review of these specific timecards.

1/21/2019 Correcting 10 hours of HH to 8 hours of HC

Posting 8 hours of HC would give him 8 hours of comp time. Since his timecard was not at 80 hours, we would post the 8 hours earned leading to him owing back the County 2 hours of HH overpayment. This would decrease his service years by 2 hours.

5/27/2019 Correcting 10 hours of HH to 8 hours of HC

This would require posting leave balances of 10 AL hours on 5/24. He would owe back 10 hours of annual leave from his separation pay out and we would owe him 8 hours of comp pay. So, in total he would owe back 2 hours to the County if we corrected his timecard from HH to HC.

In response to your request to not have your service time reduced by .125 years of service, your argument throughout this process was that you would not have been using your banked time off during your workers comp leave if the County had paid you the TTD time more timely to you. You stated you would have only had to use 20% to make up the difference from the TTD 80% payments. This would mean that the 80% would have still have been in your banks and not used to pay you. These payments that were paid to you, added .125 to your years of service. In order to calculate your benefit correctly and include the time in your banks for the holiday comp and vacation appeal, you had the County provide what they would have done if they had paid the TDD more timely to you, we must reduce the years of service by .125 years.

Not that is makes much difference now, but to clarify, in our phone conversation in June 2021, you ask me to wait until you had a chance to look further into the 16 hours of Holiday Comp. I agreed and asked if there was an issue in doing so, to let me know.

Yes, I could have looked into it further on my own, but out of respect of your request, I was allowing you to follow up on your end. Since I didn't hear back from you, I assumed it was determined to include the 16 hours in my final average salary.

I cc'd you on an email I sent today to Ms. Beverly Umholtz, Workers Compensation Program Manager, regarding the Holiday Comp (HC) hours for January 21, 2019 and May 27, 2019.

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If additional 16 hours of Holiday Comp are included in my final average salary, then I understand the reasoning for reducing my service years by .125 years. It doesn't seem fair to reduce my service years by .125 years without including all of the 35.55 hours. The last 16 HC hours in question are due to my Worker's Comp time off, which the .125 years of service covers. It should be all or nothing; it shouldn't be just including some of the hours (19.55) and reducing all of the years of service (.125). If the years of service are to be reduced by .125 then all of the 35.55 hours should be included.

In response to SBCERA not charging for the previous overpayments to you, every system operates under their own procedures. Overpayments of benefits in our system are not allowed to be written off as they are assets of the plan to pay benefits for the members of the plan.

Regarding the breakdown of the overpayment and the comment about a payment to your attorney. OCERS has never made a payment to your attorney. All overpayments were made directly to you as part of your monthly benefit due to your disability offset required from the reciprocal benefit provided by SBCERA. I will send you the details of this calculation at the beginning of next week.

I can attest to and definitely agree that systems operate differently. I also know that understanding and interpretation of the laws pertaining to County Employees Retirement can be ambiguous.

With that said, it is also a bit complex with the payment issue to my attorney.

OCERS is aware that I had legal representation from an attorney regarding my disability retirement application. OCERS is also aware that the retro payment for my disability benefit was sent to my attorney on my behalf. My attorney received a percentage of this retro pay, which OCERS is now declaring as an overpayment. I paid my attorney based on the original retro disability benefit amount received.

OCERS coordinated reciprocity with SBCERA. Knowing that I had reciprocity, OCERS still calculated my disability retro pay incorrectly, without the offset, and only became aware of it when SBCERA contacted OCERS in May of 2021. For the record, I was the one to initially notify SBCERA of my disability retirement.

SBCERA expeditiously recalculated my benefit and only pursued additional benefit paid from June 2021 forward. As I stated before, they determine it would be punitive to collect previously paid benefits, prior to notification that my disability retirement was granted. This seemed fair to me.

I would request that OCERS follow suit and reconsider the calculated amount of retro benefit overpayment. If OCERS collected retro overpayment starting June 2021, it would be consistent with SBCERA and would seem fair and more reasonable. Additionally, it would resolve the situation regarding the payment I made to my attorney, which was based on OCERS original retro payment amount, not the new proposed offsetting calculation.

In summary, I propose the following to resolve my current appeal which is pending before the OCERS Board:

- 1) Include the 16 hours of holiday comp for January 21, 2019, and May 27, 2019, in the amount of \$611.52, in my Final average salary
- 2) Recalculate my benefit, combined allowance, and disability offset
- 3) Recalculate benefit overpayment and collect from June 2021, forward only

If OCERS it's not in agreement with the proposed items listed above, then perhaps it's time to bring the matter before the Board for a final resolution. As mentioned before, this has extended way beyond what I could have imagined and is resulting in additional stress and anxiety for me. Let's this resolved in a fair and equitable manner. Thank you for your understanding.

Best Regards,

Kevin McDonald

(562) 243-4192

On Monday, September 20, 2021, 08:55:38 PM EDT, Lamberson, Jeff <iliamberson@ocers.org> wrote:

Good Evening Mr. McDonald

As requested, here are the details regarding your overpayment calculation. These numbers were good through the 9/1/2021 payroll as stated in my August email. They will have changed after that point with the additional overpayments that have been paid since then.

			and the second se	COLA%	COLA	CUMM. COLA	OLD ALLOWANCE	ANNUITY	PENSION	10000	NEW COLA	COLA	ALLOWANCE
/19 - 7/31/19 /19 - 3/31/20	0.84 8.00	1031.51 9839.04	1786.99 17045.12	0.00%	0.00	0.00	2818.50 26884.16	1031.51 9839.04	1675.51 15981.76	0.00%	0.00	0.00	2707.02 25820.80

Current month:		30548.63	52922.35		152.74	1820.73	85291.71	30548.63 1229.88	49620.79 1997.72		146.69	1748.71 146.69 -72.02	81918.13 3374.29 -3373.58
4/1/20 - 3/31/21	12.00	14758 56	25567.68	3.00%	100.82	1209 79	41536.03	14758.56	23972.64	3.00% 1.50%	96.83	1161.94	39893.14
4/1/21 - 8/31/21	4.00	4919 52	8522.56	1.50%	51.92	610.94	14053.02	4919.52	7990.88		49.87	586.78	13497.18

Best Regards

JEFF LAMBERSON IDirector, Member Services IP: (714) 558-62031 C. (714) 559-98361 3 Jamberson@ocers.org

From: Lamberson, Jeff Sent: Friday, September 17, 2021 3:51 PM To: 'Kevin McDonald' <<u>kevmaclb@yahoo.com</u>> Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <<u>sjenike@ocers.org</u>> Subject: RE: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

Good Afternoon Mr. McDonald

I have reviewed the highlighted calculations below and do not see any errors in the calculations. I have copied the highlighted items from my original 8-18-21 email below.

This would produce a benefit of \$3,421.34 at 2% for every year of service (.02*25.3745*\$6,741.69) This is correct.

(\$3,678.89 - \$3,421.34 = \$257.54) > \$257.57 should have been \$257.54 * 75.23% = \$193.74 This is correct as well although there was a typo highlighted in red.

Regarding your comment at the end of your first paragraph. "At the very least, I would need a better explanation and details of the process to understand how the figures were determined.", I am not sure what additional explanation can be made. I have provided you each of the calculations regarding the determination of your benefit in the August 18, 2021 email below. I can however provide additional information on the overpayments at the beginning of next week as I do not have access to the file today.

You are correct in your comment that we had discussed that if we determined we were not going to allow for the January 21, 2019 holiday of 8 hours to be included, that you would have the opportunity to review that with the county. I have not told you in my email from August 18, 2021 that you should not do that. I however, also did not tell you that you should go do that either. I cannot tell you what the County will allow or adjust. We must go off the records they have provided. The timecard we have on file from them indicates the hours were paid to you in the same pay period as the holiday. At this point, we have approved the additional 19,55 hours from your appeal where you requested 35.55 hours. To note, in previous discussions with the County, when they were researching your timecards, they stated in order to correct the timecards with the County from Holiday Pay (HH) to Holiday Comp (HC), you would end up owing the County for 4 hours at your hourly regarding their review of these specific timecards.

1/21/2019 Correcting 10 hours of HH to 8 hours of HC

Posting 8 hours of HC would give him 8 hours of comp time. Since his timecard was not at 80 hours, we would post the 8 hours earned leading to him owing back the County 2 hours of HH overpayment. This would decrease his service years by 2 hours.

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5/27/2019 Correcting 10 hours of HH to 8 hours of HC

This would require posting leave balances of 10 AL hours on 5/24. He would owe back 10 hours of annual leave from his separation pay out and we would owe him 8 hours of comp pay. So, in total he would owe back 2 hours to the County if we corrected his timecard from HH to HC.

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In response to your request to not have your service time reduced by .125 years of service, your argument throughout this process was that you would not have been using your banked time off during your workers comp leave if the County had paid you the TTD time more timely to you. You stated you would have only had to use 20% to make up the difference from the TTD 80% payments. This would mean that the 80% would have still have been in your banks and not used to pay you. These payments that were paid to you, added .125 to your years of service. In order to calculate your benefit correctly and include the time in your banks for the holiday comp and vacation appeal, you had the County provide what they would have done if they had paid the TDD more timely to you, we must reduce the years of service by .125 years.

In response to SBCERA not charging for the previous overpayments to you, every system operates under their own procedures. Overpayments of benefits in our system are not allowed to be written off as they are assets of the plan to pay benefits for the members of the plan.

Regarding the breakdown of the overpayment and the comment about a payment to your attorney, OCERS has never made a payment to your attorney. All overpayments were made directly to you as part of your monthly benefit due to your disability offset required from the reciprocal benefit provided by SBCERA. I will send you the details of this calculation at the beginning of next week.

Please let me know if you have any additional questions or if I did not address the errors you spoke of in the calculation correctly. I will send the overpayment details on Monday.

Best Regards

JEFF LAMBERSON IDirector, Member Services IP: (714) 558-6203I C: (714) 559-98361 12 ilamberson@ocers.org.

From: Kevin McDonald <<u>kevmaclb@yaboo.com</u>> Sent: Wednesday, August 25, 2021 6:30 PM To: Lamberson, Jeff <<u>jlamberson@ocers.org</u>> Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <<u>sjenike@ocers.org</u>> Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

Importance: High

Good Evening Jeff,

I hope all is well with you.

The additional information provided is confusing and difficult to understand. I do understand how some of the figures were determined, but after seeing that some of the figures/calculations you provided appear incorrect (I highlighted some of them in your email), I decided I would reach out to give OCERS an opportunity to make corrections and provide additional information before going much further. At the very least, I would need a better explanation and details of the process to understand how the figures were determined.

I did have the impression, after we spoke on the phone in June, if there was an issue with the "County representative" agreeing to inclusion of the last 16 hours in my FAS. I would be informed so I could follow up with the County directly. I was not provided with this opportunity. You asked that I wait until you had a chance to look into it further. The 8 hours for January 21, 2019, in the amount of \$305.76, should be include in my final average salary as the incorrect coding for these hours was done by entities unknown to me.

I don't agree with nor do I think it's fair for OCERS to reduce of my service credits, especially since OCERS is not including all of the 35.55 hours in my final average salary calculation. I would request that OCERS maintain the 0.125 service credit in my total years of service.

The overpayment you referenced, has no breakdown. I definitely would like to see how it was determined as it does involve a payment made to my previous attorney. The overpayment that OCERS calculated appears to be from an internal OCERS error/oversight as OCERS coordinated my reciprocity with SBCERA.

Additionally, OCERS isn't consistent with how SBCERA handled an overpayment within their system. SBCERA decided to forgo any overpayment prior to the notification of my disability retirement from OCERS, as it seems punitive especially for a retiree with a disability retirement.

I did consult with my previous attorney for some guidance. She did get paid a percentage of the retro the payment I received and this has been a rather complex and lengthy process. As you know, I requested a review of the determination of my retirement benefit back in November 2019 and didn't receive the CEO determination until November 2020. My request for an Administrator Review of the CEO determination was submitted in January 2021. The OCERS Board meeting was in April 2021, and the recalculated benefit is still not finalized. I never imaged that this would still not be finalized. It is very stressful and causes me undue anxiety.

In an effort to have this matter expedited and resolved and to prevent needing to go before the OCERS Board at the next meeting, and I respectfully request that OCERS:

1) Include the 8 hours for January 21, 2019, in the amount of \$305.76 in my FAS

2) Maintain my service credit at 19.2134 years of service

3) Forgo any retro overpayment

4) Recalculate my benefit, combined allowance, and disability offset

In duty of good faith, I ask OCERS to consider what is requested. I am available to discuss this matter at any time, but please provide a response within 2 weeks of receiving this email.

Respectfully,

Kevin McDonald

(562) 243-4192

On Wednesday, August 18, 2021, 08:02:00 PM EDT, Lamberson, Jeff <jlamberson@ocers.org> wrote:

Mr. McDonald.

Sorry for the delay in responding, I believe you are requesting details on item 3 and the last statement regarding the disability offset. If you have questions or need clarification on items 1 and 2 please let me know.

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The following are the details on how the disability offset and resulting overpayment were calculated.

 Your current combined allowance including the approved 19.55 hours of adjustments would become \$3,678.89 in monthly benefit (this includes SBCERA benefits of \$308.04 per month + OCERS benefit of \$3,370.85).

 In order to calculate a disability offset, we must first consider how much your benefit would have been if all of your service hours were under the OCERS plan. Your combined service credits are 25.3745 years across both systems. This would produce a benefit of \$3,421.34 at 2% for every year of service (.02*25.3745*\$6,741.69)

Based on service credits from each system, the disability offset percentage is 75.23%. (19.0884 service from OCERS / 25.3745 Total Service across both systems)

We must then determine the pro-rata share of the difference between the combined benefit and the OCERS benefit with all Service Credits in order to determine the disability offset that must be used to reduce your OCERS benefit. (\$3,678.89 - \$3,421.34 = \$257.54) -> \$257.57 * 75.23% = \$193.74

This amount is then used to reduce the benefit would have been if all of your service hours were under the OCERS plan (\$3,421.34 - \$193.74 = \$3,227.60)

 When we recalculate your benefit using the additional hours (19.55) and service adjustment (.0125) and apply the disability offset as calculated above retroactive to your effective date of 7/6/2019, there is an overpayment due of \$3,373.58 as of 8/31/2021.

This is calculated by taking your current monthly base benefit less the new monthly base benefit (\$3,360.52 - \$3,227.60 = 132.92) plus reductions in COLA corresponding to these benefit reductions retroactively to your effective date.

Please let me know if you have any additional questions. If you are comfortable with these numbers, we can move forward with processing the recalculated benefits in the system and prepare a repayment plan for the overpayment. Each additional payment at the current benefit amount will increase the overpayment due at the time of the recalculation. Once everything is finalized you will receive the standard confirmation letters. If you still feel you need to appeal our determinations, we would bring this back to the board with your current appeal in the October Board meeting (there are no September board meetings for OCERS).

Thank you for your time.

Best Regards,

JEFF LAMBERSON IDirector, Member Services IP: (714) 558-6203I C: (714) 559-98361 III ilamberson@ocers.org

From: Kevin McDonald <<u>kevmaclb@yahoo.com</u>> Sent: Thursday, July 29, 2021 3:17 PM To: Lamberson, Jeff <<u>jlamberson@ocers.org</u>> Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <<u>sjenike@ocers.org</u>> Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

Good afternoon Jeff,

Thank you for the information.

I don't understand how the determinations were made. Can you please provide detail information how OCERS came to the calculations/figures you outlined?

Thank you,

Kevin	
On Monday, July 26, 2021, 09:39:54 PM EDT, Lamberson, Jeff < lamberson@ocers.org> wrote:	
Good Evening Mr. McDonald	
doos Eterming in interented	
I am about to leave the office and realized I have not sent you a response on your appeal. I am going to provide the details here in t	this email in
regards to your appeal as well as the disability offset information for you to review. We have not provided any of this information to t	he board but will
be ready for the next board meeting to discuss the following.	
You requested a total of 35.55 hours to be added to your retirement FAS calculation for an additional .55 vacation hours and for varial dates and this is what we have been able to accommodate after analyzing the responses from the County.	ous holiday pay
dates and this is what we have been able to decommodate and what and an expension responses from the openation	
4 Venetian and unious heliday and bears in sets annual	
 Vacation and various holiday pay hours in your appeal: 0.55 hrs vac = 0.55 x \$38.22 = \$21.02 - Approved 	
- 1 hr hol comp 10/8/2018 (Columbus Day) = \$37.84 - Approved	
 8 hrs hol comp (Veteran's Day) 11/12/2018 = 8 x \$37.84 = \$302.72 - Approved 	
8 hrs hol comp (Washington's Day) 2/18/2019 = 8 x \$38.22 = \$305.76 - Approved	
2 hrs Spring Break (March 2019) = 2 x \$38.22 = \$76.44 - Approved	
We were unable to approve two 8 Hour Holiday dates that were paid out to you directly or were not coded correctly that we previously spoke about.	
We were unable to approve two 8 Hour Holiday dates that were paid out to you directly or were hol coded correctly that we previously spoke about	
THIS PROVIDES A TOTAL ADDED: 19.55 HRS = \$743.78	
OLD FAS: \$6,721.03	
NEW FAS: \$6,741.69	
 According to County's spreadsheet, we need to reduce service credits by 80% of 325 hrs = 260 hrs = 0.125 yrs of service. Adjusted service: 15 	2134 - 0.125 =
19.0884	
3. In addition, your previously paid OCERS benefit does not take into account the required disability offset due to your benefit you receive from SE	ICERA = \$308.04
After making the above adjustments, your final benefit including the offset, is: \$3,227.60. With the application of the disability offset, there is now an ove previously paid benefits in the amount of \$3,373.58 if we perform the recalculations effective with the 9/1 payroll.	rpayment of your
JEFF LAMBERSON IDirector, Member Services IP: (714) 558-6203I C. (714) 559-9836 I IIII Imberson@ocers.org	
positive extra state and a state	
From: Kevin McDonald < <u>kevmaclb@vahoo.com</u> >	
Sent: Tuesday, July 13, 2021 9:20 PM To: Lamberson, Jeff <i lamberson@ocers.org=""></i>	
Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <sjenike@ocers.org></sjenike@ocers.org>	
Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation	

Good Evening Jeff.

I hope this finds you well.

Since I haven't received an update, I assume that OCERS is still working through the calculations.

Knowing that the OCERS Board meeting is less than a week away, I would again request to keep my appeal on the OCERS Board Meeting Agenda for July 19, 2021, as the appeal isn't resolved and OCERS need additional time to complete the calculations.

The delay is concerning to say the least, but it also is hard to plan for the future without knowing what the final adjustments will be. Is there anything I can do to assist with this process? How much longer do you anticipate it will take before OCERS has completed the calculations?

Regards,

Kevin

On Tuesday, July 6, 2021, 04:19:44 PM PDT, Lamberson, Jeff < ilamberson@ocers.org> wrote:

Good Afternoon Mr. McDonald

We are still working through the calculations. I will follow up on Thursday with an update. I am sorry we did not get this completed by month end. I believe at our last discussion I provided an update that we are good with 19.5 hours of the 35.5 hours. The two we had problems with were an eight hour entry for January 2019 because your pay data indicated you were paid for 10 hours of Holiday Time coded as HH in the records and an eight hour entry for May 27, 2019 because you were paid a full 80 hours during that pay period and did not have a Holiday Comp time recorded. I believe you agreed with the May 27th date and that it was possible you had elected to have that paid out to you but you had a question on the January timecard as you stated you were on leave and someone else was entering your time. We are working to double check that with the county representative to see what they say.

I hope you had a nice 4th of July. I will follow up on Thursday with a status.

JEFF LAMBERSON IDirector, Member Services IP: (714) 558-6203I C: (714) 559-98361 C lamberson@ocers.org

From: Kevin McDonald <<u>kevmaclb@yahoo.com</u>> Sent: Thursday, July 1, 2021 5:51 PM To: Lamberson, Jeff <<u>jlamberson@ocers.org</u>> Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <<u>sjenike@ocers.org</u>> Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

Good Evening Jeff,

I hope all is well with you.

When we spoke on the phone a few weeks ago, you stated the FAS adjustments should be completed by the end of the month. Can you give me an update on the status of the inclusion of the 35.5 hours in my FAS?

Thank you,

Kevin

On Tuesday, June 15, 2021, 01:51:44 PM EDT, Lamberson, Jeff < ilamberson@ocers.org> wrote:

Good Morning Mr. McDonald

Sorry for the delay in responding. I should be able to provide you and update later today. Thank you for your patience as we work through your request.

JEFF LAMBERSON (Director, Member Services IP: (714) 558-62031 C: (714) 559-98361 Services (714) 559-98061 Services (714) 559-98000 Services (714) 559-980000 Services (714)

From: Kevin McDonald <<u>kevmaclb@yahoo.com</u>> Sent: Sunday, June 13, 2021 8:16 PM To: Lamberson, Jeff <<u>ilamberson@ocers.org</u>> Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <<u>sjenike@ocers.org</u>> Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

Good Evening Mr. Lamberson,

I hope all is well with you.

I haven't received a response from you since the email I sent to you on May 24, 2021. I was hopeful I would have heard back from you in a timely matter as the Board meeting is next Monday.

I am requesting to keep my appeal on the OCERS Board Meeting Agenda for June 21, 2021, as the appeal isn't resolved and OCERS need additional time in order to complete calculations. It seems more prudent to keep it on the agenda as opposed to having to request a review by the Board at a later date. The Board can be updated since the meeting on April 19, 2021.

In the meantime, I would still like to set up a phone conference to follow up with you or one of your representative.

Also, based on the information in your last email, I would like to follow up with the County if needed.

Please advise.

Regards,

Kevin

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On Monday, May 24, 2021, 09:59:15 PM EDT, Kevin McDonald < keymaclb@yahoo.com> wrote:

Good Evening Mr. Lamberson,

Thank you for the information. There is a lot of new information you provided, different from the initial appeal.

I am not sure what representatives from the County that you discussed the contents of the letter with, but I want to follow up with the information you provided.

My understanding is that the 325,40 hours were the 80% of my hours used, it wasn't my total hours. I was on leave for approximately 15 weeks, which is more than 325 hours. Several of the pay periods in the excel document provided by the county shows that I would have had 64 hours restored for the pay period which is 80% (80 hours x 80%= 64 hours).

If getting this clarified with the County will make a difference while OCERS is evaluating my benefit to determine if I'm eligible for additional final average salary credits, I can follow up with the County.

Is it possible to set up a time to discuss the information you outlined in your email? I would like to get some clarification and to better understand what I might expect in regards to my benefit.

Regards,

Kevin

On Friday, May 21, 2021, 07:38:55 PM EDT, Lamberson, Jeff < amberson@ocers.org> wrote:

Good afternoon Mr. McDonald

I wanted to provide you an update regarding your account appeal. Ms. Jenike and I had a discussion with representatives from the County of Orange today regarding the letter they provided to you dated May 5, 2021. The County team explained that the \$13,107 lump sum payment they awarded to you would have been different if you were an active member at the time it was issued. If active they would have reinstated 80% of your leave hours and the workers compensation payment would have been adjusted by the salary associated to those hours. Given that you were not active at the time of the workers compensation award determination, they paid you the entire amount in lieu of the offset/credit back of your leave balances.

For example: 80% of 325 hours used = 260 hours. 260 X (times) your hourly pay rate of \$38.22 = \$9937. The County confirmed that if you were active you would have been credited the 260 leave hours and the \$13,107 lump sum payment would have been offset and reduced to \$3169 (\$13107 - \$9937 = \$3169). Since you were not active they awarded you the entire payment but did not offset the payment or credit back your leave hours.

We are evaluating your benefit to determine if you are eligible for additional final average salary credit given the assumption that the 260 hours would have been credited back to you.

Since these 260 hours were originally paid to you and reported to OCERS as wages, you received service credits for the time; approximately 0.1250 years of service credit that may need to be removed from your account. At retirement you had accrued 19.2134 years of service credit. Once adjusted for the removal of the 260 hours your total years of service credit will be approximately 19.0884.

Once these calculations are completed, we will inform your reciprocal system (SBCERA) so they may update the FAS they used for their benefit calculations. Because you are receiving a benefit from two California public pension systems, and one is a disability allowance, your account needs to be evaluated to determine if the disability offset is necessary. Please see the October 18, 2019 letter which indicates that the disability offset may apply.

The laws governing benefit payments between reciprocal systems require coordination, including adjustments due to disability retirement. This is to ensure that members are not receiving a total benefit as a result of a disability retirement greater than they would receive if all of their service was earned in a single system. For your convenience I have attached a copy of government code section 31838.5.

In order to accomplish these calculations, we will be removing your appeal from the June 21, 2021 OCERS board meeting agenda and we will send you the figures once all of the above stated calculations are completed. In the event you disagree with our determination you will be given an opportunity to request review by the Board.

Best Regards

JEFF LAMBERSON IDirector, Member Services IP: (714) 558-6203I C: (714) 559-9836 I III jlamberson@ocers.org.

From: Lamberson, Jeff Sent: Friday, May 14, 2021 2:05 PM To: 'Kevin McDonald' <<u>keymaclb@yahoo.com</u>> Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <<u>sjenike@ocers.org</u>> Subject: RE: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

Good afternoon Mr. McDonald

Thank you for the additional information. I am just returning from a short vacation and will review and follow up with you by Wednesday next week.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

JEFF LAMBERSON IDirector, Member Services IP: (714) 558-62031 C: (714) 559-98361 - Hamberson@ocers.org

From: Kevin McDonald <<u>kevmaclb@yahoo.com</u>> Sent: Wednesday, May 5, 2021 9:09 PM To: Lamberson, Jeff <<u>ilamberson@ocers.org</u>> Cc: Jenike, Suzanne <<u>sjenike@ocers.org</u>> Subject: Fw: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

I did not attach the 2 documents as referenced. My apologies.

Here they are:

----- Forwarded Message -----

From: Kevin McDonald < kevmacib@vahoo.com>

To: Jeff Lamberson <jlamberson@ocers.org>

Cc: Suzanne Jenike <sienike@ocers.org>

Sent: Thursday, May 6, 2021, 12:03:04 AM EDT

Subject: Fw: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

Good Evening Mr. Lamberson,

I hope all is well with you.

Since I did not heard back from you after I sent the email below, I did requested additional information from Risk Management in an effort to provide additional information to further assist OCERS with the Administrative Review request.

Please see the attached letter from Ms. Umholtz, providing additional information and the document from the Auditor Controller's Office.

I respectfully request an update from OCERS regarding my request of Administrative Review.

Regards,

Kevin

----- Forwarded Message -----

From: Kevin McDonald <<u>kevmacib@yahoo.com</u>> To: Lamberson, Jeff <<u>ilamberson@ocars.org</u>> Sent: Thursday, April 22, 2021, 01:50:08 PM EDT Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Fw: McDonald Calculation

Mr. Lamberson,

With all due respect, you added the documentation from the County regarding my time used during my Worker's Compensation (WC) Leave of Absence (LOA) must include that my time "should not have been used during your leave of absence."

Obviously, my time was used during my WC LOA as it was my only way to receive payment while I was on my Worker's Compensation leave as the claim was pending. I don't think it's reasonable to expect that the County would provide documentation stating that I should not have used my leave during my absence. Even if the Worker's Compensation claim has been accepted from the start of my WC LOA, I would have used 20% of my leave balances during this time off. I am not sure why OCERS would request such verbiage from the County.

Also, as you know, since I am not an active employee, the County cannot restore my 325.40 compensation earnable hours. The excel document provided by Ms. Umholtz shows all of the hours that would have been restored if I was still an active employee.

Per OCERS Administrative Procedure (OAP), these hours of pay are compensation earnable as they are types of cash out items included in compensation earnable for Legacy members. These hours would have been permitted to be cashed out during the measuring period of July 6, 2018 through July 5, 2019. But as you know, they were not paid out until March of 2020.

If you take another look at the documentation provided in my Request for Administrative Review of CEO Determination, 19 hours of holiday comp were recorded on my timecards for the dates of October 8, 2018, November 12, 2018, February 18, 2019, and March 1, 2019. I would most certainly think, with this documentation and the documentation provided by the County thus far, it would be sufficient supporting evidence for OCERS to complete a recalculation of my retirement allowance to at least include these 19 hours in my Final Average Salary (FAS).

Would a statement from the County be evidence enough to support a recalculation of my retirement allowance? A statement such as:

This memo is to verify that Kevin McDonald was entitled to have 325.40 hours restore to his annual leave and comp balances if he was still an active employee. Since he is longer an active employee, the County paid Mr. McDonald \$13,107.47, in lieu of restoring his hours.

The 325.40 hours would have been restored to Mr. McDonald for time he used for pay periods 24 of 2018 through pay period 5 of 2019, covering the dates of November 9, 2018 through February 28, 2019.

If the above statement it's not sufficient to support a recalculation of my retirement allowance, please advise exactly what statement would satisfy OCERS.

I do understand that there are 2 separate entities that need to communicate and I am doing my best to facilitate exchange of

information. I am asking OCERS work collaboratively to resolve this issue quickly.

I take this matter seriously and strongly believe the 35.55 hours in question, should be included in my FAS. For me, it is a matter of doing the right thing as the difference in my monthly allowance would be minimal.

As Ms. Jenike stated during the Board meeting, the continuance of this matter will further use OCERS resources. I agree with her. I too don't want to continue to spend more energy than needed on this. I am hopeful there will be a satisfactory conclusion in the near future. It does not need to become a legal matter.

Respectfully,

Kevin

On Wednesday, April 21, 2021, 12:22:24 AM EDT, Lamberson, Jeff <a>jamberson@ocers.org> wrote:

Mr McDonaid

Thank you again for your email. I think I was direct at what would be needed for OCERS to consider your request. I will repeat it here.

OCERS has not received anything from the County indicating that your leave hours would be restored and should not have been used during your leave of absence. Until such documentation, clearly stating from the County that they are restoring these hours to you, is received from the County, OCERS has no evidence supporting a recalculation of your retirement allowance.

Please let me know if you have any further questions

Respectfully

Jeff Lamberson

On Apr 20, 2021, at 5:46 PM, Kevin McDonald <keymaclb@yahoo.com> wrote:

OCERS has not received anything from the County indicating that your leave hours would be restored and should not have been used during your leave of absence. Until such documentation is received from the County, OCERS has no evidence supporting a recalculation of your retirement allowance.

KM - Timesheet Correction.docx 91.5kB



Purpose and Background

1. The purpose of the Orange County Employees Retirement System ("OCERS," "System," or "Plan") Overpaid and Underpaid Plan Benefits Policy ("policy") is to provide a framework that the System can use as a basis for resolving erroneous payments of Plan benefits to members and their beneficiaries. In the event that an overpayment is the result of a felony conviction OCERS Administrative Procedure (OAP) Felony Forfeitures shall be used as a basis for resolution. The OCERS Board of Retirement ("Board") is charged with the responsibility of administering the System in a manner that assures appropriate and prompt delivery of benefits and related services to members and their beneficiaries and of managing the assets in a prudent manner. The Internal Revenue Service requires that operational failures be corrected in a prompt, reasonable, and consistent manner that attempts to place the retirement system in the position it would have been in had the erroneous payment not occurred.

Policy Objectives

2. Members and their beneficiaries (herein referred to as "members") have a right to accurate pension benefit payments. No member has the right to receive or retain retirement benefit payments that exceed the amounts to which a member is entitled, and no member may be deprived of any benefit payments that he or she is entitled to receive. Subject to all applicable laws and consistent with this policy and the procedures established by the Board, it shall be OCERS' policy to make every reasonable effort to recover from a member the amount of any overpaid Plan benefits, and remit to a member the amount of any underpaid Plan benefits.

Policy Guidelines

- 3. After discovery of overpaid or underpaid benefits, and within a reasonable period of time after written notification to the affected member, OCERS will correct the benefit payment amount prospectively and/or pay to the member, or collect from the member, through lump sum or installment payments the amounts to which the member or the Plan is entitled in accordance with this policy and applicable law.
- 4. These policies and procedures are designed for use when calculation and other errors affect an individual member's retirement benefits. In the event of a system-wide error that affects multiple members' benefits, the Board may implement a system-wide correction process that it determines is appropriate under the circumstances.
- 5. In the event of any inconsistency between applicable law (including IRS rules) and these policies and procedures, the law shall govern.



Policy Procedures for Overpaid Benefits

- 6. Appropriate Interest. When an overpayment of Plan benefits is discovered more than ninety (90) days after the member/payee's initial benefit payment, OCERS will make a prospective adjustment to the member's benefit and take all reasonable steps to recover the full amount of all overpayments, going back to the inception of the error, and charging "appropriate interest," as defined below, compounded annually during the period in which the benefit overpayments were made and also during any repayment period (*i.e.*, applied to the outstanding amount due until fully repaid).
 - a. In cases where there is evidence that the benefit overpayment resulted from fraud or dishonest conduct by the member/payee or because the member/payee provided, or caused to be provided, inaccurate information to OCERS or the member's employer, then "appropriate interest" shall be determined using the System's actuarially assumed rate of return as of the date OCERS sets for commencing repayment, and charged to the member/payee.
 - b. If the benefit overpayment was solely the result of an error by OCERS and/or the member's employer, then "appropriate interest" shall be equal to the Systems actuarial assumed rate of return as of the date OCERS sets for commencing repayment, and charged to the member's employer as an administrative expense, without amortization.
 - c. Notwithstanding the above, any reduction in the member/payee's ongoing monthly benefit will be limited to a maximum of 15% of the gross monthly benefit. The balance due will be paid over time, subject to this limitation.
- 7. The Board believes that considerations of cost effectiveness make it prudent and reasonable to pursue recovery of overpaid benefits only where the cumulative total amount of overpaid benefits is \$100 or more. Accordingly, OCERS is authorized to not seek recovery of any such overpaid benefits where the total amount overpaid to the member less than \$100.
- 8. When recovering benefit overpayments, the following apply:
 - a. Director of Member Services: When the total amount of such overpaid benefits, not including interest, is \$10,000 or less, the Director of Member Services shall have authority to agree to extend the time period for the member's installment payments to a period not exceeding the expected lifetime of the member as determined by the actuary.
 - b. CEO:
 - i. Regardless of the amount of the Plan's claim against the member, the CEO shall have the authority to agree to extend the time period for the member's installment payments to a period not exceeding the expected lifetime of the member as determined by the actuary.
 - ii. In addition, when the total amount of the Plan's claim against the member, not including interest, is \$1,000 or less, the CEO, on the advice of legal counsel, shall have the authority to compromise the claim.



- c. *Board:* Only the Board may compromise claims in which the total amount of such overpaid benefits, not including interest, is greater than \$1,000.
- d. *Compromising claims:* The amount of the Plan's claim for overpaid benefits is the difference between the amounts actually paid to the member for the recovery period and the amounts that should have been paid, together with "appropriate interest" from the dates of the actual payments to the date(s) the correction is effective. The likelihood of collection, the cost of collection, the amount of possible recovery and extreme hardship to the member will be considered by the CEO and/or the Board when determining whether to compromise a claim. Compromising a claim may include a different method of repayment than is otherwise provided by this Policy and/or forgiveness or partial forgiveness of principal and/or interest.
- e. *Reporting:* Every year, for cases involving benefit overpayments the Director of Member Services shall provide a report to the Board.
- 9. The Board adopts the following procedures for accomplishing the recovery of overpaid Plan benefits:
 - a. Upon discovery of the benefit overpayment, OCERS will send a letter by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by express delivery service, to the member. Subject to the provisions of this Policy, the letter will provide the following information to the member regarding the overpaid benefits:
 - i. Provide notice of the prospective adjustment to the member's benefit payment (to reflect the correct amount);
 - ii. Request payment to OCERS of the amount of overpaid benefits with appropriate interest; and
 - iii. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, the CEO, or the Director of Member Services (see sections 8.a. and 8.b., above) or, if a repayment plan for a longer period is needed due to the limitation described section 6.b.ii., above, the letter will set a repayment plan with two options:
 - Option 1 equal installments deducted from the member's monthly benefit over the same length of time that the overpaid benefits occurred, with "appropriate interest" (as that phrase is defined in section 6 above) applied during the overpayment period and during the repayment period; and
 - Option 2 lump sum payment to the Plan for the full amount overpaid, with "appropriate interest" (as that phrase is defined in section 6 above) applied during the overpayment period.
 - b. OCERS may pursue all legal remedies to collect such overpaid Plan benefits, including making a claim on an estate or trust. In addition, if the member dies before the full amount of principal and interest is paid, OCERS may recover the remaining principal and interest from any lump sum amount OCERS is obligated to pay to the member's estate or named beneficiaries of the member; provided, however, OCERS shall not seek to recover any such remaining amounts



from any continuation payments made to a surviving spouse or an optional beneficiary of the member, unless an erroneous payment is made to the surviving spouse or optional beneficiary.

c. OCERS will maintain a permanent record of all amounts of such overpaid Plan benefits and the repayment to OCERS of those overpaid benefits.

Policy Procedures for Underpaid Benefits

- 10. When the Plan has underpaid benefits to the member, and the underpayment is discovered more than 90 days after the member/payee's initial benefit payment, the member shall be entitled to a prospective adjustment to his or her retirement benefits necessary to correct the error, as well as a lump sum payment for all past amounts owed as a result of the error, with interest compounded annually at the rate of 3%. Interest shall accrue on the amounts owed from the date of each underpaid benefit to the date of the lump sum corrective payment. The payment shall be made within forty-five (45) days of discovery and receipt of all information needed to correct the account.
- 11. If a member who was underpaid benefits has died prior to payment of the lump sum amount due, the payment will be made according to OCERS' standard procedures for paying residual amounts following the death of the member (*e.g.*, to the designated beneficiary, estate, personal representative, trustee of the member trust, etc.).
 - a. If, after following its standard procedures, Plan staff has not been able locate a person entitled to payment, the Plan shall hold the funds on behalf of that person for five years. If the funds are not claimed within five years, the funds may be transferred into the System's pension reserve fund. If someone later appears to claim the funds, the Board or the CEO will consider such claims on a case-by-case basis.
 - b. The Plan will maintain a permanent record of all amounts of outstanding refunds of underpaid benefits and any amounts that have been transferred into the pension reserve fund.
- 12. If the total amount that the Plan owes to the member is \$75 or less, the Plan is not required to make the corrective distribution if the reasonable direct costs of processing and delivering the distribution to the member would exceed the amount of the distribution.

Member Appeal Rights

- 13. A member shall have the right to appeal any decision regarding corrective actions that the plan takes with respect to recovering and/or returning over and underpayments of Plan benefits.
- 14. The appeal process will generally follow the same pattern as benefit appeals.
 - a. The member will first appeal a staff decision regarding an erroneous payment to the Director of Member Services. The Director of Member Services shall respond to the member in writing.
 - b. If the member does not agree with the decision of the Director of Member Services, the member may appeal that decision, in writing and within forty-five (45) days of mailing of the decision by the Director of Member Services, to the CEO. The CEO shall respond to the member in writing.



- c. If the member does not agree with the decision of the CEO, the member may appeal the matter, in writing and within forty-five (45) days of mailing of the decision by the CEO, to the Board.
- d. The Board will hear the matter at a regularly scheduled meeting giving reasonable notice to the member so the member may appear at the meeting. Staff will provide background information and documentation to the Board to assist it in making its decision. After due consideration, the Board shall vote on the matter and instruct Member Services staff to notify the member in writing of the Board's determination.
- e. If the member disagrees with the determination of the Board, the member may request, in writing and within forty-five (45) days of the date of mailing of the Board's decision, an administrative hearing of the matter.
- f. The matter will then be scheduled for administrative hearing pursuant to OCERS' Board of Retirement Policy for Administrative Hearings.
- g. The findings and recommendations of the hearing officer shall be reviewed by staff, and staff shall make a recommendation to the Board to take action pursuant to Government Code Section 31534. If the Board adopts the recommendation of the hearing officer, that decision of the Board shall be final, and Member Services staff will inform the member of the Board's decision in writing with a proof of service attached. Notice to the member of the Board's final decision shall signify exhaustion of the member's administrative remedies.
- h. This process may be adjusted in cases where the initial determination is made by the CEO.
- i. Offsets and other collection efforts will be stayed during the pendency of the above-outlined appeals process; provided, however, that the Board shall have the discretion to suspend implementing its recovery from the member in whole or in part during any ensuing court action. Interest will continue to accrue on all amounts owed to OCERS during the appeals process and litigation.

Policy Review

15. The Board will review this policy at least every three (3) years to ensure that it remains relevant and appropriate.

Policy History

16. This policy was adopted by the Board of Retirement on May 16, 2016 and amended on October 21, 2019.



Secretary's Certificate

I, the undersigned, the duly appointed Secretary of the Orange County Employees Retirement System, hereby certify the adoption of this policy.

Stere 75

10/21/19

Steve Delaney Secretary of the Board Date



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Board of Retirement

FROM: Gina M. Ratto, General Counsel

SUBJECT: ADOPTION OF FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF JAMES B. MORELL FOR A RECALCULATED RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE (ON REMAND FROM THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT AFTER JUDGMENT ON PEREMPTORY WRIT OF MANDATE)

Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Board adopt the proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u>, in the matter of *The Application of James B. Morell for a Recalculated Retirement Allowance*.

Background/Discussion

Member James B. Morell (the Applicant) filed a Writ Petition challenging the Board's administrative decision to exclude his OBP benefits from the calculation of his retirement benefits based on its application of a 2002 settlement agreement from the *In re Retirement Cases* litigation (the 2002 Settlement Agreement). The Court ultimately granted, in part, the Writ Petition due to the fact that the Board had only determined that Applicant's OBP benefits were not pensionable under the 2002 Settlement Agreement, but had not evaluated whether OBP benefits were otherwise pensionable under the CERL. Accordingly, the Court issued a Writ directing the Board to set aside its decision dated October 18, 2018, and to reconsider the case on remand consistent with the Court's Judgment.

The Court's Judgment and Writ instructed the Board that on remand "the Board shall not limit the issues for consideration to (1) whether OCERS and [Applicant] were bound by the 2002 Settlement Agreement and the Judgment entered thereon, and (2) whether [Applicant's] retirement allowance had been calculated in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment. Board shall decide [Applicant's] contentions that OCERS improperly excluded OBP benefits from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the Settlement Agreement."

On December 13, 2021, at its regularly scheduled board meeting, the Board addressed the issue as directed by the Court's Judgment and Writ and determined that the exclusion of OBP benefits from "compensation earnable" was valid under the CERL at the time Applicant retired in 2014, notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement.



Memorandum

On December 13, 2021, the Board:

- Set aside its October 18, 2018, decision wherein it denied Applicant's appeal on the grounds "(a) that OCERS and [Applicant were] bound by the Settlement Agreement and Judgment, and (b) that OCERS' staff did calculate [Applicant's] retirement allowance in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment";
- 2. Heard argument and considered evidence submitted by Applicant and OCERS' staff, and asked questions to both;
- 3. Denied the Application of James B. Morell for a Recalculated Retirement Allowance; and
- 4. Directed Staff to prepare the Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision for the Board's final consideration at its January 18, 2022 meeting.

On December 22, 2021, OCERS staff served its preliminary Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision on the Applicant. On January 4, 2022, Applicant served his Objections to the Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision on OCERS. OCERS staff reviewed Applicant's Objections and revised the Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision to address some of Applicant's objections. The revisions are reflected in redline in the document attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u>. Also attached hereto, as <u>Exhibit B</u>, is a clean copy of the revised Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision for the Board's final consideration.

OCERS' preliminary Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision served on December 22, 2021 is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u>. Petitioner's Objections to the same served on January 4, 2022 is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit D</u>. The transcript of the OCERS Board's meeting held on December 13, 2021 in this matter is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit E</u>.

Regarding the scope of the issue to be determined on remand, the Court's July 16, 2021 Judgment and Writ control the scope of the issue. The issue in the Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Decision accords with the Court's July 16, 2021 Judgment and Writ, and is broad enough to encompass Petitioner's alleged three issues for determination on remand. Staff recommends the Board adopt the proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision, <u>Exhibit B</u> hereto, in the matter of *The Application of James B. Morell for a Recalculated Retirement Allowance*.

Submitted by:

Gina M. Ratto General Counsel

Exhibit A

BEFORE THE BOARD OF RETIREMENT OF ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FINDINGS OF FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION

In the Matter of the Application of James B. Morell, A Member of the Orange County Employees System For a Recalculated Retirement Allowance

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

James B. Morell ("Applicant") was employed by the Orange County Superior Court as a research attorney for approximately 21 years, from August 1992 to February 2014. Morell became a member of the Orange County Employees Retirement System ("OCERS") on October 14, 1994, and retired on February 21, 2014.

When calculating Applicant's final average salary, OCERS excluded from his compensation his Optional Benefit Plan ("OBP") payments he received from his employer under the Orange County Superior Court's IRS Section 125 Plan. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS Section 125 Plan provided for \$3,500.00 in annual OBP benefits that can be allocated for certain reimbursements or taken in taxable cash.

Applicant contended that the OBP payments he received in varying amounts in his final compensation period should be included as "compensation earnable" for purposes of calculating his final average salary and ultimate retirement allowance. Specifically, Applicant claimed that under the IRS 125 Plan's OBP program, he received non-taxable health/dental care reimbursement payments in the total amounts of \$2,500.00 in 2011, \$700.00 in 2012, \$2,500.00 in 2013, and \$1,100.00 in early 2014. The remainder of the \$3,500 benefit was paid as taxable cash (\$1,000.00 in 2011, \$2,800.00 in 2012, \$1,000.00 in 2013, and \$2,400.00 in 2014).

Upon his retirement in February 2014, the OCERS' staff excluded the OBP payments received by Applicant from his retirement benefits calculations.

II. <u>PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND</u>

This matter began with Applicant's appeal to the OCERS Director of Member Services and CEO. Appellant appealed the OCERS' staff's determination to exclude his OBP benefits from the calculation of his retirement allowance. Both the Director of Member Services and the CEO upheld OCERS' staff's determination, and Applicant then sought review of the determination by the OCERS' Board of Retirement ("Board").

On August 17, 2015, the Board denied Applicant's request to include his OBP benefits in his compensation earnable used to calculate his final average salary and retirement allowance.

Applicant timely requested an administrative hearing to challenge the Board's decision, and an administrative hearing was held on May 5, 2017, before Hearing Officer Snider.

On November 29, 2017, Hearing Officer Snider issued his Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Recommended Decision. He recommended that "the computation of [Applicant's] retirement allowance be maintained as accurate in light of the 2002 agreement that settled the litigation between OCERS and its membership class and associations" in the *In re Retirement Cases* following the decision in *Ventura County Deputy Sheriff's Assn. v. Board of Retirement* (1997) 16 Cal.4th 483 ("2002 Settlement Agreement"). He further recommended that "the Board reexamine the portion of the settlement that excludes from pensionability flexible benefits received by employees as taxable cash, and that the Board consider pursuing an amendment of the Superior Court judgment on the basis that it precludes taxable cash received under the Optional Benefit Plan from counting in the determination of final compensation."

The Hearing Officer's recommendations were presented to the Board at its August 20, 2018 meeting. On August 20, 2018, the Board voted to set aside the Hearing Officer's recommendations and thereafter denied Applicant's appeal on the grounds "(a) that OCERS and [Applicant were] bound by the Settlement Agreement and Judgment, and (b) that OCERS' staff did calculate [Applicant's] retirement allowance in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment." Based on its determination in reliance upon the 2002 Settlement Agreement, the Board issued its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision dated October 18, 2018.

On January 15, 2019, Applicant filed a Petition pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5 in the Orange County Superior Court to challenge the Board's administrative decision to apply the 2002 Settlement Agreement to exclude the OBP benefits from the base compensation upon which Applicant's retirement benefits were calculated.¹ On August 21, 2020, the Court denied the writ petition on the grounds that the terms of the 2002 Settlement Agreement that excluded OBP payments from pensionable treatment applied to Applicant; and held that OCERS had properly calculated Applicant's retirement benefits under the agreement.

Applicant timely moved for reconsideration of the court's ruling on the writ petition, based in part on new case authority, *Alameda County Deputy Sheriff's Association v. Alameda County Employees' Retirement Association* (2020) 9 Cal.5th 1032, which held in part that a county retirement board's settlement agreement must comport with the terms of the County Employee Retirement Law of 1973 ("CERL"). On reconsideration, the Court granted, in part, the writ petition due to the fact that the Board had only determined that Applicant's OBP benefits were not pensionable under the 2002 Settlement Agreement, but had not evaluated whether OBP benefits were otherwise pensionable under the CERL. Accordingly, the Court issued a Writ directing the Board to set aside its decision dated October 18, 2018, and to reconsider the case on remand consistent with the Court's Judgment.

The Court's Judgment and Writ instructed the Board that on remand "the Board shall not limit the issues for consideration to (1) whether OCERS and [Applicant] were bound by the 2002

¹ On June 28, 2019, the Orange County Superior Court transferred the matter to Los Angeles Superior Court pursuant to Government Code section 69740, subdivision (b).

Settlement Agreement and the Judgment entered thereon, and (2) whether [Applicant's] retirement allowance had been calculated in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment. Board shall decide [Applicant's] contentions that OCERS improperly excluded OBP benefits from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the Settlement Agreement."

Thus, in the present administrative proceeding on remand, the issue before the Board is whether the exclusion of OBP benefits from "compensation earnable" was valid under the CERL at the time Applicant retired in 2014, notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement.

III. <u>REMAND PROCEEDING</u>

On September 20, 2021, OCERS provided notice to Applicant: (1) that his matter would be heard on remand by the Board at its regularly scheduled public meeting on December 13, 2021, (2) of the briefing schedule wherein he and OCERS would exchange Opening Briefs and Evidence by October 21, 2021 and Response Briefs by November 18, 2021, and (3) that each party would have 20 minutes to address the Board in the remand proceeding.

On October 13, 2021, Applicant and OCERS stipulated to the Administrative Record on remand, which is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 1</u>. The stipulated Administrative Record on Remand included: the prior administrative record, the Judgment dated July 16, 2021, the Preemptory Writ of Mandate dated July 16, 2021, and any document previously filed in Case No. 30-2019-01043847, which was submitted by October 21, 2021 in this remand proceeding in support of a citation in either the Applicant's or OCERS's Opening Brief.

On October 21, 2021, the parties exchanged their respective Opening Briefs and Evidence. On November 18, 2021, OCERS served an Amended Opening Brief and Amended Declaration to cure citation errors to the administrative record. That same day on November 18, 2021, the parties exchanged their Response Briefs. On November 19, 2021, OCERS' staff provided the Board with the electronic copies of the aforementioned pleadings, declarations and evidence attached thereto, and the prior Administrative Record consisting of approximately 2217 pages of Bates stamped documents.

On November 22, 2021, Applicant was given timely notice that the matter would be considered as Agenda Item DA-2 at the Board's meeting on December 13, 2021, and the Board duly notice the meeting and Agenda Item DA-2, as required by law.

On November 22, 2021, Applicant was given notice that both he and OCERS' counsel would each have a maximum of twenty (20) minutes to present oral argument to the Board. Applicant was also given notice of the staff's recommendation to the Board. Staff recommended that the Board; (1) set aside its prior administrative decision of October 18, 2018 in this matter, and (2) reconsider the Application of James B. Morell for a Recalculated Retirement Allowance in light of the Superior Court's Judgment and Writ, wherein the Board is directed by the Court to decide the Applicant's contentions that OCERS improperly excluded Optional Benefit Plan benefits from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the 2002

Settlement Agreement in *In re Retirement Cases*, Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No., 4049 in San Francisco County Superior Court.

In advance of the December 13, 2021 Board meeting, the Board received and reviewed the pleadings and evidence mentioned above and the electronic copy of the Bates stamped Administrative Record.

On December 13, 2021, the Board, by unanimous vote, set aside its October 18, 2018, decision wherein it denied Applicant's appeal on the grounds "(a) that OCERS and [Applicant were] bound by the Settlement Agreement and Judgment, and (b) that OCERS' staff did calculate [Applicant's] retirement allowance in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment."

After review and consideration of the pleadings, evidence and oral argument by both Applicant and OCERS' Counsel, on December 13, 2021, the Board voted unanimously to deny Applicant's Application for a recalculated retirement allowance. The Board further directed staff to prepare and serve on Applicant proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision by December 22, 2021. The Board further gave Applicant until January 4, 2021, to submit suggested changes and/or objections to the proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision. The proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision along with Applicant's suggested changes and/or objections will be brought before the Board for its final consideration at its next regularly scheduled public meeting on January 18, 2022.

The audio and video recording of the Board proceedings conducted in this matter on December 13, 2021, as well as the transcript prepared by the Court Reporter present during the December 13, 2021 Board meeting are incorporated herein by this reference and are made part of the administrative record of this matter.

IV. <u>ISSUE</u>

The issue the Board decided was whether the exclusion of OBP benefits from Applicant's "compensation earnable" was valid under the CERL at the time Applicant retired in 2014, notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement applicable to OCERS.

V. <u>SUBMITTED EVIDENCE</u>

Each party submitted evidence attached to their Opening and Response Briefs. In addition, the Administrative Record consisted of approximately 2217 pages of documents Bate Stamped JAMES_MORELL 0001- 2217. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 1</u> is the Stipulation Re: Administrative Record on Remand and the index to the Administrative Record that was electronically submitted to the Board is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 2</u>.

VI. <u>FINDINGS OF FACT</u>

1. The Board finds the facts stated in Sections I through V, inclusive, above.

- 2. On June 15, 1990, the Legislature enacted Government Code section 31460.1. Section 31460.1 provided: "Compensation' *shall not include* employer payments, including *cash payments*, made to, or on behalf of, their employees who have elected to participate *in a flexible benefits program*, where those payments reflect amounts that exceeds [*sic*] ... their employees' salaries. [¶] This section shall not be operative in any county until the time the board of supervisors shall, by resolution adopted by a majority vote, makes [*sic*] this section applicable in the county."
- 3. On December 18, 1990, the Orange County Board of Supervisors ("County"), by a majority vote, adopted Resolution 90-1551 wherein it adopted Government Code § 31460.1 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 ("CERL") effective in Orange County as of January 1, 1991. The Orange County Board of Supervisors has not repealed Resolution 90-1551.
- 4. On May 11, 1992, the Legislature repealed Section 31460.1 by Senate Bill No. 193 (Stats. 1992, ch. 45, §1, p. 58.) ("SB 193"). SB 193 contained a savings clause: "Sec. 2 Nothing in this act is intended to, or shall be construed to, affect the validity of any action taken by a county pursuant to Section 31460.1 of the Government Code, prior to the effective date of this act." (Gov. Code, § 31460.1, notes.)
- 5. On February 9, 1998, the Board adopted Resolution 98-001, which excluded flexible benefits provided in-kind and paid in cash from compensation earnable based, in part, upon the County's Resolutions 90-1551 which excluded the same from compensation.
- 6. Resolution 98-001, states in relevant part:

Elements to be Excluded From "Compensation Earnable". Remuneration or other value to the employee neither earned or payable in cash to the employee during the final compensation period for working the ordinary time required of other employees in the same grade/class shall be excluded from "compensation earnable", including but not limited to the following items, and others substantially similar to them:

Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") provided in-kind Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") paid in cash to the extent paid to members retiring on and after January 1, 1991"

- 7. Applicant began working for the Orange County Superior Court as a research attorney on August 13, 1992. He became a member of OCERS on October 14, 1994.
- 8. During his employment as a research attorney, Appellant participated in the Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan that provided for flexible benefits, including under the OBP program.

- 9. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan is applicable only if it is an elective plan under the IRS rules.
- 10. The Orange County Superior Court's Section 125 Plan provides that a "Participant" is any "Eligible Employee who elects to become a participant as provided in Section 2."
- 11. Section 2.2 of the Section 125 Plan, entitled "Application to Participate" states:

Any Eligible Employees **shall**, **during the applicable Open Enrollment Period**, complete and submit to the Administrator Enrollment Documentation. The election made pursuant to the Enrollment Documentation shall be irrevocable until the end of the applicable Contribution Period unless the Participant is entitled to change his or her elections pursuant to Section 4.6 hereof."

A Participant shall not continue participating in the Plan for subsequent Contribution Periods unless he or she completes and submits new Enrollment Documentation during each Open Enrollment Period.

- 12. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan's OBP program provided that the employer would "credit OBP Eligible Employees with a specific amount of OBP Dollars each Plan Year." The eligible employee can elect to allocate his OBP Dollars in the amount of \$3,500 to pay for certain benefits or to receive it as a taxable lump sum cash payment.
- 13. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan's OBP program in paragraph 1.21 provided that : "Health Care Reimbursement Account means the account established for a Participant pursuant to this Plan to which part of his or her Salary Redirection and/or OBP Dollars may be credited and from which all allowable Health Care Expenses may be reimbursed. Such Health Care Reimbursement Account is not a real account, but is established and maintained for bookkeeping purposes only."
- 14. The 2011 and 2013 Orange County Superior Court Personnel Policies and Regulations provided that "[a]ny portion of the optional benefit not incurred within the plan period shall remain the Court or County funds."
- 15. The 2011 and 2013 Orange County Superior Court Personnel Policies and Regulations provided that "[t]he amount in a Participant's Health Care Reimbursement Account as of the end of any Contribution Period (and after the processing of all claims for each Contributions Period pursuant to Section 8 hereof) shall be forfeited to the Employer and deposited into the Employer's benefit plan surplus. In such event, the Participant shall have no further claim to such amount for any reason."

- 16. On January 27, 2014, Applicant filed his application for retirement with OCERS, with a retirement date of February 21, 2014.
- 17. Upon receipt of Applicant's retirement application, OCERS calculated his retirement allowance based on the following statutory formula: <u>Final Compensation X /Years of Service X Retirement Formula (Plan J/2.7% @ 55/§31676.19).</u>
- 18. Pursuant to Government Code section 31462, subd. (a), the Applicant's three year measuring period for the purpose of calculating his retirement allowance is February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014.
- 19. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, the Applicant elected to allocate his OBP Dollars to a Health Care Reimbursement Account and to taxable lump sum cash payments.
- 20. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, Applicant elected to allocate a portion of the \$3,500.00 OBP Dollars to the non-taxable Health Care Reimbursement Account in the following amounts: \$2,500.00 in 2011, \$700.00 in 2012, \$2,500.00 in 2013, and \$1,100.00 in early 2014.
- 21. The Applicant provided evidence of his elected allocation of his OBP Dollars during his measuring period, but he failed to submit <u>documentary</u> evidence to establish that he actually received any reimbursement from the Health Care Reimbursement Account. He also failed to present evidence of the date(s) and amount(s) of any alleged reimbursements during the relevant measuring period. Thus, he has failed to establish that the OBP Dollars he allocated to the Health Care Reimbursement Account were not forfeited.
- 22. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, Applicant elected to allocate a portion of the \$3,500.00 OBP Dollars to a taxable lump sum payment in the following amounts: \$1,000.00 in 2011, \$2,800.00 in 2012, \$1,000.00 in 2013, and \$2,400.00 in 2014.
- 23. Applicant did not pay any employee contributions to fund the cost of paying for that portion of his retirement allowance that would be derived from receipt of his claimed OBP benefits.
- 24. Upon the Applicant's retirement on February 21, 2014, OCERS' staff excluded the OBP benefits received by the Applicant from compensation and compensation earnable when calculating his retirement allowance.
- 25. The OCERS staff properly excluded Applicant's OBP benefits under the CERL at the time of his retirement and properly applied the OCERS Board's Resolution 98-001 in its calculation of the Applicant's retirement allowance.

26. To the extent any of the foregoing Findings of Fact are Conclusions of Law, the Board so concludes.

VII. <u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW</u>

- The Orange County Board of Supervisor's Resolution 90-1551 made CERL section 31460.1 operative as a carve-out effective in Orange County as of January 1, 1991, thereby excluding from <u>the definition of</u> "compensation" <u>(under Government Code §</u> <u>31460)</u> payments made by an employer to an employee or on behalf of an employee, for that employee's participation in a flexible benefit plan, such as the OBP, regardless of whether paid in cash.
- 2. The savings clause in SB 193 is part of the CERL, and was and continues to be valid and enforceable.
- 3. In including the saving clause in SB 193, the Legislature intended to preserve Section 31460.1 in counties where the Board of Supervisors adopted that carve-out by resolution adopted by a majority vote.
- 4. Pursuant to SB 193's saving clause, the Orange County Board of Supervisor's Resolution 90-1551, as action taken by the county prior to May 11, 1992, remains valid and continues the validity of Section 31460.1 currently in the County of Orange.
- 5. By adopting Section 31460.1 by Resolution 90-1551, the County precluded the OCERS Board from including flexible benefit payments such as OBP benefits in a member's compensation, compensation earnable and final average salary.
- 6. The Applicant elected to participate in the OBP program by allocating the \$ 3,500 OBP Dollars to the Health Care Reimbursement Account and to lump sum taxable cash payments each year during his measuring period, i.e., between February 7, 2011 and February 6, 2014.
- 7. OCERS' staff's exclusion of OBP benefits (both for health and dental reimbursements and taxable cash payments within the three year measuring period) from the Applicant's compensation and compensation earnable complied with the CERL at the time the Applicant retired in 2014, according to Section 31460.1, the County's Resolution 90-1551, SB 193's savings clause, and the Board's Resolution 98-001 (which is based in part on County's Resolution 90-1551), notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement.
- 8. Since the Applicant received the \$1,000 taxable lump sum payment on January 7, 2011, outside the three year measuring period between February 7, 2011 and February 6, 2014, this amount cannot be included in calculating his final compensation.

9. To the extent any of the foregoing Conclusions of Law are Findings of Fact, the Board so finds.

VIII. <u>DECISION</u>

The Application of James B. Morell for a recalculated retirement allowance is DENIED.

DATED: _____

Frank Eley, Chair of the Board of Retirement

Exhibit B

BEFORE THE BOARD OF RETIREMENT OF ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FINDINGS OF FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION

In the Matter of the Application of James B. Morell, A Member of the Orange County Employees System For a Recalculated Retirement Allowance

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

James B. Morell ("Applicant") was employed by the Orange County Superior Court as a research attorney for approximately 21 years, from August 1992 to February 2014. Morell became a member of the Orange County Employees Retirement System ("OCERS") on October 14, 1994, and retired on February 21, 2014.

When calculating Applicant's final average salary, OCERS excluded from his compensation his Optional Benefit Plan ("OBP") payments he received from his employer under the Orange County Superior Court's IRS Section 125 Plan. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS Section 125 Plan provided for \$3,500.00 in annual OBP benefits that can be allocated for certain reimbursements or taken in taxable cash.

Applicant contended that the OBP payments he received in varying amounts in his final compensation period should be included as "compensation earnable" for purposes of calculating his final average salary and ultimate retirement allowance. Specifically, Applicant claimed that under the IRS 125 Plan's OBP program, he received non-taxable health/dental care reimbursement payments in the total amounts of \$2,500.00 in 2011, \$700.00 in 2012, \$2,500.00 in 2013, and \$1,100.00 in early 2014. The remainder of the \$3,500 benefit was paid as taxable cash (\$1,000.00 in 2011, \$2,800.00 in 2012, \$1,000.00 in 2013, and \$2,400.00 in 2014).

Upon his retirement in February 2014, the OCERS' staff excluded the OBP payments received by Applicant from his retirement benefits calculations.

II. <u>PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND</u>

This matter began with Applicant's appeal to the OCERS Director of Member Services and CEO. Appellant appealed the OCERS' staff's determination to exclude his OBP benefits from the calculation of his retirement allowance. Both the Director of Member Services and the CEO upheld OCERS' staff's determination, and Applicant then sought review of the determination by the OCERS' Board of Retirement ("Board").

On August 17, 2015, the Board denied Applicant's request to include his OBP benefits in his compensation earnable used to calculate his final average salary and retirement allowance.

Applicant timely requested an administrative hearing to challenge the Board's decision, and an administrative hearing was held on May 5, 2017, before Hearing Officer Snider.

On November 29, 2017, Hearing Officer Snider issued his Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Recommended Decision. He recommended that "the computation of [Applicant's] retirement allowance be maintained as accurate in light of the 2002 agreement that settled the litigation between OCERS and its membership class and associations" in the *In re Retirement Cases* following the decision in *Ventura County Deputy Sheriff's Assn. v. Board of Retirement* (1997) 16 Cal.4th 483 ("2002 Settlement Agreement"). He further recommended that "the Board reexamine the portion of the settlement that excludes from pensionability flexible benefits received by employees as taxable cash, and that the Board consider pursuing an amendment of the Superior Court judgment on the basis that it precludes taxable cash received under the Optional Benefit Plan from counting in the determination of final compensation."

The Hearing Officer's recommendations were presented to the Board at its August 20, 2018 meeting. On August 20, 2018, the Board voted to set aside the Hearing Officer's recommendations and thereafter denied Applicant's appeal on the grounds "(a) that OCERS and [Applicant were] bound by the Settlement Agreement and Judgment, and (b) that OCERS' staff did calculate [Applicant's] retirement allowance in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment." Based on its determination in reliance upon the 2002 Settlement Agreement, the Board issued its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision dated October 18, 2018.

On January 15, 2019, Applicant filed a Petition pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5 in the Orange County Superior Court to challenge the Board's administrative decision to apply the 2002 Settlement Agreement to exclude the OBP benefits from the base compensation upon which Applicant's retirement benefits were calculated.¹ On August 21, 2020, the Court denied the writ petition on the grounds that the terms of the 2002 Settlement Agreement that excluded OBP payments from pensionable treatment applied to Applicant; and held that OCERS had properly calculated Applicant's retirement benefits under the agreement.

Applicant timely moved for reconsideration of the court's ruling on the writ petition, based in part on new case authority, *Alameda County Deputy Sheriff's Association v. Alameda County Employees' Retirement Association* (2020) 9 Cal.5th 1032, which held in part that a county retirement board's settlement agreement must comport with the terms of the County Employee Retirement Law of 1973 ("CERL"). On reconsideration, the Court granted, in part, the writ petition due to the fact that the Board had only determined that Applicant's OBP benefits were not pensionable under the 2002 Settlement Agreement, but had not evaluated whether OBP benefits were otherwise pensionable under the CERL. Accordingly, the Court issued a Writ directing the Board to set aside its decision dated October 18, 2018, and to reconsider the case on remand consistent with the Court's Judgment.

The Court's Judgment and Writ instructed the Board that on remand "the Board shall not limit the issues for consideration to (1) whether OCERS and [Applicant] were bound by the 2002

¹ On June 28, 2019, the Orange County Superior Court transferred the matter to Los Angeles Superior Court pursuant to Government Code section 69740, subdivision (b).

Settlement Agreement and the Judgment entered thereon, and (2) whether [Applicant's] retirement allowance had been calculated in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment. Board shall decide [Applicant's] contentions that OCERS improperly excluded OBP benefits from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the Settlement Agreement."

Thus, in the present administrative proceeding on remand, the issue before the Board is whether the exclusion of OBP benefits from "compensation earnable" was valid under the CERL at the time Applicant retired in 2014, notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement.

III. <u>REMAND PROCEEDING</u>

On September 20, 2021, OCERS provided notice to Applicant: (1) that his matter would be heard on remand by the Board at its regularly scheduled public meeting on December 13, 2021, (2) of the briefing schedule wherein he and OCERS would exchange Opening Briefs and Evidence by October 21, 2021 and Response Briefs by November 18, 2021, and (3) that each party would have 20 minutes to address the Board in the remand proceeding.

On October 13, 2021, Applicant and OCERS stipulated to the Administrative Record on remand, which is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 1</u>. The stipulated Administrative Record on Remand included: the prior administrative record, the Judgment dated July 16, 2021, the Preemptory Writ of Mandate dated July 16, 2021, and any document previously filed in Case No. 30-2019-01043847, which was submitted by October 21, 2021 in this remand proceeding in support of a citation in either the Applicant's or OCERS's Opening Brief.

On October 21, 2021, the parties exchanged their respective Opening Briefs and Evidence. On November 18, 2021, OCERS served an Amended Opening Brief and Amended Declaration to cure citation errors to the administrative record. That same day on November 18, 2021, the parties exchanged their Response Briefs. On November 19, 2021, OCERS' staff provided the Board with the electronic copies of the aforementioned pleadings, declarations and evidence attached thereto, and the prior Administrative Record consisting of approximately 2217 pages of Bates stamped documents.

On November 22, 2021, Applicant was given timely notice that the matter would be considered as Agenda Item DA-2 at the Board's meeting on December 13, 2021, and the Board duly notice the meeting and Agenda Item DA-2, as required by law.

On November 22, 2021, Applicant was given notice that both he and OCERS' counsel would each have a maximum of twenty (20) minutes to present oral argument to the Board. Applicant was also given notice of the staff's recommendation to the Board. Staff recommended that the Board; (1) set aside its prior administrative decision of October 18, 2018 in this matter, and (2) reconsider the Application of James B. Morell for a Recalculated Retirement Allowance in light of the Superior Court's Judgment and Writ, wherein the Board is directed by the Court to decide the Applicant's contentions that OCERS improperly excluded Optional Benefit Plan benefits from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the 2002

Settlement Agreement in *In re Retirement Cases*, Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No., 4049 in San Francisco County Superior Court.

In advance of the December 13, 2021 Board meeting, the Board received and reviewed the pleadings and evidence mentioned above and the electronic copy of the Bates stamped Administrative Record.

On December 13, 2021, the Board, by unanimous vote, set aside its October 18, 2018, decision wherein it denied Applicant's appeal on the grounds "(a) that OCERS and [Applicant were] bound by the Settlement Agreement and Judgment, and (b) that OCERS' staff did calculate [Applicant's] retirement allowance in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment."

After review and consideration of the pleadings, evidence and oral argument by both Applicant and OCERS' Counsel, on December 13, 2021, the Board voted unanimously to deny Applicant's Application for a recalculated retirement allowance. The Board further directed staff to prepare and serve on Applicant proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision by December 22, 2021. The Board further gave Applicant until January 4, 2021, to submit suggested changes and/or objections to the proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision. The proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision along with Applicant's suggested changes and/or objections will be brought before the Board for its final consideration at its next regularly scheduled public meeting on January 18, 2022.

The audio and video recording of the Board proceedings conducted in this matter on December 13, 2021, as well as the transcript prepared by the Court Reporter present during the December 13, 2021 Board meeting are incorporated herein by this reference and are made part of the administrative record of this matter.

IV. <u>ISSUE</u>

The issue the Board decided was whether the exclusion of OBP benefits from Applicant's "compensation earnable" was valid under the CERL at the time Applicant retired in 2014, notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement applicable to OCERS.

V. <u>SUBMITTED EVIDENCE</u>

Each party submitted evidence attached to their Opening and Response Briefs. In addition, the Administrative Record consisted of approximately 2217 pages of documents Bate Stamped JAMES_MORELL 0001- 2217. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 1</u> is the Stipulation Re: Administrative Record on Remand and the index to the Administrative Record that was electronically submitted to the Board is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 2</u>.

VI. <u>FINDINGS OF FACT</u>

1. The Board finds the facts stated in Sections I through V, inclusive, above.

- 2. On June 15, 1990, the Legislature enacted Government Code section 31460.1. Section 31460.1 provided: "Compensation' *shall not include* employer payments, including *cash payments*, made to, or on behalf of, their employees who have elected to participate *in a flexible benefits program*, where those payments reflect amounts that exceeds [*sic*] ... their employees' salaries. [¶] This section shall not be operative in any county until the time the board of supervisors shall, by resolution adopted by a majority vote, makes [*sic*] this section applicable in the county."
- 3. On December 18, 1990, the Orange County Board of Supervisors ("County"), by a majority vote, adopted Resolution 90-1551 wherein it adopted Government Code § 31460.1 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 ("CERL") effective in Orange County as of January 1, 1991. The Orange County Board of Supervisors has not repealed Resolution 90-1551.
- On May 11, 1992, the Legislature repealed Section 31460.1 by Senate Bill No. 193 (Stats. 1992, ch. 45, §1, p. 58.) ("SB 193"). SB 193 contained a savings clause: "Sec. 2 Nothing in this act is intended to, or shall be construed to, affect the validity of any action taken by a county pursuant to Section 31460.1 of the Government Code, prior to the effective date of this act." (Gov. Code, § 31460.1, notes.)
- 5. On February 9, 1998, the Board adopted Resolution 98-001, which excluded flexible benefits provided in-kind and paid in cash from compensation earnable based, in part, upon the County's Resolutions 90-1551 which excluded the same from compensation.
- 6. Resolution 98-001, states in relevant part:

Elements to be Excluded From "Compensation Earnable". Remuneration or other value to the employee neither earned or payable in cash to the employee during the final compensation period for working the ordinary time required of other employees in the same grade/class shall be excluded from "compensation earnable", including but not limited to the following items, and others substantially similar to them:

Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") provided in-kind Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") paid in cash to the extent paid to members retiring on and after January 1, 1991"

- 7. Applicant began working for the Orange County Superior Court as a research attorney on August 13, 1992. He became a member of OCERS on October 14, 1994.
- 8. During his employment as a research attorney, Appellant participated in the Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan that provided for flexible benefits under the OBP program.

- 9. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan is applicable only if it is an elective plan under the IRS rules.
- 10. The Orange County Superior Court's Section 125 Plan provides that a "Participant" is any "Eligible Employee who elects to become a participant as provided in Section 2."
- 11. Section 2.2 of the Section 125 Plan, entitled "Application to Participate" states:

Any Eligible Employees **shall**, **during the applicable Open Enrollment Period**, complete and submit to the Administrator Enrollment Documentation. The election made pursuant to the Enrollment Documentation shall be irrevocable until the end of the applicable Contribution Period unless the Participant is entitled to change his or her elections pursuant to Section 4.6 hereof."

A Participant shall not continue participating in the Plan for subsequent Contribution Periods unless he or she completes and submits new Enrollment Documentation during each Open Enrollment Period.

- 12. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan's OBP program provided that the employer would "credit OBP Eligible Employees with a specific amount of OBP Dollars each Plan Year." The eligible employee can elect to allocate his OBP Dollars in the amount of \$3,500 to pay for certain benefits or to receive it as a taxable lump sum cash payment.
- 13. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan's OBP program in paragraph 1.21 provided that : "Health Care Reimbursement Account means the account established for a Participant pursuant to this Plan to which part of his or her Salary Redirection and/or OBP Dollars may be credited and from which all allowable Health Care Expenses may be reimbursed. Such Health Care Reimbursement Account is not a real account, but is established and maintained for bookkeeping purposes only."
- 14. The 2011 and 2013 Orange County Superior Court Personnel Policies and Regulations provided that "[a]ny portion of the optional benefit not incurred within the plan period shall remain the Court or County funds."
- 15. The 2011 and 2013 Orange County Superior Court Personnel Policies and Regulations provided that "[t]he amount in a Participant's Health Care Reimbursement Account as of the end of any Contribution Period (and after the processing of all claims for each Contributions Period pursuant to Section 8 hereof) shall be forfeited to the Employer and deposited into the Employer's benefit plan surplus. In such event, the Participant shall have no further claim to such amount for any reason."

- 16. On January 27, 2014, Applicant filed his application for retirement with OCERS, with a retirement date of February 21, 2014.
- 17. Upon receipt of Applicant's retirement application, OCERS calculated his retirement allowance based on the following statutory formula: <u>Final Compensation X /Years of Service X Retirement Formula (Plan J/2.7% @ 55/§31676.19).</u>
- 18. Pursuant to Government Code section 31462, subd. (a), the Applicant's three year measuring period for the purpose of calculating his retirement allowance is February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014.
- 19. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, the Applicant elected to allocate his OBP Dollars to a Health Care Reimbursement Account and to taxable lump sum cash payments.
- 20. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, Applicant elected to allocate a portion of the \$3,500.00 OBP Dollars to the non-taxable Health Care Reimbursement Account in the following amounts: \$2,500.00 in 2011, \$700.00 in 2012, \$2,500.00 in 2013, and \$1,100.00 in early 2014.
- 21. The Applicant provided evidence of his elected allocation of his OBP Dollars during his measuring period, but he failed to submit documentary evidence to establish that he actually received any reimbursement from the Health Care Reimbursement Account. He also failed to present evidence of the date(s) and amount(s) of any alleged reimbursements during the relevant measuring period. Thus, he has failed to establish that the OBP Dollars he allocated to the Health Care Reimbursement Account were not forfeited.
- 22. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, Applicant elected to allocate a portion of the \$3,500.00 OBP Dollars to a taxable lump sum payment in the following amounts: \$1,000.00 in 2011, \$2,800.00 in 2012, \$1,000.00 in 2013, and \$2,400.00 in 2014.
- 23. Applicant did not pay any employee contributions to fund the cost of paying for that portion of his retirement allowance that would be derived from receipt of his claimed OBP benefits.
- 24. Upon the Applicant's retirement on February 21, 2014, OCERS' staff excluded the OBP benefits received by the Applicant from compensation and compensation earnable when calculating his retirement allowance.
- 25. The OCERS staff properly excluded Applicant's OBP benefits under the CERL at the time of his retirement and properly applied the OCERS Board's Resolution 98-001 in its calculation of the Applicant's retirement allowance.

26. To the extent any of the foregoing Findings of Fact are Conclusions of Law, the Board so concludes.

VII. <u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW</u>

- The Orange County Board of Supervisor's Resolution 90-1551 made CERL section 31460.1 operative as a carve-out effective in Orange County as of January 1, 1991, thereby excluding from the definition of "compensation" (under Government Code § 31460) payments made by an employer to an employee or on behalf of an employee, for that employee's participation in a flexible benefit plan, such as the OBP, regardless of whether paid in cash.
- 2. The savings clause in SB 193 is part of the CERL, and was and continues to be valid and enforceable.
- 3. In including the saving clause in SB 193, the Legislature intended to preserve Section 31460.1 in counties where the Board of Supervisors adopted that carve-out by resolution adopted by a majority vote.
- 4. Pursuant to SB 193's saving clause, the Orange County Board of Supervisor's Resolution 90-1551, as action taken by the county prior to May 11, 1992, remains valid and continues the validity of Section 31460.1 currently in the County of Orange.
- 5. By adopting Section 31460.1 by Resolution 90-1551, the County precluded the OCERS Board from including flexible benefit payments such as OBP benefits in a member's compensation, compensation earnable and final average salary.
- 6. The Applicant elected to participate in the OBP program by allocating the \$ 3,500 OBP Dollars to the Health Care Reimbursement Account and to lump sum taxable cash payments each year during his measuring period, i.e., between February 7, 2011 and February 6, 2014.
- 7. OCERS' staff's exclusion of OBP benefits (both for health and dental reimbursements and taxable cash payments within the three year measuring period) from the Applicant's compensation and compensation earnable complied with the CERL at the time the Applicant retired in 2014, according to Section 31460.1, the County's Resolution 90-1551, SB 193's savings clause, and the Board's Resolution 98-001 (which is based in part on County's Resolution 90-1551), notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement.
- 8. Since the Applicant received the \$1,000 taxable lump sum payment on January 7, 2011, outside the three year measuring period between February 7, 2011 and February 6, 2014, this amount cannot be included in calculating his final compensation.

Page **8** of **9**

9. To the extent any of the foregoing Conclusions of Law are Findings of Fact, the Board so finds.

VIII. <u>DECISION</u>

The Application of James B. Morell for a recalculated retirement allowance is DENIED.

DATED: _____

Frank Eley, Chair of the Board of Retirement

Exhibit C

BEFORE THE BOARD OF RETIREMENT OF ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FINDINGS OF FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION

In the Matter of the Application of James B. Morell, A Member of the Orange County Employees System For a Recalculated Retirement Allowance

I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

James B. Morell ("Applicant") was employed by the Orange County Superior Court as a research attorney for approximately 21 years, from August 1992 to February 2014. Morell became a member of the Orange County Employees Retirement System ("OCERS") on October 14, 1994, and retired on February 21, 2014.

When calculating Applicant's final average salary, OCERS excluded from his compensation his Optional Benefit Plan ("OBP") payments he received from his employer under the Orange County Superior Court's IRS Section 125 Plan. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS Section 125 Plan provided for \$3,500.00 in annual OBP benefits that can be allocated for certain reimbursements or taken in taxable cash.

Applicant contended that the OBP payments he received in varying amounts in his final compensation period should be included as "compensation earnable" for purposes of calculating his final average salary and ultimate retirement allowance. Specifically, Applicant claimed that under the IRS 125 Plan's OBP program, he received non-taxable health/dental care reimbursement payments in the total amounts of \$2,500.00 in 2011, \$700.00 in 2012, \$2,500.00 in 2013, and \$1,100.00 in early 2014. The remainder of the \$3,500 benefit was paid as taxable cash (\$1,000.00 in 2011, \$2,800.00 in 2012, \$1,000.00 in 2013, and \$2,400.00 in 2014).

Upon his retirement in February 2014, the OCERS' staff excluded the OBP payments received by Applicant from his retirement benefits calculations.

II. <u>PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND</u>

This matter began with Applicant's appeal to the OCERS Director of Member Services and CEO. Appellant appealed the OCERS' staff's determination to exclude his OBP benefits from the calculation of his retirement allowance. Both the Director of Member Services and the CEO upheld OCERS' staff's determination, and Applicant then sought review of the determination by the OCERS' Board of Retirement ("Board").

On August 17, 2015, the Board denied Applicant's request to include his OBP benefits in his compensation earnable used to calculate his final average salary and retirement allowance.

Applicant timely requested an administrative hearing to challenge the Board's decision, and an administrative hearing was held on May 5, 2017, before Hearing Officer Snider.

On November 29, 2017, Hearing Officer Snider issued his Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Recommended Decision. He recommended that "the computation of [Applicant's] retirement allowance be maintained as accurate in light of the 2002 agreement that settled the litigation between OCERS and its membership class and associations" in the *In re Retirement Cases* following the decision in *Ventura County Deputy Sheriff's Assn. v. Board of Retirement* (1997) 16 Cal.4th 483 ("2002 Settlement Agreement"). He further recommended that "the Board reexamine the portion of the settlement that excludes from pensionability flexible benefits received by employees as taxable cash, and that the Board consider pursuing an amendment of the Superior Court judgment on the basis that it precludes taxable cash received under the Optional Benefit Plan from counting in the determination of final compensation."

The Hearing Officer's recommendations were presented to the Board at its August 20, 2018 meeting. On August 20, 2018, the Board voted to set aside the Hearing Officer's recommendations and thereafter denied Applicant's appeal on the grounds "(a) that OCERS and [Applicant were] bound by the Settlement Agreement and Judgment, and (b) that OCERS' staff did calculate [Applicant's] retirement allowance in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment." Based on its determination in reliance upon the 2002 Settlement Agreement, the Board issued its Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision dated October 18, 2018.

On January 15, 2019, Applicant filed a Petition pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5 in the Orange County Superior Court to challenge the Board's administrative decision to apply the 2002 Settlement Agreement to exclude the OBP benefits from the base compensation upon which Applicant's retirement benefits were calculated.¹ On August 21, 2020, the Court denied the writ petition on the grounds that the terms of the 2002 Settlement Agreement that excluded OBP payments from pensionable treatment applied to Applicant; and held that OCERS had properly calculated Applicant's retirement benefits under the agreement.

Applicant timely moved for reconsideration of the court's ruling on the writ petition, based in part on new case authority, *Alameda County Deputy Sheriff's Association v. Alameda County Employees' Retirement Association* (2020) 9 Cal.5th 1032, which held in part that a county retirement board's settlement agreement must comport with the terms of the County Employee Retirement Law of 1973 ("CERL"). On reconsideration, the Court granted, in part, the writ petition due to the fact that the Board had only determined that Applicant's OBP benefits were not pensionable under the 2002 Settlement Agreement, but had not evaluated whether OBP benefits were otherwise pensionable under the CERL. Accordingly, the Court issued a Writ directing the Board to set aside its decision dated October 18, 2018, and to reconsider the case on remand consistent with the Court's Judgment.

The Court's Judgment and Writ instructed the Board that on remand "the Board shall not limit the issues for consideration to (1) whether OCERS and [Applicant] were bound by the 2002

¹ On June 28, 2019, the Orange County Superior Court transferred the matter to Los Angeles Superior Court pursuant to Government Code section 69740, subdivision (b).

Settlement Agreement and the Judgment entered thereon, and (2) whether [Applicant's] retirement allowance had been calculated in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment. Board shall decide [Applicant's] contentions that OCERS improperly excluded OBP benefits from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the Settlement Agreement."

Thus, in the present administrative proceeding on remand, the issue before the Board is whether the exclusion of OBP benefits from "compensation earnable" was valid under the CERL at the time Applicant retired in 2014, notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement.

III. <u>REMAND PROCEEDING</u>

On September 20, 2021, OCERS provided notice to Applicant: (1) that his matter would be heard on remand by the Board at its regularly scheduled public meeting on December 13, 2021, (2) of the briefing schedule wherein he and OCERS would exchange Opening Briefs and Evidence by October 21, 2021 and Response Briefs by November 18, 2021, and (3) that each party would have 20 minutes to address the Board in the remand proceeding.

On October 13, 2021, Applicant and OCERS stipulated to the Administrative Record on remand, which is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 1</u>. The stipulated Administrative Record on Remand included: the prior administrative record, the Judgment dated July 16, 2021, the Preemptory Writ of Mandate dated July 16, 2021, and any document previously filed in Case No. 30-2019-01043847, which was submitted by October 21, 2021 in this remand proceeding in support of a citation in either the Applicant's or OCERS's Opening Brief.

On October 21, 2021, the parties exchanged their respective Opening Briefs and Evidence. On November 18, 2021, OCERS served an Amended Opening Brief and Amended Declaration to cure citation errors to the administrative record. That same day on November 18, 2021, the parties exchanged their Response Briefs. On November 19, 2021, OCERS' staff provided the Board with the electronic copies of the aforementioned pleadings, declarations and evidence attached thereto, and the prior Administrative Record consisting of approximately 2217 Bates stamped documents.

On November 22, 2021, Applicant was given timely notice that the matter would be considered as Agenda Item DA-2 at the Board's meeting on December 13, 2021, and the Board duly notice the meeting and Agenda Item DA-2, as required by law.

On November 22, 2021, Applicant was given notice that both he and OCERS' counsel would each have a maximum of twenty (20) minutes to present oral argument to the Board. Applicant was also given notice of the staff's recommendation to the Board. Staff recommended that the Board; (1) set aside its prior administrative decision of October 18, 2018 in this matter, and (2) reconsider the Application of James B. Morell for a Recalculated Retirement Allowance in light of the Superior Court's Judgment and Writ, wherein the Board is directed by the Court to decide the Applicant's contentions that OCERS improperly excluded Optional Benefit Plan benefits from the calculation of his final compensation separate and apart from the 2002

Settlement Agreement in *In re Retirement Cases*, Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No., 4049 in San Francisco County Superior Court.

In advance of the December 13, 2021 Board meeting, the Board received and reviewed the pleadings and evidence mentioned above and the electronic copy of the Bates stamped Administrative Record.

On December 13, 2021, the Board, by unanimous vote, set aside its October 18, 2018, decision wherein it denied Applicant's appeal on the grounds "(a) that OCERS and [Applicant were] bound by the Settlement Agreement and Judgment, and (b) that OCERS' staff did calculate [Applicant's] retirement allowance in accordance with the Settlement Agreement and Judgment."

After review and consideration of the pleadings, evidence and oral argument by both Applicant and OCERS' Counsel, on December 13, 2021, the Board voted unanimously to deny Applicant's Application for a recalculated retirement allowance. The Board further directed staff to prepare and serve on Applicant proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision by December 22, 2021. The Board further gave Applicant until January 4, 2021, to submit suggested changes and/or objections to the proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision. The proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Decision along with Applicant's suggested changes and/or objections will be brought before the Board for its final consideration at its next regularly scheduled public meeting on January 18, 2022.

The audio and video recording of the Board proceedings conducted in this matter on December 13, 2021, as well as the transcript prepared by the Court Reporter present during the December 13, 2021 Board meeting are incorporated herein by this reference and are made part of the administrative record of this matter.

IV. <u>ISSUE</u>

The issue the Board decided was whether the exclusion of OBP benefits from Applicant's "compensation earnable" was valid under the CERL at the tine Applicant retired in 2014, notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement applicable to OCERS.

V. <u>SUBMITTED EVIDENCE</u>

Each party submitted evidence attached to their Opening and Response Briefs. In addition, the Administrative Record consisted of approximately 2217 pages of documents Bate Stamped JAMES_MORELL 0001- 2217. Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 1</u> is the Stipulation Re: Administrative Record on Remand and the index to the Administrative Record that was electronically submitted to the Board is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit 2</u>.

VI. <u>FINDINGS OF FACT</u>

1. The Board finds the facts stated in Sections I through V, inclusive, above.

- 2. On June 15, 1990, the Legislature enacted Government Code section 31460.1. Section 31460.1 provided: "Compensation' *shall not include* employer payments, including *cash payments*, made to, or on behalf of, their employees who have elected to participate *in a flexible benefits program*, where those payments reflect amounts that exceeds [*sic*] ... their employees' salaries. [¶] This section shall not be operative in any county until the time the board of supervisors shall, by resolution adopted by a majority vote, makes [*sic*] this section applicable in the county."
- 3. On December 18, 1990, the Orange County Board of Supervisors ("County"), by a majority vote, adopted Resolution 90-1551 wherein it adopted Government Code § 31460.1 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 ("CERL") effective in Orange County as of January 1, 1991. The Orange County Board of Supervisors has not repealed Resolution 90-1551.
- On May 11, 1992, the Legislature repealed Section 31460.1 by Senate Bill No. 193 (Stats. 1992, ch. 45, §1, p. 58.) ("SB 193"). SB 193 contained a savings clause: "Sec. 2 Nothing in this act is intended to, or shall be construed to, affect the validity of any action taken by a county pursuant to Section 31460.1 of the Government Code, prior to the effective date of this act." (Gov. Code, § 31460.1, notes.)
- 5. On February 9, 1998, the Board adopted Resolution 98-001, which excluded flexible benefits provided in-kind and paid in cash from compensation earnable based, in part, upon the County's Resolutions 90-1551 which excluded the same from compensation.
- 6. Resolution 98-001, states in relevant part:

Elements to be Excluded From "Compensation Earnable". Remuneration or other value to the employee neither earned or payable in cash to the employee during the final compensation period for working the ordinary time required of other employees in the same grade/class shall be excluded from "compensation earnable", including but not limited to the following items, and others substantially similar to them:

Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") provided in-kind Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") paid in cash to the extent paid to members retiring on and after January 1, 1991"

- 7. Applicant began working for the Orange County Superior Court as a research attorney on August 13, 1992. He became a member of OCERS on October 14, 1994.
- 8. During his employment as a research attorney, Appellant participated in the Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan that provided for flexible benefits, including the OBP program.

- 9. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan is applicable only if it is an elective plan under the IRS rules.
- 10. The Orange County Superior Court's Section 125 Plan provides that a "Participant" is any "Eligible Employee who elects to become a participant as provided in Section 2."
- 11. Section 2.2 of the Section 125 Plan, entitled "Application to Participate" states:

Any Eligible Employees **shall**, **during the applicable Open Enrollment Period**, complete and submit to the Administrator Enrollment Documentation. The election made pursuant to the Enrollment Documentation shall be irrevocable until the end of the applicable Contribution Period unless the Participant is entitled to change his or her elections pursuant to Section 4.6 hereof."

A Participant shall not continue participating in the Plan for subsequent Contribution Periods unless he or she completes and submits new Enrollment Documentation during each Open Enrollment Period.

- 12. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan's OBP program provided that the employer would "credit OBP Eligible Employees with a specific amount of OBP Dollars each Plan Year." The eligible employee can elect to allocate his OBP Dollars in the amount of \$3,500 to pay for certain benefits or to receive it as a taxable lump sum cash payment.
- 13. The Orange County Superior Court's IRS 125 Plan's OBP program in paragraph 1.21 provided that : "Health Care Reimbursement Account means the account established for a Participant pursuant to this Plan to which part of his or her Salary Redirection and/or OBP Dollars may be credited and from which all allowable Health Care Expenses may be reimbursed. Such Health Care Reimbursement Account is not a real account, but is established and maintained for bookkeeping purposes only."
- 14. The 2011 and 2013 Orange County Superior Court Personnel Policies and Regulations provided that "[a]ny portion of the optional benefit not incurred within the plan period shall remain the Court or County funds."
- 15. The 2011 and 2013 Orange County Superior Court Personnel Policies and Regulations provided that "[t]he amount in a Participant's Health Care Reimbursement Account as of the end of any Contribution Period (and after the processing of all claims for each Contributions Period pursuant to Section 8 hereof) shall be forfeited to the Employer and deposited into the Employer's benefit plan surplus. In such event, the Participant shall have no further claim to such amount for any reason."

- 16. On January 27, 2014, Applicant filed his application for retirement with OCERS, with a retirement date of February 21, 2014.
- 17. Upon receipt of Applicant's retirement application, OCERS calculated his retirement allowance based on the following statutory formula: <u>Final Compensation X /Years of Service X Retirement Formula (Plan J/2.7% @ 55/§31676.19).</u>
- 18. Pursuant to Government Code section 31462, subd. (a), the Applicant's three year measuring period for the purpose of calculating his retirement allowance is February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014.
- 19. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, the Applicant elected to allocate his OBP Dollars to a Health Care Reimbursement Account and to taxable lump sum cash payments.
- 20. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, Applicant elected to allocate a portion of the \$3,500.00 OBP Dollars to the non-taxable Health Care Reimbursement Account in the following amounts: \$2,500.00 in 2011, \$700.00 in 2012, \$2,500.00 in 2013, and \$1,100.00 in early 2014.
- 21. The Applicant provided evidence of his elected allocation of his OBP Dollars during his measuring period, but he failed to submit evidence to establish that he actually received any reimbursement from the Health Care Reimbursement Account. He also failed to present evidence of the date(s) and amount(s) of any alleged reimbursements during the relevant measuring period. Thus, he has failed to establish that the OBP Dollars he allocated to the Health Care Reimbursement Account were not forfeited.
- 22. During his measuring period, i.e., February 7, 2011 to February 6, 2014, Applicant elected to allocate a portion of the \$3,500.00 OBP Dollars to a taxable lump sum payment in the following amounts: \$1,000.00 in 2011, \$2,800.00 in 2012, \$1,000.00 in 2013, and \$2,400.00 in 2014.
- 23. Applicant did not pay any employee contributions to fund the cost of paying for that portion of his retirement allowance that would be derived from receipt of his claimed OBP benefits.
- 24. Upon the Applicant's retirement on February 21, 2014, OCERS' staff excluded the OBP benefits received by the Applicant from compensation and compensation earnable when calculating his retirement allowance.
- 25. The OCERS staff properly excluded Applicant's OBP benefits under the CERL at the time of his retirement and properly applied the OCERS Board's Resolution 98-001 in its calculation of the Applicant's retirement allowance.
- 26. To the extent any of the foregoing Findings of Fact are Conclusions of Law, the Board so concludes.

VII. <u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW</u>

- 1. The Orange County Board of Supervisor's Resolution 90-1551 made CERL section 31460.1 operative as a carve-out effective in Orange County as of January 1, 1991, thereby excluding from "compensation" payments made by an employer to an employee or on behalf of an employee, for that employee's participation in a flexible benefit plan, such as the OBP.
- 2. The savings clause in SB 193 is part of the CERL, and was and continues to be valid and enforceable.
- 3. In including the saving clause in SB 193, the Legislature intended to preserve Section 31460.1 in counties where the Board of Supervisors adopted that carve-out by resolution adopted by a majority vote.
- 4. Pursuant to SB 193's saving clause, the Orange County Board of Supervisor's Resolution 90-1551, as action taken by the county prior to May 11, 1992, remains valid and continues the validity of Section 31460.1 currently in the County of Orange.
- 5. By adopting Section 31460.1 by Resolution 90-1551, the County precluded the OCERS Board from including flexible benefit payments such as OBP benefits in a member's compensation, compensation earnable and final average salary.
- 6. The Applicant elected to participate in the OBP program by allocating the \$ 3,500 OBP Dollars to the Health Care Reimbursement Account and to lump sum taxable cash payments each year during his measuring period, i.e., between February 7, 2011 and February 6, 2014.
- 7. OCERS' staff's exclusion of OBP benefits (both for health and dental reimbursements and taxable cash payments within the three year measuring period) from the Applicant's compensation and compensation earnable complied with the CERL at the time the Applicant retired in 2014, according to Section 31460.1, the County's Resolution 90-1551, SB 193's savings clause, and the Board's Resolution 98-001 (which is based in part on County's Resolution 90-1551), notwithstanding the 2002 Settlement Agreement.
- 8. Since the Applicant received the \$1,000 taxable lump sum payment on January 7, 2011, outside the three year measuring period between February 7, 2011 and February 6, 2014, this amount cannot be included in calculating his final compensation.
- 9. To the extent any of the foregoing Conclusions of Law are Findings of Fact, the Board so finds.

VIII. <u>DECISION</u>

The Application of James B. Morell for a recalculated retirement allowance is DENIED.

DATED: _____

Frank Eley, Chair of the Board of Retirement

Exhibit D

I	01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-3 Morell
1	BEFORE THE BOARD OF RETIREMENT OF
2	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM
3 4	PETITIONER'S OBJECTIONS TO OCERS STAFF'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION, AND SUGGESTED CHANGES
5	In the Remanded Matter of the Application of James B. Morell,
6	A Member of the Orange County Employees System For a Recalculated Retirement Allowance
7	
8	Pursuant to the Board's directive of December 13, 2021, Petitioner submits the following
9 10	objections and suggested changes to the Proposed Findings of Facts [sic], Conclusions of Law and Decision submitted by OCERS staff counsel on December 21.
11 12	Preliminarily, Petitioner has identified a couple of minor inaccuracies in the document prepared by OCERS staff counsel which should be corrected:
13 14	At the end of the fourth full paragraph on page 3, "2217 Bates documents." should be replaced with "2217 pages of Bates documents."
15	At the end of Paragraph 8 on page 5, "benefits, including the OBP program." should be replaced with "benefits under the OBP program."
16	
17 18	Petitioner objects to the entirety of the "ISSUE" paragraph enumerated as section IV on
10	page 4, on the ground that the Board appears to be again seeking to avoid addressing the entirety of Petitioner's contentions, albeit implicitly now rather than explicitly as it did in 2018. The multiple formed better formed by the Semanian Court dimensional the Decent file and the decide Detitioner's
20	2018. The writ issued by the Superior Court directs the Board "decide Petitioner's contentions" (plural), not to recast those contentions into a single issue more to the
21	Board's liking. As set forth in his briefs, Petitioner's three principal contentions are as

1	follows (Petitioner suggests this language be utilized in lieu of existing section IV):
2	1. The OBP benefits paid to Petitioner were "paid in cash" under Government Code section 31460, as defined in the 1997 <u>Ventura</u> decision.
3	2. The Board's reliance on the "carve-out" created by former Government Code section
4	31460.1 is misplaced, because that statute was repealed without reenactment in 1992 and the saving clause of the repealing act did not maintain section 31460.1 in operative effect prospectively in counties which had implemented it.
5	3. Even if still operative, the "carve-out" provided by former section 31460.1 is
6	inapplicable because the evidence establishes that Petitioner did not "elect[] to participate
7	in a flexible benefits program," as required by the statute.
8	
9	The Proposed Findings of Facts <i>[sic]</i> , Conclusions of Law and Decision contains no findings or conclusions with regard to the first of these issues. Petitioner objects to the
10	omission and would regard the lack of such findings and conclusions as ground for a
	motion in Superior Court to enforce full compliance with the writ.
11	
12	Petitioner objects to the lack of findings on the following material questions:
13	Whether, under sections 3.6 and 8.1 of the County's Section 125 Plan, reimbursement payments are paid directly to the Participant from the County's general assets.
14	■ Whether "county" in Section 2 of SB 193 has the same meaning as "county" in
15	subsections (7) and (8) of section 3.
16	■ Whether "county" in Section 2 of SB 193 includes OCERS as a county agency.
17	■ Whether the Board, in adopting Resolution 98-001 in early 1998 following the
18	<u>Ventura</u> decision, considered whether employees had elected to participate in the OBP program.
19	■ Whathen under Castion 1.10 of the Country Castion 105 D1 Castion Cast
20	Whether, under Section 1.18 of the County's Section 125 Plan, a Superior Court attorney may only elect the <i>type</i> of benefits to which "OBP dollars" may be allocated
21	during annual Open Enrollment.
	2
I	106

Whether Sections 4.3 and 4.7 of the County's Section 125 Plan provide for payment of the full annual OBP benefit ("OBP dollars") where no election is made under section 2.2 of the Plan.

■ Whether Petitioner was a member of any employee association or bargaining group.

Petitioner also objects to the following proposed factual findings, which are being asserted now for the first time and which have no evidentiary support whatsoever in the record upon which the Board is supposed to be basing its decision:

■ The second sentence of Paragraph 3 on page 5.

Paragraph 9 on page 6. (In addition, the sentence is ambiguous, if not unintelligible – it is unclear what is meant by "applicable," "elective plan" or "the IRS rules".)

The portion of Paragraph 21 on page 7 which states that Petitioner "failed to submit evidence to establish that he actually received any reimbursement from the Health Care Reimbursement Account." (Petitioner testified that he received the full \$3,500 OBP benefit as a payroll cash and cash reimbursement payments in each year during 2011-2024 (AR 956:7-957:10) -- such oral testimony based upon personal knowledge constitutes direct evidence sufficient to establish the fact of Petitioner's receipt of the payments.)

■ Paragraph 23 on page 7.

For what it's worth, Petitioner further objects to the following proposed findings and conclusions, for the reasons stated in Petitioner's briefs:

■ Paragraph 25 on page 7.

Paragraphs 3 and 4 on page 8, insofar as they fail to specify whether the preservation and validity (respectively) is prospective as well as retrospective.

... Paragraphs 6 and 7 on page 8. Respectfully submitted, James B. Morell, Petitioner ē,

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-3 Morell	
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1	
2	PROOF OF ELECTRONIC SERVICE
3	
4	I am over 18 years of age and a resident of Los Angeles County.
5	My residence address is 222 Avenue G, Redondo Beach, CA 90277.
6	
7	My electronic service address is jmorell@aol.com
8	On the date set forth below I served the foregoing PETITIONER'S
9	OBJECTIONS TO OCERS STAFF'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION, AND SUGGESTED
10	CHANGES on the following persons at their email addresses of record:
11	William Singleton wsingleton@ocers.org
12	Dawn Marie Matsuo dmatsuo@ocers.org
13	Dawn Marie Matsuo
14	I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct, and that
15	this declaration was executed on January 4, 2022, at Redondo Beach, County of Los Angeles, California,
16	
17	to le off
18	James B. Morell, Petitioner
19	
20	
21	Page 5 of 5

Exhibit E



VALERIE DESBOROUGH COURT REPORTERS

Writing Verbatim is the Key

BEFORE THE BOARD OF RETIREMENT OF THE

ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION) FOR RETIREMENT OF:) JAMES B. MORELL,)

APPLICANT.

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS TAKEN THROUGH ZOOM VIDEO COMMUNICATIONS OCEANSIDE, CALIFORNIA MONDAY, DECEMBER 13, 2021

CONDENSED

REPORTED BY: VALERIE DESBOROUGH CSR NO. 12317 JOB NO. OC121321

> (714) **401-0254** WritingVerbatim@yahoo.com

1 2	BEFORE THE BOARD OF RETIREMENT OF THE ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	1 2	SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA, MONDAY, DECEMBER 13, 2021 9:57 a.m 11:40 a.m.	
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION) FOR RETIREMENT OF: JAMES B. MORELL, APPLICANT.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: THAT LEADS US TO ITEM D-A-2, DISABILITY APPEAL NUMBER 2. AND THIS IS A MEMBER WHO IS APPEALING HIS OCERS' CALCULATIONS RETIREMENT BENEFIT. THE BOARD WAS PROVIDED WITH A LARGE VOLUME OF MATERIAL INCLUDING ALMOST 3,000 PAGES.	
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	ZOOM VIDEO COMMUNICATIONS, BEGINNING AT 9:57 A.M. AND ENDING AT 11:40 A.M. ON MONDAY, DECEMBER 13, 2021, TAKEN BEFORE VALERIE DESBOROUGH, CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER NO. 12317.	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	TODAY WE ARE GOING TO HEAR FROM OUR MEMBER, JAMES MORELL, AND FROM THE OCERS STAFF ATTORNEY DAWN MATSUO. MR. MORELL IS REPRESENTING HIMSELF. AND I UNDERSTAND THAT HE IS AN ATTORNEY. BEFORE WE HEAR FROM MR. MORELL AND MS. MATSUO, I AM GOING TO TURN IT OVER TO GENERAL COUNSEL, GINA RATTO, TO EXPLAIN THE PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND OF THE CASE AND WHAT WE NEED TO DO TODAY. MR. ELEY HAS HIS HAND UP BEFORE WE GO TO GINA. BOARD MEMBER ELEY: I JUST WANTED TO ASK REAL QUICKLY, DO WE HAVE TO DO NUMBER 1 BEFORE WE DELVE INTO THIS, MS. RATTO, TO SET ASIDE THE PRIOR DECISION SO THAT WE START TO HEAR WHAT YOU ARE SAYING, OR IS THAT NOT A I JUST WANT TO KNOW IF THE PROCEDURE IS CORRECT. GENERAL COUNSEL RATTO: I FEEL THAT MY INTENTION IS TO WALK YOU	4
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	APPEARANCES: BOARD OF RETIREMENT MEMBERS SHAWN DEWANE FRANK ELEY SHARI L. FREIDENRICH ARTHUR HIDALGO WAYNE S. LINBOLM RICHARD OATES CHARLES E. PACKARD CHRIS PREVATT ADELE TAGALOA FOR APPLICANT JAMES B. MORELL: BY: JAMES B. MORELL IN PROPRIA PERSONA 222 AVENUE G REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA 90277 JMORELLEAOL.COM FOR RESPONDENT OCERS: BY: DAWN MATSUO ATTORNEY AT LAW 2223 EAST WELLINGTON AVENUE SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA 92701 (714) 558-6200 DMATSUOGCERS.ORG ALSO PRESENT: STEVE DELANEY - OCERS CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER GINA RATTO - GENERAL COUNSEL HARVEY LEIDERMAN - FIDUCIARY COUNSEL BRITIANY CLEBERG - RECORDING SECRETARY BRENDA SHOLT - OCERS SANTA COUNSEL	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: YOU'RE MUTED NOW. YOU JUST WENT ON MUTE, GINA. GENERAL COUNSEL RATTO: SORRY. MY INTENTION IS TO WALK YOU THROUGH THE PROCEDURE INCLUDING THE NEED FOR THAT FIRST MOTION. SO IF YOU WILL JUST BEAR WITH ME FOR A FEW MINUTES, I'LL PROCEED. SO AS STATED BY CHAIRMAN DEWANE, THIS MATTER IS AN APPEAL BY AN OCERS' MEMBER, JAMES MORELL, CHALLENGING THE WAY THAT OCERS CALCULATED HIS RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE. MR. MORELL CONTENDS THAT OCERS IMPROPERLY EXCLUDED HIS FLEXIBLY BENEFIT PAYMENTS, ALSO REFERRED TO AS OPTIONAL BENEFIT PLAN PAYMENTS OR OBP PAYMENTS, FROM HIS FINAL COMPENSATION WHEN CALCULATING HIS RETIREMENT ALLOWANCE. WHAT BRINGS US HERE TODAY IS THAT MR. MORELL CHALLENGED OCERS' EXCLUSION OF THE OBP PAYMENTS BY FILING A WRIT PETITION IN STATE COURT. AND THE STATE COURT ISSUED A WRIT REMANDING THE CASE BACK TO THE OCERS	
21 22 23	CLAUDIA PEREZ - EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, OCERS CYNTHIA HOCKLESS - DIRECTOR OF HUMAN RESOURCES, OCERS DAVID KIM - DIRECTOR OF INTERNAL AUDIT, OCERS DAVID ACUNA - DISABILITY INVESTIGATOR, OCERS ANTHONY BELTRAN - METWOORK ENGINEER II, OCERS MARK AVIENTO - INTERNAL AUDIT MEETING JEFF LAMBERSON - DIRECTOR OF MEMBER SERVICES L.L. ROBINSON - VICE-PRESIDENT REAOC I.T. OPERATIONS REPRESENTATIVE	20 21 22 23 24 25	BOARD WITH INSTRUCTIONS. SO WE ARE GOING TO NEED TWO ACTIONS FROM THE BOARD TODAY IN ORDER TO SATISFY THE STATE COURT WRIT. FIRST, WE ARE GOING TO NEED THE BOARD TO SET ASIDE ITS PRIOR DECISION IN THIS MATTER DATED OCTOBER 18, 2018.	5

1	AND THEN THE BOARD MUST RECONSIDER THE	1	APPLY TO MR. MORELL.
2	MEMBER'S CONTENTION THAT OCERS IMPROPERLY EXCLUDED OBP	2	BUT FOR PURPOSES OF THE WRIT PROCEEDING, THE
3	PAYMENTS FROM HIS FINAL COMPENSATION SEPARATE AND APART	3	BOARD IS INSTRUCTED BY THE COURT TO SET ASIDE ITS
4	FROM THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT THAT WAS ENTERED INTO IN	4	DECISION IN 2018 WHICH WAS BASED ON THE SETTLEMENT
5	2002 IN A CLASS ACTION CASE CALLED IN RE: RETIREMENT		AGREEMENT AND TO EXAMINE MR. MORELL'S CONTENTIONS
6	CASES.		SEPARATE AND APART FROM THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.
7	THE BOARD FIRST CONSIDERED THIS MATTER IN	7	
1			
8	AUGUST 2018. THAT'S FROM WHERE THE THE DECISION CAME		WHETHER THE OBP PAYMENTS SHOULD HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN
	DATED OCTOBER 18, 2018, WHICH THE COURT INSTRUCTED THE		THE CALCULATION OF THE MEMBER'S FINAL COMPENSATION UNDER
10	BOARD TO SET ASIDE TODAY.		THE LAW IN EFFECT WHEN THE MEMBER RETIRED IN 2014.
11	WHEN THE BOARD CONSIDERED THE CASE IN 2018,		BUT FIRST, WE NEED A MOTION BY THE BOARD TO
12	THE BOARD LIMITED ITS REVIEW TO ONLY TWO QUESTIONS.	12	SET ASIDE ITS DECISION DATED OCTOBER 2018 AND REOPEN
13	FIRST, WHETHER OCERS AND THE MEMBER WERE BOUND BY THE	13	THIS MATTER.
14	2002 COURT-APPROVED SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT IN THE IN RE:	14	SO I WOULD ASK THAT THE CHAIR PLEASE CALL FOR
15	RETIREMENT CASES; AND, SECOND, WHETHER OCERS' STAFF HAD	15	THE QUESTION.
16	CALCULATED THE MEMBER'S BENEFIT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THAT	16	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR
17	2002 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.	17	THAT.
18	THE BOARD ANSWERED BOTH OF THE QUESTIONS IN	18	ARE THERE ANY QUESTIONS AT THIS POINT?
19	THE AFFIRMATIVE, FINDING THAT THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT	19	OKAY. SEEING NONE, IS THERE A MOTION?
20	ALONE WAS DISPOSITIVE ON THE ISSUE OF WHETHER THE	20	BOARD MEMBERE ELEY: SO MOVED, MR. CHAIR.
21	EXCLUSION OF OBP PAYMENTS WAS CORRECT.	21	NUMBER 1, SET ASIDE ITS PRIOR ADMINISTRATIVE
22	AS I MENTIONED, THE MEMBER THEN FILED A	22	DECISION AS OF OCTOBER 18, 2018, IN THIS MATTER.
23	PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE IN THE STATE COURT	23	BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: SECOND.
24	CHALLENGING THE BOARD'S DECISION ISSUED IN OCTOBER OF	24	BOARD MEMBER PACKARD: SECOND.
25	2018.	25	BOARD MEMBER TAGALOA: SECOND THE MOTION.
		6	8
1	THE STATE COURT ISSUED A WRIT IN THIS CASE	1	
	THE STATE COURT ISSUED A WRIT IN THIS CASE WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO THE OCERS BOARD BECAUSE THE COURT		BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: OH, GOD. CHAIRMAN DEWANE: WHAT'S THAT?
			CHAIRMAN DEWANE: WHAT'S THAT?
	WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO THE OCERS BOARD BECAUSE THE COURT	2	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: WHAT'S THAT?
	WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO THE OCERS BOARD BECAUSE THE COURT WANTED TO SEE MORE ANALYSIS BY THE OCERS BOARD THAN JUST	2	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: WHAT'S THAT? BOARD MEMBER TAGALOA: I THINK WE SPOKE AT THE SAME TIME, MR. PREVATT.
	WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO THE OCERS BOARD BECAUSE THE COURT WANTED TO SEE MORE ANALYSIS BY THE OCERS BOARD THAN JUST THE ANALYSIS OF THE PENSIONABILITY OF OBP PAYMENTS UNDER	2 3 4 5	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: WHAT'S THAT? BOARD MEMBER TAGALOA: I THINK WE SPOKE AT THE SAME TIME, MR. PREVATT.
2 3 4 5	WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO THE OCERS BOARD BECAUSE THE COURT WANTED TO SEE MORE ANALYSIS BY THE OCERS BOARD THAN JUST THE ANALYSIS OF THE PENSIONABILITY OF OBP PAYMENTS UNDER THAT 2002 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.	2 3 4 5	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: WHAT'S THAT? BOARD MEMBER TAGALOA: I THINK WE SPOKE AT THE SAME TIME, MR. PREVATT. BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: AND I THINK MR. PACKARD, TOO.
2 3 4 5	WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO THE OCERS BOARD BECAUSE THE COURT WANTED TO SEE MORE ANALYSIS BY THE OCERS BOARD THAN JUST THE ANALYSIS OF THE PENSIONABILITY OF OBP PAYMENTS UNDER THAT 2002 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT. THE COURT REMANDED THE CASE TO THE OCERS	2 3 4 5 6	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: WHAT'S THAT? BOARD MEMBER TAGALOA: I THINK WE SPOKE AT THE SAME TIME, MR. PREVATT. BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: AND I THINK MR. PACKARD, TOO. ANYWAY, I'LL YIELD TO ADELE.
2 3 4 5	WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO THE OCERS BOARD BECAUSE THE COURT WANTED TO SEE MORE ANALYSIS BY THE OCERS BOARD THAN JUST THE ANALYSIS OF THE PENSIONABILITY OF OBP PAYMENTS UNDER THAT 2002 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT. THE COURT REMANDED THE CASE TO THE OCERS BOARD, INSTRUCTING THE BOARD TO SET ASIDE ITS DECISION	2 3 4 5 6 7	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: WHAT'S THAT? BOARD MEMBER TAGALOA: I THINK WE SPOKE AT THE SAME TIME, MR. PREVATT. BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: AND I THINK MR. PACKARD, TOO. ANYWAY, I'LL YIELD TO ADELE. CHAIRMAN DEWANE: ADELE HAS
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1	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: AYE.	1 THAT SINCE MR. MORELL DOES NOT HAVE ACCESS TO DILIGENT,
2	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEBERG: MR. ELEY?	2 HE MAY AT TIMES MAKE REFERENCE TO PAGES OF THE
3	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: YES.	3 ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD, IN WHICH CASE HE IS REFERRING TO
4	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEBERG: MR. PACKARD?	4 THE SEPARATE BATES STAMPED PAGE NUMBERS.
5	BOARD MEMBER PACKARD: YES.	5 SO A LITTLE BIT CONFUSING, BUT WE ARE ALL HERE
6	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEBERG: CHAIR DEWANE?	6 TO HELP THE BOARD UNDERSTAND WHAT WE ALL ARE TALKING
7	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: YES.	7 ABOUT IN HOW TO NAVIGATE THROUGH THESE THIS VERY
8	OKAY. GINA, I'M JUST GOING TO GO BACK TO YOU	8 LARGE ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD.
9	NOW.	9 THE PARTIES WILL NOW PRESENT THEIR ORAL
10	DO WE DO SOMETHING WITH NUMBER 2 HERE, THE	10 ARGUMENTS TO THE BOARD. AS THE APPLICANT, MR. MORELL
11	RECONSIDERATION?	11 WILL GO FIRST. HE WILL HAVE 20 MINUTES.
12	GENERAL COUNSEL RATTO: YES. THANK YOU.	12 OCERS' STAFF ATTORNEY DAWN MATSUO WILL THEN
13	SO THE BOARD MUST NOW TURN TO THE QUESTION OF	13 PRESENT OCERS' ARGUMENT. AND SHE WILL ALSO HAVE 20
14	WHETHER THE EXCLUSION OF OPTIONAL PLAN PAYMENTS FOR	14 MINUTES.
15	MR. MORELL'S FINAL COMPENSATION WAS VALID UNDER THE CERL	15 THE BOARD IS FREE TO ASK QUESTIONS DURING THE
16	AND RELATED LAWS AS THE LAWS EXISTED AT THE TIME	16 PRESENTATIONS OR HOLD THE QUESTIONS UNTIL THE END.
17	MR. MORELL RETIRED IN 2014 WITHOUT REGARD TO THE 20	17 IF THERE ARE NO PROCEDURAL QUESTIONS FROM THE
	TO THE 2002 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.	18 BOARD, WE'LL TURN IT OVER TO MR. MORELL.
19	BEFORE WE HEAR ORAL ARGUMENT FROM MR. MORELL	19 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: THANK YOU.
	AND MS. MATSUO, I WANT TO STATE FOR THE RECORD THAT WE	20 IS THERE ARE THERE ANY QUESTIONS, COMMENTS,
	HAVE A COURT REPORTER IN ATTENDANCE WHO IS TRANSCRIBING	21 OR CONCERNS FROM ANY MEMBER OF THE BOARD?
	THIS MATTER.	22 THANK YOU VERY MUCH.
22	SO IT WILL BE EVEN MORE IMPORTANT THAN USUAL	23 MR. MORELL, WELCOME. AND COULD YOU JUST
		24 CONFIRM FOR THE RECORD THAT YOU'RE REPRESENTING YOURSELF
	THAT THE BOARD MEMBERS AND THE PARTIES NOT INTERRUPT	
20	EACH OTHER DURING THE PROCEEDINGS SO THAT THE COURT 1 0	25 AND THAT YOU ARE AN ATTORNEY? 1 2
1	REPORTER CAN TELL WHO IS SPEAKING.	1 MR. MORELL: THAT IS TRUE. YES, I AM JAMES
2		
	IT WOULD BE MOST HELPFUL IF EVERYONE WOULD	2 MORELL, REPRESENTING MYSELF. I AM AN ATTORNEY, INACTIVE
	IT WOULD BE MOST HELPFUL IF EVERYONE WOULD PLEASE USE THE RAISE-YOUR-HAND FEATURE IN ZOOM AND WAIT	2 MORELL, REPRESENTING MYSELF. I AM AN ATTORNEY, INACTIVE 3 AND RETIRED.
3	PLEASE USE THE RAISE-YOUR-HAND FEATURE IN ZOOM AND WAIT	3 AND RETIRED.
3 4	PLEASE USE THE RAISE-YOUR-HAND FEATURE IN ZOOM AND WAIT TO BE RECOGNIZED BY THE CHAIR BEFORE SPEAKING.	3 AND RETIRED. 4 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: OKAY. GREAT.
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1	98-001, WHICH WAS ADOPTED AFTER THE VENTURA DECISION.		CONTAINED A LOT OF MY LEGAL ARGUMENTS. IT ALSO OMITTED	
2	AND THIS THIS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT	2	THE REPLY AND RESPONSE BRIEFS THAT THAT BOTH STAFF	
3	PURPORTED TO INCORPORATE THE ENTIRETY OF RESOLUTION	3	COUNSEL AND I FILED IN THIS CASE.	
4	98-001 AND TO PREVENT ANY CHALLENGES TO THE SETTLEMENT	4	SO I HOPE THAT I WAS ASSURED OVER THE	
5	AGREEMENT.	5	WEEKEND THAT THOSE DOCUMENTS HAD BEEN INCLUDED IN THE	
6	NOW, I LITIGATED THAT IN IN SUPERIOR COURT.	6	MATERIALS SENT TO YOU.	
7	AND I WON. THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT IS NO LONGER AN	7	IF ANYBODY CAN CONFIRM THAT, THAT WOULD BE	
8	ISSUE. MS. RATTO CAN SAY UNTIL THE END OF TIME THAT	8	GREAT.	
9	IT'S THAT YOU GUYS ARE RESERVING YOUR POSITION.	9	BUT MS. RATTO JUST SPECIFICALLY MENTIONED THE	
10	I THINK YOU ARE NOT WELL SERVED BY THAT. I	10	OPENING BRIEFS. SHE DIDN'T SAY THAT THE REPLIES THE	
11	WOULD ENCOURAGE YOU TO GO TO THE SUPERIOR COURT WEBSITE,	11	REPLY AND THE RESPONSE HAD BEEN INCLUDED, WHICH LEADS ME	
12	PUT IN THE PUT IN THE CASE NUMBER.	12	TO BE CONCERNED, AGAIN, THAT YOU MAY NOT HAVE GOTTEN THE	
13	WE DIDN'T INCLUDE ALL THE DOCUMENTS FROM THE	13	ENTIRETY OF MATERIALS.	
14	SUPERIOR COURT DECISION, INCLUDING THE MEMORAN THE	14	IF ANYBODY CAN CONFIRM THAT YOU'VE RECEIVED	
15	DECISIONS, I BELIEVE, WHERE THE OBJECTION SET IT ASIDE.	15	THE REPLY AND RESPONSE, THAT WOULD BE GOOD TO KNOW.	
16	THE POINT IS YOU CAN GO READ THE THE	16	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: MS. RATTO.	
17	ALAMEDA CASE. READ WHAT IT SAYS. YOU CANNOT HAVE A	17	GENERAL COUNSEL RATTO: YES. I BELIEVE I	
		18	STATED THAT THE OPENING AND THE RESPONSIVE BRIEFS OF	
			BOTH MR. MORELL AND OCERS, THE DECLARATIONS AND EXHIBITS	
20	NOBODY CAN YOU CAN'T DO IT BY CONTRACT.		FROM BOTH PARTIES HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN THE RECORD.	
	YOU CAN'T OPT OUT. NOBODY CAN. YOU CAN'T DO IT THROUGH		I PERSONALLY CHECKED. AFTER YOU SENT YOUR	
	COLLECTIVE BARGAINING. YOU CAN'T DO IT THROUGH A		EMAIL, MR. MORELL, OVER THE WEEKEND, I PERSONALLY WENT	
	SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.		BACK AND CHECKED DILIGENT AGAIN AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL	
23	THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT WEIGHED IN ON		OF THOSE MATERIALS WERE INCLUDED IN THE DILIGENT	
	THAT. AND THEY DID THAT AFTER THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		MATERIALS.	
25		2.5	1 6	
1	FILED AN INTERVENING BRIEF IN THE IN THE ALAMEDA CASE	1	OUR PARALEGAL. BILL SINGLETON. INDEPENDENTLY	
	FILED AN INTERVENING BRIEF IN THE IN THE ALAMEDA CASE ON THAT VERY POINT BECAUSE THEY WERE CONCERNED BECAUSE		OUR PARALEGAL, BILL SINGLETON, INDEPENDENTLY ALSO CHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL OF THOSE MATERIALS	
2	ON THAT VERY POINT BECAUSE THEY WERE CONCERNED BECAUSE	2	ALSO CHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL OF THOSE MATERIALS	
2 3	ON THAT VERY POINT BECAUSE THEY WERE CONCERNED BECAUSE NO ONLY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA APPARENTLY HAS AN	2 3	ALSO CHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL OF THOSE MATERIALS ARE THERE.	
2 3 4	ON THAT VERY POINT BECAUSE THEY WERE CONCERNED BECAUSE NO ONLY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA APPARENTLY HAS AN INTEREST IN MAKING SURE THAT RETIREES GET WHAT THEY'RE	2 3 4	ALSO CHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL OF THOSE MATERIALS ARE THERE. MR. SINGLETON ALSO WAS IN THE OFFICE THIS	
2 3 4 5	ON THAT VERY POINT BECAUSE THEY WERE CONCERNED BECAUSE NO ONLY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA APPARENTLY HAS AN INTEREST IN MAKING SURE THAT RETIREES GET WHAT THEY'RE SUPPOSED TO GET UNDER THE STATUTE.	2 3 4 5	ALSO CHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL OF THOSE MATERIALS ARE THERE. MR. SINGLETON ALSO WAS IN THE OFFICE THIS MORNING. AND HE BELIEVES THAT HE SENT YOU THE HARD	
2 3 4 5 6	ON THAT VERY POINT BECAUSE THEY WERE CONCERNED BECAUSE NO ONLY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA APPARENTLY HAS AN INTEREST IN MAKING SURE THAT RETIREES GET WHAT THEY'RE SUPPOSED TO GET UNDER THE STATUTE. OTHER PARTIES HAVE AN INTEREST, A	2 3 4 5 6	ALSO CHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL OF THOSE MATERIALS ARE THERE. MR. SINGLETON ALSO WAS IN THE OFFICE THIS MORNING. AND HE BELIEVES THAT HE SENT YOU THE HARD COPIES OF ALL OF THOSE DOCUMENTS.	
2 3 4 5 6 7	ON THAT VERY POINT BECAUSE THEY WERE CONCERNED BECAUSE NO ONLY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA APPARENTLY HAS AN INTEREST IN MAKING SURE THAT RETIREES GET WHAT THEY'RE SUPPOSED TO GET UNDER THE STATUTE. OTHER PARTIES HAVE AN INTEREST, A SELF-INTEREST IN BARGAINING IT AWAY AND BASICALLY	2 3 4 5 6 7	ALSO CHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL OF THOSE MATERIALS ARE THERE. MR. SINGLETON ALSO WAS IN THE OFFICE THIS MORNING. AND HE BELIEVES THAT HE SENT YOU THE HARD COPIES OF ALL OF THOSE DOCUMENTS. YOU INDICATED IN YOUR EMAIL ON SATURDAY THAT	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	ON THAT VERY POINT BECAUSE THEY WERE CONCERNED BECAUSE NO ONLY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA APPARENTLY HAS AN INTEREST IN MAKING SURE THAT RETIREES GET WHAT THEY'RE SUPPOSED TO GET UNDER THE STATUTE. OTHER PARTIES HAVE AN INTEREST, A SELF-INTEREST IN BARGAINING IT AWAY AND BASICALLY CREATING THEIR OWN PARALLEL SYSTEMS OF LAW. ALAMEDA SAYS YOU CAN'T DO THAT. OKAY? SO THAT IS SETTLED. MS. RATTO CAN YOU KNOW, I DON'T WANT TO BE PERSONAL HERE, BUT I REALLY DON'T THINK OCERS HAS BEEN WELL SERVED THROUGH THE YEARS BY COUNSELS' ADVICE, NOT ONLY BY MS. RATTO, BUT FIDUCIARY COUNSEL, ALSO. I'LL GET TO THAT. SO ANYWAY, ALSO, ABOUT THE PACKAGE SORRY FOR A PROCEDURAL THING HERE. SHE SAID THAT YOU SHOULD HAVE THE OPENING BRIEFS. THAT IS TRUE. THE MATERIALS I GOT, WHICH WERE HARD COPIES, BECAUSE I COULDN'T I COULD NOT OPEN THE EMAIL CONTAINING THE ELECTRONIC BRIEFS, THE ELECTRONIC PACKET THAT YOU GUYS RECEIVED. THE ONE I GOT OMITTED SEVERAL THINGS. IT	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	ALSO CHECKED AND CONFIRMED THAT ALL OF THOSE MATERIALS ARE THERE. MR. SINGLETON ALSO WAS IN THE OFFICE THIS MORNING. AND HE BELIEVES THAT HE SENT YOU THE HARD COPIES OF ALL OF THOSE DOCUMENTS. YOU INDICATED IN YOUR EMAIL ON SATURDAY THAT YOU HAD THE DOCUMENTS INDEPENDENTLY OF WHAT MR. SINGLETON SENT TO YOU, AND THAT YOU HAD NO PROBLEM WITH PROCEEDING THIS MORNING PROVIDED THAT THE BOARD RECEIVE ALL OF THE MATERIALS. AND I AM ASSURING YOU THAT THE BOARD HAS RECEIVED ALL OF THE MATERIALS. MR. MORELL: OKAY. I APPRECIATE THAT. I'M A LITTLE CONCERNED THAT. SO I'M NOT SURE. WELL, ANYWAY, YOU KNOW, ONE THING I DO WANT TO SAY, THERE'S A LOT OF MATERIALS HERE, AND I A LOT OF IT IS LEGAL, LEGAL MATTERS. THESE ARE LEGAL ISSUES. AND IN SOME RESPECTS YOU GUYS ARE THE JUDGES HERE, WHICH WHICH PROBABLY MAKES YOU FEEL A LITTLE BIT UNCOMFORTABLE. AND YOU CERTAINLY HAVE AN INCLINATION TO RELY	

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	BUT I'M I'M PURSUING THIS BECAUSE I THINK THIS IS THIS IS WHAT'S RIGHT. THIS IS NOT A HUGE AMOUNT OF MONEY INVOLVED FOR ME. BUT, YOU KNOW, I I CHAIRMAN DEWANE: MR MR. MORELL: FOR SOME REASON YEAH. I'M SORRY. GO AHEAD. CHAIRMAN DEWANE: MR. MORELL, YOU KNOW, I'M JUST GOING TO RESPECTFULLY MAKE A SUGGESTION THAT YOU YOU, YOU KNOW, CONTAIN YOUR REMARKS TO THOSE ITEMS THAT YOU THINK WOULD BE PERSUASIVE TO THE BOARD AS TO WHY THE DECISION WAS MADE INCORRECTLY, WHY WE SHOULD RECONSIDER IT. WE HAVE ALLOTTED ONE HOUR FOR THIS DISCUSSION. 20 MINUTES FOR QUESTIONS OF THE BOARD MEMBERS, 20 MINUTES FOR MS. MATSUO TO RESPOND TO YOUR REMARKS, AND 20 MINUTES FOR YOU.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	APPEAL CASE IN AROUND 1994, I BELIEVE IT WAS, EARLIER THAN THAT MAYBE. ANYWAY, IT BASICALLY HELD THAT THE BOARDS OF RETIREMENT HAD FLEXIBILITY WITH REGARD TO A LOT OF THESE TYPES OF BENEFITS. AND THERE WAS ANOTHER CASE, HOWARD JARVIS CASE. SO WHAT VENTURA SAYS IS THAT WE HAVE TO READ THE STATUTE LITERALLY. IT SAID THE STATUTE SAYS BENEFITS PAID AS CASH; QUOTE, UNQUOTE, PAID AS CASH. NOW, THE BENEFITS AT ISSUE HERE, THESE ARE OBP 0 OPTIONAL BENEFIT PLAN PAYMENTS. THE PAYMENTS THE RECORD IS UNCONTESTED. YOU CAN CHECK THAT IF YOU WANT. I'M SURE YOU DON'T WANT TO. BUT ANYWAY, IT'S ALL IN THERE. THE THE BENEFITS WERE PAID AS CASH. AND THERE'S TWO WAYS THAT I GOT THEM AS CASH. ONE IS YOU CAN YOU CAN GET REIMBURSED FOR HEALTHCARE BENEFITS. YOU SUBMIT A CLAIM TO ORANGE COUNTY. BASICALLY THERE'S AN ADMINISTRATOR. YOU SEND IT IN. THEY SEND YOU A CHECK OR YOU KNOW, I THINK IT WAS A CHECK. BUT ANYWAYS, CASH. I DON'T THINK THEY DIDN'T PRINT IT AS A PAYCHECK. BUT ANYWAY, IT WAS CASH. AND THE OTHER THE OTHER TYPE OF CASH THAT THEY GAVE YOU IS IF YOU ELECT TO DO NOTHING OR IF YOU	2 0	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MINUTES INTO THIS PORTION OF THE HEARING. IF THERE'S SOMETHING THAT YOU WOULD LIKE TO SAY THAT WE WOULD FIND PERSUASIVE, NOW WOULD BE THE TIME TO SAY IT. MR. MORELL: THANK YOU. I APPRECIATE THAT. BUT I DO WANT TO GIVE SOME CONTEXT HERE. AND, UNFORTUNATELY, I I PUT MOST OF I REALLY HAVE TO COMMEND RECOMMEND THAT YOU READ WHAT I WROTE. AND I CAN'T REALLY ADD TOO MUCH TO THAT. I'LL TRY TO SUMMARIZE IT AND WALK YOU THROUGH IT. IF YOU HAVEN'T READ IT, YOU'RE GOING TO END UP JUST RELYING ON COUNSEL THAT YOU THAT YOU GENERALLY TRUST IN THESE MATTERS, AND THAT'S THE POINT I'M TRYING TO MAKE. IT REQUIRES A LOT OF WORK. AND HERE YOU'RE ACTING AS IN SOMEWHAT OF AN UNFAMILIAR ROLE. AND THAT'S DIFFICULT, AND I UNDERSTAND THAT. ANYWAY, I JUST WANT TO SAY A LITTLE BIT ON HOW I TALKED ABOUT HOW WE GOT HERE A LITTLE BIT. THE VENTURA DECISION. THIS ALL INVOLVES THE VENTURA DECISION. PRIOR TO 1997 WHEN THAT DECISION CAME DOWN BY THE CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT, IT WAS GENERALLY REGARDED THAT THESE TYPES OF BENEFITS WERE WERE DISCRETIONARY WITH THE BOARDS OF RETIREMENT.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	ACTUALLY AFFIRMATIVELY CHOOSE IT, YOU GET THE ENTIRE \$3500 ANNUAL BENEFIT AS CASH IN YOUR FIRST PAYCHECK OF THE NEW YEAR. SO THESE ARE CASH BENEFITS, CASH PAYMENTS. CALIFORNIA SUPREME COURT IN IN VENTURA, WHICH IS THE CONTROLLING DECISION HERE, SAID PAID AS CASH MEANS PAID AS CASH. VERY SIMPLE. THEY MADE IT VERY SIMPLE. THEY CALL IT A RED LINE. IN SUBSEQUENT COURSES CASES AND CASE LAW, COURTS OF APPEAL HAVE REFERRED TO IT AS A RED LINE, AND THEY TREATED IT AS SUCH. NOW, I JUST WANT TO MENTION THAT IN IN OCERS' RESPONSE, STAFF COUNSEL'S RESPONSE BRIEF, THEY SAY THE PENSIONABLE TREATMENT OF OBP BENEFITS AS FLEXIBLE BENEFITS WAS NOT REALLY REQUIRED TO BE PENSIONABLE BEFORE FORMER SECTION 31460.1; AND, THEREFORE, IT'S REPEAL BY SECTION 193 DID NOT CHANGE THAT. WELL, WHAT CHANGED IT WAS VENTURA. SO SO THAT'S THE KEY HERE. AND WHAT HAPPENED AFTER THE VENTURA DECISION, THIS BOARD BASICALLY COMMISSIONED FIDUCIARY COUNSEL TO MAKE AN ANAL TO UNDERTAKE AN ANALYSIS OF THE EFFECTS OF THAT DECISION. THE EXHIBIT B TO MY DECLARATION AND BY THE WAY, EXHIBIT B TO MY DECLARATION DOES NOT CONSIST OF	2 1	

1	HUNDREDS OF PAGES OF DOCUMENTS. I HOPE THEY GAVE IT TO	1	NOW, WHERE WE PART WAYS IS WHAT HAPPENED AFTER	
2	YOU CORRECTLY.	2	IT WAS REPEALED.	
3	BUT ANYWAY, IT'S VERY FEW PAGES. IT'S THE	3	AND AND THE PROBLEM IS ONE OF THE	
4	SUMMARY TAKEN FROM A PRIOR COURT DECISION. IT'S THE	4	PROBLEMS IS THAT THE REPEAL OF THE STATUTE BASICALLY	
5	MINUTES OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE IN EARLY 1998 AND THE	5	MEANS IT'S IT'S IT BECOMES INEFFECTIVE. IT'S	
6	BOARD MEETING IN 1998 WHERE ALL THESE THINGS WERE	6	NEGATED. IT'S NO LONGER ON THE BOOKS.	
7			SO THE QUESTION AND WHAT MR. LEIDERMAN'S	
8	MR. LIEDERMAN ADDRESSED THE BOARD, PRESENTED		ANALYSIS LED TO WAS BECAUSE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	
	•			
9	HIS ANALYSIS. AND, FRANKLY, WHAT I'M WHAT MY		ALREADY ADOPTED THIS IN ORANGE COUNTY, IT'S STILL IN	
			EFFECT, IN PERPETUITY IN EFFECT.	
11			NOW AND THE REASON FOR THAT AND AND JUST	
12	BUT HE WAS WRONG. OKAY. HE GAVE A SHODDY	12	TO BE CLEAR, THERE'S CASE LAW THAT SAYS IN THIS TYPE OF	
13	ANALYSIS, FRANKLY. AND WHAT HE DID WAS HE SAID HE	13	SITUATION WHERE YOU HAVE A STATUTE SUCH AS A FORMER	
14	SAID THAT EVEN THOUGH HE ACKNOWLEDGED THAT BECAUSE THESE	14	GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION AND IT'S REPEALED, EVEN THOUGH	
15	OPTIONAL BENEFIT PAYMENTS ARE PAID AS CASH, THAT	15	IT WAS ADOPTED AND IS FASHIONED BY THE BOARD OF	
16	NORMALLY THEY WOULD BE COVERED UNDER VENTURA AND THAT	16	SUPERVISORS, THE BOARD OF SUPERVISOR'S ACTION BECOMES A	
17	THEY WOULD HAVE TO BE INCLUDED IN PENSIONABLE BENEFITS	17	NULLITY UPON THE REPEAL OF THE STATUTE.	
			NOW, THAT'S THE RANSOME-CRUMMEY LINE OF CASES.	
19			I HOPE I HOPE YOU REVIEW THE PAPERS AND YOU SEE THAT	
			LINE OF CASES.	
			IT'S A 100-YEAR-OLD SUPREME COURT DECISION.	
			THERE'S NEVER BEEN ANY OTHER WAY. NO OTHER COURT HAS	
23			HELD OTHERWISE. AND STAFF COUNSEL HAS NOT CITED ANY	
	·		CASE TO THE CONTRARY.	
25		25	SO THAT'S SETTLED LAW. THE RESOLUTION IN	
	2 2		Z 4	
1	HAD BEEN GRANDFATHERED INTO THIS.	1	ITSELF, AS A RESOLUTION, CANNOT CONTRAVENE STATE LAW,	
2	NOW, WHAT FORMER SECTION 31460.1 DID I CAN		THE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ACT, ANY MORE THAN A	
3	QUOTE IT HERE IT SAYS, COMPENSATION SHALL NOT INCLUDE	3	SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT CAN. STATE LAW CONTROLS OVER THE	
4	EMPLOYER BENEFITS INCLUDING CASH PAYMENTS MADE TO OR ON	4	ACTIONS OF THE COUNTY BOARD.	
5	BEHALF OF THEIR EMPLOYEES WHO HAVE ELECTED TO	5	NOW, WHAT MR. LEIDERMAN ALSO RELIED ON IS THE	
6	PARTICIPATE IN A FLEXIBLE BENEFITS PROGRAM WHERE THOSE	6	SAVINGS CLAUSE IN THE STATUTE THAT REPEALED THIS	
7	PAYMENTS REFLECT AMOUNTS THAT EXCEED THEIR EMPLOYEES'	7	SECTION.	
8	SALARIES.	8	WHAT THAT SAVINGS CLAUSE SAID IS NOTHING IN	
	NOW, THE SECOND SECTION SAYS: THIS SECTION	9	THIS ACT IS INTENDED TO OR SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO AFFECT	
			THE VALIDITY OF ANY ACTION TAKEN BY A COUNTY PURSUANT TO	
			SECTION 31460.1 OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE PRIOR TO THE	
			EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT.	
13			OKAY. AND SO HE LOOKED AT THAT AND HE SAID,	
14			GREAT. WE'RE GRANDFATHERED IN. AND BECAUSE BECAUSE	
15			THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS' ACTION IN ADOPTING	
16	1991.		THIS THIS PROVISION OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE WAS AN	
17	SO AND SO COUNSEL STAFF COUNSEL AND I	17	ACTION BY THE COUNTY AND IT WAS DONE PRIOR TO THE	
18	ARE IN AGREEMENT THAT DURING ALL OF 1991 AND UP UNTIL	18	EFFECTIVE PRIOR TO THE REPEAL OF THE STATUTE;	
19	THE STATUTE WAS REPEALED ON MAY 14TH OF 1992, THAT	19	THEREFORE, WE'RE GOOD. WE'RE GOOD FOREVER. IT'S IN	
20	THAT BASICALLY EVERYTHING THAT HAPPENED WAS WAS	20	THERE.	
21	EXCLUDABLE.	21	I'M HERE TO TELL YOU THAT THAT IS NOT GOOD.	
22			IT'S NOT SOUND LEGAL ANALYSIS. IT'S WRONG, AND I'LL	
			TELL YOU WHY.	
			FIRST OF ALL, THE THE ACTION BY THE COUNTY	
			IN ADOPTING IN ADOPTING THAT FORMER SECTION, ALL IT	
۷J	REFERED STRIDLE DOKING THAT TIME FERIOD. 2 3	٤J	IN ADDELING IN ADDELING THAT FORMER SECTION, ALL II 2 5	
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				21

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	DID WAS ADOPT THE STATUTE, AND THEY ADOPTED IT EFFECTIVE	1 EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT.
2	JANUARY 1ST, 1991.	2 WELL, THAT'S FINE. AND THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
3	THAT DOESN'T THEY DID NOT THAT ACTION	3 THE ACT WAS MAY 14, 1992.
4	DID NOT IN ITSELF PUT IT IN EFFECT IN PERPETUITY. AND,	4 NOW, WHAT HAPPENED AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF
5	GENERALLY, THERE IS CASE LAW ON THIS. IF YOU ARE GOING	5 THE ACT WAS OCERS ADOPTED THIS - I CALL IT THIS
6	TO MAINTAIN A STATUTE IN EFFECT, WHAT YOU DO IS YOU	6 RESOLUTION IN THE WAKE OF VENTURA, RESOLUTION 98-001.
7	AMEND THE STATUTE.	7 THAT ADOPTION OF THAT RESOLUTION WAS NOT
8	IF THE LEGISLATURE REPEALS A STATUTE RATHER	8 WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE. THAT WAS NOT AN
9	THAN AMENDS IT, IT'S NO LONGER IN EFFECT. SO IF SO	9 ACTION TAKEN PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ACT.
10	WHAT MR. LEIDERMAN SAYS, THIS THIS THING IS DONE BY	10 YOU CAN'T DO IT. IT'S NO LONGER YOU CAN'T
11	GRANDFATHERING IT INTO EFFECT, WHAT THE LEGISLATURE	11 DO THAT UNDER THE REPEALED STATUTE. ONLY ACTIONS TAKEN
12	WOULD HAVE DONE IS SAY, EXCEPT FOR EXCEPT IN COUNTIES	12 PRIOR TO THE DATE OF THE STATUTE'S APPEAL ARE VALID.
13	WHERE IT HAS ALREADY BEEN ENACTED, THE STATUTE IS	13 ADOPTION OF INSOFAR AS RESOLUTION 98-001
14	REPEALED OR THE THE STATUTE IS AMENDED TO PROVIDE	14 DIFFERS FROM THE CERL, IT'S INVALID UNDER THE CERL.
15	THAT ONLY IN COUNTIES WHERE THE STATUTE WAS ADOPTED	15 NOW, THE STATUTE, 31460.1, WAS PART OF THE
16	PRIOR TO THIS REPEAL, IT SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT.	16 CERL. IT IS NO LONGER AND HASN'T BEEN SINCE MAY 1992.
17	THAT'S NOT WHAT THE LEGISLATURE DID. WHAT	17 SO, THE OTHER NOW OKAY.
18	THEY SAY IS, NOTHING IN THIS ACT IS INTENDED TO BE OR	18 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: MR. MORELL, WE ARE GETTING
19	SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO AFFECT THE VALIDITY OF ANY ACTION	19 ON TO 30 MINUTES HERE.
20	TAKEN BY THE COUNTY PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS	20 MR. MORELL: I UNDERSTAND. I APPRECIATE THAT.
	ACT.	21 MAY I HAVE A FEW MORE MINUTES? MS. RATTO TOOK A FEW
22	OKAY. SO IT'S CLEAR FROM THE FROM LANGUAGE	22 MINUTES OF MY TIME OFF.
23	ELSEWHERE IN THIS REPEALING LEGISLATION THAT WHAT	23 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: I UNDERSTAND. THAT'S WHY
24	WHEN THEY WHEN THEY'RE TALKING ABOUT ACTION BY A	 24 I'M LETTING YOU GO UNTIL GO UNTIL 10:30. SO THAT 25 MR. MORELL: THAT WASN'T 20 MINUTES ANYWAY.
20	COUNTY, YES, THAT INCLUDES THE ACTION BY THE BOARD OF 2 6	25 MR. MORELL: THAT WASN'T 20 MINUTES ANYWAY. 2 8
1	SUPERVISING SUPERVISORS ADOPTING THIS THIS	1 BUT OKAY. THAT'S FINE.
1 2	SUPERVISING SUPERVISORS ADOPTING THIS THIS REPEALED STATUTE.	1 BUT OKAY. THAT'S FINE. 2 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP.
-		
2	REPEALED STATUTE.	2 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP.
2 3 4	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS	2 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. 3 MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK
2 3 4	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE	2 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. 3 MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK 4 YOU.
2 3 4 5	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY OCERS DURING THAT	2 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. 3 MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK 4 YOU. 5 OKAY. SO SO ANYWAY, BASED ON THE LANGUAGE
2 3 4 5 6	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY OCERS DURING THAT PERIOD, 1991 TO MID 1992, MAY 1992, WHILE THE STATUTE	 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK YOU. OKAY. SO SO ANYWAY, BASED ON THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE, IT SIMPLY DOESN'T FOR TWO
2 3 4 5 6 7	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY OCERS DURING THAT PERIOD, 1991 TO MID 1992, MAY 1992, WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT.	 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK YOU. OKAY. SO SO ANYWAY, BASED ON THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE, IT SIMPLY DOESN'T FOR TWO REASONS, ONE WHICH IS THE LANGUAGE DOESN'T PROVIDE FOR
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY OCERS DURING THAT PERIOD, 1991 TO MID 1992, MAY 1992, WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT. SO WHAT THAT MEANS IS IT DOESN'T BY	 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK YOU. OKAY. SO SO ANYWAY, BASED ON THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE, IT SIMPLY DOESN'T FOR TWO REASONS, ONE WHICH IS THE LANGUAGE DOESN'T PROVIDE FOR AN AMENDMENT.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY OCERS DURING THAT PERIOD, 1991 TO MID 1992, MAY 1992, WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT. SO WHAT THAT MEANS IS IT DOESN'T BY REPEALING THIS, THEY DIDN'T UNDO WHAT HAD BEEN DONE	 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK YOU. OKAY. SO SO ANYWAY, BASED ON THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE, IT SIMPLY DOESN'T FOR TWO REASONS, ONE WHICH IS THE LANGUAGE DOESN'T PROVIDE FOR AN AMENDMENT. IT PROVIDES FOR REPEAL OF THE STATUTE, WHICH
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY OCERS DURING THAT PERIOD, 1991 TO MID 1992, MAY 1992, WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT. SO WHAT THAT MEANS IS IT DOESN'T BY REPEALING THIS, THEY DIDN'T UNDO WHAT HAD BEEN DONE WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT IN ORANGE COUNTY. ALL	 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK YOU. OKAY. SO SO ANYWAY, BASED ON THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE, IT SIMPLY DOESN'T FOR TWO REASONS, ONE WHICH IS THE LANGUAGE DOESN'T PROVIDE FOR AN AMENDMENT. IT PROVIDES FOR REPEAL OF THE STATUTE, WHICH MEANS THE LEGISLATURE DID NOT INTEND TO CONTINUE TO BE
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY OCERS DURING THAT PERIOD, 1991 TO MID 1992, MAY 1992, WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT. SO WHAT THAT MEANS IS IT DOESN'T BY REPEALING THIS, THEY DIDN'T UNDO WHAT HAD BEEN DONE WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT IN ORANGE COUNTY. ALL RIGHT. BUT THEY DIDN'T SAY THAT IT STAYS IN EFFECT. SO AND THE REASON YOU CAN SAY THAT IS BECAUSE	 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK YOU. OKAY. SO SO ANYWAY, BASED ON THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE, IT SIMPLY DOESN'T FOR TWO REASONS, ONE WHICH IS THE LANGUAGE DOESN'T PROVIDE FOR AN AMENDMENT. IT PROVIDES FOR REPEAL OF THE STATUTE, WHICH MEANS THE LEGISLATURE DID NOT INTEND TO CONTINUE TO BE OPERATIVE AFTER THIS REPEAL.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	REPEALED STATUTE. HOWEVER, IT ALSO INCLUDES OTHER ACTIONS INCLUDING ALL THE PROCESSING OF RETIREES, ALL THE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS TAKEN BY OCERS DURING THAT PERIOD, 1991 TO MID 1992, MAY 1992, WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT. SO WHAT THAT MEANS IS IT DOESN'T BY REPEALING THIS, THEY DIDN'T UNDO WHAT HAD BEEN DONE WHILE THE STATUTE WAS IN EFFECT IN ORANGE COUNTY. ALL RIGHT. BUT THEY DIDN'T SAY THAT IT STAYS IN EFFECT. SO AND AND THE REASON YOU CAN SAY THAT IS BECAUSE IT'S NOT SELF-EXECUTING.	 CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET'S START WRAPPING UP. MR. MORELL: I'M TRYING TO DO THAT. THANK YOU. OKAY. SO SO ANYWAY, BASED ON THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE, IT SIMPLY DOESN'T FOR TWO REASONS, ONE WHICH IS THE LANGUAGE DOESN'T PROVIDE FOR AN AMENDMENT. IT PROVIDES FOR REPEAL OF THE STATUTE, WHICH MEANS THE LEGISLATURE DID NOT INTEND TO CONTINUE TO BE OPERATIVE AFTER THIS REPEAL. SECONDLY, THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE, THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE ACT, NOT ONLY WAS RESOLUTION 98-001 ADOPTED AFTER THE EFFECTIVE AFTER THE
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1	SAYS COMPENSATION SHALL NOT INCLUDE EMPLOYER PAYMENTS	1 OF THE BOARD.
2	INCLUDING CASH PAYMENTS MADE TO OR ON BEHALF OF THEIR	2 SINCE BOTH PARTIES AGREE THAT THE ISSUE TO BE
3	EMPLOYEES WHO HAVE ELECTED TO PARTICIPATE IN A FLEXIBLE	3 DETERMINED BY THE BOARD IS WHETHER OCERS PROPERLY
4	BENEFITS PROGRAM.	4 EXCLUDED THE BENEFITS FROM THE CALCULATION OF
5	WELL, AGAIN, FIDUCIARY COUNSEL, IN 1998 WHEN	5 MR. MORELL'S FINAL COMPENSATION SEPARATE AND APART FROM
6	HE WAS ANALYZING AND PRESENTING AND ADDRESSING THE BOARD	6 THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT, I WOULD LIKE TO START BY
7	ABOUT THIS STATUTE, DID NOT MENTION THAT THAT	7 SHOWING A CHART OF THE OBP BENEFITS MR. BARELL EXCUSE
8	PROVISION.	8 ME MR. MORELL RECEIVED DURING HIS MEASURING PERIOD,
9	THE EVIDENCE I PRESENTED EVIDENCE BEFORE	9 WHICH WAS FEBRUARY 7, 2011, THROUGH FEBRUARY 6, 2014.
10	THE HEARING OFFICER. ALL THAT EVIDENCE IS IN THE	10 BILL, CAN YOU MAKE THAT A LITTLE BIT LARGER,
11	RECORD. I NEVER ELECTED TO PARTICIPATE NOR DID ANY	11 PLEASE.
12	OTHER SUPERIOR COURT RESEARCH ATTORNEY.	12 THANK YOU.
13	NOW, THERE ARE MANY OTHER EMPLOYEES IN ORANGE	13 OKAY. SO IN 1990 THE COUNTY OF ORANGE ADOPTED
14	COUNTY WHO ARE REPRESENTED BY COLLECTIVE BARGAINING	14 THE COUNTY OF ORANGE SECTION 125 PLAN, THE OPTIONAL
	AGREEMENTS.	
15		15 BENEFIT PROGRAM, OR AS WE REFER TO IT, THE OBP. IT WAS
16	THEY MAY HAVE, THROUGH THOSE COLLECTIVE	16 AND STILL IS A PART OF THE SECTION 125 PLAN AND IS
17		17 CONSIDERED A FLEXIBLE BENEFITS PROGRAM.
18	IN THE OPTIONAL BENEFIT PROGRAM.	18 THE SECTION 125 PLAN PROVIDES THAT OBP DOLLARS
19	THAT IS NOT THE CASE WITH THE SUPERIOR COURT	19 CAN BE ALLOCATED TO PAY CERTAIN BENEFITS OR ALLOCATED AS
20	ATTORNEYS. THIS IS A STANDARD PART OF OUR PAY PACKAGE.	20 TAXABLE CASH PAYMENTS.
21	WE HAD NO SAY OVER IT. IT IS PART OF IT.	21 MR. MORELL ALLOCATED HIS OBP DOLLARS TO
22	AND THERE IS ALSO IN THE RECORD THE COUNTY	22 HEALTHCARE REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNT AND TAXABLE CASH
23	DOCUMENT WHICH WHICH BASICALLY SAYS UNDER SOME	23 PAYMENTS DURING HIS MEASURING PERIOD.
24	CIRCUMSTANCES YOU CAN YOU CAN BE DEEMED TO HAVE MADE	24 SO YOU WILL SEE THAT THE VERY FIRST DATE IS IN
25	AN ELECTION. WELL, THAT'S NOT WHAT THE LEGISLATURE HAD	25 RED. AND THE REASON FOR THAT BEING IS THAT THE TAX
	3 0	3 2
1	IN MIND.	1 THE TAXABLE CASH PAYMENT IS ALWAYS GIVEN THE VERY FIRST
2	IF THAT IF THAT IS IS	2 PAYCHECK IN JANUARY. SO HE WOULD HAVE RECEIVED THAT
3	WHEN THE LEGISLATURE SAYS THE EMPLOYEE HAS THE	3 CASH PAYMENT IN JANUARY OF 2011.
3 4	WHEN THE LEGISLATURE SAYS THE EMPLOYEE HAS THE OPPORTUNITY TO ELECT TO PARTICIPATE AND THE EMPLOYER	3 CASH PAYMENT IN JANUARY OF 2011. 4 THAT IS OUTSIDE THE MEASURING PERIOD. SO THAT
	OPPORTUNITY TO ELECT TO PARTICIPATE AND THE EMPLOYER	
4 5	OPPORTUNITY TO ELECT TO PARTICIPATE AND THE EMPLOYER COMES BACK AND SAYS, WELL, YOU, THE EMPLOYER HERE IN	4 THAT IS OUTSIDE THE MEASURING PERIOD. SO THAT 5 PARTICULAR ITEM CANNOT BE INCLUDED AS COMPENSATION
4 5 6	OPPORTUNITY TO ELECT TO PARTICIPATE AND THE EMPLOYER COMES BACK AND SAYS, WELL, YOU, THE EMPLOYER HERE IN THIS CASE HAS ELECTED TO PARTICIPATE, AND THE EMPLOYEE	4 THAT IS OUTSIDE THE MEASURING PERIOD. SO THAT 5 PARTICULAR ITEM CANNOT BE INCLUDED AS COMPENSATION 6 EARNABLE.
4 5 6 7	OPPORTUNITY TO ELECT TO PARTICIPATE AND THE EMPLOYER COMES BACK AND SAYS, WELL, YOU, THE EMPLOYER HERE IN THIS CASE HAS ELECTED TO PARTICIPATE, AND THE EMPLOYEE HAS NO SAY ON IT, THAT'S NOT A GENUINE ELECTION.	 4 THAT IS OUTSIDE THE MEASURING PERIOD. SO THAT 5 PARTICULAR ITEM CANNOT BE INCLUDED AS COMPENSATION 6 EARNABLE. 7 THE OTHER YEARS ARE LISTED, TOO, AS THE MONEY
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	ΠΝΙΈΟς ΠΟ ΟΠΡΑΤΜΟ Α ΡΟΛΈΙΡΑ ΟΛ ΤΗΙΟ ΤΠΟΜ ΥΛΠΆ ΜΥΝΤΟΧΙ	
	UNLESS HE SUBMITS A RECEIPT. SO IT'S JUST YOUR TYPICAL	1 DEFINITION OF COMPENSATION FOUND IN SECTION 31460.
	REIMBURSEMENT. IT'S NOT CASH LIKE HE SAID.	2 IN MAY OF 1992 THE LEGISLATURE REPEALED
3	BUT, OF COURSE, THE SECOND PART IS HE UNDER	3 SECTION 31460.1 BY SENATE BILL 193 OR SB-193. AND THE
4	THE TAXABLE CASH PAYMENT, THAT LAYS OUT EACH YEAR WHAT	4 PARTIES AGREE THAT SECTION 31460.1 WAS REPEALED.
5	HE GOT IN TAXABLE CASH PAYMENTS. SO THOSE ARE THE	5 THEY DIFFER ON THE DEFINITION OF THE SAVINGS
6	BENEFITS THAT WE HAVE AT ISSUE HERE.	6 CLAUSE AND THE APPLICATION OR THE EFFECT OF THE SAVINGS
7	OCERS CONTENDS THAT THE ONLY PORTION OF THE	7 CLAUSE.
8	OBP BENEFIT AT ISSUE ARE THE TAXABLE CASH PAYMENTS	8 SO THE SAVINGS CLAUSE IN SECTION 2
9	RECEIVED BY MR. MORELL, BECAUSE THAT THAT HE GAVE	9 BILL, CAN YOU SCROLL UP JUST A LITTLE BIT? IT
10	TO OR APPORTIONED TO THE HEALTH AND DENTAL REIMBURSEMENT	10 SHOULD BE HIGHLIGHTED.
	ACCOUNT WAS REIMBURSEMENT WHICH DOES NOT FALL WITHIN	11 YEAH. THERE WE GO.
12	RECEIVING CASH.	12 SO YOU CAN SEE THE HIGHLIGHTED LANGUAGE IN
13	BOTH PARTIES CONCEDE THAT MORELL RECEIVED OBP	13 SECTION 2. THIS IS THE LEGISLATION REPEALING THE
14	BENEFITS PURSUANT TO THE ORANGE COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT'S	14 SECTION.
15	SECTION 125 PLAN, THE FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN.	15 BUT IN SECTION 2 OF IT, IT STATES, NOTHING IN 16 THIS ACT IS INTENDED TO OR SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO AFFECT
16	BOTH PARTIES AGREE THAT THE OBP BENEFIT WAS AN	
	ANNUAL FLEXUAL FLEXIBLE BENEFIT OF A TOTAL OF \$3,500.	17 THE VALIDITY OF ANY ACTION TAKEN BY A COUNTY PURSUANT TO
18 19	AND BOTH PARTIES AGREE THAT MORELL ALLOCATED HIS OBP DOLLARS TO HEALTHCARE REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNT AND TAXABLE	 SECTION 314670.1 OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE. NOW, I WANT TO POINT OUT WHAT MR. MORELL HAS
	CASH PAYMENT BETWEEN 2011 AND 2014; THUS, HE ELECTED TO	20 SAID. IN MR. MORELL'S ARGUMENT THAT THIS CODE SECTION
	PARTICIPATE IN THE PLAN.	21 IS NO LONGER VALID, HE INDICATES THAT IT RELATES TO
21	IN 1990 THE LEGISLATURE ENACTED GOVERNMENT	22 ACTION TAKEN BY OCERS.
	CODE SECTION 31460.1.	23 WELL, OCERS IS NOT THE COUNTY. OCERS AND THE
24	AGAIN, WE MIGHT WANT TO MAKE THAT JUST A	24 COUNTY ARE SEPARATE AND APART. THEY'RE DIFFERENT LEGAL
	LITTLE BIT BIGGER.	25 ENTITIES.
	3 4	3 6
1	THE FIRST THING YOU'LL NOTICE IS THAT SECTION	1 THIS PARTICULAR SECTION TALKS IN TERMS OF ANY
2	31460.1 PROVIDED AN EXCLUSION FROM COMPENSATION OR A	2 ACTION TAKEN BY A COUNTY PURSUANT TO SECTION 31460.
2		
3	CARVE-OUT FROM SECTION 31460'S DEFINITION OF	3 SECTION 31460.1 ALLOWED THE COUNTY TO ADOPT THE RULE
3 4	CARVE-OUT FROM SECTION 31460'S DEFINITION OF COMPENSATION.	
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1	INCLUDE THOSE FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PAYMENTS IN COMPENSATION.	1	PARTICIPATE. AND IT DEFINES HOW ONE APPLIES: ANY
2	SO BASICALLY SECTION 31460.1 WAS GIVEN TO THE		ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE SHALL, DURING THE APPLICABLE OPEN
3	COUNTY GIVING BACK THE COUNTY THE AUTHORITY TO MAKE		ENROLLMENT PERIOD, COMPLETE AND SUBMIT TO THE
4	THE DECISION, NOT LEAVING THE DECISION WITH THE	4	ADMINISTRATOR ENROLLMENT DOCUMENTATION. THE ELECTION
5	RETIREMENT BOARD.	5	MADE PURSUANT TO ENROLLMENT DOCUMENTATION SHALL BE
6	SO BOTH THE PLAIN LANGUAGE AND LEGISLATIVE	6	IRREVOCABLE.
7	HISTORY OF SB-193 SUPPORTS THE BOARD'S IMPLIED FINDING	7	AND THEN THE SECOND PARAGRAPH: A PARTICIPANT
8	THAT THE SB-193 DID NOT INVALIDATE PRIOR COUNTY ADOPTION	8	SHALL NOT CONTINUE PARTICIPATING IN THE PLAN FOR
9	OF SECTION 31460.1.	9	SUBSEQUENT CONTRIBUTION PERIODS UNLESS HE OR SHE
10	MOREOVER, THIS ARGUMENT IS FURTHER SUPPORTED	10	COMPLETES AND SUBMITS NEW ENROLLMENT DOCUMENTS DURING
11	BY THE SUPERIOR COURT'S TENTATIVE DECISION WHICH BECAME	11	EACH OPEN ENROLLMENT PERIOD.
12	A FINAL ORDER IN THE POST-VENTURA LITIGATION.	12	THERE IS NO DISPUTE IN THE EVIDENCE THAT
13	NOW, THIS TENTATIVE DECISION WAS IN IN RE:	13	MR. MORELL ELECTED TO PARTICIPATE IN THE OBP PROGRAM
14	CASES. THIS WAS PART OF AND PRIOR TO THE SETTLEMENT	14	EACH YEAR WHEN HE ELECTED TO ALLOCATE HIS MONEY, HIS OBP
15	AGREEMENT.	15	DOLLARS.
16	AND THE SUPERIOR COURT, WHILE IT'S NOT BINDING	16	IN CONCLUSION, THE BOARD SHOULD DECIDE THAT
17	ON US, OCERS WAS A PARTY. AND IT ADDRESSED THE ISSUE OF	17	OCERS PROPERLY EXCLUDED OBP BENEFITS FROM THE
18	THE RESOLUTION 90-1551.	18	CALCULATION OF MR. MORELL'S FINAL COMPENSATION SEPARATE
19	THE MEMBERS ARGUED IN THAT, THAT RESOLUTION	19	AND APART FROM THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT BASED ON THE
20	90-1551 WAS INVALID BECAUSE IT UNCONSTITUTIONALLY	20	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS' ADOPTION OF SECTION 31460.1 WHICH
21	IMPAIRED A VESTED CONTRACTUAL RIGHT.	21	EXCLUDED OBP BENEFITS FROM THE DEFINITION OF
22	AND THE SUPERIOR COURT ADDRESSED THAT	22	COMPENSATION UNDER THE CERL AND DID SO PRIOR TO ITS
23	RESOLUTION AND THE CODE SECTION IN 2001 POST-VENTURA,	23	REPEAL.
	POST-REPEAL. AND THE SUPERIOR COURT ADDRESSED IT AS IF		THE SAVINGS CLAUSE CONTAINED IN THE REPEAL
25	SECTION 31460.1 WAS STILL IN EFFECT.	25	MADE IT CLEAR THAT IT DID NOT AFFECT THE VALIDITY OF ANY
	3 8		4 0
1			
	SO THAT SUPPORTS THE POSITION THAT WHEN THE	1	COUNTY KXCUSK MK ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE COUNTY!
1	SO THAT SUPPORTS THE POSITION THAT WHEN THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED THAT SECTION BY RESOLUTION.		COUNTY EXCUSE ME ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE COUNTY; I.E., ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF
2	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED THAT SECTION BY RESOLUTION,	2	I.E., ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF
	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED THAT SECTION BY RESOLUTION, WHEN A SECTION WAS REPEALED, THAT ACTION THAT THE BOARD	2 3	I.E., ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.
2	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED THAT SECTION BY RESOLUTION,	2 3 4	I.E., ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED THAT SECTION BY RESOLUTION, WHEN A SECTION WAS REPEALED, THAT ACTION THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS FOR THE COUNTY TOOK REMAINED IN EFFECT; AND THEREBY KEPT THAT SECTION VALID FOR ORANGE COUNTY. SO IN ORANGE COUNTY, ORANGE COUNTY RETIREMENT COULD NOT INCLUDE IN COMPENSATION ANY FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PAYMENTS. AND THAT'S WHERE WE ARE TODAY. SO IT IS WITH THIS BACKGROUND THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED RESOLUTION 98-001 BASED IN PART ON THE COUNTY'S RESOLUTION WHICH ADOPTED SECTION 31460	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	I.E., ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS. SINCE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED SECTION 31460.1 PRIOR TO ITS REPEAL, ITS ACTION CONTINUES TO BE VALID AS DOES SECTION 31460.1 AT LEAST HERE IN ORANGE COUNTY. THE BOARD SHOULD ALSO CONCLUDE THAT MR. MORELL, BY MAKING HIS ELECTION TO ALLOCATE THE 3500 OBP DOLLARS EACH YEAR DURING THIS MEASURING PERIOD, THAT
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED THAT SECTION BY RESOLUTION, WHEN A SECTION WAS REPEALED, THAT ACTION THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS FOR THE COUNTY TOOK REMAINED IN EFFECT; AND THEREBY KEPT THAT SECTION VALID FOR ORANGE COUNTY. SO IN ORANGE COUNTY, ORANGE COUNTY RETIREMENT COULD NOT INCLUDE IN COMPENSATION ANY FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PAYMENTS. AND THAT'S WHERE WE ARE TODAY. SO IT IS WITH THIS BACKGROUND THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED RESOLUTION 98-001 BASED IN PART ON THE COUNTY'S RESOLUTION WHICH ADOPTED SECTION 31460 AND EXCLUDED FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLANS. NOW, MORELL CONTENDS THAT HE DID NOT ELECT TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS PROGRAM. BUT THROUGHOUT THE PROCEEDINGS HE HAS INDICATED THAT HE HAS ELECTED, BY ALLOCATING HIS \$3500 EACH YEAR WITHIN THE MEASURING PERIOD AT LEAST, IF NOT EVEN LONGER THAN THAT. BUT SECTION 125 PLAN PROVIDES THAT A PARTICIPANT IS ANY EMPLOYEE WHO ELECTS TO BECOME A PARTICIPANT IS ANY EMPLOYEE WHO ELECTS TO BECOME A PARTICIPANT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 2. IN SECTION 2.2 I'LL WAIT FOR THAT TO GET TO THAT. THERE WE GO. A LITTLE BIT HIGHER, BILL.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	I.E., ANY ACTION TAKEN BY THE ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS. SINCE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED SECTION 31460.1 PRIOR TO ITS REPEAL, ITS ACTION CONTINUES TO BE VALID AS DOES SECTION 31460.1 AT LEAST HERE IN ORANGE COUNTY. THE BOARD SHOULD ALSO CONCLUDE THAT MR. MORELL, BY MAKING HIS ELECTION TO ALLOCATE THE 3500 OBP DOLLARS EACH YEAR DURING THIS MEASURING PERIOD, THAT HE ELECTED TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PROGRAM THUS MAKING BOTH THE BOARD RESOLUTION AND SECTION 31460.1 APPLICABLE TO HIM. I WANT TO ALSO BRIEFLY RESPOND TO MR. MORELL'S STATEMENT THAT THE BOARD'S DECISION ON THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT WAS OVERRULED. ALAMEDA RELIED ALAMEDA ADDRESSED A SETTLEMENT THAT THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT IS NOT IN CONFLICT WITH THE CERL. IT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE CERL BECAUSE THE CERL CONTAINED SECTION 31460.1, AND THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS ADOPTED THAT SECTION; THEREFORE, OBP

1	THEREFORE, THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT COMPLIED	1 BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: OKAY.
	WITH THE 1937 CERL.	2 MR. MORELL: YOU CAN'T CHANGE THE STATE
3	MR. MORELL: CAN I JUST MAKE ONE BRIEF	3 LAW. SO THE ISSUE IS WHETHER IS WHAT THE STATE LAW
4	POINT	4 IS UNDER THE
5	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: SURE.	5 BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: OKAY.
6	MR. MORELL: IN RESPONSE TO THAT, WITH	6 MR. MORELL: UNDER THE CERL.
7	REGARD TO WHAT SHE JUST SAID ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT	7 BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: GOT IT.
8	AGREEMENT?	8 MR. MORELL: SO THAT'S
9	YOU KNOW, THAT MAY WELL BE TRUE. AND AND	9 BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: OKAY. GOT IT.
10	IF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT, ALL IT DOES IS SAY THAT WE	10 OKAY. SO THEN THE ARGUMENT THEN BASED ON
	AGREE TO ABIDE BY THE CERL, I WOULD HAVE NO PROBLEM WITH	11 THAT, THE ARGUMENTS ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT, AM I
12	THAT.	12 CORRECT, MS. MATSUO, THAT BECAUSE OF THAT, ONLY THE
13	BUT THAT'S NOT WHAT IT SAYS. IT SAYS WE AGREE	13 REPEALED STATUTE THAT WAS ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF
14	TO PROVIDE WE AGREE TO ABIDE BY RESOLUTION 98-001.	14 SUPERVISORS APPLIES?
15	SO THE ISSUE HERE IS WHETHER 98-001 IS IN	15 AND REGARDLESS OF WHAT THE SETTLEMENT
16	COMPLIANCE WITH THE CERL. AND THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT	16 AGREEMENT SAYS, THE BOARD APPROVED THE BOARD ADOPTED
17	IS ESSENTIALLY IRRELEVANT BECAUSE WHAT CONTROLS AND WHAT	17 A RULE THAT SAID THESE BENEFITS ARE NOT COMPENSATABLE
18	THE COURT RULED AND WHAT IS PROPER IS THAT THE CERL, THE	18 PENSIONABLE BENEFITS, AND THAT'S THE CONTROLLING PIECE?
	STATE LAW STATUTE, CONTROLS.	19 AM I FOLLOWING THAT CORRECTLY? BECAUSE WHAT
19		20 I'M TRYING TO SEPARATE OUT IS, DOES THE SETTLEMENT
20	NOW, THE QUESTION IS WHETHER THIS REPEALED STATUTE IS STILL PART OF THAT, IS IS ACTUALLY	20 I W INTING TO SEFARATE OUT 15, DOES THE SETTLEMENT 21 AGREEMENT REALLY HAVE ANYTHING TO DO WITH THE CRUX OF
	SHE'S CORRECT THAT THAT'S THE ISSUE IN DISPUTE.	21 AGREEMENT REALLY HAVE ANTITING TO DO WITH THE CROX OF 22 WHETHER OR NOT THE BENEFITS APPLY.
	BUT THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT IS ESSENTIALLY	22 WHELHER OR NOT THE BENEFITS APPEL. 23 AND BASED ON THE ARGUMENTS, I'M GATHERING THAT
23	IRRELEVANT. IF ALL IT CAN DO IS IS PARROT THE CERL,	24 THAT'S THAT THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT DOESN'T REALLY
25	IT'S IRRELEVANT BECAUSE THE ISSUE IS WHETHER WHAT THE 4 2	25 PLAY IN THIS. IT'S MERELY ANOTHER EXAMPLE OF CONFIRMING 4 4
1	LAW IS UNDER THE CERL.	1 THE DETERMINATION.
1 2	LAW IS UNDER THE CERL. SO THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AS SUCH IS REALLY	1 THE DETERMINATION. 2 IS THAT CORRECT, MS. MATSUO?
2		1 THE DETERMINATION. 2 IS THAT CORRECT, MS. MATSUO? 3 MS. MATSUO: I BELIEVE THAT THAT IS ON THE
2	SO THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AS SUCH IS REALLY IRRELEVANT HERE AND THE COURT RULED THAT.	2 IS THAT CORRECT, MS. MATSUO?
2 3 4	SO THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AS SUCH IS REALLY IRRELEVANT HERE AND THE COURT RULED THAT. CHAIRMAN DEWANE: FAIR ENOUGH. MR. MORELL,	2 IS THAT CORRECT, MS. MATSUO? 3 MS. MATSUO: I BELIEVE THAT THAT IS ON THE
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1	FIGURE OUT IS, FROM WHAT I RECALL FROM THE LANGUAGE OF	1	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: YEAH.
	THE RESOLUTION, THE BOARD ADOPTED WHAT WAS IN THE		MR. MORELL: YEAH. SHE'S CORRECT IN THE SENSE
	REPEALED STATUTE MAKING ALL OF THAT LANGUAGE PART OF		THAT, YES, THERE IS
4	COUNTY ORDINANCE, COUNTY RULE, COUNTY LAW.	4	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: YOU'RE MUTED.
5	AND, THEREFORE, JUST BECAUSE THE STATE	5	SORRY, MR. MORELL. BEFORE WE GO BACK TO YOU,
6	REPEALED IT, DOESN'T AUTOMATICALLY REPEAL WHAT THE BOARD		MR. ELEY HAS BEEN PATIENTLY WAITING.
7	OF SUPERVISORS DID. THE BOARD WOULD HAVE TO GO BACK AND	7	
8	REPEAL IT THEMSELVES BECAUSE THEY HAD ALREADY TAKEN AN	8	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: YEAH. I MEAN, FOR THE
9	ACTION.	9	MEMBERS OF THE BOARD ABOUT DILIGENT AND I'M ON PAGE
10	AND JUST BECAUSE THEY IDENTIFIED IT AS A	10	347. AND IT'S BEEN REFERRED TO BY MR. MORELL MANY
11	STATUTE THAT THEY WERE ADOPTING AS OPPOSED TO CREATING	11	TIMES.
12	AN ENTIRE RESOLUTION WITH ALL OF THE LANGUAGE THAT WAS	12	NOTHING IN THIS ACT IS INTENDED OR SHALL BE
13	IN THAT STATUTE, BASED ON MR. MORELL'S ARGUMENT, IF THEY	13	CONSTRUED TO
14	HAD DONE THAT, HE WOULDN'T SUCCEED BECAUSE THE BOARD	14	SO WHEN THEY REPEALED THAT THAT PROVISION,
15	MADE A CLEAR RESOLUTION.	15	THEY LEFT THIS ESCAPE CLAUSE BASICALLY. YOU CAN SEE
16	AND SO THE BOARD WAS ADOPTING LANGUAGE AND NOT	16	THAT'S WHAT THE LEGISLATURE INTENDED.
17	NECESSARILY THE RESOLUTION. IS THAT OCERS'	17	AND AND SO THAT'S WHY I HAVE TROUBLE BUYING
18	MS. MATSUO: I THINK I	18	INTO YOUR ARGUMENT THAT IT'S NO LONGER CONSISTENT WITH
19	BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: POSITION?		THE CERL. THIS IS, IN FACT, THE CERL.
20	MS. MATSUO: I THINK I NEED TO CLARIFY A	20	MS. MATSUO: EXACTLY.
	LITTLE BIT ON THAT POINT.	21	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: WOULDN'T YOU AGREE THAT
21	FIRST OF ALL, LET ME GO TO MR. MORELL'S		I MEAN, I JUST WANTED TO ASK YOU, MR. MORELL, WOULDN'T
22	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		YOU SAY THAT 31460.1 NOTHING IN THIS ACT IS
24	,	24	
20	JUST NO LONGER ANY GOOD. 4 6	20	TIMES, IS THE CERL? 4 8
1	IN ALL THE LAW THAT HE CITED, NONE OF THE	1	MR. MORELL: OKAY. WELL, THAT'S THE ISSUE
2			REALLY, IS WHETHER THAT IS STILL PART OF THE CERL IN
	CLAUSE. WE HAVE A REPEALED STATUTE THAT HAS A SAVINGS	3	
4		4	NORMALLY THE WAY IT WORKS.
5	AND BECAUSE THAT SAVINGS CLAUSE SAYS, THIS	5	I MEAN, IF YOU GO TO THE LIBRARY OR SOMEWHERE
G	REPEAL DOES NOT AFFECT THE ACTIONS OF THE COUNTY AND		AND TRY TO FIND THAT STATUTE, IT'S NOT EVEN ON THE BOOKS
7		7	
		8	
8	31460.1, WAS TO ADOPT IT.	-	WOULD HANDLE THINGS IF THE LAW WAS STILL IN EFFECT.
9	THEREFORE, ADOPTING IT MADE THE STATUTE STILL	9	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: NO. I THINK THAT THAT'S
	VALID BECAUSE THE ACTION WAS TAKEN BEFORE THE REPEAL.	10	
11	SO, BASICALLY, WE ARE SAYING THAT THE STATUTE		MEAN, THEY KNEW THAT CERTAIN COUNTIES HAD PASSED IT, AND
12			THEY WANTED TO LET THEM HAVE THEIR OWN, YOU KNOW
13		13	MR. MORELL: LET ME ADDRESS THAT.
14	AND THAT'S WHAT MR. LEIDERMAN HAD SAID. AND	14	
15	THAT'S WHAT THE COURT, THE JUDGE, SAID WHEN IT ADDRESSED	15	MR. MORELL: LET ME ADDRESS THAT IF I MIGHT.
16	ITS TENTATIVE RULING IN THE EN RE: CASES AFTER VENTURA.	16	
17	SO WE ARE OCERS' POSITION IS THAT THE	17	SAVINGS CLAUSE.
18	SECTION 31460.1 IS STILL VALID IN ORANGE COUNTY BECAUSE	18	NOW, THE QUESTION IS, IN THAT SAVINGS CLAUSE,
19	IT WAS ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS AND BECAUSE	19	THE KEY THAT MS. MATSUO JUST RAISED WHICH IS ACTUALLY
20	THE REPEAL HAD THAT SAVINGS CLAUSE.	20	FOR THE FIRST TIME IN SEVEN YEARS THIS ARGUMENT HAS JUST
21	IF THERE WAS NO SAVINGS CLAUSE IN THERE, THEN	21	BEEN RAISED IS THAT THE WORD "COUNTY," SHE SAYS, ONLY
22	MAYBE MR. MORELL'S ARGUMENT WOULD HAVE MORE BITE TO IT.	22	MEANS THE COUNTY BASICALLY THE COUNTY BOARD OF
23	DUM WE HAVE MUAM CAUTNON OFAHOE	23	SUPERVISORS.
20	BUT WE HAVE THAT SAVINGS CLAUSE.		
24	MR. MORELL: CAN I COMMENT ON THAT A LITTLE	24	NOW, THAT'S A NEW ARGUMENT. AND IT'S
24			NOW, THAT'S A NEW ARGUMENT. AND IT'S IT'S DEMONSTRABLY NOT CORRECT. BECAUSE IF I COULD
24	MR. MORELL: CAN I COMMENT ON THAT A LITTLE		

1	COULD I ASK MR MR. SINGLETON TO PUT THE		REPEAL STATUTE, IF THAT'S WHAT "COUNTY" MEANS, OR IF
2	SAVINGS CLAUSE THE LANGUAGE OF THE SAVINGS CLAUSE	2	"COUNTY" MEANS CAN INCLUDE THE OCERS BOARD.
3	BACK ON THE ON THE BOARD?	3	AND I THINK IT'S CLEAR FROM YOU CAN READ
4	WE HAD THAT UP BEFORE, THE HIGHLIGHTED	4	THEM FOR YOURSELVES HERE WHAT THE THE LANGUAGE THAT
5	LANGUAGE.	5	THEY USED.
6	I DON'T KNOW, MS. MATSUO, IF THAT'S POSSIBLE.	6	CLEARLY, THEY'RE REFERRING TO ACTIONS BY A
7	BUT ANYWAY, I WOULD LIKE TO	7	COUNTY ON THE BASIS OF THE SHE TALKED A LITTLE BIT
8	MS. MATSUO: YEAH. HE CAN.	8	ABOUT THE MISCONSTRUCTION OF THE ACT AND WHY IT WAS
9	MR. MORELL: BECAUSE, YES, THERE'S OTHER	9	REPEALED.
10	LANGUAGE	10	BUT CLEARLY, THEY'RE TALKING ABOUT ACTIONS
11	NOW, IF YOU COULD SCROLE DOWN TO TO SECTION	11	TAKEN ON THE BASIS OF MISCONSTRUCTION. AND THAT COULD
12	3. SECTION 2 IS THE SAVINGS CLAUSE ITSELF.	12	NOT BE REFERRING TO THE ORIGINAL ADOPTION BY THE BOARD
13	THAT'S YOU KNOW, OKAY.	13	OF SUPERVISORS.
14	THERE WE GO. OKAY.	14	SO COUNTY ACTIONS REFERS NECESSARILY TO OTHER
15	THAT'S SECTION 2. NOW, KEEP GOING TO SECTION		THINGS. AND AND IT COULD NOT REFER TO ANYTHING DONE
16	3, SUBSECTIONS 7 AND 8.		BY OCERS PRIOR TO MAY OF 1992, WHICH WOULD INCLUDE THE
17	7 AND 8, YOU GOT THOSE UP THERE. OKAY. YOU		ADOPTION OF RESOLUTION 98-001 IN 1998. IT WOULD INCLUDE
18	CAN STOP THERE.		THE PROCESSING OF MY APPLICATION IN 2014.
	NOW, YOU SEE IN THOSE SUBDIVISIONS NOW, SEE	10	SO THOSE ACTIONS ARE OUTSIDE OF THE SCOPE OF
19			
	IN SUBDIVISION 7 WHERE IT SAYS, AGAIN, ANY COUNTY ACTIONS.		THE SAVINGS CLAUSE. AND, YES, THE SAVINGS CLAUSE IS AN IMPORTANT BUT THE WAY I READ IT AND, I THINK, THE WAY
22	NOW, THAT'S THOSE COUNTY ACTIONS, THAT	22	
	CAN'T MEAN ANYTHING DIFFERENT FROM THE COUNTY ACTIONS		YOU HAVE ADJUDICATE.
	THAT THEY'RE REFERRING TO IN SECTION 2, WHERE IT SAYS,	24	HER ARGUMENT IS SOMEWHAT PLAUSIBLE, BUT IT'S
25	SHALL NOT AFFECT ANY ACTION TAKEN BY A COUNTY. 5 0	25	NARROW TO ITS YOU'RE TRYING TO READ IT BECAUSE YOU 5 2
	,		5 2
1	SO THEY'RE STILL TALKING ABOUT THE SAME ACT	1	WANT TO REACH A CERTAIN OUTCOME. THE LANGUAGE JUST
2	HERE, ABOUT COUNTY ACTIONS. BUT IT'S CLEAR HERE THAT		DOESN'T FIT THAT.
3	WHEN THEY'RE TALKING ABOUT COUNTY ACTIONS, THEY'RE NOT	3	YOU HAVE TO READ THE WHOLE STATUTE AND VIEW,
4	TALKING ONLY ABOUT THE ACTION OF A BOARD OF SUPERVISORS		IN CONTEXT, WHAT THEY MEANT BY "COUNTY ACTIONS." IT
5	IN ADOPTING THE THE ORIGINAL STATUTE.		WASN'T JUST THE ADOPTION OF THE RESOLUTION.
6		6	SO AND AND SO THESE OTHER ACTIONS POST
	THE'RE TALKING, ALSO, ABOUT ACTIONS TAKING		
	TAKEN BY ORGANIZATIONS, SUCH AS OCERS, IN THE PROCESSING		THE REPEAL, POST 1992, ARE NOT VALID. THEY'RE NOT
	OF RETIREMENT APPLICATIONS DURING THE TIME THE STATUTE		THEY'RE NOT PROTECTED UNDER THE SCOPE OF THE OF THE
9	WAS IN FECT WAS IN EFFECT.		SAVINGS CLAUSE. THAT'S THE ISSUE HERE OR ONE OF THE
10	SO THAT'S WHAT THEY'RE TALKING ABOUT HERE.		ISSUES.
	AND ONCE ONCE YOU GET PAST THE IDEA THAT "COUNTY" IN	11	THE OTHER ISSUING BEING WHETHER WE'VE ELECTED
12	SECTION 2 ONLY MEANS THE ACTION BY THE BOARD OF		OR NOT. I'M HAPPY TO ADDRESS THAT, ALSO. WHETHER I
13			ELECTED AND OTHER SUPREME COURT ATTORNEYS EVER ELECTED
14	REALIZE THAT THE THE TIME CUTOFF IT CHANGES THE	14	TO PARTICIPATE IN THE OBP PROGRAM.
15	WHOLE MEANING.	15	BUT AND IF I CAN TOUCH ON THAT BRIEFLY, THE
16	BECAUSE WHEN YOU TALK ABOUT OTHER ACTIONS AND	16	PROGRAM THE PROGRAM IS WHAT GIVES US \$3500 A YEAR.
17	YOU'RE TALKING ABOUT THE PROCESSING OF APPLICATIONS BY	17	THAT'S THE PROGRAM.
18	OCERS AND OTHER RETIREMENT BOARDS, THEN AND YOU SAY	18	NOW NOW, WHETHER WE ALLOCATE THAT OR NOT,
19	THAT THOSE ARE ONLY VALID PRIOR TO THE REPEAL OF THE	19	THE PROGRAM STILL GIVES US \$3500 A YEAR.
20	ACT, THEN YOU'VE GOT A WHOLE DIFFERENT MEANING TO THE	20	SHE WAS TALKING ABOUT WHETHER I MAKE AN
21	ACT.	21	ALLOCATION OR NOT IN THE ANNUAL OPEN-ENROLLMENT PERIOD.
22	SO THE KEY HERE THEN, IF YOU WANT TO IF YOU	22	IF IF I DIDN'T AND SOME RESEARCH
23	WANT TO BOIL IT DOWN TO THIS, IS WHETHER YOU THINK	23	ATTORNEYS AT THE COURT I WORKED WITH DID NOT YOU'D
24	COUN LIKE MS. MATSUO SAYS, "COUNTY" ONLY REFERS TO	24	STILL GET THE \$3500. SO YOU ARE STILL PARTICIPATING IN
25	THAT ACTION IN IN DECEMBER OF 1990 ADOPTING THE	25	THE PROGRAM REGARDLESS OF WHETHER YOU ELECTED TO OR NOT.
	5 1		

3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	THE ONLY QUESTION IS WHETHER IT'S ALLOCATED TO CERTAIN USES OR NOT. IF YOU DON'T ALLOCATE IT OR TO THE EXTENT YOU DON'T ALLOCATE IT OR AS I ALLOCATED IT PARTIALLY, YOU STILL GET THE WHOLE BENEFIT. AND AND YOU GET IT AS CASH. AND SO BUT, YOU KNOW, YOU ARE STILL PARTICIPATING IN THE PROGRAM. YOU'RE IN THERE. THEY'RE GIVING YOU THE MONEY. THAT'S PARTICIPATION IN THE PROGRAM. AND I DID NOT ELECT TO. A LOT OF LIKE I SAID, A LOT OF COUNTY EMPLOYEES DID BECAUSE THEY'VE GOT	1MR. MORELL: NO. BECAUSE THIS WAS A BENEFIT.2IT WAS EXPLAINED TO US AS SUCH, YOU KNOW, WHEN I WAS3HIRED; YOU GET THIS SALARY PLUS YOU GET THIS \$3500. SO4THERE IS NO ISSUE ABOUT IT BEING TAKEN OUT.5BUT ANYWAY, TO RESPOND TO YOUR POINT, LET'S6SAY I HAVE AS I SAY, THERE ARE RESEARCH ATTORNEYS WHO7NEVER MAKE THE ANNUAL ELECTION, AND THAT'S PERFECTLY8PROPER BECAUSE IT'S A DEFAULT PROVISION THAT YOU JUST9GET THE \$3500 IN YOUR IN YOUR FIRST PAYCHECK OF THE10YEAR.11WELL, GUESS WHAT? IF YOU LOOK AT RESOLUTION1298-001, IT DOESN'T SAY THAT THOSE THAT THE PEOPLE WHO13MAKE WHO DON'T MAKE AN ELECTION DURING THE OPEN14ENROLLMENT PERIOD GET THE GET THE \$3500 IN THEIR15IN THEIR RETIREMENT CALCULATION.16SO THAT YOU KNOW, YOUR ARGUMENT OF17DISTINCTION THAT THAT YOU DON'T APPLY BY, YOU'RE18SAYING IT ONLY APPLIES IT APPLIES TO PEOPLE WHO19WHO JUST TAKE THE 3500 THE WHOLE 3500 AS CASH WITHOUT20ANY REIMBURSEMENT.21BUT GUESS WHAT? UNDER UNDER 98-001 AND22YOUR OWN POLICIES AND PERHAPS MS. MATSUO CAN ANSWER23THAT YOU DON'T GIVE IT TO THOSE PEOPLE.24SO I DON'T KNOW WHY YOU'RE ARGUING THAT THAT25IS THE CASE.	
1 2	BUT I DID NOT. AND THE EVIDENCE IN THE RECORD IS CLEAR ON THAT.	1 BOARD MEMBER ELEY: I WOULD DISAGREE HAVING, 2 YOU KNOW, BEEN THERE WHEN 98-001 WAS PASSED AND STUFF.	
3	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: SIR, MAY I INTERRUPT YOU	3 AND IT MADE A HUGE DIFFERENCE WHETHER IT WAS IN CASH,	
		S AND II MADE A NOOD DIFFERENCE WHETHER II WAS IN CASH,	
4	FOR A SECOND?	4 WHETHER IT WAS IN THE WINDOW PERIOD, IT MADE A HUGE	
4 5	I WOULD SAY THAT, YOU KNOW, BY MAKING YOUR	·	
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1	REIMBURSEMENT. I MEAN, THERE WAS NO HEALTH PLAN. I	1	BIT. NONTAXABLE IS NOT REALLY THE RIGHT WORD I WOULD
2	PAID OUT THIS IS WHERE I PAID OUT OF POCKET TO A	2	USE. IT'S REIMBURSED ON A PRETAX BASIS.
3	DENTIST OR SOMEBODY, AND I SENT IN A CLAIM FOR	3	SO TAXES ARE NOT TAKEN OUT. YOU GET THE FIRST
4	REIMBURSEMENT. THERE WAS NO HEALTH PLAN INVOLVED. THIS	4	3500 OR WHATEVER AMOUNT YOU ALLOCATE TO THE
5	IS	5	REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM ASPECT OF IT.
6	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: WELL, THIS IS	6	MS. MATSUO: SO UNDER THE NONTAX
7	MR. MORELL: I THINK WE HAVE A	7	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: RIGHT. RIGHT.
8	MISUNDERSTANDING HERE. THIS IS FOR BENEFITS NOT COVERED	8	MS. MATSUO: DENTAL REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNT
9	BY A HEALTH PLAN. SO THIS IS PAID OUT OF POCKET, MONEY	9	SO FOR LET'S GO TO THE YEAR 2011-2012. HE ALLOCATED
10	THAT'S REIMBURSED. AND IT'S CASH.	10	\$700.
11	MS. MATSUO: BUT NOT ALL	11	SO \$700 OF HIS 3500 OBP DOLLARS WOULD HAVE
12	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: ALL RIGHT. I'LL GO		GONE INTO THAT ACCOUNT. IF HE SUBMITTED RECEIPTS, HE
	AHEAD, MS. MATSUO.	13	WOULD HAVE GOTTEN A TOTAL OF \$700 BACK IN REIMBURSEMENT.
14	MS. MATSUO: I'M SORRY. REIMBURSEMENTS ARE	14	MR. MORELL: EXCUSE ME. I DID. AND THE
15	NOT INCLUDED IN COMPENSATION. THERE ARE A LOT OF WAYS		EVIDENCE IS CLEAR THAT I DID. THAT'S THE ISSUE.
16	TO BE REIMBURSED. OFTENTIMES ATTORNEYS, WE PAY OUR	16	THIS IS NOT HYPOTHETICAL. AND YOU HAVE THE
17	ATTORNEY FEES AND WE GET REIMBURSED.		DOCUMENTS THAT ARE IN THE RECORD SHOWING THAT I DID
18	IF WE DON'T PAY THE ATTORNEY FEES, WE DON'T		RECEIVE THAT REIMBURSEMENT AS CASH.
	GET ANY MONEY.	10	MS. MATSUO: OKAY. BUT WHAT WE ARE TALKING
19 20	ONCE HE PUT OR HE ALLOCATED THAT MONEY TO		ABOUT IS IT'S STILL REIMBURSEMENT. IT'S STILL
	THE HEALTHCARE REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNT, THAT ALLOCATION NO		REIMBURSEMENT.
22		22	MR. MORELL: AND IT'S STILL CASH. BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: AND MY QUESTION IS
23	IT WAS AS IF THE COUNTY JUST IS SAYING, IF YOU		-
	HAVE HEALTH SERVICES, WE'LL REIMBURSE YOU. IF YOU DON'T		ACTUALLY IS WHETHER IT'S TAXABLE OR NOT. BECAUSE I
25	HAVE THOSE HEALTH AND SER HEALTH SERVICES AND YOU 5 8	25	THINK THE INTENT AND, AGAIN, I DON'T KNOW. I 6 0
1	DON'T GIVE US A RECEIPT, WELL, THEN COUNTY OR COURT,	1	WASN'T I MEAN, I WAS WORKING IN PRIVATE INDUSTRY,
2	WE'RE KEEPING THE MONEY. IT'S OUR MONEY.		
		2	OBVIOUSLY NOT UNDER A UNDER A GOVERNMENT PLAN. BUT
3			OBVIOUSLY NOT UNDER A UNDER A GOVERNMENT PLAN. BUT WE HAD FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLANS.
3 4	SO IT IS A REIMBURSEMENT EVEN THOUGH HE GOT		WE HAD FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLANS.
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1	THIS IS WHERE I'M NOT FAMILIAR, WHEN SINCE IT WAS	1	JUST WHAT WERE THE FACTS.
2	CONSIDERED PART OF SALARY AS W-2, WOULD SOMEONE HAVE	2	SO IT SOUNDS LIKE AND I DO A LITTLE BIT
3	REASONABLY PAID A PENSION, BOTH THE COUNTY AND IF THERE	3	AGREE THAT IF THE OBP MY UNDERSTANDING OF THE OBP IS
4	WAS A REVERSE PICKUP OR WHATEVER WAS IN PLACE, WAS	4	IF YOU DO NOTHING, YOU STILL GET THE MONEY.
5	THERE WAS THERE A PENSION COST TO THAT THAT WAS	5	SO IF YOU DO NOTHING, IT COMES OUT IN THAT
6	CHARGED?	6	FIRST PAYCHECK. AND IT SOUNDS LIKE THAT'S THE SAME WAY
7	MS. MATSUO: IT'S MY UNDERSTANDING THAT THERE	7	IT WAS BACK IN YOU KNOW, IN 2011 HERE.
8	WAS IF I'M UNDERSTANDING YOUR QUESTION RIGHT, THERE	8	BUT IF YOU DO ELECT TO PUT SOME INTO A
9	WAS NO CONTRIBUTION PAID TO THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	9	BENEFIT, IN MY MIND THAT IS AN ELECTION. SO I THINK
10	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: OKAY.		THAT YOU KNOW, SIMILAR TO, I THINK, WHAT TRUSTEE ELEY
11	MS. MATSUO: UNDER OR OUT OF THE 2800, THE		HAD MENTIONED, YOU KNOW, I'M NOT SURE BECAUSE NOW YOU'RE
12	1,000, AND THE 2400 THAT HE TOOK OUT IN TAXABLE CASH		APPLYING IT AGAINST AN ACTUAL BENEFIT.
13		13	AND, YOU KNOW, THIS IS WHERE, YOU KNOW, I
14	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: OKAY. SO WHAT	14	THINK, YES, IT IS REIMBURSEMENT FOR SOMETHING. BUT NOW,
15	YOU'RE SAYING IS THE COUNTY NOR THE THE PERSON PAID	15	YOU'RE ACTUALLY MAKING THAT ELECTION.
16	ANY TYPE OF CONTENTION CONTRIBUTION ON THAT TAXABLE CASH	16	SO I AGREE THAT YOU MADE AN ELECTION, AND THAT
17	PAYMENT	17	I WOULD HAVE TO LOOK AT THAT A LITTLE MORE CLOSELY. AND
18	MS. MATSUO: CORRECT.		I'M NOT SURE THAT THAT'S A YOU KNOW, A BENEFIT
19	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: THE OBP?		BECAUSE YOU DID HAVE CASH PAYMENTS IN THOSE YEARS THAT
20	MR. MORELL: IF I MIGHT, I BELIEVE THAT'S	20	WERE BASICALLY WERE STILL BASICALLY FROM THAT OBP.
21	THAT MAY BE CORRECT. AND IF IT'S SO, THAT WAS THAT	21	SO THEN MY NEXT QUESTION
22	WAS IMPROPER. AND MY CONTENTION IS IT WAS IMPROPER	22	MR. MORELL: CAN I JUST RESPOND TO THAT
23	UNDER VENTURA.	23	QUESTION?
24	SO THAT'S, YOU KNOW AND AND PRIOR AND	24	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: IS
25	WHEN VENTURA CAME OUT, THERE HAD TO BE A LOT OF	25	UH-HUH.
	62		64
1	ADJUSTMENTS AS AS YOU CAN READ IN THE MINUTES FROM	1	MR. MORELL: COULD I JUST SAY, IN IN THE
1 2	ADJUSTMENTS AS AS YOU CAN READ IN THE MINUTES FROM THOSE PROCEEDINGS THAT MR. LEIDERMAN EXPLAINED TO THE		MR. MORELL: COULD I JUST SAY, IN IN THE CONTROLLING LANGUAGE IS THE STATUTE. OKAY. AND YOU
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1	THAT PROVISION IN IN THE STATUTE.	1	BECAUSE WHEN I THINK OF FLEXIBLE BENEFIT
2	THE STATUTE DOES CONTROL OVER WHAT THE THE		PLANS, MY THOUGHT IS THAT GENERALLY OR AT LEAST
3	COUNTY ULTIMATELY DID.		WHEN WHEN IT STARTED AGAIN, THIS WAS IN MORE THE
4	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: RIGHT. AND THEN		PRIVATE WAS THAT WHAT THEY WANTED TO DO, IS IF YOUR
-	I I I, YOU KNOW, APPRECIATE YOUR INPUT ON THAT.	5	SPOUSE HAD COVERAGE, THEY WOULD PAY YOU CASH TO BE ABLE
6	AND I'M THEN MY NEXT QUESTION IS KIND OF	6	
7	RELATED TO THE STATUTE.	7	
8		0	KNOW, LOSE THAT BENEFIT WITH YOUR EMPLOYER AND ALLOW YOU TO GO WITH YOUR HUSBAND OR YOUR SPOUSE OR SIGNIFICANT
0	ACTUALLY, BEFORE THAT I HAD A QUESTION ON THE COUNTY VERSUS THE OCERS. AND I'M NOT SURE HOW I'M	8	OTHER'S EMPLOYER DEPENDING ON WHICH BASICALLY BACK THEN
9	TRYING TO JUST WORK THROUGH THIS BECAUSE WASN'T BACK IN	9	
10	1991, THE OCERS PART OF THE TREASURER'S OFFICE AT THAT	10	ALLOWED FOR COVERAGE? AND SO THEY WANTED NOT TO PENALIZE PEOPLE BY
11 12	POINT?	11	
	SO IT WAS REALLY THE COUNTY. IT WASN'T A	12 13	GIVING A CASH PAYMENT; THAT FLEXIBLE, YOU KNOW, PAYMENTS BACK THEN.
13			
	SEPARATE COUNTY RETIREMENT. I'M NOT SURE WHEN THAT	14	AND I'M TRYING TO THINK OF WHEN IT STARTED
15	TRANSITION OCCURRED.	15	TURNING INTO MORE OF, YOU KNOW, APPLYING BACK TO BENEFITS.
16	MAYBE MR. ELEY MIGHT KNOW OR MR. PREVATT,	10 17	
17	BECAUSE I DON'T KNOW. I JUST KNOW THAT CERTAINLY		BUT MY RECOLLECTION THEN IS THAT YOU YOU
18	WHEN WE HAVE A LOT OF WORK PAPERS WHERE THE COUNTY		COULD RECEIVE A CASH PAYMENT IF YOUR AGAIN, YOUR YOUR OTHER COVERED MEMBER HAD COVERAGE THAT WAS BETTER
19	TREASURER WAS IN CHARGE OF THE YOU KNOW, WAS DOING	20	
20 21	QUITE A BIT OF THE THE OCERS' WORK. WAS THAT BEFORE	20	THAT WOULD HELP OFFSET SOME OF THE COSTS FOR THAT. AND THEN THEY STARTED TO DO THE YOU KNOW, I
21	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: I WOULD ASK MR. LEIDERMAN.		KNOW LATER THEY STARTED TO DO AND MAYBE THIS WAS IN
	I WOULD ASK MR. LEIDERMAN.	23	
23	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: AND I'M NOT SURE	24	
	HOW IMPORTANT THE COUNTY VERSUS OCERS	25	STARTED TO CHARGE YOU IF YOU ALSO HAD ACCESS TO COVERAGE
20	6 6	20	6 8
1	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: I DON'T KNOW WHEN IT	1	BECAUSE THEY WERE DOING THE I CAN'T REMEMBER THE
2	BECAME A SEPARATE DISTRICT.	2	GOSH, MY HEALTHCARE THINGS WHERE THEY WERE COORDINATING
3	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: RIGHT.	3	BENEFITS THE COORDINATION OF BENEFITS SO THAT YOU
4	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: MR. LEIDERMAN, DO YOU HAVE	4	WOULD HAVE TO PAY YOURS FIRST.
5	AN ANSWER?	5	SO WHEN THIS WAS PASSED IN 1991, I'M TRYING TO
6	MR. LEIDERMAN: YEAH. THAT ACTUALLY HAPPENED	6	REMEMBER HOW THAT THEORY WAS. AND LIKE I SAY, WHEN I
7	IN 1947.	7	
8		/	LOOK AT NUMBER 6, TO ACCORD TO EACH BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: OKAY. OKAY. SO	8	LOOK AT NUMBER 6, TO ACCORD TO EACH BOARD OF SUPERVISORS THE POWER TO PRECLUDE THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS FROM
9	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: OKAY. OKAY. SO IT'S BEEN A LONG, LONG TIME.		
9 10	IT'S BEEN A LONG, LONG TIME. MR. LIEDERMAN: YES.	9	THE POWER TO PRECLUDE THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS FROM INCLUDING THOSE FLEXIBLE IN COMPENSATION IF THE COUNTY HAD NOT TAKEN SUCH ACTION OR TO SUPERSEDE
10 11	IT'S BEEN A LONG, LONG TIME. MR. LIEDERMAN: YES. BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: OKAY. SO IT WAS A	9 10 11	THE POWER TO PRECLUDE THE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS FROM INCLUDING THOSE FLEXIBLE IN COMPENSATION IF THE COUNTY HAD NOT TAKEN SUCH ACTION OR TO SUPERSEDE AND THEN IN THE COMMENTS YOU STARTED GOING TO
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1	ASSUMPTION I CAN COME UP WITH.	1	SECTION GAVE THE COUNTY AN ACTION IT COULD TAKE PURSUANT
2	OTHERWISE, THEY COULD HAVE REPEALED THEIR OWN	2	TO THAT SECTION.
3	ORDINANCE. AND, AGAIN, IN THIS CASE THE ODD THING TO ME	3	AND THE ACTION THE COUNTY COULD TAKE WAS TO
4	IS THAT THE FLEXIBLE BENEFITS PAYMENTS BASICALLY DIDN'T	4	ADOPT SECTION 31 EXCUSE ME YEAH, 31460.1. SO THE
5	HAVE TO BE ANYTHING OTHER THAN ADDITIONAL SALARY BECAUSE	5	ACTION TAKEN BY THE COUNTY AND THE ACTION THAT IS
6	IF YOU DID NOTHING, IT WAS SALARY.	6	PRESERVED UNDER THE REPEAL SB-193 IS THE ACTION THE
7	YOU DIDN'T HAVE TO ELECT TO DO ANYTHING. SO	7	COUNTY TOOK TO ADOPT THAT CODE SECTION.
8	I'M JUST TRYING TO UNDERSTAND HOW THAT WORKS.	8	IT'S VERY UNUSUAL. YOU DON'T FIND THIS KIND
9	BUT, YOU KNOW, IN READING THE 7 AND 8 AND	9	OF LANGUAGE IN REPEAL SECTIONS VERY OFTEN OR REPEAL
10	AND I	10	LEGISLATION.
11	WHICH IS THE SAVINGS CLAUSE THAT YOU GUYS HAVE	11	BUT IT'S CLEAR WHEN YOU CONNECT THE SECTION
12	TALKED ABOUT? WHAT PART OF THAT IS THIS SECTION? IF I		AND WHAT THE COUNTY COULD OR COULDN'T DO ACCORDING TO
	MIGHT EITHER THROUGH THE CEO OR THE ATTORNEY		THAT SECTION.
14	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: SECTION 2.	14	THERE WAS ONLY ONE ACT THE COUNTY COULD DO,
15	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: WHICH IS THE		AND THAT WAS TO ADOPT SECTION 31460.1.
	SAVINGS CLAUSE?	16	THE COUNTY AT LEAST IN ORANGE COUNTY, THE
17	MS. MATSUO: IT'S SECTION 2.		COUNTY WAS NOT THEN ADMINISTERING RETIREMENT BENEFITS.
18	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: OKAY. SO IT'S THE		THAT WAS THE COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM WHICH IS
	SAVINGS CLAUSE THE THE CHAPTER OKAY.		SEPARATE AND APART FROM THE ACTUAL BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.
20	MS. MATSUO: STILL GO UP. STILL GO FURTHER UP	20	AND, AGAIN, YOU LOOK AT THE SECTION. IT TALKS
	TO THE NEXT		ABOUT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, NOT THE BOARD OF
	RIGHT THERE		RETIREMENT.
23			YOU LOOK AT THE INTENT OF THIS CODE SECTION.
24	MS. MATSUO: THAT HIGHLIGHTED		THE INTENT WAS TO GIVE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS THE
25	THANK YOU, BILL. 7 0	25	AUTHORITY TO MAKE THE DECISION. THEY BASICALLY TOOK THE 7 2
			· -
1	SO YOU SEE	1	DECISION AWAY FROM THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM.
2	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: OKAY. BUT SEE,		SO TO SAY THAT IN THE REPEAL THE COUNTY AND
	WHEN I READ THAT A LITTLE BIT WHEN I LOOKED AT THAT,		THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM IS ONE AND THE SAME, IS JUST
	I THOUGHT IT WAS ONLY FOR THAT PERIOD THAT WAS THERE;		JUST UNBELIEVABLE.
	THAT THE PERIOD FROM THE BEGINNING WHEN THE THE		I MEAN, BECAUSE THE WHOLE REASON THE WHOLE
	ORDINANCE WAS WAS PASSED TO WHEN THE GOVERNMENT OR		PURPOSE BEHIND THIS SECTION WAS TO SEPARATE OUT WHETHER
	THE STATE REPEALED IT, IS THE VALIDITY OF THE ACTION BY		THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS HAS THE AUTHORITY OR WHETHER
	A COUNTY THAT SOMEONE COULDN'T COME BACK AND SUE YOU OR		THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS HAS THE AUTHORITY OR WHETHER THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM HAS THE AUTHORITY.
	DO SOMETHING DURING THAT PERIOD.		AND THIS STATUTE GAVE THE SUPERVISORS THE
	BUT YOU'RE SAYING THAT THAT IS AND, AGAIN,		AUTHORITY.
	I'M NOT THAT FAMILIAR WITH GOVERNMENT CODE, YOU KNOW, SO	11	-
	I'M NOT AN EXPERT IN IT.	12	
13	THAT THIS WOULD BE THE SAVINGS CLAUSE THAT	13	
	GOES OUT; THAT THE VALIDITY OF THE ACTION SHOULD		THE SUPERVISORS THEN THEY SAID, WELL, THIS WAS THE
15	CONTINUE ON, NOT BE VOIDED AND NOT JUST PROTECT FOR		WRONG THING TO DO AND THEY REPEALED IT. SO THAT'S WHERE
16	THOSE CHANGES THAT THE COUNTY MADE DURING THAT PERIOD		I'M TRYING TO UNDERSTAND.
17	WHEN, IF PEOPLE HAD RETIRED AND IT WASN'T INCLUDED,	17	MR. MORELL: CAN I
	THOSE WERE STILL VALID. DURING THAT PERIOD OF NINE		MS. MATSUO: THEY DIDN'T SAY IT WAS THE WRONG
	MONTHS, THAT THOSE WERE STILL VALID.		THING TO DO. THEY SAID IT WAS BEING MISUNDERSTOOD.
20	SO MAYBE YOU'D LIKE TO COMMENT ON THAT FOR ME.	20	MR. MORELL: OKAY. CAN I
21	MS. MATSUO: CAN I RESPOND, MR	21	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: RIGHT. AND I'M
22	MS. FREIDENRICH?	22	TRYING TO UNDERSTAND WHAT IS THAT UNDERSTANDING THAT
23	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: YES, DEFINITELY.	23	SHOULD HAVE BEEN THERE.
24	MS. MATSUO: BASICALLY, YOU HAVE TO LOOK AT	24	THAT'S WHAT I'M TRYING TO REALLY UNDERSTAND IS
25	THE CODE SECTION, I BELIEVE, THE 31460.1. AND THAT CODE	25	WERE THEY REALLY BECAUSE HERE IT DOES SAY THAT
	7 1		7 3

 CONSIDERATION SEAL BY THEORY FOR THESE TO BEELS. AND THIS CASE, AND THE CASE PARTNERS FOR FEMAL BARTING LINE CONSTRUCTION AND AND THE SEAL BY THE S						
9 BARTIAL BLACTOR 5 BS. MARGON, CONSECT. 6 ET, TIAL, I D C DE THAN TO D LICID TO 5 BARTIAL MARGON, ENDERING, TO DE LANK TO DOINT 6 JARTICHAN TORS THEME HAAN BAKINE NO DOINT 5 BARTIAL MARGON, ENDERING, TO BARTING, THE NAME AND TO DOINT 6 JARTICHAN TORS THE THAN BAKINE NO DOINT 5 BARTIAL MARGON, DARK, TO THAN TO AND, THE NAME AND TO DOINT 7 SAKE BLACTOR SAME, FILL DARK, TOTA TAN TO AND THE THE NAME AND TO DOINT 5 BARTIAL MARGON, DARK, TOTA TAN TO AND THE NAME AND TO DOINT 8 NOT 100. SAKE BLACTOR TO THE NAME AND THE NAME AND THE NAME AND TO DOINT 5 BARTIAL MARGON, DARK, TOTA TAN THE NAME AND	1					
surg that is no set that to be set that because too bin's surg that is no set that set too be at to be set to be set to be set too be set to be set too be set	2	AND IN THIS CASE, AGAIN, WHETHER IT WAS A	2	WHAT WAS DONE IN ORANGE COUNTY, NOT LOS ANGELES.		
 Set Later in the set of the set of	3	PARTIAL ELECTION	3	MS. MATSUO: CORRECT.		
 JNST DO ROTHENS AND RECEIVE THE DOE, NOT DUE DAVE TO ON SUBJECTION TO SALT, I MART TO APPLIT FIG TO, TO THE TAY, THE CAN, THE CAN THE CAN	4	BUT, YEAH. I DO SEE THAT YOU ELECTED TO	4	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: RIGHT. I AGREE.		
> SNEE FLICTION TO SAY, I PART TO APPLY THE 70%, THE 2500, > TO HER QUESTION TO SAY, I PART TO APPLY THE 70%, THE 2500, > SNEE FLICTION TO SAY, I PART TO APPLY THE 70%, THE 2500, > TO HER QUESTION TO SAY, I PART TO APPLY THE	5	PARTICIPATE FOR THOSE THREE YEARS BECAUSE YOU DIDN'T	5	MR. MORELL: I AGREE. BUT I BELIEVE I		
 MO 1100. SO, TO ENON, I I TO SEE 72AL. BYT IS IREM SO, TO ENON, I I TO SEE 72AL. BYT IS IREM SO THE PORTING MARKY REARTS, TO MARK, WERE IT SUBJECT TO THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARK, WERE IT SUBJECT TO THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARK, WERE IT SUBJECT TO THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARK, WERE IT SUBJECT TO THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARK, WERE IT SUBJECT TO THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARK, WERE IT SUBJECT TO THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARK, I SUBJECT TO MARKET AND THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARK, I SUBJECT TO MARKET AND THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARK, I SUBJECT TO MARKET AND THE ANALYSE REATTS, TO MARKET AND THE ANALYSE REATTS, THE ANALYSE R	6	JUST DO NOTHING AND RECEIVE THE OBP. YOU DID HAVE TO DO	6	BELIEVE THERE IS ONE OTHER COUNTY. I THINK THE ANSWER		
9 50, 100 HEGH, 1 1 DO SEE TAMT, BOT IS THEM 9 NR. MCHELL: NY UNDERSTANDING IS THAT THEM COCKTY, 10 THE PORTION THAT MARKY IELECTE, TON MARK, HERE IT 10 NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. I BELIEVE IT AND AND SECLIFY. 10 OND TON SEALT SEALSS IN THE OLINA MARKET, IT AND OF SOME. 10 0010 DOST TAMA MARKET. 10 NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. 10 NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. 10 NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. NRS ONE OTHER CONTY. <th>7</th> <th>SOME ELECTION TO SAY, I WANT TO APPLY THE 700, THE 2500,</th> <th>7</th> <th>TO HER QUESTION</th>	7	SOME ELECTION TO SAY, I WANT TO APPLY THE 700, THE 2500,	7	TO HER QUESTION		
 THE PARTICLE THAT MARKET LIGHT, TOO KEN, HERE IT IN THE PARTICLE, TO THE MAD SERVED THAT SERVED ADOTTO THE MAD SERVED AT THE SERVED ADOTTO THE MAD SERVED AT THE SERVED ADOTTO THE MAD SERVED ADOTTO THE	8	AND 1100.	8	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: GO AHEAD.		
11 SICEBDS THE SALARY HECAUSH 11'S NO LONGER, TOD SHOW	9	SO, YOU KNOW, I I DO SEE THAT. BUT IS THEN	9	MR. MORELL: MY UNDERSTANDING IS THAT THERE		
13 ONCE YOU SEND IT 20 THE FLAN, IT BEALLY IS TIND OF GONE. 14 PROCEEDERS TEAN ADDRY. 13 IF TOO DON'T EAYL AND Y. AND LEXE TALE TO THE OWNER OF INTERANCE SOURCE COUNTY FLANCE OF THE OWNER OWNER THE TALE TO THE OWNER OWNER THE SOURCE STREAM THE SOURCE STREAM THE TO THE OWNER THE THE SOURCE STREAM THE TO THE OWNER THE THE SOURCE STREAM THE THE THE SOURCE STREAM THE SOURCE SOURT THE SOURCE SOURT THE SOURCE STREAM THE SOURCE SOURT THE	10	THE PORTION THAT WASN'T ELECTED, YOU KNOW, WHERE IT	10	WAS ONE OTHER COUNTY. I BELIEVE IT WAS VENTURA COUNTY,		
 17 TOU DON'T HAVE ANY IF YOU BAD NO RECEIPTS, TOU 18 KOULD LODE THAT AMOUTD. 19 CONTRACT DESCRIPTION AND RECEIPTS, TOU DESCRIPTS, TERMENT DESCRIPTS, TOU DESCRIPTS, TOU DESCRIPTS, TOU DESCRIPTS, TOU DESCRIPTS, TOU DESCRIPTS, TOU DESCRIPTS, TERMENT DESCRIPTS, TOU DESCRIPTS, TOU	11	EXCEEDS THE SALARY BECAUSE IT'S NO LONGER, YOU KNOW	11	OUT OF THE WHOLE STATE, THAT THAT ADOPTED THIS		
14 WOULD LOSE TEAK IMMOUNT. 15 50 STREAMENTIGALLY, I I YOU KNOW, I LOUG 15 50 STREAMENTIGALLY, I I YOU KNOW, I LOUG 16 90 SAY OLES DARAFTICALLY, YOU'NE POIL INFO A 17 DIFFERENT BUCKEL SYEM TEODER YOU STILL AME GETTING CASE 18 DIFFERENT BUCKEL SYEM TEODER YOU WOULDN'T BATE GOTTEN 19 DIF OU BAD VIELING, TOU WOULDN'T BATE GOTTEN 20 CASE. BUT FES LAN CAN'T YOU KNOW, I THEM TEAT 21 THEN'S STILL THAT LINE BATTEED THE. 22 BOARD KEMBER FESTIENBALCE: BUT I'N TARING TO 24 TOU KNOW, I DIGG'T KHON IF SO PERCENT OF DEAM 25 DOARD KEMBER FESTIENBALCE: STIL'N TARING TO 26 BOARD KEMBER FESTIENBALCE: STIL'N TARING TO 27 MARE COUNT HES CHAN TEAT YOU KAR, IT THEN THEN THEN THEN THE THE THEN THE THEN THE ANT THE AND THE AND THE AND THE AND THEN THEN THEN THE THEN THE AND THE	12	ONCE YOU SEND IT TO THE PLAN, IT REALLY IS KIND OF GONE.	12	PROCEDURE THAT ORANGE COUNTY DID.		
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17 DIFFERENT SUCKIT EVEN TROUGH TOU STILL ARE GETTING CASE 17 NO OBJECTION. I MEAN 18 FON IT. 18 BOARD XINNEE FREEDERGE: WELL, IT IS JUST 19 IF TOD HAD MOTELING, YOU WORLDN'T HAVE GOTEN 18 No. NO. DELINET HERE, IT IS JUST 20 CASH. BUT THE LINE BEWEEN THEM. 18 No. NO. DELINET, CAN I JUST 12 21 MR. MORELI: CAN I JUST 22 WAS YOU KNOW, IT'S JUST INTORMATICAL AND, CERTAINLY, 22 MR. MORELI: CAN I JUST 22 WAS 10 NO. NO. NO. THE AND KENT FREATHER THEMATICAL AND, CERTAINLY, 23 NOW HEAD THEAT'S WEEKE THAT ANALYSIS IS FELEPTIC 24 HAN. AND IT SOUNDS LIKE IT MAN VERY FEW, IF ANY. MAYSE 24 NON DID ANYONE BLSS IN THE STATH HAVE THE 74 76 25 ONE OTHER NET THEIR NECONSTRUMENT. 74 76 7 THE TOD HAN MANNY THE 74 76 7 THE NON DET ANYONE BLSS IN THE STATH HAVE THE 74 76 7 AND DID ANYONE BLSS IN THE STATH HAVE THE 74 76 7 AND DID ANYONE BLSS CONTY THE TO DIT THE AND OTHER 7 76 7 NO RANGE CONNTY THE ONLY COU	16		16			
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8 MS. MATSUO: WELL, I'M NOT SURE ABOUT WHAT 8 THE LAST QUESTION I HAVE SO IF WE CAN GO BACK TO THAT 9 OTHER COUNTIES DID OR HOW MANY OTHER COUNTIES DID. 9 7 AND 8 ON THE ON THE ON THE LAW AGAIN, THAT ONE 10 I KNOW THAT LOS ANGELES COUNTY, THE BOARD OF 10 LAST SECTION, IF I COULD PUT THAT UP ON THE SCREEN. 11 SUPERVISORS DID NOT ADOPT THIS CODE SECTION; AND, 11 THANK YOU VERY MUCH. 12 THEREFORE, LACERA INCLUDED IT, ONLY THE CASH BENEFITS, 12 OKAY. SO IF WE GO DOWN TO 7 AND 8 LET'S 13 INTO THE COMPENSATION. 13 SEE. I JUST WANT TO MAKE SURE I'VE GOT ALL MY QUESTIONS 14 SUBSEQUENTLY, THOUGH, THERE ARE OTHER STATUTES 14 ANSWERED THERE. 15 THAT WERE AMENDED THAT ALLOWED THE RETIREMENT SYSTEM 15 SO OKAY. SO ANY REVERSAL OR AFTER THE 16 BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: YES. 16 EFFECTIVE DATE OF COUNTY ACTIONS TAKEN ON THE BASIS OF 17 MS. MATSUO: AND LACERA VERY DIRECT, VERY 17 MISCONSTRUCTION, WOULD MERELY RESTRICT COUNTY RETIREMENT 18 SPECIFIC L.A. HAS A LOT OF SPECIAL CODE SECTIONS THAT 18 GAINS REASONABLY EXPECTED FROM THEIR COUNTY RETIREMENT 19 APPLY ONLY TO IT. 19 AND WI				-		
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	24		24			
1.5	25		25			
		7.5		7 1		

1	BECAUSE THEY'RE SAYING, IF THERE WAS A REVERSAL, IT	1	AND IT AND, YOU KNOW, IT IS THAT
	WOULD THIS IS WHAT THEY'RE SAYING WOULD HAPPEN.	2	INTERPRETATION OF HOW DOES THAT, YOU KNOW, FIND THAT.
3	SO IF OUR BOARD HAD TAKEN THE ACTION TO TAKE	3	OKAY. WELL, I THINK I I APPRECIATE YOUR
4	IT AWAY, THEN IT WOULD HAVE RESTRICTED COUNTY EMPLOYEES	4	TAKING THE TIME TO ANSWER MY QUESTIONS SO I COULD
5	TO THOSE GAINS ARE EXPECTED TO BE AND WITH WHICH	5	CLARIFY THE INFORMATION I NEEDED.
6	BEAR NO RELATIVE.	6	THANK YOU.
7	THE THEORY AND OBJECTIVE OF THE COUNTY	7	MS. MATSUO: YOU'RE WELCOME.
8	RETIREMENT SYSTEM IS MAINTAINED PURSUANT TO THE COUNTY	8	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: THANK YOU VERY MUCH, SHARI.
9	CERL AND WOULD NOT REQUIRE AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL	9	SO I JUST IS THERE ANYBODY ELSE WHO WOULD
10	IMPAIRMENT OF THE COUNTY RETIREMENT CONTRACT.	10	LIKE TO HOLD FORTH ON THE MATTER?
11	SO I'M JUST IT IS THERE SOMEONE	11	I JUST HAVE I HAVE A COUPLE QUESTIONS REAL
12	THAT'S FROM THE COUNTY OR FROM THE OCERS THAT COULD SAY,	12	QUICK. AND I'M JUST GOING TO ASK MS. RATTO.
13	IF WE REVERSE THAT, WHAT WOULD THAT SAY? WHAT DOES THAT	13	FROM MY PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE IN LIFE, THERE
14	MEAN?	14	ARE THREE ELEMENTS TO THE LAW; THERE'S THE LETTER, THE
15	DOES THAT MEAN THAT YOU KNOW, IF THEY'RE	15	INTENT, AND THE SPIRIT OF THE LAW.
16	SAYING IF YOU DID REVERSE, THIS IS WHAT WOULD HAPPEN.	16	AND FROM THE PERSPECTIVE SPEAKING ON BEHALF OF
17	SO IF YOU DIDN'T REVERSE, THEN WOULD THAT ALLOW THEM TO	17	THE INSTITUTION OF OCERS AND YOURS AS A LAWYER, ARE YOU
18	CONTINUE TO NOT HAVE THESE THINGS EITHER?	18	CONFIDENT THAT THE STAFF AT OCERS PROPERLY EXCLUDED THE
19	MS. MATSUO: MS. FREIDENRICH, I'M NOT 100	19	OBP PAYMENTS FROM CALCULTING MR. MORELL'S FINAL
20	PERCENT SURE THAT I UNDERSTAND YOUR QUESTION. BUT I	20	COMPENSATION UNDER THE CERL PROVISIONS?
21	BELIEVE, PERHAPS, PART OF THE ANSWER IS IF, EVEN TODAY,	21	GENERAL COUNSEL RATTO: YES, I AM.
22	THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS WERE TO REPEAL ITS RESOLUTION	22	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: MR. LEIDERMAN, DO YOU CONCUR
23	90-1551	23	WITH MS. RATTO?
24	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: UH-HUH.	24	MR. LEIDERMAN: YES, I DO.
25	MS. MATSUO: THEN I BELIEVE THAT WOULD END	25	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: THANK YOU VERY MUCH.
	78		8 0
1	THE APPLICATION OF SECTION 31460.1 IN	1	WITH THAT SAID, MR. MORELL, I THINK WE'VE GOT
1 2	THE APPLICATION OF SECTION 31460.1 IN BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: UH-HUH.		WITH THAT SAID, MR. MORELL, I THINK WE'VE GOT A FAIR HEARING IN THE MATTER; THAT YOU'VE ENGAGED THE
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2 3 4	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: UH-HUH. MS. MATSUO: ORANGE COUNTY.	2 3 4	A FAIR HEARING IN THE MATTER; THAT YOU'VE ENGAGED THE BOARD MEMBERS AND THE STAFF HERE IN A DELIBERATIVE
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	PROVISIONS AND RELATED LAWS IN EFFECT WHEN MR. MORELL		IN OTHER WORDS, WHATEVER YOUR DECISION IS, IT
2	RETIRED IN 2014.		HAS TO BE SUPPORTED BY FACTUAL FINDINGS ABOUT WHAT
3	IS THERE A SECOND TO MY MOTION?	3	OCCURRED HERE AND AND NOT JUST CONCLUSIONS ABOUT
4	BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: MR. CHAIR, I'LL SECOND.	4	WHAT WHAT YOU DO WITH IT. YES.
5	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: THANK YOU, MR. PREVATT. IS	5	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: VERY GOOD.
6	THERE ANY	6	MR. MORELL: I'M IN AGREEMENT WITH THAT
7	MR. MORELL: MAY I ASK A PROCEDURAL POINT	7	PROCEDURE.
8	HERE?	8	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: VERY GOOD.
9	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: LET ME ASK THE BOARD BEFORE	9	IS THERE ANY OTHER FINAL DISCUSSION?
10	YOU BEFORE YOU HOLD FORTH.	10	SEEING NONE, WOULD YOU PLEASE CALL THE ROLL?
11	IS THERE ANY FINAL DISCUSSION HERE?	11	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEGERG: MR. PACKARD?
12	SEEING NO TAKERS, MR. MORELL, YES.	12	BOARD MEMBER PACKARD: YES.
13	MR. MORELL: YEAH. WHAT YOU REFER TO THAT	13	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEGERG: MR. PREVATT?
14	AS A FINDING. IT'S ACTUALLY A LEGAL CONCLUSION. AND I	14	BOARD MEMBER PREVATT: YES.
15	WOULD POINT OUT THAT THE THE COURT SUPERIOR COURT	15	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEGERG: MR. LINDHOLM?
16	ALSO ORDERED AND A PART OF THAT PART OF THE BASIS	16	BOARD MEMBER LINDHOLM: YES.
17	FOR HER NOT BEING ABLE TO FULLY ADJUDICATE THE MATTER	17	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEGERG: MR. OATES?
18	WAS THE BOARD HAD NOT MADE FINDINGS ON CERTAIN ISSUES,	18	BOARD MEMBER OATES: YES.
19	BUT PARTICULARLY IN RELATION TO THE ISSUE OF THE	19	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEGERG: MR. HIDALGO?
20	ELECTION QUESTION UNDER UNDER THE STATUTE.	20	
21	FOR EXAMPLE, WAS THERE AN ELECTION? IF SO,	21	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEBERG: MR. ELEY?
22	WHAT IT DID APPLY TO AS AS ONE OF YOUR COLLEAGUES	22	BOARD MEMBER ELEY: YES.
	WAS WAS GOING OVER WHETHER IT APPLIES TO ONLY PRETAX	23	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEGERG: MS. FREIDENRICH?
	MONEY OR THE POST-TAX MONEY.	24	BOARD MEMBER FREIDENRICH: AYE.
25	ALL THESE THINGS REQUIRE FINDINGS. THIS IS AN	25	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEGERG: MS. TAGALOA?
	8 2		8 4
1	ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING. IT'S IT'S JUST SIMPLY NOT	1	BOARD MEMBER TAGALOA: YES.
2	GOOD ENOUGH TO TO JUST MAKE A CONCLUSION SAYING	2	RECORDING SECRETARY CLEGERG: CHAIR DEWANE?
3	APPLICATION DENIED OR SOMETHING.	3	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: YES.
4	THERE ARE FACTUAL FINDINGS THAT NEED TO BE	4	THANK YOU VERY MUCH. THAT MOTION CARRIES.
5	MADE IN CONNECTION WITH THIS PROCEEDING IF YOU ARE GOING	5	THANK YOU, MR. MORELL.
6			
0	TO TO DENY AGAIN.	6	GENERAL COUNSEL RATTO: IF I MIGHT
7			GENERAL COUNSEL RATTO: IF I MIGHT CHAIRMAN DEWANE: YES.
7			
7 8	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: THANK YOU, MR. MORELL. IN	7 8	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: YES.
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1	MR. MORELL: I HAVE NO OBJECTIONS TO THAT.	
2	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: VERY GOOD. AND I SEE	
3	NODDING HEADS FROM THE BOARD IN CONCURRENCE WITH YOUR	
	SUGGESTION.	
5	GENERAL COUNSEL RATTO: THANK YOU. SO I WILL	
6	TAKE THAT AS DIRECTION FROM THE BOARD CHAIR.	
7	THANK YOU VERY MUCH.	
8	CHAIRMAN DEWANE: PERFECT. THANK YOU VERY	
	MUCH.	
10	OKAY. THIS CONCLUDES THE MORELL MATTER.	
11		
12	(WHEREUPON AT 11:40 A.M. THE PROCEEDINGS	
13	TAKEN THROUGH ZOOM VIDEO COMMUNICATIONS	
14	WERE CONCLUDED.)	
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1	CERTIFICATE	
2	OF	
3	CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER	
4	* * * *	
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6		
7	THE UNDERSIGNED CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER	
8	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA DOES HEREBY CERTIFY:	
9	THAT THE FOREGOING ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF	
10	RETIREMENT PROCEEDINGS WERE TAKEN BEFORE ME THROUGH ZOOM	
11	VIDEO COMMUNICATIONS AT THE TIME AND PLACE THEREIN SET	
12	FORTH;	
13	THAT ALL STATEMENTS MADE AT THE TIME OF THE	
14	ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF RETIREMENT PROCEEDINGS WERE	
15	RECORDED STENOGRAPHICALLY BY ME AND WERE THEREAFTER	
16	TRANSCRIBED, SAID TRANSCRIPT BEING A TRUE AND CORRECT	
17	COPY OF THE PROCEEDINGS THEREOF.	
18	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I HAVE SUBSCRIBED MY NAME,	
19	THIS DATE:DECEMBER 15, 2021	
20		
21		
22		
23		
24	VALERIE DESBOROUGH, CERTIFIED	
25	VALERIE DESBOROUGH, CERTIFIED SNORTHAND REPORTER NO. 12317 IN AND FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA ₈ 7	
	AND FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 7	



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Suzanne Jenike, Assistant CEO, External Operations

SUBJECT: FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DECISION IN THE MATTERS OF THE BENEFIT APPEALS OF MEMBERS SZEWCZYK, ROBERT AND MORIKAWA, RODNEY

Recommendation

In the *Matters of Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa*, Staff recommends the Board exercise its authority pursuant to subdivision (d) of section 31534 of the California Government Code and:

- (1) Set this matter for hearing before itself;
- (2) Accept the record before the referee, together with additional evidence, written briefing and argument from the parties in accordance with a schedule determined by the Board; and
- (3) Consider all such testimony, evidence, briefing and argument at a future meeting of the Board at which time the Board will decide the matter as if it had not been referred to the referee.

Alternatives

California Government Code section 31534 outlines the Board's options upon receiving proposed findings of fact and recommendations of a hearing officer. Section 31534 states in pertinent part as follows:

Upon receiving the proposed findings of fact and recommendations of the referee, the board may:

- (a) Approve and adopt the proposed findings and the recommendations of the referee, or
- (b) Require a transcript or summary of all the testimony, plus all other evidence received by the referee. Upon receipt thereof the board shall take such action as in its opinion is indicated by such evidence, or
- (c) Refer the matter back with or without instructions to the referee for further proceedings, or
- (d) Set the matter for hearing before itself. At such hearing, the board shall hear and decide the matter as if it had not been referred to the referee.

Background

Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa (collectively, "Applicants") are retired Deputy Sheriffs II, who retired from the Orange County Sheriffs' Department ("OCSD") in March 2018. As of their retirement dates, the Applicants had been assigned to the Theo Lacy Facility in the Correctional Medical Services Unit. This matter began in 2018 with a request by the Applicants for a written review of OCERS Staff's determination that certain

overtime pay received by the Applicants for working an extra half-hour every other Wednesday ("Overtime Pay") should be excluded from "compensation earnable" when calculating the Applicants' retirement allowances. Pursuant to the OCERS Board's "Adjudication Policy and Administrative Hearing Rules" applicable to requests for hearing filed with OCERS between June 1, 2018 and August 17, 2020, OCERS' CEO, acting through his designee, provided the written review and upheld Staff's determination of the Applicants' retirement allowances. On July 18, 2019, the Applicants filed a timely request for an administrative hearing on the issue of OCERS' exclusion of the Overtime Pay from "compensation earnable" when calculating the Applicants' retirement allowances.

An administrative hearing was held on April 26, 27 and 29, 2021 before Hearing Officer Duane Bennett. The Applicants were represented by Jacob A. Kalinski of Rains Lucia Stern St. Phalle & Silver, P.C. and OCERS was represented by OCERS Staff Attorney, Dawn Matsuo. On November 9, 2021, the Hearing Officer issued his Proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions and Recommendations ("Recommendations") and recommended:

- (1) That the appeals of the Applicants be <u>Granted</u>, and that the 6FE overtime compensation at issue be regarded as compensation earnable for purposes of calculating the retirement benefits of Applicants Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa.
- (2) ... [T]hat the final calculation allowances of Applicants Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa be adjusted retroactively to the dates of their respective retirements.

The aforementioned recommendations hinge upon a proposed finding of the Hearing Officer that purports to create a **new hybrid classification of OCSD employees – Deputy Sheriff Assigned to Jail Operations –** comprised of both Deputy Sheriffs I and Deputy Sheriffs II.

Basis for Staff's Recommendation

Staff's recommendation that the Board reject the Recommendations and exercise its authority pursuant to subdivision (d) of section 31534 of the California Government Code is based on at least the following reasons (Staff reserves the right to raise additional arguments in OCERS' brief and oral remarks).

First, the purported creation of a new hybrid classification of Deputy Sheriff Assigned to Jail Operations and the proposed finding of the Hearing Officer that the Applicants are members of that classification is in direct conflict with the decision made by the Board at its regularly scheduled meeting on May 18, 2020, in a different matter titled *In the Matter of Robert Szewczyk, Jesse Oller and Robert Morikawa* (the "Applicants' First Case") involving these same two Applicants and one other OCERS member.

In the Applicants' First Case, the Applicants sought to have pay associated with working a half-hour extension of each regularly scheduled work shift included in their "compensation earnable." As in the current matter before the Board, in the Applicants' First Case, the Applicants contended that the extra time worked by them was worked by everyone in their same grade or class. On March 26, 2020, Hearing Officer Jane Kearl in the Applicants' First Case issued her Summary of Evidence, Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law, and Recommendations and concluded, among other things, that (1) the Applicants have the class and grade of

Deputy Sheriff II; and (2) that other Deputy Sheriffs II working outside the Theo Lacy Facility in the Correctional Medical Services Unit did not work the half-hour shift extension. On May 18, 2020, the Board approved and adopted the findings and recommendations of the Hearing Officer in the Applicants' First Case; and by doing so, **the Board determined that the Applicants are in the grade and class of Deputy Sheriff II**.

Second, the Recommendations' purported creation of a new hybrid classification of OCSD employees conflicts with the action taken by the Board at its March 15, 2021 meeting and with the Compensation Earnable Policy adopted by the Board on May 17, 2021. At its March 15, 2021 meeting, the Board concluded that in determining the grade/class/rate of pay of employees of Departments within Orange County on and after January 1, 2013, OCERS will look to the grades/classes/rates of pay enumerated in the applicable MOU, the County's official list of job classifications at https://www.ocgov.com/gov/hr/classification/specifications, and other official County-approved documents that are binding on the parties and that establish employee grades, classes or rates of pay. The definition of grade/class/rate of pay is critical to the Board's Compensation Earnable Policy , as mandated by the Supreme Court decision in *Alameda*, and which defines Normal Working Hours as follows:

Definition of Normal Working Hours.

Normal Working Hours are hours that (i) are required to be worked as part of the employee's regular duties; (ii) are **ordinarily worked during the period in question by all other members in the same grade/class/rate of pay as the employee**; *and* (iii) are not and cannot be voluntarily worked by the employee. "Ordinarily worked" does not include time served on a temporary or emergency basis. (Emphasis added.)

Third, the Recommendations' purported creation of a new hybrid classification of OCSD employees comprised of both Deputy Sheriffs I and Deputy Sheriffs II also ignores the requirement of "same rate of pay" used by Government Code section 31461(a)¹. Clearly Deputy Sheriffs I and Deputy Sheriffs II do not earn the same rate of pay.

Finally, the Recommendations erroneously state that a single-author bill (AB 428) that was introduced in the Legislature last session and that has not passed through the Legislature (or any of its committees), much less been signed into law, somehow demonstrates the "intent of the Legislature" on the subjects of overtime and grade/classification/rate of pay.

For all of the aforementioned reasons, Staff urges the Board to reject the Recommendations, exercise its authority pursuant to subdivision (d) of section 31534 of the California Government Code, and set this matter for hearing before the Board.

Scheduling and Process

¹ Subdivision (a) of section 31461 of the Government Code states in pertinent part: "(a) "Compensation earnable" by a member means the average compensation as determined by the board, for the period under consideration upon the basis of the average number of days ordinarily worked by persons in the same grade or class of positions during the period, and **at the same rate of pay**." (Emphasis added.)

If the Board adopts Staff's recommendation, Staff suggests the Board:

- Set the matter for hearing before itself at its March 21, 2022 meeting and at such time decide the matter as if it had not been referred to a Hearing Officer;
- Accept the administrative records presented before the Board and the two Hearing Officers and schedule the exchange of written briefs and additional evidence submitted by the Applicants and OCERS on or before February 18, 2022;
- In lieu of testimony at the March 21, 2022 meeting, accept the transcript of hearing that was held on April 26, 27 and 29, 2021 before Hearing Officer Bennett; and
- At the hearing on March 21, 2022, consider the transcripts of the hearings before the two Hearing Officers, the administrative records, the parties' briefs and any additional evidence submitted with the briefs, and oral argument by both parties.
- Render its decision on or after March 21, 2022.

Submitted by:



SJ-Approved

Suzanne Jenike Assistant CEO, External Operations

FILED Orange County Employees Retirement System NOV 9 2021

By B. Singleton, Clerk of the Hearing Officers

ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM BOARD OF RETIREMENT

In the Matters of:

ROBERT SZEWCZYK and RODNEY MORIKAWA,

APPLICANTS.

Case Nos. 0014-106996, 0012-119403

Proposed Findings of Fact Conclusions and Recommendation

Hearing Dates: April 26, 27, 29, 2021

Duane E. Bennett, Hearing Officer

INTRODUCTION

The issue presented in these appeals is whether certain overtime pay received by the Applicants, coded 6FE, should be regarded as "compensation earnable" and included in their final compensation when calculating the Applicants' retirement allowances.

The Applicants filed benefits appeals with OCERS regarding the calculation of their benefits, that was denied. This instant matter followed, and was assigned to Hearing Officer Duane E. Bennett.

The Applicants have requested that .5 hours of overtime be included in their compensation earnable, in that it was overtime required to be worked by approximately 90% of deputies assigned to the Sheriff's Department's Custody/Corrections Operations every two weeks.

The Applicants contend that during their entire final compensation period, they were required to work an additional half-hour of overtime every two weeks, i.e., coded 6FE, in

the correctional facilities to which they were assigned. They maintain that out of 636 employees represented by AOCDS in the Department's Custody/Corrections Operations, 574 (90.25%) are assigned a schedule requiring them to regularly work a half-hour of "overtime" every two weeks.

The Applicants further contend that the 6FE overtime is compensation earnable under Government Code Section 31461, as well as Resolution 98-001 ("Resolution"), adopted by the OCERS Board of Retirement.

OCERS staff concluded that corrections deputies are "just one of a wide range of roles to which a Deputy Sheriff II can be assigned. As such, the 6FE overtime is not "ordinarily worked by persons in the same grade or class...Rather, it is limited only to those in the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities that utilize the 12-hour work schedule requiring the .5 hours of overtime in each pay period."

The hearing in this matter was held over three days. The Applicants were represented by Jacob A. Kalinski, Attorney At Law, Rains Lucia Stern St. Phalle & Silver, PC. Dawn M. Matsuo, Attorney At Law, represented the Orange County Employees' Retirement System (Respondent).

By stipulation of the Parties and upon submission of closing briefs, the matter was deemed submitted to Hearing Officer Duane E. Bennett for decision on October 19, 2021.

SUMMARY OF EXHIBITS

ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD SUMMARY

1	0001 - 0002	2/1/2018	Application for Service Retirement
2	0003 - 0007	2/28/2018	Benefit Estimate
3	0008 - 0012	2/28/2018	Benefit Estimate
4	0013	2/28/2018	Final Average Salary Calculation Sheet
5	0014	2/22/2018	Employee Pay Rate History 10-6-89 – 2-22-18

	0015		
6	- 2/22/2018		Leave Management Report 2016 - 2018
	0017		
	0018		
7		2/28/2018	Sheriff Timecard Detail 2015 - 2018
	0051		
8	0052	3/11/2018	OC Sheriff Department Internal Memo Re: Overtime Paid to Deputies Memorandum from Sgt. S. Steinle indicating that each pay period, "a deputy, assigned to work the 3/12 work schedule, works three (3) 11.5 hour shifts one week and three (3) 11.5 hour shifts and one (1) 11 hour shift the next week for a total of 80 hours. The day of the 11 hour shift, deputies are required to work .5 hours, paid as OT, to assure appropriate staffing levels. "This overtime is coded on timesheets and payroll detail as 6FE and was ordinarily worked by all in the same grade/class/rate of pay and is part of the deputy's normal tour of duty. "Since the year 2015, Deputy R. Morikawa has been assigned the 3/12 work schedule for three (3) years till present."
9	0053	3/12/2018	OC Sheriff Department Internal Memo Re: Overtime Paid to Deputies Memorandum from Sgt. A. Olukoju indicating that each pay period, "a deputy, assigned to work the 3/12 work schedule, works three (3) 11.5 hour shifts one week and three (3) 11.5 hour shifts and one (1) 11 hour shift the next week for a total of 80 hours. The day of the 11 hour shift, deputies are required to work .5 hours, paid as OT, to assure appropriate staffing levels. "This overtime is coded on timesheets and payroll detail as 6FE and was ordinarily worked by all in the same grade/class/rate of pay and is part of the deputy's normal tour of duty. "Since the year 2015, Deputy R. Morikawa has been assigned the 3/12 work schedule for three (3) years till present."
10	0054 - 0057	4/2/2018	Benefit Estimate
11	0058 - 0062	4/17/2018	Benefit Estimate
12	0063	4/30/2018	First Benefit Letter

			Payroll Information:
13	0064 - 0634	Not dated	 Memorandum from Sgt. A. Olukoju dated 1/22/2018, in reference to overtime paid to deputies who work Correctional Medical Services. It also applies to deputies working at any hospital on scheduled overtime. "A deputy working CMS (The Jail Ward) at Anaheim Global Medical Center as a regularly assigned shift or on overtime, is paid
			.5 hours of overtime pay every shift worked. This pay is not random, but built into each shift. Any sworn employee working these positions is paid .5 hours of overtime.
			"The overtime is coded on timesheets and payroll detail as 2BE and was ordinarily worked by all in the same grade/class/rate of pay working this specific assignment.
			"Since the year 2014, Deputy R. Morikawa #1751 has been assigned the CMS position/shift at Anaheim Global Medical Center for two and half (2.5 years) till present."
14	0635 - 0636	2/8/2018	Application for Service Retirement
15	0637 - 0640	2/13/2018	Benefit Estimate
16	0641 - 0644	2/22/2018	Benefit Estimate
17	0645	2/22/2018	Employee Pay Rate History 7/12/85 – 2/22/18
18	0646 - 0648	2/22/2018	Leave Management Report 2016 - 2018
19	0649 - 0682	3/2/2018	Sheriff Timecard Detail 2015 - 2018
20	0683 - 0686	3/5/2018	Benefit Estimate
21	0687 - 0690	4/2/2018	Benefit Estimate
22	0691 - 0695	4/11/2018	Benefit Estimate

23	0696	4/11/2018	Employee Pay Rate History 7/12/85 – 12/31/99
-		4/11/2018	
-		3/23/2018	Paystub Pay Period 6
	0699	5/25/2018	
26		4/9/2018	Sheriff Timecard Detail 2015 - 2017
	0740	4/ 5/ 2010	
_		5/1/2018	First Benefit Letter
	0741	5/1/2010	Letter from Robert Szewczyk Re: Appeal of monthly benefit:
28	0742 - 0743	7/17/2018	The letter seeks a review of items included in compensation earnable. The letter seeks inclusion of .5 hrs. of overtime (Code 2BE). The letter also seeks inclusion of .5 hrs. of overtime (Code 6FE) that applies to "all Deputies in Corrections assigned the 12-hour work schedule." The letter indicates that both items fall under the OCERS definition of compensation: "Overtime required to be worked that is ordinarily worked by others in the same grade/class/rate of pay and is also considered part of your normal tour of duty."
-	0744 -	_	
29			
	1339		Not Dated Payroll Information
			Resolution No. 98-001
30	1340 - 1344	2/6/1998	The Resolution discusses elements to be included and excluded in compensation earnable pursuant to a court decision. Elements to be included in "Compensation Earnable" include, "Remuneration earned and received in cash (under applicable MOU) to the retiring employee during the final compensation period for working the ordinary time required of other employees in the same grade/classincluding but not limited to the following item of compensation, and others <u>substantially similar</u> to themOvertime required to be worked that is ordinarily worked by others in the same grade/class/rate of pay"
31	1345 - 1450	Not Dated	Memorandum of Understanding: Peace Officer Unit and Supervising Peace Officer Unit 2012 - 2016
32	1451 - 1582	Not Dated	Memorandum of Understanding: Peace Officer Unit and Supervising Peace Officer Unit 2016 - 2019

33	1583 - 1586	3/18/2019	OCERS Board Policy: Compensation Earnable Policy
34	1587 - 1596	Not Dated	OCERS Master Pay Item Spreadsheet
35	1597	Not Dated	Job Number Overtime Code Sheet (July 2019)
36	1598	1/23/2015	Personnel Allocation Theo Lacy Facility
37	1599	1/22/2016	Personnel Allocation Theo Lacy Facility
38	1600	1/20/2017	Personnel Allocation Theo Lacy Facility
39	1601	1/31/2018	Personnel Allocation Theo Lacy Facility
40	1602	12/21/2017	Employee Sign-In Sheet Theo Lacy Facility
41	1603	3/12/2018	Watch List for Theo Lacy
42	1604 - 1617	7/18/2019	Applicant(s) Request for Administrative Hearing (Including letter from OCERS Re: Appeal Determination) The Applicant's legal correspondence references the 6/11/2019 appeal determination by OCERS staff, indicating that the overtime coded as 6FE is "not compensation earnable and was properly excluded" because it is "not overtime required to be worked that is ordinarily worked by others in your same grade/class/rate of pay." The letter notes that the Applicant was a Deputy II at the time of retirement. "The vast majority of Deputy Sheriff II's work in assignments other than corrections and therefore are not required to work this additional .5 hours of 6FE overtime."
			The OCERS determination is predicated on the case of <i>Stevenson v. OCERS</i> (2010) 186 Cal.App.4 th 498, where the Court discussed an OC Sheriff and his claim that he should be classified as a "narcotics investigator". In that case, the Court looked to the County's job description and class characteristics of Investigator to conclude that narcotics investigators did not constitute their own grade or class within the meaning of CERL. OCERS staff concluded that corrections deputies are "just one of a wide range of roles to which a Deputy Sheriff II can be assigned. As such, the 6FE overtime is not 'ordinarily worked by persons in the same grade or class'Rather, it is limited only to those in the Deputy Sheriff II grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities that utilize the 12-hour work schedule requiring the .5 hours of overtime in each pay period."

APPLICANT'S DOCUMENTS ADMITTED INTO THE RECORD

No. 43 [1618-2691] - Custody and Courts Operations Manual

No. 44 [2692] - Sheriff-Coroner Organizational Chart

No. 48 [2722] Deputy Sheriff I Job Description

RESPONDENT'S DOCUMENTS ADMITTED INTO THE RECORD

No. 45 [2712] - Email from Diane Ramos dated 6/13/2019:

The email includes the number of sworn personnel employed at OCSD. The number of employees is 2002, including 830 Deputy Sheriff Is and 630 Deputy Sheriff IIs.

OTHER DOCUMENTS ADMITTED INTO THE RECORD

No. 46 [2713] Deputy Sheriff II Job Description

No. 47 [2716] Title Schematic by Title Code

SUMMARY OF FACTS AND TESTIMONY

Jeffory Weaver testified that he has been with the Sheriff's Department since October 1994. He currently serves as a Deputy II, and is a member of the AOCDS Board.¹

He testified regarding the specific nature of the Custody and Courts Operations Manual, and the merger of the Marshall's Office and Sheriff's Department in approximately 2000. The manual applies to custody and court operations only.²

Mr. Weaver testified that he has participated in labor negotiations and is familiar with the process. He stated that custody operations are 100% distinct from other operations. The

¹ R.T. at pgs. 24, 30-31.

² R.T. at pgs. 26-29. A.R. at 43.

working environments are much different than patrol operations. Some deputies work in the jails their entire careers, he said.³

In approximately 2008, the Department created positions called Custody Service Assistants. Deputy Sheriff IIs were then reassigned outside of the jails. However, some Deputy IIs remained in the jails under a "grandfathering" arrangement. Now, when a Deputy Sheriff II retires, s/he is replaced by a Deputy Sheriff I.⁴

He described the scheduling in jail operations and the "platoon" schedule. He testified that the schedule was implemented at Theo Lacy Jail in 2009, as the starter facility. He described a schedule where all deputies in jail operations work a schedule that was "imposed" by management. There are four platoons for days and nights. Deputies work during their schedules for 12.5 hours, with one hour unpaid. Every two weeks, they are required to work an additional hour of overtime for overlapping coverage.⁵

"So it's just a -- it's a back-and-forth. Then you switch to the day side, and they do the back-and-forth thing. And then you switch back.

"The schedule in a day is 12-and-a-half hours a day, 12-and-a-half hours a day -- years, what we used to do prior on all the other schedules is where you'd take a 24-hour clock and split it in half. You have two 12-hour shifts.

"And then in order for us to have position changes, the ability for one person physically to leave a spot and another person to relieve that person, so to get into the seat and out of the seat, they put 30 minutes of overlap on each shift. So each shift is 12-and-one-half hours.

"On the platoon day, out of that 12-and-one-half hours, 11-and-one-half hours are paid time, 1 hour is unpaid time for a lunch period.

That lunch period is taken somewhere between the start and end of the shift. But you are compensated for 11-and-a-half hours each day worked. The hour unpaid facilitates spreading the time to cover the overlap for an operational need for shift relief."⁶

He stated that 6FE overtime is planned overtime that is pre-scheduled. "The F is the designator for the platoon day, a half an hour..." He testified that it was his belief that the 6FE overtime is equivalent to assignment pay or shift differential pay. The 6FE pay does not change, and a deputy cannot sign up for more 6FE compensation. He deemed the pay as a regular part of a deputy's recurring work schedule, that is an integral and

³ R.T. at pgs. 31-34.

⁴ R.T. at pgs. 40-42.

⁵ R.T. at pgs. 48-53.

⁶ R.T. at pg. 53:2-23.

indispensable part of the shift. He believed that 6FE should be included as compensation earnable.⁷

Q Do you believe that the 6FE should be compensation earnable, included within compensation earnable?

A Yes.

Q Why?

A If we look at- - if we look at the last document we were looking at, the Ventura decision, that document that document, it lists the things that are part of comp earnable.

And one of the first things on the list of comp earnable is wages and salaries. Those things are your base wages and salaries.

And the deputy sheriffs are not salaried employees. We are an employee that has a rate of pay based on the step that you are on.

And that rate of pay is multiplied against the hours that you work. And those hours that we work determine salary. It's a simple thing...

It's an integral and indispensable part of the shift. And it -- it was designed by the employer and imposed upon us to work.

So it wasn't something we created. They created it. They created the half-hour, and it's part of my salary...⁸

On cross-examination, he testified that a Deputy Sheriff I cannot promote to Deputy II and remain at the jail. They would have to go to patrol. However, a Deputy II can have many different assignments. Deputy Is are assigned to the jail or court operations.⁹

He described motorcycle pay as assignment pay. He stated that deputies working the platoon schedule get shift differential pay. Deputies outside the jail do not receive shift differential pay, since it is only as assignment pay given to deputies who work in corrections or the jails.¹⁰

He was uncertain as to whether there was a reference in the MOU to a "classification called custody deputies." He testified that a Deputy Sheriff I cannot promote to a custody deputy.¹¹

⁷ R.T. at pgs. 56, 61-65, 68.

⁸ R.T. at pgs. 68-70.

⁹ R.T. at pgs. 78-80; 113.

¹⁰ R.T. at pg. 105.

¹¹ R.T. at pgs. 112-113:1-3.

Jon Briggs serves as Assistant Sheriff. He supervises the Professional Services Division, Training Division and Records Technology Division. He was also commander of Custody Operations and served as a captain at Theo Lacy.¹²

He testified that Deputy Sheriff Is are assigned to jail operations. Once a deputy promotes to Deputy II, they are assigned to patrol operations. The change in jail assignments occurred in approximately 2009-2010, when Correctional Services Assistants replaced Deputy Sheriff IIs in the jails. At that time, Deputy Sheriff IIs were moved into Deputy Sheriff I positions, while doing the same work as Deputy Sheriff Is and retaining rank and pay.¹³

Q Okay. All right. Now, at the time, in and around 2009 and 2010, there were Deputy Sheriff IIs working in the jails; correct?

- A That's correct.
- *Q* And so what became of them?

A They started -- they were moved out of what they had traditionally been doing, which is in the guard stations in the senior positions, and were moved into Deputy Sheriff I positions while retaining Deputy II rank and pay.

- Q So, basically, they were now doing the same work as the Deputy Sheriff Is were?
- A That's correct.
- Q But they were -- like their pay was grandfathered in?
- A. That's right.¹⁴

The Assistant Sheriff testified that a Deputy Sheriff I cannot promote and remain in the jails. Also, a deputy working in patrol cannot return to the jails as a Deputy Sheriff II.¹⁵

He believed that there are approximately 630 employees in jail operations, and approximately 180 Deputy Sheriff Is in court operations. Deputy Sheriff Is are assigned to jail operations or in the courts. The custody and courts operations manual has existed for as long as he has been with the Department.

¹² R.T. at pgs. 136-138.

¹³ R.T. at pgs. 143-145.

¹⁴ R.T. at pgs. 144-145:1-13.

¹⁵ R.T. at pgs. 41, 169-170.

Assistant Sheriff Briggs described the schedule that deputies assigned to jails work as mandatory overtime, coded as 6FE. It is regularly scheduled overtime. He stated that the 10% of personnel that do not get the 6FE pay are in administrative positions outside of the jails. Deputies assigned to the jails must work 7 shifts at 11.5 hours.¹⁶

No deputy outside of the jails receives the 6FE pay. Assistant Sheriff Briggs testified that, in his opinion, the pay should be included in compensation earnable since it is mandatory and deputies cannot get more of the pay. In this regard, he believed that the 6FE pay is similar to assignment pay, and does not represent true overtime.¹⁷

Q Now, on Page 1342, as you alluded to, the document lists elements to be excluded from compensation earnable. Do you see that?

A I do.

Q And the first one is true overtime. Do you see that?

A Yes.

Q From your perspective is the 6FE true overtime or is it the overtime that is in the elements to be included on 1341?

A Due to the fact that you can't get more of it, can't get less of it, and you don't have a choice whether you work it, it seems more appropriate to be in elements to be included, number one, rather than number two.¹⁸

Diane Ramos has worked in the Department's Payroll Unit since 1994. She explained the coding of overtime and described 6FE overtime as planned overtime for deputies. The amount paid is based on the base salary of a deputy.¹⁹

Ms. Ramos explained overtime coded 6FE:

"So it would be that that shift is an overtime shift, and it's planned overtime, meaning that you know about it in advance. That's the 6. The F component is labeled 'other.' And that's because that type of overtime doesn't fall into any other category. So it's lumped into the 'other.' And the final character, E, is the classification code of the employee working that overtime. So it would be a deputy sheriff."²⁰

She testified that in 2019, approximately 30 Deputy Sheriff IIs worked at Theo Lacy. There were 630 Deputy Sheriff IIs in the Department at the time.

¹⁶ R.T. at pgs. 154-157.

¹⁷ R.T. at pgs. 160-161.

¹⁸ R.T. at pgs. 160-161:1-2.

¹⁹ R.T. at pgs. 188-190.

²⁰ R.T. at pg. 190:10-21.

Ms. Ramos stated that the half-hour of overtime in question is "kind of planned - - it is planned because it's part of that schedule for the foreseeable future for, like I said, that shift rotation; that there is one day they call a platoon that is an 11-hour day, that in order to have coverage for the next shift to come on and do their briefing, that there's a half-hour of overtime."²¹

Ms. Ramos stated that the 6FE overtime must be worked under the platoon schedule, that has been in effect 10-15 years. However, the 80.5 hours worked is not considered as regular hours, since any time over 80 hours cannot be coded as regular pay in the County's software system. Ms. Ramos testified that the payroll system would "error out" if hours in excess of 80 per pay period were uploaded.²²

She discussed an email that she drafted (Bates at 2712), and stated that in 2019, there were 830 Deputy Sheriff Is and 630 Deputy Sheriff IIs. Deputy Sheriff Is are primarily assigned to the jails or courts, with the bulk of deputies assigned to the jails. Deputy IIs primarily work in patrol functions.²³

As of 2019, there were 30 Deputy Sheriff IIs at Theo Lacy, which is the Department's largest jail facility. Ms. Ramos assumed that the number would continue to decline and that there would eventually be no Deputy Sheriff IIs in the jails.²⁴

She testified as to the philosophy of the Department regarding Deputy Sheriff IIs in

patrol:

"The philosophy or the intent of the department is to have Deputy Sheriff IIs out on patrol, not really in the correctional facilities.

"So if a Deputy Sheriff I was trying to go to patrol, they go through these different phases of training. They go out on patrol.

"If they don't make it, for whatever reason, and they are sent back, at that point it was agreed that they would go back to a Deputy Sheriff I. They failed probation basically."²⁵

She testified that Deputy Sheriff Is assigned to jails work the platoon schedule, and approximately 70-80% work mandatory overtime. In former days, Deputy Sheriff IIs

²¹ R.T. at pg. 217.

²² R.T. at pgs. 218-220.

²³ R.T. at pgs. 223-230.

²⁴ R.T. at pgs. 232-234.

²⁵ R.t. at pg. 232:16-25.

could work their whole careers in the jails. When the Department's philosophy changed, some Deputy IIs remained in the jails.²⁶

Ms. Ramos has not heard of a "custody deputy," and indicated that the pay scale is based on the title of Deputy Sheriff I or II.²⁷

Applicant Robert Szewczyk testified that he retired from the Sheriff's Department in March 2018. He worked for the Department from July 1985 until the date of his retirement. He promoted to Deputy Sheriff II in 1987.²⁸

He remained at the jails during his career. As a Deputy II, he worked at the IRC and was responsible for intake, guard stations, housing modules, etc. At the time of his retirement, he was assigned to Theo Lacy.²⁹

His assignment at Theo Lacy remained the same until "CSA's moved in." He then became a "prowler" deputy . He testified that Deputy Sheriff IIs in the jails perform the same, or similar, duties as Deputy Is working in the jails. He stated, "But, basically, what happened is that CSAs took over the jobs of most Deputy IIs. And the Deputy IIs now were doing the same job as Deputy -- the same job as a Deputy Sheriff I." ³⁰

He worked the platoon schedule and was required to work overtime. He stated that 6FE was a part of his normal shift. Deputies worked every other Wednesday, with the last .5 hour being coded as 6FE.³¹

He testified that he had a discussion with OCERS staff about 6FE overtime as compensable earning, and believes that 6FE is compensation earnable since it was required overtime as reflected in the Board Resolution. He stated that the pay was not random, but was the regular schedule for deputies assigned to the jails or corrections.³²

On cross-examination, Mr. Szewczyk stated his understanding that he could remain at the jails, even after the transition to Deputy Is and Community Services Assistants. He testified that he could have applied to go to patrol as a Deputy II, but he chose to continue working at the jails. If he wanted to go to patrol, he would have had to gain patrol experience and the transition was not automatic.³³

- ²⁸ R.T. at pgs. 258-259; 265:22-24.
- ²⁹ R.T. at pgs. 262-267:1-11.
- ³⁰ R.T. at pgs. 268-270.

³² R.T. at pgs. 272-273; 276.

²⁶ R.T. at pgs. 233-234.

²⁷ R.T. at pg. 255:6-16.

³¹ R.T. at pgs. 270-272:1-8.

³³ R.T. at pgs. 278-279; 288-289; 294-297

Mr. Szewczyk testified that his duties were interchangeable with those of a Deputy Sheriff I when he worked in the jails. In regards to the duties of a Deputy Sheriff I and II in custody operations, the Applicant testified:

THE WITNESS: When I first started they were different. Like I said, a Deputy Sheriff II was more experienced and had a lot more responsibilities. And -- Well, so you had a lot more experience, and you were kind of like a supervisor of the Deputy Sheriff Is.

If something went wrong, not only did that Deputy I get in trouble, you got in trouble if - if they were on your floor.

But now, the fact is there is no – nothing distinguishable between -- any Deputy Sheriff I or II can work anywhere in the jail -- anywhere in the jails.

He testified that working in the jails requires special knowledge of California Code Title 15, minimum standards for jails. He also had to receive special training in the Prison Rape Elimination Act ("PREA"). ³⁴

Applicant Rodney Morikawa testified that he retired from the Department in March 2018. He began his employment with the Department in October 1989. He went to the Central jail and promoted to Deputy Sheriff II in July 1994. He retired from Theo Lacy after being there 10-12 years.³⁵

He testified that Deputy Sheriff Is and IIs were interchangeable in the jails. He did not apply for a position in patrol for personal reasons. 36

Like Mr. Szewczyk, he felt that 6FE pay should be included in his retirement benefit calculation as compensable earnings.³⁷

Suzanne Janike was called to testify by both Parties. She has been employed by OCERS since 12/7/1999. She serves as the Assistant CEO of External Operations, and oversees the Benefits Division. As a part of her responsibilities, she reviews benefit determinations.³⁸

³⁴ R.T. at pgs. 301-303:1-15.

³⁵ R.T. at pgs. 306-307, 309.

³⁶ R.T. at pg. 310:6-18; 316:11-19.

³⁷ R.T. at pgs. 311-312:1-2.

³⁸ R.T. at pg. 327.

Ms. Janike discussed compensation earnable. She testified that assignment pay is compensation received based on what an employer defines as a special assignment. Such pay depends on how it is defined in the MOU.³⁹

In discussing the Resolution, Ms. Janike stated that the list under compensation earnable is not an exclusive list. She did not necessarily know why some items are listed as compensation earnable. She stated that OCERS staff routinely reviews the MOU to properly ascertain items subject to compensation earnable, such as motorcycle pay.⁴⁰

Q Okay. And so when you're looking at an item like motorcycle bonus, what would you be looking for to determine whether it should be included in compensation earnable?

A I would be looking to see if it was paid for the regular work duties. So it would be for performance during normal work hours or a special skill.

Q So are those all requirements?

A Yes.

Q So it has to be performance during normal work hours and for a special skill?

A That's correct.

Q And the performance during normal work hours, where does that requirement come from?

A Normal work hours is defined in the Alameda Decision. The Supreme Court Alameda Decision is recent. So I'm not sure exactly how to answer that question.⁴¹

She testified that in determining compensation earnable, OCERS staff considers normal work duties, and performance during normal work hours for a special skill. She also referenced Government Code section 31461. She stated that her definition of pay for a special skill is not noted in the Resolution or Government Code section 31461.⁴²

Q Okay. What about that it's for a special skill? Where does that come from?

- A That's probably just my recollection of the type of pay that we look at.
- Q But I mean, is that -- is that requirement documented anywhere?
- A I don't see it in the resolution.

³⁹ R.T. at pgs. 327-329.

⁴⁰ R.T. at pgs. 329-334.

⁴¹ R.T. at pg. 333:9-25.

⁴² R.T. at pgs. 333-335.

Q So not seeing it in the resolution, does that change your testimony that that's not actually a part of the requirement for something to be included in compensation earnable?

A Yes.⁴³

Ms. Jenike testified that overtime is not typically included in compensation earnable. For overtime to be compensation earnable, "It would have to be regularly scheduled, required and ordinarily worked by all in the same class."⁴⁴ In this regard, such compensable overtime is worked more like regular wages, as opposed to incidental overtime.

Q Okay. And what is the purpose of the distinction between true overtime and the overtime that is included?

A The overtime that's required to be worked that is ordinarily worked by others in the same grade or class is included because it would be more like regular wages and not incidental.

Q Okay. I mean, to put it, I guess, in maybe more like colloquial phrases, we don't want people to spike their pensions. Isn't that the reason for the distinction?

A That's part of it.

While testifying that she was not aware of "custody deputies being a class," Ms. Jenike testified regarding her interpretation of compensation earnable under the Resolution and various types of pensionable pay. She testified that in order to be compensation earnable, pay such as night differential pay must be available to all employees in the class. Subsequently, she qualified this testimony by indicating that the pay must ordinarily be worked by a majority of members in the class.⁴⁵

Q Okay. Now, I noticed though in your response, you said it was worked by all others in the same grade/class/rate of pay. Didn't you say that?

A I did.

Q Okay. And why are you -- why do you say that even though that doesn't exist in the definition in the resolution?

A That's our interpretation of the resolution.

Q Now, do you know whether there is any statute that uses -- or that requires something to be worked by all others in the same grade/class/rate of pay, et cetera?

⁴³ R.t. at pg. 335:2-13.

⁴⁴ R.T. at pg. 340.

⁴⁵ R.T. at pgs. 342-343.

A I don't believe it's in the statute...⁴⁶

Q So is there a certain threshold of individuals that would have needed to receive the compensation for it to be included as compensation earnable?

A The majority of the class.

Q So 50.1 percent -- well, 50 percent plus 1. Is that fair to say?

A It's hard to put a number to it. But, okay.

Q Well, I'm -

A It's the majority.

Q You're just saying a simple majority; correct?

A Okay. Yes.

Q Well, I mean, I'm just asking OCERS what OCERS believed is the necessary threshold for the item to be included in compensation earnable.

So "majority" is your word, not mine. I'm just trying to determine what OCERS standard was.

A Then I would say all of the class.

Q Okay. So all of the class?

HEARING OFFICER BENNETT: ... Can I get clarification because I want to make sure I understand what the witness' testimony is.

And the first response appeared to be that OCERS made a determination. I'm not trying to state --I'm just trying to state my understanding. So you all can correct me, both Mr. Kalinski and Ms. Matsuo, also.

What I hear the witness saying at first is that OCERS made a determination that the majority of the class would have had to work the required overtime for it to be compensation earnable.

Now, my understanding is that it would be all of the members in the class would have to work the overtime for it to be compensation earnable? Please correct me, anybody.

MR. KALINSKI: Your understanding of the witness' testimony is the same as my understanding of the witness' testimony.

HEARING OFFICER BENNETT: Ms. Jenike, you can clarify if that's incorrect.

⁴⁶ R.T. at 342-343:1-7.

THE WITNESS: I think it's important to use the words ordinarily worked by all.

HEARING OFFICER BENNETT: Ordinarily worked. Okay. So ordinarily worked by all members?

THE WITNESS: Correct.

BY MR. KALINSKI:

Q So that is the standard that OCERS applied in this case?

A Correct.

Q Okay. And so in your earlier testimony about a majority, you misspoke. Is that fair to say?

A Perhaps, yes.

Q Okay. So what you're saying is that the test is that it is ordinarily worked by all the members in the class?

A Correct.47

Ms. Jenike testified that one of the reasons for such treatment regarding overtime is to avoid pension spiking. Required overtime does not allow employees to work more overtime and employees cannot manipulate the schedule to get more overtime. "Scheduled" overtime means that it is not incidental, she said.⁴⁸

Ms. Janike explained that 6FE is overtime by deputies assigned to work in the jails. Those assigned to the jails receive .5 hours of "regularly scheduled" or "planned" overtime. She stated that there is other planned overtime in the Department worked by deputies in various assignments.⁴⁹

In this matter, OCERS staff made its determination by reviewing the MOU to ascertain whether others in the class were required to work the same overtime schedule. It was determined that the majority of the Deputy Sheriff II class would have to work the overtime in order for it to be included in compensation earnable.⁵⁰

⁴⁷ R.T. at pgs. 360-361.

⁴⁸ R.T. at pgs. 347-348.

⁴⁹ R.T. at pgs. 352-356:1-2.

⁵⁰ R.T. at pgs. 359-364.

Ms. Janike testified that staff ultimately determined that the overtime worked by the Applicants was not ordinarily worked by all members in the class. In order to be included in compensation earnable, the overtime must ordinarily be worked by all.⁵¹

Ms. Janike provided various responses regarding POST pay and other assignment pay in juxtaposition to compensation earnable, and the criteria applied to mandatory overtime. She explained that in this instance, staff determined that less than 50% of Deputy Sheriff IIs received pay for 6FE.⁵²

Ms. Janike also testified that the issue of whether 6FE is to be included in compensation earnable for Deputy Sheriff Is has not yet been determined. She surmised that if 65-75% of deputies received 6FE, it would be included in compensation earnable. However, such would not be the case if the percentage was 50-55%.

Q And a hypothetical question:

Supposing that 75 percent of Deputy Sheriff Is receive the extra half-hour of overtime compensation, would it be your understanding that it should then be included within compensation earnable?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

BY MR. KALINSKI:

Q Okay. Same question. Change the threshold to 65 percent. Would your -- would it then be your understanding?

A Yes.

- Q Change it to 50 percent.
- A No.
- Q How about 51 percent?
- A I don't know.
- Q And to just to complete, how about 55 percent?
- A I don't know.

Q Okay. So is it fair to say that there's not a specific number, but that it's more of a qualitative analysis?

 ⁵¹ As indicated above, Ms. Janike's testimony varied between requiring that all members work the schedule, to requiring a majority of members to work the schedule. R.T. at pgs. 363-364.
 ⁵² R.T. at pgs. 366-369.

A That would be fair. 53

Ms. Jenike testified that OCERS relies on the employer's determination regarding "grade/class/rate" of pay to their employees. The determination is based on the documentation that the employer uses to identify their employees.⁵⁴

As a part of the determination in this matter, staff reviewed job duties of different individuals within the Deputy Sheriff II classification, and the published classifications on the County websites.⁵⁵

Ms. Jenike was not certain of jail assignment pay. However, she testified that the .5 hours of overtime earned in this matter is not the same as assignment pay, or shift differential pay. She stated that overtime that is a part of a regular shift may not necessarily constitute overtime.

Ms. Janike indicated that she did not know if the Department's change in jail philosophy was a relevant factor, or something that OCERS realized in its determination. She testified, "I don't know that the philosophy change would have been considered, It would have been the numbers that would have mattered."⁵⁶

Ms. Jenike testified that the .5 hr. of work at issue is overtime because it is paid at time and a half and reported to OCERS as overtime. She was uncertain as to whether the time would constitute overtime if reported to OCERS as an assignment pay.⁵⁷

She explained that the County's system will not record 80.5 hours as regular pay, and that 80 hours is the threshold for regular hours worked. She also stated that the employer could dictate the threshold for regular hours worked. It was her understanding the Department could indicate that regular hours worked constituted 80.5 hours. Under such circumstances, 80.5 hours would be pensionable.⁵⁸

On further examination, Ms. Janike stated that only 30 out of 630 Deputy Sheriff IIs worked at Theo Lacy, or in custody positions. Therefore, there is not a sufficient number of deputies in corrections to justify the 6FE as compensation earnable. It was her

⁵³ R.T. at pgs. 379-380:1-2.

⁵⁴ R.T. at pg. 389:1-20.

⁵⁵ R.T. at pgs. 390:5-18.

⁵⁶ R.T. at pg. 393:7-19.

⁵⁷ R.T. at pgs. 402-403:1-9.

⁵⁸ R.T. at pgs. 405-406.

understanding that the Department was trying to reduce the number of Deputy Sheriff IIs in the jails.⁵⁹

Ms. Janike discussed the website links to the title and position of Deputy Sheriff II. She stated that the class specification for the position is on the website, and that OCERS uses documents on the website, including pay schedules, to determine class of employees. In addition, staff examines pay scale, grade code, title code and the "Title Schematic," which dictates the rates of pay. Staff also looks to the MOU, and how classes are discussed or covered.⁶⁰

Ms. Janike expressed some uncertainty about Deputy Sheriffs assigned to Theo Lacy, who work the same schedule. She was uncertain as to whether the subject overtime would have been included in compensation earnable if all the deputies working in custody facilities had the same schedule.

Q Okay. And are you aware that deputies who --Deputy Sheriff Is and IIs who are assigned to those facilities predominately work the same schedule as Mr. Szewczyk and Mr. Morikawa worked?

A I don't know the schedules.

Q Is it your understanding that different jails have different schedules?

A Yes.

Q Okay. So is it your understanding that the only folks -- that the only Deputy Sheriff Is and IIs who worked the schedule that Mr. Szewczyk and Mr. Morikawa worked were the deputies assigned to Theo Lacy?

A I don't know.

Q Was it a relevant factor when you were determining whether or not the pay should be included what the schedule was like at Theo Lacy?

A Yes.

Q And how about in comparison to other custody facilities?

A Yes.

Q So would it be fair to say that if all the deputies working in the custody facilities would have had the same schedule, then you would have determined that the overtime would have been included in compensation earnable?...

⁵⁹ R.T. at pgs. 409-411:1-3.

⁶⁰ R.T. at pgs. 417-423.

THE WITNESS: I don't know.⁶¹

<u>ISSUE</u>

Whether compensation coded 6FE, for the additional half-hour of overtime received by the Applicants, should be regarded as "compensation earnable" and included in final compensation when calculating the Applicants' retirement allowances?

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Applicants have the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence to support their contentions that their retirement benefits should include the 6FE calculations of overtime in their final compensation or compensation earnable.

As provided by Evidence Code section 500, "Except as otherwise provided by law, a party has the burden of proof as to each fact the existence or nonexistence of which is essential to the claim for relief or defense that he is asserting." The burden of proof is only met with reliable, "substantial" evidence. (*Weiser v. Board of Retirement* (1984) 152 Cal.App.3d 775, 783.) Substantial evidence clearly implies that such evidence must be of ponderable legal significance. Such evidence cannot be deemed synonymous with any evidence. "It must be reasonable..., credible, and of solid value..." (*Kuhn v. Dept. of General Service* (1994) 22 Cal.App.4th 1627, 1633.)

Once the initial burden is met, the responding party is charged with producing evidence as to the matters established. The burden of producing evidence means the obligation of a party to introduce evidence sufficient to avoid a ruling against him on the issue. (See Evidence Code section 110.)

The Hearing Officer notes that the determination in this matter is predicated on an analysis of the evidence, with particular scrutiny given to Government Code section 31461, Board Resolution 98-001 and *Stevenson v. OCERS* (2010) 186 Cal. App. 4th 498.

⁶¹ R.T. at pgs. 437-438.

In reaching a determination and recommendation, the Hearing Officer also carefully analyzed the whole of the administrative record, including treatment of classes and grades under the applicable MOUs.

A) Board Resolution 98-001 and Stevenson v. OCERS

Prescient to these appeals is Board Resolution 98-001 ("Resolution") adopted by the OCERS Board of Retirement.

The Resolution is in furtherance of interpreting Government Code section 31461, that provides, in part:

(a) "Compensation earnable" by a member means the average compensation as determined by the board, for the period under consideration upon the basis of the average number of days ordinarily worked by persons in the same grade or class of positions during the period, and at the same rate of pay. The computation for any absence shall be based on the compensation of the position held by the member at the beginning of the absence. Compensation, as defined in Section 31460, that has been deferred shall be deemed "compensation earnable" when earned, rather than when paid.

(b) "Compensation earnable" does not include, in any case, the following:

(3) Payments for additional services rendered outside of normal working hours, whether paid in a lump sum or otherwise.

OCERS staff contends that the half-hour of overtime (coded as 6FE) is not time ordinarily worked by employees in the same grade or class of positions as the Applicants, who were both Deputy Sheriff IIs. Therefore, the overtime should not be included in compensation earnable.

At first blush, the Respondent's determination appears to reasonable based on the number of Deputy Sheriff IIs assigned to corrections, and required to work 6FE overtime. Moreover, both Parties contend that their interpretations support Board Resolution 98-001, that states, in part:

1. Elements to be Included in "Compensation Earnable".

Remuneration earned and receivable in cash (under the applicable MOU) to the retiring employee during the final compensation period for working the ordinary time required of other employees in the same grade/class shall be included in "compensation earnable," including but not limited to the following items of compensation, and others <u>substantially similar</u> to them:

Base salary and Wages **Bilingual Premium Pay** Educational Incentive ("POST") Pay Aircraft Rescue Firefighting Paramedic Pav Motorcycle Bonus **Emergency Dispatch Pay** Field Training Officer Bonus Shift differential pay Confined Space Pay Longevity Incentive Automobile Allowance (paid in cash or to extent automobile provided for personal use and declared as income) Uniform Allowance Uniform Maintenance Allowance Payoffs of Vacation and Sick Leave and Holiday to the extent earned (pro-rated on a monthly basis), not taken as time off, and permitted to be cashed out (pro-rated on a monthly basis) under the applicable MOU (regardless of when actually cashed out) Employee Contributions to Deferred Compensation Plan "Overtime" required to be worked that is ordinarily worked by others in the same grade/class/rate of pay Compensatory Time (if not excluded as "true overtime" (see definition in section 2) and to the extent in excess of minimum required reserve) "Madera" pay Additional compensation for Scheduled Meal Periods Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") to the Extent paid in Cash (applicable to members retiring

before January 1, 1991 (Emphasis added.)

2. Elements to be Excluded From "Compensation Earnable".

Remuneration other value to the employee neither earned or payable in cash to the employee during the final compensation period for working the ordinary time required of other employees in the same grade/class shall be excluded from "compensation earnable", including but not limited to the following items, and others substantially similar to them:

True Overtime (amounts paid for working in excess of the time required and ordinarily worked by others in the same grade/class.)

Employer Contribution to Deferred Compensation Plan

Employer Contributions to Retirement System

Employer "Pick-Up" of Employee Contributions to Retirement System

Payoffs of Vacation and Sick Leave and Holiday Pay, to the extent neither earned nor permitted to be cashed-out under the applicable MOU, regardless of when actually cashed-out

Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") provided in-kind Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") paid in cash to the extent paid to members retiring on and after January 1, 1991 Terminal ("Final") Pay, to the extent not included per Sec .1, above Expense Reimbursements In-kind Advantages (e.g., food, lodging, board, laundry, fuel) Fees, Licenses, Memberships provided to member by the employer (Emphasis added.)

In denying the Applicants' benefits appeals, OCERS staff relied on the Court's holding in *Stevenson v. OCERS* (2010) 186 Cal. App. 4th 498. In *Stevenson*, the Court discussed a deputy sheriff and his claim that he should be classified as a "narcotics investigator". The Court reviewed the County's job description and class characteristics of Investigator to conclude that narcotics investigators did not constitute a separate grade or class within the meaning of CERL.

Relying on *Stevenson*, OCERS staff concluded that corrections deputies are "just one of a wide range of roles to which a Deputy Sheriff II can be assigned. As such, the 6FE overtime is not "ordinarily worked by persons in the same grade or class'...Rather, it is limited only to those in the Deputy Sheriff II grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities that utilize the 12-hour work schedule requiring the .5 hours of overtime in each pay period." Presumably, OCERS staff followed the same analysis in reaching its determination that the Applicants' benefits appeals should be denied.

At the outset, it is axiomatic that there is insufficient evidence that the formal title of "custody deputy" exists within the County or Department. Similar to the Court's holding in *Stevenson*, there is a lack of evidence that there is a classification of custody deputy. The Court in *Stevenson* analyzed several lines of evidence in concluding that the title of "narcotics investigator" did not constitute a classification for purposes of compensation earnable. The Court referenced the Board Resolution in its decision.

The Court also relied on its decision in *Ventura County Deputy Sheriffs' Assn. v. Board of Retirement* (1997) 16 Cal.4th 483 (*Ventura*).

In *Ventura*, the California Supreme Court analyzed the scope of the terms "compensation" and "compensation earnable" under CERL. The Court held: "After considering the language and legislative history of the pertinent CERL provisions, we conclude that the Legislature did not intend to require that a county include its contributions to an employee's deferred compensation plan in 'compensation' as defined in CERL. We also conclude, however, that the other disputed premiums are 'compensation.' With the exception of overtime pay, items of 'compensation' paid in cash, even if not earned by all employees in the same grade or class, must be included in

the 'compensation earnable' and 'final compensation' on which an employee's pension is based." (*Ventura*, supra, 16 Cal.4th at p. 487.)

The Supreme Court stated: "The payments required by CERL to be included in the calculation of the pension of an employee whose county employer has elected to establish a retirement system governed by CERL presents a question of statutory construction, and thus legislative intent. [¶] Which payments to a county employee other than base pay must be included when determining an employee's final compensation is a question crucial to the proper administration of a CERL pension system, including the ability of the county to anticipate and meet its funding obligation. Any ambiguity or uncertainty in the meaning of pension legislation must be resolved in favor of the pensioner, but such construction must be consistent with the clear language and purpose of the statute." (*Ventura*, supra, 16 Cal.4th at page 490.)

The *Stevenson* Court relied on the *Ventura* Court's holding in deciding the OCERS classification issue. First, the Court looked to the MOUs that were in effect during the relevant periods. The Court determined that the MOUs that were in effect each identified five "classes" of positions within the peace officer unit: (1) deputy sheriff I; (2) deputy sheriff II; (3) deputy sheriff trainee; (4) investigator; and (5) investigator-polygraph operator. Neither identified "narcotics investigator" as a grade or class of positions within the peace officer unit. A similar situation exists in this matter, where a "custody deputy" is not identified in the MOUs.

Secondly, the Court analyzed the Orange County Website identifying the classification of Investigator to determine that no such classification existed for narcotics investigator. Likewise, in this instance, the website and exhibits do not identify a custody deputy. The same is true pursuant to the Title Schematic under Bates 2716, that lists titles of Deputy Sheriff I or Deputy Sheriff II.

However, and perhaps, most importantly for this case is the Court's reference to the administrative record and documentary evidence. As the Applicants argue, the Court's holding emphasized that the proper grade or class of employees is a factual matter. The Court held that the documentary evidence was sufficient to establish that the petitioner's grade or class of position was "Investigator" within the meaning of Government Code section 31461. In so finding, the Court said, "But the Legislature did not define or otherwise intend the phrase 'grade or class of positions' to consist of the smallest unit of workers who have the most in common as to duties, responsibilities, and schedules. Imposing such a specialized and perhaps also transient analysis, *without regard to the county's determination of classes of positions* might undermine 'the ability of the county to anticipate and meet its funding obligation' which would be in contravention of legislative intent." (citing *Ventura*, supra, 16 Cal.4th at p. 490. Emphasis added.)

The OCERS staff denial of the benefits appeals in this matter refers to the Court's ruling. However, the Hearing Officer finds that the Court's holding does necessarily support the denial of benefits in this instance. This is particularly true in light of the preponderance of the evidence.

As noted above, and as the Respondent argues, there is insufficient evidence that the formal classification of custody deputy exists in the MOU, or on the County Website. However, there is a preponderance of evidence that the Applicants' grade or classification of Deputy Sheriff II working in custody and jail operations was synonymous with the duties of Deputy Sheriff I.

In other words, those Deputy Sheriff IIs assigned to custody and jail operations functioned the same as Deputy Sheriff Is assigned to custody and jail operations, according to testimony and the weight of evidence. The grades and classifications were, for all intents and purposes, interchangeable and the same. In fact, the OCERS staff denial letter appears to implicitly acknowledge such a finding by making reference to the "Deputy Sheriff II grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities." The testimony substantiates that such Deputy Sheriff IIs function in the same roles as Deputy Sheriff Is assigned to Orange County corrections facilities.

Although the Hearing Officer declines to adopt the Applicants' argument regarding the classification of "Custody Deputies" per se, the Applicants correctly argue that any distinction between Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs in corrections have been erased. Deputy IIs in the jails began performing exactly as Deputy Sheriff Is when the Department's jail philosophy changed.⁶²

Because of the unique situation regarding the Department's change in jail philosophy, that occurred in approximately 2008-2012 according to the evidence, Deputy Sheriff IIs perform the same functions as Deputy Sheriff Is while working in jail operations. The preponderance of evidence indicates that Deputy Sheriff IIs assigned to the jails during the transition had the option of applying for work in patrol, or remaining in the jails. The Applicants chose to remain in the jails (or at Theo Lacy) until their retirements. This was allowed and permitted by the County and Department under a grandfathering arrangement. Therefore, the Applicants became subject to the same 6FE mandatory overtime requirements as the majority of the Deputy Sheriff I grade, that is routinely assigned to custody or jail operations.

Importantly, the position of Deputy Sheriff II assigned to corrections is not the same as a Deputy Sheriff II in patrol. In fact, a Deputy Sheriff II seeking to leave corrections is not

⁶² Applicant's reply brief at pgs. 12-13.

automatically guaranteed a spot in patrol. They must pass training and achieve other core proficiencies before entering patrol. According to Asst. Sheriff Briggs, any Deputy Sheriff II that fails to pass such standards must return to corrections as a Deputy Sheriff I.⁶³

Suzanne Janike testified that she has been employed by OCERS since 12/7/1999. She serves as Assistant CEO of External Operations, and oversees the Benefits Division. As a part of her responsibilities, she reviews benefit determinations.

Ms. Janike testified that staff did not necessarily consider the change in the Sheriff Department's jail philosophy, or work schedules, for deputies when conducting its analysis. In essence, the manner and scheduling of deputies working in custody operations was not a consideration in the staff analysis. However, the Hearing Officer finds that this analysis is critical in rendering a determination in this matter.

Moreover, Ms. Janike testified that she was uncertain as to whether overtime for deputies assigned to custody operations working the same schedule would be considered compensation earnable. Therefore, there were other unresolved questions of compensation earnable in this regard.

B) <u>The Hearing Testimony and the Preponderance of Evidence Indicates that the</u> <u>Applicants were in a Unique Position as Deputy Sheriff IIs Assigned to Jail</u> <u>Operations and Required to Work Mandatory Overtime</u>

The Applicants both testified that as deputies assigned to custody operations, they were required to work mandatory overtime of .5 hours every two weeks under the "platoon schedule." According to testimony, this schedule consists of seven 11.5-hour work shifts every two weeks, and was imposed by the Department. The schedule is ordinarily required to be worked by all deputies assigned to custody or jail functions. The evidence indicates that the vast majority of deputies assigned to the jails, whether Deputy Sheriff I or Deputy Sheriff II must work the required .5 hours of overtime each two weeks, coded

⁶³ R.T. at pgs. 143-145; 169-170.

as 6FE. The characterization of the overtime indicated that it was budgeted, planned, mandatory, routinely scheduled and a part of the Applicants' regular pay.⁶⁴

AOCDS Board Member Jeffory Weaver testified regarding the specific nature of the Custody and Courts Operations Manual.⁶⁵ He indicated that the manual specifically applies to custody and court operations only. He testified that some deputies work in the jails their entire careers.

He testified that in approximately 2008, the Department created positions called Custody/Correctional Service Assistants. Deputy Sheriff IIs were then reassigned outside of the jails. However, some Deputy Sheriff IIs remained in the jails under a grandfathering arrangement. Now, when a Deputy Sheriff II retires while working in custody operations, s/he is replaced by a Deputy Sheriff I.

Mr. Weaver described the scheduling in jail operations as the platoon schedule. He described a schedule where all deputies in jail operations work a schedule that was mandated and "imposed" by management. There are four platoons that work days and nights. Deputies work schedules for 12.5 hours, with one hour unpaid. Every two weeks, they are required to work an additional half-hour of overtime for overlapping coverage.

He testified that 6FE overtime is planned overtime that is pre-scheduled. He further stated that it is his belief that 6FE overtime is equivalent to assignment pay or shift differential pay. The 6FE pay does not change, and a deputy cannot sign up for more 6FE overtime pay. He said that the pay is a regular part of a deputy's recurring work schedule, that is an integral and indispensable part of the shift.

On cross-examination, Mr. Weaver testified that any Deputy Sheriff I that now promotes cannot remain at the jail, and must go to patrol.

Mr. Weaver described motorcycle pay as assignment pay. He stated that deputies working the platoon schedule can also receive shift differential pay. However, only deputies working in the jails, whether Deputy Sheriff I or II, may receive shift differential pay. In this regard, a Deputy Sheriff I and II are treated the same in regards to the mandatory overtime and shift differential pay while working in jail operations.

Assistant Sheriff Briggs testified that Deputy Sheriff Is are assigned to jail operations. Once a deputy promotes to Deputy Sheriff II, he or she is assigned to patrol operations. The change in jail assignments occurred in approximately 2009-2010, when Correctional

⁶⁴ Bates at 1597.

⁶⁵ A.R. at 43.

Services Assistants replaced Deputy Sheriff IIs in the jails. At that time, various Deputy Sheriff IIs remaining in the jails were moved into Deputy Sheriff I positions, but their pay was grandfathered in.

He believed that there are approximately 630 employees in jail operations, and approximately 180 Deputy Sheriff Is in court operations. Deputy Sheriff Is are assigned to jail operations or the courts. He referenced the Custody and Courts Operations Manual, and indicated that it has existed for as long as he has been with the Department.

Assistant Sheriff Briggs described the schedule that deputies assigned to custody/jails work as <u>mandatory</u> overtime, coded as 6FE. It is regularly scheduled overtime. He stated that the 10% of personnel that do not get the 6FE pay are in administrative positions outside of the jails. Deputies assigned to the jails must work 7 shifts at 11.5 hours, whether a Deputy Sheriff I or Deputy Sheriff II.

No deputy outside of the jails receives the 6FE pay. Assistant Sheriff Briggs testified that, in his opinion, the 6FE pay should be included in compensation earnable since it is scheduled, mandatory and since deputies cannot obtain more of the pay. In this regard, he believed that 6FE pay is similar to assignment pay.

Diane Ramos explained the coding of overtime, and also described 6FE overtime as <u>planned</u> overtime for deputies. The amount paid is predicated on the base salary of a deputy.

She testified that in 2019, approximately 30 Deputy Sheriff IIs worked at Theo Lacy. There were 630 Deputy Sheriff IIs in the Department at the time.

Ms. Ramos stated that the 6FE overtime must be worked under the platoon schedule, that has been in effect 10-15 years. The 80.5 hours worked is not considered as regular hours, since any time over 80 hours cannot be coded as regular pay in the County's software system and would "error out".

She testified that Deputy Sheriff Is in the jails work the platoon schedule, and approximately 70-80% work the mandatory overtime. In former days, Deputy Sheriff IIs could work their whole careers in the jails. When the Department's philosophy changed, some Deputy IIs remained in the jails. Newly promoted Deputy Sheriff IIs must now leave the jails and are assigned to patrol on a probationary basis. Similar to Asst. Sheriff Briggs, she stated that if a Deputy Sheriff II is unsuccessful on probation for whatever reason, s/he must return to the jails as a Deputy Sheriff I.⁶⁶

⁶⁶ R.T. at pg. 232:16-25.

Ms. Janike testified regarding compensation earnable. She stated that assignment pay is compensation received based on what an employer defines as a special assignment. Such pay depends on how it is defined in the MOU. Importantly, she stated that consideration and deference is given to the employer, or Department in this instance, in defining employee grade, rank and/or classification.

Ms. Jenike's testimony was somewhat ambiguous regarding various types of pay included in compensation earnable. Her testimony reflected difficulty, and some uncertainty, regarding the determination in these matters. She offered varied testimony in stating that in order to be compensation earnable, overtime pay must be available to *all* employees in the class. Subsequently, she qualified this testimony by indicating that the pay must ordinarily be worked by a *majority* of members in the class. Her testimony appeared to reflect the legitimate difficulty that staff might have had in analyzing this issue.

Ms. Jenike stated that overtime is not typically included in compensation earnable. In order to be compensable, it must be regularly scheduled and required to be worked by all, or a majority, in the same grade or class. In this regard, such compensable overtime is worked more like regular wages, as opposed to incidental overtime.

However, the Supreme Court in *Ventura* did not list a requirement that such compensation must be earned by <u>all</u> in a grade or class. As referenced above, the Court stated that with the exception of additional overtime pay (true overtime), "items of 'compensation' paid in cash, *even if not earned by all employees in the same grade or class*, must be included in the 'compensation earnable' and 'final compensation' on which an employee's pension is based." (*Ventura*, supra, 16 Cal.4th at p. 487. Emphasis added.)

Ms. Janike testified that one reason for the exclusion of incidental overtime is to avoid pension spiking. On the other hand, required or mandatory overtime does not allow employees to work more overtime, and employees cannot manipulate the schedule to get more overtime. "Scheduled" overtime means that it is not incidental, she stated.

Ms. Janike described 6FE to be overtime by deputies assigned to the jails. Deputies assigned to the jails receive .5 hours of regularly scheduled or planned overtime. She explained that the County's system would not record 80.5 hours as regular pay, and that 80 hours is the threshold for regular hours worked.

However, she also testified that the employer, or Department, could dictate the threshold for regular hours worked. She stated that the Department could specify that regular hours

worked constituted 80.5 hours. Under such circumstances, 80.5 hours would be pensionable as regular hours worked.

Based on Ms. Janike's testimony, and the weight of the evidence, it is clear that the overtime claimed in this instance (as 6FE) is not incidental overtime, nor is it "true overtime" as defined by the Board Resolution. There is a preponderance of evidence that the 6FE overtime is planned, scheduled, mandatory and required for deputies ordinarily assigned to jail operations. Moreover, the overtime worked by the Applicants in this case fits within the definition of overtime <u>required</u> to be worked under the Board Resolution, and included as compensation earnable, even if not worked by all Deputy Sheriff IIs throughout the Department.

In this sense, the distinct classifications of Deputy Sheriff I or II assigned to corrections is a difference with little distinction, particularly for that grade or class of Deputy Sheriff IIs grandfathered into jail operations. Consistent with the preponderance of evidence, the Department has determined that Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs performing custody or jail operations are interchangeable, and one and the same grade for all intents and purposes.

Assistant Sheriff Briggs testified that when the Department transitioned to non-sworn personnel in the jails, Deputy Sheriff IIs remaining in the jails were moved into Deputy Sheriff I positions, but their pay was grandfathered in. In addition, there is substantial evidence that the duties of Deputy Sheriff I and II in custody operations are "interchangeable."

Applicant Robert Szewczyk testified that he remained at the jails throughout his career. As a Deputy Sheriff II, he was responsible for guard stations, inmate fights, housing modules, etc. He retired from the Department, while working at Theo Lacy as a Deputy Sheriff II. He testified that Deputy Sheriff IIs in the jails performed the same or similar duties and functions as a Deputy Sheriff I working in the jails.

He worked the platoon schedule, and was required to work overtime. He stated that 6FE was a part of his normal shift. Deputies worked every other Wednesday, with the last .5 hour being coded as 6FE. He stated that the pay was not random, but was the regular, planned schedule for deputies assigned to the jails or custody operations.

Applicant Szewczyk also distinguished the position of a deputy sheriff assigned to jail operations, as opposed to patrol, by specifying the special knowledge required for jail assignments. He testified that working in the jails requires special knowledge of

California Code Title 15, minimum standards for jails. He also had to receive training in the Prison Rape Elimination Act ("PREA").

Nevertheless, as a Deputy Sheriff II, his duties were interchangeable with those of a Deputy I. Also, transportation deputies in custody operations could be either a Deputy I or Deputy II.

Applicant Rodney Morikawa testified similarly. Similar to Mr. Szewczyk, Mr. Morikawa testified that Deputy Sheriff Is and IIs were interchangeable in the jails. He did not apply for a position in patrol for personal reasons.

The Hearing Officer concludes that the subject overtime pay (coded as 6FE) was required to be worked by the Applicants as Deputy Sheriff IIs, as it was for Deputy Sheriff Is assigned to custody and jail operations. The preponderance of evidence also indicates that the schedules and duties of Deputy Sheriffs I and II in custody operations were redefined as an interchangeable grade by the Sheriff's Department. ⁶⁷

There is also a preponderance of evidence that the Applicants' positions as Deputy Sheriff IIs, assigned to custody and jail operations, constituted a grandfathered grade of Deputy Sheriff I/Deputy Sheriff II, scheduled to work 6FE overtime as normal hours within the same grade or class. This is particularly true since the mandatory overtime requirements, duties and functions were the same for both Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs in jail or custody operations.

C) <u>The Required Overtime in this Matter was not "True Overtime" as Referenced in</u> <u>Resolution 98-001</u>

Board Resolution 98-001 defines two types of overtime. In addition to the mandatory overtime discussed above, the Resolution references "true overtime". The Resolution excludes true overtime from compensation earnable.

The preamble to the Resolution states the Board's intent in adopting the Resolution, and provides the rationale for its substance. In this regard, the exclusion of incidental or true overtime in the definition of compensation earnable seems clear. The Board wanted

⁶⁷ As discussed above, Ms. Janike testified that determinations in these matters must give deference to the employer's determinations of grade/class/rank.

incidental overtime that could cause pension spikes to be excluded from compensation earnable. In fact, the second to last portion of the preamble makes clear this intention by stating:

"WHEREAS, The Board of Retirement finds that the proper exercise of its statutory duties under the Government Code requires it to prevent the improper manipulation of compensation for purposes of determining compensation earnable, and to avoid the artificial inflation of pension benefits."

Likewise, Ms. Janike testified that the exclusion of incidental overtime is to avoid artificial pension inflation. However, the Hearing Officer finds that the instant situation involved planned, budgeted and required overtime as opposed to true overtime that could be used to artificially inflate pensions. It is apparent that the 6FE overtime at issue could not be increased, altered, nor manipulated.

Notwithstanding the determination that the 6FE overtime at issue was not pensionable, it cannot be argued that the overtime constituted "true overtime," as reflected in the Board Resolution. Since the overtime was scheduled, budgeted, planned, and ordinarily required to be worked by deputies assigned to jail operations, it was clearly not voluntary, incidental, nor subject to pension spiking or artificial inflation.

Jeffory Weaver testified that "planned overtime" is expected or prescheduled overtime.⁶⁸ Similarly, Asst. Sheriff Briggs testified that 6FE is planned overtime, and that a deputy cannot earn more of the overtime.⁶⁹

Ms. Ramos agreed that the overtime required to be worked by the Applicants under the platoon schedule is planned. She testified that the half-hour of overtime in question is "kind of planned - - it is planned because it's part of that schedule for the foreseeable future for, like I said, that shift rotation; that there is one day they call a platoon that is an 11-hour day, that in order to have coverage for the next shift to come on and do their briefing, that there's a half-hour of overtime."⁷⁰ In this sense, an employee could not earn more of the overtime by volunteering for the same, etc.⁷¹

The discussion of overtime in the MOU underscores this analysis. For example, Article I, section 3 states, "If in the judgment of the Department, work beyond the normal workday, workweek or work period is required, the Department will notify any employee

⁶⁸ R.T. at pg. 58.

⁶⁹ R.T. at pg. 155.

⁷⁰ R.T. at pg. 217.

⁷¹ R.T. at pg. 217.

who may be asked to perform such work of the apparent need for such work as soon as practicable prior to when the work is expected to begin..."

Under MOU Article I, section 3C(5), the MOU makes it clear that such overtime is true overtime in stating, "Time worked as overtime shall not be used to earn fringe benefits or to serve out probation or merit increase periods..."⁷²

The Respondent makes an interesting argument in its closing brief at pg. 4, by arguing, "The only item listed that might impact the issue here is [Gov. Code, §31461] subdivision (b)(3) which states that 'payments of additional services rendered outside of normal working hours, whether paid in a lump sum or otherwise' **are not included** in compensation earnable. (Gov. Code, §31461, subd. (b)(3).) Overtime is 'outside normal working hours' and is therefore, not to be included in compensation earnable. This would mean that the 30 minutes of overtime attached to each shift for the Applicants working the extra half-hour every other Wednesday would not be included in compensation earnable."

The Hearing Officer reads Government Code § 31461(b)(3) to exclude from compensation earnable "additional services" outside of normal work hours. Section 31461(b)(3) excludes from compensation earnable, "Payments for additional services rendered outside of normal working hours, whether paid in a lump sum or otherwise." In this instance, the overtime in question had nothing to do with additional services. Moreover, the overtime was not rendered "outside of normal working hours."

The Supreme Court in *Ventura* discussed overtime in the context of the number of days ordinarily worked. The Court referenced a standard work week (or month) and made reference to overtime as extra hours. The Court held that with the exception of overtime pay, items of compensation paid in cash, even if not earned by all employees in the same grade or class, must be included in the "compensation earnable" and "final compensation" on which an employee's pension is based. (*Ventura*, supra, 16 Cal.4th at pgs. 487, 500.)

In Alameda County Deputy Sheriff's Assn. v. Alameda County Employees' Retirement Assn. (2020) 9 Cal.5th 1032, 1097, the Court specifically discussed the purpose of Government Code § 31461(b)(3) and its application to traditional overtime in stating:

"A comparable rationale supports the enactment of section 31461, subdivision (b)(3), which excludes "[p]ayments for *additional services* rendered outside of normal working hours." Section 31461 bases compensation earnable on the same number of days worked

⁷² Bates at 1465.

for all employees within a particular pay grade. The long-standing exclusion of overtime from compensation earnable, now embodied in section 31461.6, confirms that an employee's pensionable compensation is generally to be based on pay for work performed during normal working hours. Consistently with this exclusion of overtime, subdivision (b)(3) requires the exclusion of compensation for other services rendered outside normal working hours. *This restriction prevents employees from volunteering, during their final compensation period, to perform additional services outside normal working hours in order to artificially inflate their daily rate of pay...*" (Emphasis added.)

Although 6FE is coded as planned overtime, it appears to be a misnomer in this instance. The evidence indicates that the "overtime" was actually a part of the Applicants' normal work schedule as required by the Department. It was not overtime worked by the Applicants in addition to their normal schedule. Nor was it time rendered outside of normal working hours pursuant to Government Code § 31461(b)(3), or volunteered time in order to artificially manipulate or inflate the Applicants' rates of pay.

The evidence indicates that the 6FE at issue was more akin to regular pay and part of the Applicants' normal work schedule. Both Ms. Janike and Ms. Ramos testified that the Sheriff's Department, or employer, could redefine regular work hours as 80.5 hours. However, they noted that the County's software system would not allow such a schedule, presumably due to inherent software limitations. Ms. Ramos testified that the subject 80.5 hours is not considered as regular hours, since any time over 80 hours cannot be coded as regular pay in the County's software system.⁷³

The Hearing Officer finds that there is substantial evidence that the 6FE overtime at issue is not true overtime, and constitutes regular pay or overtime consistent with the definition of compensation earnable pursuant to Board Resolution 98-001.

D) <u>Distinction Between the Grade or Class of Deputies Assigned to Custody and Jail</u> <u>Operations</u>

The *Stevenson* Court analyzed the administrative record to decide the job classification in dispute. In the instant matter, the preponderance of evidence and the administrative record appear to make little distinction between Deputy Sheriff I or Deputy Sheriff II assigned to custody or jail operations.

⁷³ As discussed above, Diane Ramos testified that the payroll system would "error out" if regular hours above 80 were uploaded. R.T. at pg. 220:7-11.

Both parties presented various analyses of what the *Stevenson* Court held in regards to the "grade and class" of employees. The Applicants argue that the Court emphasized that the term "grade or class," as set forth in Government Code section 31461, is not necessarily synonymous with a job classification described in an applicable MOU or County enactment.⁷⁴ The Respondent argues that the Court relied on three lines of evidence, including the MOUs and administrative record, to determine the proper grade or class of position.⁷⁵ In many respects, the gravamen of this matter concerns the proper scope of the Applicants' "grade" or "class" as Deputy Sheriffs.

The MOUs reflect pay that is afforded to deputies who work night shifts in the jails, whether Deputy Sheriff Is or Deputy Sheriff IIs. The evidence indicates that only deputies assigned to the jails are eligible for such pay. As deputies working in the jails, the Applicants were eligible for this shift differential pay, as opposed to other Deputy Sheriff IIs in patrol. Such differentiation supports the analysis that the Applicants were in a unique Deputy Sheriff grade or class that was recognized by the Department.

Likewise, the evidence reflects that custody transportation pay is equally available to a Deputy Sheriff I or II in jails or custody operations. Under the MOU, there appears to be little distinction between deputies assigned to jails or custody operations and various types of pay. This indicates that the Department considers a Deputy Sheriff II in jail/custody operations to be in the same, or similar, grade as a Deputy Sheriff I. It is axiomatic that the vast majority of such deputies are required to work the same mandatory overtime coded as 6FE.

This finding is further supported by two memorandums written on behalf of Applicant Morikawa in Exhibits 8 and 9. In Exhibits 8 and 9, Departmental members Sgt. S. Steinle and Sgt. A. Olukoju stated that in each pay period, "a deputy, assigned to work the 3/12 work schedule, works three (3) 11.5 hour shifts one week and three (3) 11.5 hour shifts and one (1) 11 hour shift the next week for a total of 80 hours. The day of the 11 hour shift, deputies are required to work .5 hours, paid as OT, to assure appropriate staffing levels.

"This overtime is coded on timesheets and payroll detail as 6FE and was <u>ordinarily</u> worked by <u>all in the same grade/class/rate of pay</u> and is part of the deputy's <u>normal</u> tour of duty." (Emphasis added.)

As discussed above, Assistant Sheriff Briggs and Jeffory Weaver testified regarding the same beliefs and sentiments, stating that the overtime worked by the Applicants was the

⁷⁴ Applicants' Closing Brief at pg. 19.

⁷⁵ Respondent's Closing Brief at pg. 6.

same overtime ordinarily required to be worked by deputies assigned to jails and custody operations. By implication, it follows that the Department and MOU reflect that the Applicants were in the same (or similar) grade or class as Deputy Sheriff Is assigned to custody and jail operations.⁷⁶

To underscore the unsettled distinction between Deputy Sheriff I and II assigned to custody or corrections, it is interesting to note the testimonies of Assist. Sheriff Briggs and Diane Ramos regarding Deputy Sheriff IIs who fail probation in patrol. Both witnesses testified that if a Deputy Sheriff II is unsuccessful on probation when assigned to patrol, s/he must return to the jails as a Deputy Sheriff I.⁷⁷

The Respondent argues that the Applicants had the choice to leave the jails and work in patrol. As such, they would not have been assigned to work the platoon schedule or 6FE overtime. Although this appears to be a good argument, it must be recognized that there was no certainty or guarantee that the Applicants could have successfully transferred to patrol. The evidence indicates that the Applicants would have had to pass various metrics and standards in order to receive an assignment in patrol. If they failed probation, they would have to return to the jail assignment as a Deputy Sheriff I. In this sense, the Applicants did not have a vested right to a patrol assignment.

The preponderance of evidence regarding the Sheriff's Departmental philosophy, scheduling, patterns and practices reveals that the grade of Deputy Sheriff I and Deputy Sheriff II assigned to custody operations is a distinction without a difference. In essence, the Department/employer established a class or grade of Deputy Sheriffs assigned to custody and jail operations that is interchangeable in scheduling, functions and duties. This is true regardless of whether the employee serves as a Deputy Sheriff I or Deputy Sheriff II assigned to custody operations.

California law establishes that a member's employer determines the member's "grade or class of positions" within parameters established by statute. CERL does not define "grade or class of positions." The testimony from Asst. Sheriff Briggs and Jeffory Weaver underscores this point, and evidences the fact that the Department has determined that the grade of Deputy Sheriff I and Deputy Sheriff II in custody operations is one and the same.

Although not necessarily applicable in this matter, Assembly Bill 498, amended on September 10, 2021, proposes to remove the word "grade" and replace it with "group" in Government Code section 31461. The bill defines "group or class of positions" as

⁷⁶ The Applicants also rely on the manual for custody and jail operations to support the exclusive roles of Deputy Sheriff Is and IIs assigned to jail operations.

⁷⁷ R.T. at pgs. 143-145; 232:16-25;

meaning "a number of employees considered together because they share similarities in job duties, work location, collective bargaining unit, or other logical work-related grouping, and would specify that a single employee is not a group or class." The bill also states that it is a clarification of existing law. While it does not apply to this appeal, the intent of the Legislature relative to the issue presented above should be noted.

The Respondent juxtaposed the Applicants' 6FE overtime to that of other Deputy Sheriff IIs working in patrol in concluding that it did not constitute compensation earnable. To the contrary, the evidence demonstrates that the 6FE earned by the Applicants could have been compared to the vast majority of Deputy Sheriff Is (and Deputy Sheriff IIs) working the same custody or jail assignment. The later would be the appropriate comparison given the Department's change in jail philosophy, grandfathered deputy sheriff assignments, budgeting and mandated 6FE platoon scheduling.

E) <u>The Board Resolution Does Not Include an Exclusive List of Items to Be Included</u> <u>in Compensation Earnable</u>

The Resolution does not reflect an exhaustive list of items to be included in compensation earnable. Instead the Resolution states under "Elements to be Included in 'Compensation Earnable':

"Remuneration earned and receivable in cash (under the applicable MOU) to the retiring employee during the final compensation period for working the ordinary time required of other employees in the same grade/class shall be included in 'compensation earnable,' including but not limited to the following items of compensation, and <u>others substantially similar</u> to them." (Emphasis added.)

At the hearing, the Parties argued as to what was intended by the language, "others substantially similar to them." It would appear that the instant situation constitutes a situation where the "substantially similar" language of the Resolution would apply. Assistant Sheriff Briggs agreed that the 6FE compensation is substantially like jail assignment pay.⁷⁸ Moreover, there was no evidence presented to contradict Asst. Sheriff's Brigg's testimony.

⁷⁸ R.T. at pgs. 161-162.

Based on the preponderance of the evidence and the analysis above, the Hearing Officer also finds that the 6FE compensation appears to fall within the definition of compensation earnable, since it is substantially similar to other items of pay included in compensation earnable.

The testimony by Ms. Jenike did not specifically differentiate between the different types of pay afforded under compensation earnable. Nevertheless, the preponderance of evidence suggests that the 6FE overtime worked by the Applicants was substantially similar, or tantamount, to other assignment pay that is pensionable. There is a preponderance of evidence that 6FE compensation is substantively similar to assignment or Shift Differential Pay to deputies who work in custody or the jail assignments. This is particularly true since the vast majority of deputy sheriffs, whether Deputy Sheriffs I or II, are required to work the 6FE or platoon schedule.

As referenced above, the Hearing Officer is aware that the *Stevenson* Court held, "the Legislature did not define or otherwise intend the phrase 'grade or class of positions' to consist of the smallest unit of workers who have the most in common as to duties, responsibilities, and schedules. Imposing such a specialized and perhaps also transient analysis, without regard to the county's determination of classes of positions might undermine 'the ability of the county to anticipate and meet its funding obligation' which would be in contravention of legislative intent."

Such is not the situation in this instance. The Hearing Officer finds that the Applicants were grandfathered into a unique position that not only involved a group of Deputy Sheriff IIs, but the vast majority of Deputy Sheriff Is. All of the deputies, similarly assigned within the jails, are required to work the same routine, mandatory overtime schedule. Since the overtime worked by the Applicants was budgeted, planned, scheduled and mandatory, it could not be argued that it undermined the ability of the County to anticipate and meet its funding obligations as discussed by the Supreme Court in *Ventura* and *Stevenson*.

As discussed above, the *Alameda* Court discussed, *inter alia*, the issue of pension spiking in the context of California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act ("PEPRA") amendments. Significantly, the Court concluded that "PEPRA's amendments of CERL were enacted for the constitutionally permissible purpose of conforming pension benefits more closely to the theory underlying section 31461 by closing loopholes and proscribing potentially abusive practices."

In further reference to the purposes for PEPRA, the Court explained, "the amendment was designed to limit pension spiking, the manipulation of compensation to artificially

increase a pension benefit. Unquestionably, preventing manipulation of the terms of a pension plan to produce outsize benefits is a substantively proper reason for modifying the plan, since it serves to maintain the system's financial integrity and discourage gamesmanship in the management of compensation practices."

In this context, it is clear that the 6FE overtime at issue was not an "abusive practice" contrived by the Applicants, or an effort at "gamesmanship" to spike their pensions. To the contrary, the overtime was budgeted and mandated by the Sheriff's Department as a part of the Applicants' normal schedule and regular pay.

It could be argued that this is a case of first impression. In this regard, the Respondent's determination to deny benefits is understandable. However, the Hearing Officer respectfully finds that the weight of evidence produced at the hearing, in juxtaposition to established case law, leads to a different result.

Even assuming arguendo that this situation is ambiguous and does not neatly fall into any particular classification scheme or analysis, the Hearing Officer concludes his analysis and recommendation by relying on the prescient language of the Supreme Court in *Ventura*. The Court's language militates in favor of granting the Applicants' appeals.

In *Ventura*, the Supreme Court stated, "Any ambiguity or uncertainty in the meaning of pension legislation must be resolved in favor of the pensioner, but such construction must be consistent with the clear language and purpose of the statute." (*Ventura*, supra, 16 Cal.4th at page 490. Emphasis added.) "Pension legislation must be liberally construed and applied to the end that the beneficent results of such legislation may be achieved...." (*Bowen v. Board of Retirement* (1986) 42 Cal.3d 572, 577.) "Under a well-established rule, pension legislation should be liberally construed, resolving all ambiguities in favor of the applicant." (*Barrett v. Stanislaus County Employees Retirement Assn.* (1987) 189 Cal.App.3d 1593, 1603.)

PROPOSED FINDINGS

The Hearing Officer concludes that there is a preponderance of evidence to find:

- The Applicants were grandfathered into the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities that utilize the work schedule requiring .5 hours of overtime in each pay period, coded as 6FE;
- 2. The Sheriff's Department permitted the Applicants to remain in their assignments in custody and jail operations when the Department's philosophy changed in approximately 2008-2010 regarding Deputy Sheriff IIs and patrol assignments;
- 3. The Applicants testified regarding their reasons for remaining in their Deputy Sheriff II custody or jail assignments, as opposed to seeking a transfer to patrol;
- Pursuant to directives of the Sheriff's Department, the duties and responsibilities of Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriffs IIs assigned to jail/custody operations are interchangeable;
- 5. The Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County jail or custody operations includes both Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriffs IIs;
- The applicable MOUs recognize a grade of Deputy Sheriffs assigned to jail/custody operations, regardless of whether they serve as Deputy Sheriff I or Deputy Sheriff II;
- The vast majority of Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriffs IIs assigned to jail/custody operations are required to work mandatory overtime coded as 6FE;
- 8. Overtime coded as 6FE is not incidental and cannot be voluntarily increased;
- Overtime coded as 6FE does it constitute "true overtime" as defined by Board Resolution 98-001; nor does it represent time worked in excess of the time ordinarily worked by the Applicants in their jail/custody assignments;
- 10. Overtime coded as 6FE is budgeted, planned, scheduled, mandated and required by the Department for the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to jail/custody operations;
- There is substantial evidence that overtime worked by the Applicants constituted "overtime required to be worked that is ordinarily worked by others in the same Deputy Sheriff grade/class/rate of pay";

- 12. There is a preponderance of evidence that the 6FE overtime required to be worked by the Applicants is substantially similar to other pensionable types of pay, such as shift differential and assignment pay;
- 13. In *Stevenson*, the Court analyzed several lines of documentary evidence and the administrative record in finding that the disputed employee classification did not exist. Following the Court's precedence, the Hearing Officer considered the administrative record and the preponderance of evidence in finding that the Applicants retired from the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to jail/custody operations, and were required to work planned, mandatory overtime as a part of their normal working hours that included time coded as 6FE;
- 14. Government Code § 31461(b)(3) makes it clear that payments for additional services rendered outside of normal working hours, whether paid in a lump sum or otherwise does not constitute compensation earnable;
- 15. The preponderance of evidence indicates that the 6FE overtime worked by the Applicants was not for additional services, or for time worked outside of normal working hours;
- 16. The Supreme Court in *Ventura* discussed overtime in the context of the number of days ordinarily worked. The Court referenced a standard work week (or month) and made reference to "overtime" as extra hours. The Court held that with the exception of overtime pay, items of compensation paid in cash, even if not earned by all employees in the same grade or class, must be included in the "compensation earnable" and "final compensation" on which an employee's pension is based. (*Ventura* (1997) 16 Cal.4th 483, 487, 500.)
- 17. In *Ventura*, the Supreme Court also stated, "Any ambiguity or uncertainty in the meaning of pension legislation must be resolved in favor of the pensioner, but such construction must be consistent with the clear language and purpose of the statute." (*Ventura*, supra, 16 Cal.4th at page 490.)

CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated herein, the Hearing Officer recommends:

- That the appeals of the Applicants be <u>Granted</u>, and that the 6FE overtime compensation at issue be regarded as compensation earnable for purposes of calculating the retirement benefits of Applicants Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa.
- The Hearing Officer further recommends that the final calculation allowances of Applicants Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa be adjusted retroactively to the dates of their respective retirements.

The Hearing Officer decides the matter before him based on the preponderance of evidence presented. The Hearing Officer's findings and recommendation apply to these Applicants in their individual capacities as retired Deputy Sheriff IIs, formerly assigned to jail/custody operations, based upon the facts and evidence presented at the hearing. The Hearing Officer does not render these findings and recommendation intending that they should apply to the retirement situations of other deputy sheriffs. The Hearing Officer's jurisdiction is limited to the sole matter before him.

DATED: November 9, 2021

Respectfully Submitted,

/s/ Duane E. Bennett, Hearing Officer

1	01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-4 Szewczyk		
		FILED	
1	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SY 2223 Wellington Avenue	STEM Orange County Employees Retirement System	
2	Santa Ana, California 92701 Telephone: 714/558-6220	NOV 29 2021	
3		By B. Singleton, Clerk of the Hearing Officers	
4	Dawn M. Matsuo Attorney for Orange County Employees		
5	Retirement System		
6			
7			
8	BEFORE THE BOARD OF R	ETIREMENT OF THE	
9	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEE	S RETIREMENT SYSTEM	
10			
11	In the Matter of ROBERT SZEWCZYK) Case Nos. 0014-106996, 0012-119403	
12	and RODNEY MORIKAWA) Hearing Officer: Duane Bennett, Esq.	
13 14	PETITIONERS.) RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS TO) HEARING OFFICER'S PROPOSED) FINDINGS OF FACT CONCLUSIONS	
15		AND RECOMMENDATION	
16		Date: April 26, 27 & 29, 2021 Time: 10:00	
17			
18	Respondent, Orange County Employees Retireme	ent System, ("OCERS") hereby submits its	
19	Objections to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings o	f Fact Conclusions and Recommendation.	
20	OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's recommendations that the "6FE overtime compensation at		
21	issue be regarded as compensation earnable for purposes of calculating the retirement benefits of Applicants Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa" on the grounds that the 6FE was overtime compensation not		
22 23			
24	regularly worked by all in the same class/grade/rate of pay as the Applicants. Not all Deputy Sheriff IIs were		
25	required to work the .5 hour of overtime each pay period. OCERS also objects to the Hearing Officer's		
26	second recommendation that OCERS adjust the final calcul	ation allowances of the Applicants retroactively to	
27	the dates of their respective retirements as being an issue outside the scope of his authority.		
28	OCERS further objects to the specific Findings of Fact as stated below.		
	Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed	l Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation 1	

 OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 1 as follows:

A. "The Applicants were grandfathered into the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange
County corrections facilities." Object to the incorrect summation of the evidence. As Deputy
Sheriff II's at the time OCSD changed its policy that only Deputy Sheriff I's would work in
the jail facilities, the Applicants were permitted to choose to continue working in the jail
facilities even though they were both DEPUTY SHERIFF II'S. Their classification as Deputy
Sheriff II's never changed. The "grandfathered" term referred to the fact they were not forced
to leave the jail facilities even though they were Deputy Sheriff II's. No new classification was
developed by the County of Orange or the Union representing these two individuals. OCERS
further objects to the term "Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County corrections
facilities" as vague and ambiguous in that no such grade of employees existed. The employees
were either Deputy Sheriff Is or Deputy Sheriff IIs, not "Deputy Sheriff grade."

- B. "the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities." Object to this phrase as there is no recognized classification as "Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to the Orange County corrections facilities". Deputy Sheriff I's are assigned to the corrections facilities upon completion of training. Deputy Sheriff II's [as the Applicants] were permitted to continue to work in the jail facilities. But they were NEVER reclassified as "Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to" corrections of jails.
 - C. "correction facilities that utilize the work schedule requiring .5 hours of overtime in each pay period, coded as 6FE." OCERS does not object to this fact.

 OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 2 as follows:

Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation

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A. "**regarding Deputy Sheriff IIs and patrol assignments**" Object as to this entire phrase as vague and ambiguous in its meaning. OCERS agrees that Deputy Sheriff IIs were permitted to continue to work in the jail facilities.

 OCERS Objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 3 as follows:

A. "The Applicants testified regarding their reasons for remaining in their Deputy Sheriff II custody or jail assignments, as opposed to seeking a transfer to patrol." Object as the mere fact that the Applicants' testified regarding their reasons for remaining in their Deputy Sheriff II custody or jail assignments" is irrelevant.

 OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 4 as follows:

A. "Pursuant to directives of the Sheriff's Department, the duties and responsibilities of Deputy
 Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriffs IIs assigned to jail/custody operations are interchangeable."
 OCERS objects to this fact as irrelevant. Grades/classifications are not based upon job duties as
 each classification can be assigned to various positions within the OCSD and each position would
 require similar or completely different duties.

 OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 5 as follows:

A. "The Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County jail or custody operations"
 OCERS objects as there is no "Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County jail or custody operations". There are only Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs grades assigned to the jails. There is no evidence that a Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to jails existed, only the

Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation ³

1	grades of Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs. HO recognized that the "grade" of Deputy
2	Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs are two distinctive grades, not one.
3	6. OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 6 as
4 5	follows:
6	A. "The applicable MOUs recognize a grade of Deputy Sheriffs assigned to jail/custody
7	
8	operations, regardless of whether they serve as Deputy Sheriff I or Deputy Sheriff II." The
9	applicable MOUs do not recognize a separate grade/class of "deputy Sheriffs assigned to
10	jail/custody operations. The MOU identifies grade/class of Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff
11	IIs that are assigned to the jail or custody operations. The term "Deputy Sheriff assigned to
12	jail/custody operations" does not appear in the MOU in reference to a grade or class.
13 14	7. OCERS does not object to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 7
14	8. OCERS objects to the Hearing officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 8 as
16	follows:
17	A. "Overtime coded as 6FE is not incidental and cannot be voluntarily increased" OCERS
18	objects to the term incidental as vague and ambiguous.
19	objects to the term merdental as vague and amorguous.
20	9. OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 9 as
21	follow:
22	A. "Overtime coded as 6FE does not constitute "true overtime" as defined by Board Resolution
23	
24	98-001 " – OCERS objects to this on the grounds that the .5 hour worked once every pay period is
25	overtime that was not worked by everyone in the same grade, class or pay rate. Not all Deputy
26	Sheriff II's received this .5 hour of overtime pay, a .5 hour paid at time and a half based upon the
27	Applicant's pay rate at the time he worked it.
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	Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation ⁴

1	B. "nor does it represent time worked in excess of the time ordinarily worked by the Applicants
2	in their jail/custody assignments" 6FE was coded as planned overtime by the employer who
3	designated it as such. While it was planned overtime, it was overtime just the same. It was not a
4	part of the Applicant's Normal work hours as the regular work hours constituted 80 hours of work
5	during the normal two-week pay period. Therefore, the .5 hour worked every two weeks was
6 7	overtime worked by the Applicants in addition to their normal schedule. Working .5 hour of
7 8	scheduled overtime each pay period did not change the normal work hours - 80 hours every two
9	weeks.
10	10. OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 10 as
11	follows:
12	
13	A. "Overtime coded as 6FE is budgeted, planned, scheduled, mandated and required by the
14	Department for the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to jail/custody operations" OCERS objects
15	to the use of the term "Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to jail/custody operations" as vague and
16	ambiguous, as no such grade as "Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to jail/custody operations" exists.
17	The record is devoid of any support for a "Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to jail/Custody
18	operations" classification as only the grades/classes of Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff II
19	were assigned to work in jail facilities. Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs worked overtime
20 21	coded as 6FE.
21	11. OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number11 as
23	follows:
24	A. "There is substantial evidence that overtime worked by the Applicants constituted 'overtime
25	required to be worked that is ordinarily worked by others in the same Deputy Sheriff
26	grade/class/rate of pay." OCERS objects to this fact on the grounds that there was no evidence
27	that the overtime, i.e., the .5 hours every two weeks, was ordinarily worked by others in the same
28	Deputy Sheriff grade/class/rate of pay. THERE IS NO DEPUTY SHERIFF GRADE ASSIGNED
	Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation 5

1	TO WORK IN THE JAIL/CUSTODY. THERE WERE ONLY DEPUTY SHERIFF Is and
2	DEPUTY SHERIFF IIs. The Deputy Sheriff IIs assigned to work the .5 hours while assigned to the
3	jail, received this additional overtime, worked this overtime, and were NOT in the same grade as
4	the Deputy Sheriff Is. Moreover, the Deputy Sheriff IIs that worked the jail assignment were not
5	in the same class or rate of pay. The evidence established that Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy
6	Sheriff IIs had separate pay rates, with Deputy Sheriff Is having a lower start pay and a lower
7	maximum pay than the low and top pay for the Deputy Sheriff IIs.
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9 10	12. OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 12 as
10	follows:
12	A. There is a preponderance of evidence that the 6FE overtime required to be worked by the
13	Applicants is substantially similar to other pensionable types of pay, such as shift differential
14	and assignment pay." OCERS objects to this fact in that the Deputy Sheriff IIs already received
15	shift differential pay and had the employer and union wanted to include the 6FE pay in this type of
16	shift differential they would have done so in the MOU. They did not. Night Shift Differential is
17	provided to three grades/classes - Deputy Sheriff Is, Deputy Sheriff IIs and Sergeant assigned to
18	the jails. [AR 1355.] The MOU does not mention a class/grade of "Deputy Sheriffs assigned to'
19	the jails or corrections. The pay for night shift differential is \$100 per month, not per hour or half
20	an hour worked. Plus, pay for the night shift differential is not typical overtime pay of time and a
21	half, as is the pay for the .5 hour worked once per pay period. The .5 hour of overtime pay is not
22	substantially similar to night shift differential pay. Moreover, each of the assignment pay
23	mentioned in the applicable MOUs have a similar pay to the night shift differential, i.e., the pay is
24	
25 26	not associated with each hour worked as is the .5 hour of 6FE pay. [AR 1357-1361.]
26 27	13. OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 13 as
27 28	follows:
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Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation ⁶

1	A. "In <i>Stevenson</i> , the Court analyzed several lines of documentary evidence and the
2	administrative record in Findings that the disputed employee classification did not exist.
3	Following the Court's precedence, the Hearing Officer considered the administrative record
4	and the preponderance of evidence in Findings that the Applicants retired from the Deputy
5	Sheriff grade assigned to jail/custody operations, and were required to work planned,
6	mandatory overtime as a part of their normal working hours that included time coded as
7	6FE." OCERS objects to this fact, as there is no grade/class of "Deputy Sheriff grade
8	assigned to jail/custody operations." The grade/class of Deputy Sheriff Is and grade/class of
9 10	Deputy Sheriff IIs were assigned to work the jails in custody operations. They are separate
10	
12	and distinct grades/classes with different rates of pay. The County's office documents
13	establish the grade/class/rate of pay as does the MOU. The applicable MOUs listed both
14	Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs as separate grades/classes. [See AR 1356, 1563,
15	1582.]
16	14. OCERS has no objection to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number
17	14. "Government Code § 31461(b)(3) makes it clear that payments for additional services
18	rendered outside of normal working hours, whether paid in a lump sum or otherwise does not
19	constitute compensation earnable."
20	
21	15. OCERS objects to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 15 as follows:
22	A. "The preponderance of evidence indicates that the 6FE overtime worked by the
23 24	Applicants was not for additional services, or for time worked outside of normal working
24 25	hours." OCERS objects to this grounds that the .5 hour worked once a pay period is not
26	normal working hours as it is not ordinaril8y worked by all other members in the same
27	grade/class/rate of pay as the Applicants, who were both Deputy Sheriff IIs. The overwhelming
28	evidence established that there was no class of "Deputy Sheriffs" assigned to the jails. The
	Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation 7

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preponderance of the evidence demonstrated that the official County approved documentation establishing grades/classes/rate of pays established the Deputy Sheriff II as one grade/class that worked on the same rate of pay.

The pay scale was established by the County. The County established the positions and titles for each of the Applicants, showed the pay rate for each, was posted on the County's website, and thus accessible and available for public review. None of the official County documents listed a grade/class/pay rate for a "Deputy Sheriffs assigned to the jail." Moreover, the County, the AOCDS and the Applicants via ratification of the MOUs, established the classes within the OCSD, which did not include a class or grade of "Deputy Sheriffs assigned to the jail." The term "Deputy Sheriffs assigned to the jail" is just a substitution for the term "Custody Deputies" which does not exists.

Finally, the normal working hours constituted the 80 hours of regular hours worked in a two-week pay period. This was demonstrated by the Applicants' time payrolls, and testimony of Ms. Ramos. The regular work hours were 80 hours within a two-week pay period. This is the normal work hours set by the employer, 80 regular work hours per pay period. Anything over 80 hours was overtime.

16. OCERS has no objections to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 16.

A. The Supreme Court in *Ventura* discussed overtime in the context of the number of days ordinarily worked. The Court referenced a standard workweek (or month) and made reference to "overtime" as extra hours. The Court held that with the exception of overtime pay, items of compensation paid in cash, even if not earned by all employees in the same grade or class, must be included in the "compensation earnable" and "final compensation" on which an employee's pension is based. (*Ventura* (1997) 16 Cal.4th 483, 487, 500.)

17. OCERS has no objections to the Hearing Officer's Proposed Findings of Fact listed under number 17.

Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation 8

1	A. "In Ventura, the Supreme Court also stated, "Any ambiguity or uncertainty in the meaning	
2	of pension legislation must be resolved in favor of the pensioner, but such construction must	
3	be consistent with the clear language and purpose of the statute." (Ventura, supra, 16 Cal.4th	
4	at page 490.)"	
5	Respectfully submitted,	
6	Respectfully submitted,	
7 8	ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM	
9		
10	DATED: November 29, 2021 By <u>Dawn M. Matauo</u> DAWN M. MATSUO	
11	DAWN M. MATSUO Attorney at Law	
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	Szewczyk & Morikawa – OCERS Objections to HO Proposed Findings of Facts, Conclusions and Recommendation ⁹	

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-4 Szewczyk		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	OI-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETIN JACOB A. KALINSKI, SBN 233709 RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVEI 1428 2 nd Street, Suite 200 Santa Monica, CA 90401 Tel: 310.393.1486 Fax: 310.395.5801 E-mail: JKalinski @RLSIawyers.com BEFORE THE BOARD OF ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYE IN RE: ROBERT SZEWCZYK and RODNEY MORIKAWA, APPLICANTS.	FILED Orange County Employees Retirement System DEC 17 2021 By B. Singleton, Clerk of the Hearing Officer
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RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC	APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO R	ESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

INTRODUCTION 1 || I.

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2	Applicants Robert Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa ("Applicants") hereby submit their
3	response to the objections of Respondent Orange County Retirement System ("OCERS") to
4	Hearing Officer Duane Bennett's Proposed Findings of Fact Conclusions and
5	Recommendation ("Hearing Officer's Recommendation"). Applicants concur with the
6	Recommendation that the compensation they received, coded 6FE, is "compensation earnable"
7	for the purposes of calculating their retirement benefits and that their final calculation
8	allowances should be adjusted retroactively to the dates of their respective retirements.
9	Applicants provide the following responses to OCERS' specific objections:
10	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 1:
11	A. "The Applicants were grandfathered into the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to
12	Orange County corrections facilities."
13	OCERS objects because it contends there is no "Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to
14	Orange County corrections facilities". However, there is no law that requires that the term
15	class or grade as set forth in Government Code section 31461 or OCERS Resolution 98-001
16	can only refer to a civil service classification, such as Deputy Sheriff II. In fact, the Job
17	Number Overtime Coding document describing 6FE compensation uses the term
18	"Classification" to describe all deputy sheriffs, not specifically a Deputy Sheriff I or a Deputy
19	Sheriff II. (AR 1597.) OCERS' witness Diane Ramos, a payroll manager in the Orange
20	County Sheriff's Department (RT 188), explained when describing the document: "And the
21	final character, E, is the classification code of the employee working that overtime. So it
22	would be a deputy sheriff." (RT 190, emphasis added.)
23	Here the Department's deputy sheriffs assigned to work in the jail facilities ("Custody
24	Deputies") are a large and distinct class or grade of employees which should be used to
25	determine whether the 6FE compensation is received for time ordinarily worked by others.
26	Over the past five years, the number of Custody Deputies is generally around 630. The
27	undisputed evidence showed that 90% of the Custody Deputies work the platoon schedule
28	requiring the extra half hour of overtime. (RT 156.)
N R. PC	2 APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS
l. PC	

RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC

APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

The Jail Operation (Custody) is one of six distinct commands in the Department. (AR 1 2 2692; RT 147.) Custody Deputies are very distinct from Patrol Deputies in that they provide completely different services. (RT 33-34.) There is a custody specific manual that has existed 3 since at least 1995. (RT 26; see AR 1618.) People call deputies working in the jails "custody 4 5 deputies" all the time." (RT 280.)

6 As was made plain throughout the hearing, some deputy sheriffs, such as Applicants, 7 make a career choice to work their entire career in the jails. (RT 34, 278, 316.) Custody 8 Deputies receive special training that is unique to them, including, for example, training on 9 California Code Title 15 (RT 302), the Prison Rape Elimination Act (RT 300-301) and ethics (RT 303). Furthermore, an individual cannot promote or transfer (in the case of a Deputy 10 Sheriff II) from Custody to Patrol without taking a state-mandated Field Training Program and 11 going through a probationary period. (RT 176.) 12

13 It is undisputed that, in or about 2008, the Department had a shift in philosophy regarding Deputy Sheriff IIs. Prior to the change, a Deputy Sheriff I could promote to Deputy 14 Sheriff II and remain in the jails. Furthermore, being a Deputy Sheriff II in the jails had 15 meaning because Deputy Sheriff IIs were generally given duties of greater responsibility, such 16 17 as guard station. (RT 267.) After that time, however, an individual promoted to Deputy Sheriff II was no longer permitted to work in custody. (RT 40-41.) And although Deputy 18 Sheriff IIs already in the jails were allowed to continue to work in the jails after the change 19 (RT 41-42), any distinction between Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs was erased with 20 the change in 2008 (RT 145) and Deputy Sheriff IIs in the jails began performing exactly as 21 22 Deputy Sheriff Is did. (RT 298.) "But, basically, what happened is that CSAs took over the jobs of most Deputy IIs. And the Deputy IIs now were doing the same job as Deputy -- the 23 24 same job as a Deputy Sheriff I." (RT 270.)

25 Because Custody Deputies are a distinct class or grade, the phrase "ordinarily worked 26 by persons in the same grade or class of positions" should be interpreted to mean a "Custody 27 Deputy."

As set forth in the Hearing Officer's Recommendation, starting at pg. 37:

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APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

The MOUs reflect pay that is afforded to deputies who work night shifts in the jails, whether Deputy Sheriff Is or Deputy Sheriff IIs. The evidence indicates that only deputies assigned to the jails are eligible for such pay. As deputies working in the jails, the Applicants were eligible for this shift differential pay, as opposed to other Deputy Sheriff IIs in patrol. Such differentiation supports the analysis that the applicants were in a unique Deputy Sheriff grade or class that was recognized by the Department.

Likewise, the evidence reflects that custody transportation pay is equally available to a Deputy Sheriff I or II in jails or custody operations. Under the MOU, there appears to be little distinction between deputies assigned to jails or custody operations and various types of pay. This indicates that the Department considers a Deputy Sheriff II in jail/custody operations to be in the same, or similar, grade as Deputy Sheriff I. It is axiomatic that the vast majority of such deputies are required to work the same mandatory overtime coded 6FE.

This finding is further supported by two memorandums written on behalf of applicant Morikawa in Exhibits 8 and 9. In Exhibits 8 and 9, Departmental members Sgt. S. Steinle and Sgt. A. Olukoju stated that in each pay period, "a deputy assigned to work the 3/12 work schedule, works three (3) 11.5 hour shifts one week and three (3) 11.5 hour shifts and one (1) 11 hour shift the next week for a total of 80 hours. The day of the 11 hour shift, deputies are required to work .5 hours, paid as OT, to assure appropriate staffing levels.

"This is overtime is coded on timesheets and payroll detail as 6FE and was <u>ordinarily</u> worked by <u>all in the same grade/class/rate of pay</u> and is part of the deputy's <u>normal</u> tour of <i>duty." (Emphasis added.)

As discussed above, Assistant Sheriff Briggs and Jeffory Weaver testified regarding the same beliefs and sentiments, stating that the overtime worked by the Applicants was the same overtime ordinarily required to be worked by deputies assigned to jails and custody operations. By implication, it follows that the Department and MOU reflect that the Applicants were in the same (or similar) grade or class as Deputy Sheriff Is assigned to custody and jail operations (footnote omitted).

The preponderance of evidence regarding the Sheriff's $\frac{4}{4}$

APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Departmental philosophy, scheduling, patterns and practices reveals that the grade of Deputy Sheriff I and Deputy Sheriff II assigned to custody operations is a distinction without a difference. In essence, the Department/employer established a class or grade of Deputy Sheriffs assigned to custody and jail operations that is interchangeable in scheduling, functions and duties. This is true regardless of whether the employee serves as a Deputy Sheriff I or Deputy Sheriff II assigned to custody operations. California law establishes that a member's employer determines the member's "grade or class of positions" within parameters established by statute. CERL does not define "grade or class of positions." The testimony from Asst. Sheriff Briggs and Jeffory Weaver underscores this point, and evidences the fact
10	that the Department has determined that the grade of Deputy Sheriff I and Deputy Sheriff II in custody operations is one and
11	the same.
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13	B. "the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities."
14	As above, OCERS' objection is based on its contention that there is no "Deputy Sheriff
15	grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities". For the reasons set forth above, it is
16	incorrect.
17	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 2:
18	A. "regarding Deputy Sheriff IIs and patrol assignments"
19	OCERS contends the phrase is vague and ambiguous. It is clear that the Hearing
20	Officer is referring to the change in philosophy regarding Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff
21	IIs.
22	In or about 2008, the Department had a shift in philosophy regarding Deputy Sheriff
23	IIs. According to Szewczyk, "when I first started, you hadDeputy IIs not only the
24	guard station, you had them in the housing modules. So you would have a Deputy II in there,
25	and you would have Deputy Is as prowler deputies to assist those Deputy IIs. And then the
26	Deputy IIs would direct the Deputy Is on what to do." (RT 267.)
27	Around 2008, the Department created a new classification of employee called Custody
28	Service Assistants, who were used to replace Deputy Sheriff IIs in guard stations. As of that 5
RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC	APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

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1	time, an individual promoted to Deputy Sheriff II was no longer permitted to work in Custody.
2	(RT 40-41.) Since approximately 2009 or 2010, when an individual promotes from Deputy
3	Sheriff I to Deputy Sheriff II, the individual leaves the jails and goes to patrol. (RT 40-41,
4	143.) There is no longer an ability to be promoted from Deputy Sheriff I to Deputy Sheriff II
5	and remain in the jails ¹ . (RT 78.)
6	However, individuals who were promoted to Deputy Sheriff II prior to 2008 and who
7	remained in custody were "grandfathered" in such that they were allowed to retain their
8	Deputy Sheriff II classification and remain in the jails ² . (RT 41-42.) The Deputy Sheriff IIs
9	who were in Custody at the time moved out of their traditional roles in the guard stations and
10	senior positions and instead performed the same work as Deputy Sheriff Is. (RT 145; 270.)
11	Answering a question from Hearing Officer Bennett about whether the duties of Deputy Sheriff
12	Is and IIs in the jails were different, Szewczyk explained,
13	When I first started they were different. Like I said, a Deputy
14	Sheriff II was more experienced and had a lot more responsibilities. And Well, so you had a lot more experience,
15	and you were kind of like a supervisor of the Deputy Sheriff Is. If something went wrong, not only did that Deputy I get in trouble,
16	you got in trouble if if they were on your floor. But now, the fact is there is no nothing distinguishable between any
17	Deputy Sheriff I or II can work anywhere in the jail anywhere
18	in the jails.
19	(RT 298.)
20	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 3:
21	A. "The Applicants testified regarding their reasons for remaining in their
22	Deputy Sheriff II custody or jail assignments, as opposed to seeking a transfer
23	to patrol."
24	OCERS contends the above finding is irrelevant. However, the above finding is
25	
26	¹ If a Deputy Sheriff I promoted to Deputy Sheriff II, went on patrol and either wanted to go back to the jails or failed in patrol, he or she would only be able to return to jails as a Deputy
27	Sheriff I. (RT 41, 170.) ² If a Deputy Sheriff II went out on patrol and did not pass probation, they would return to the
28	jail as a Deputy Sheriff I. (RT 232.)
RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC	APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

1	relevant to show that Custody Deputies are a distinct grade.		
2	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 4:		
3	A. "Pursuant to directives of the Sheriff's Department, the duties and		
4	responsibilities of Deputy Sheriff Is and Deputy Sheriff IIs assigned to		
5	jail/custody operations are interchangeable."		
6	OCERS contends the above finding is irrelevant. However, the above finding is		
7	relevant to show that Custody Deputies are a distinct grade.		
8	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 5:		
9	A. "The Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County jail or custody		
10	operations."		
11	As above, OCERS' objections is based on its contention that there is no "Deputy		
12	Sheriff grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities". For the reasons set forth		
13	above, it is incorrect.		
14	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 6:		
15	A. "The applicable MOUs recognize a grade of Deputy Sheriffs assigned to		
16	jail/custody operations, regardless of whether they serve as a Deputy Sheriff I		
17	or Deputy Sheriff II."		
18	As set forth in the Hearing Officer's Recommendation, starting at pg. 37:		
19	The MOUs reflect pay that is afforded to deputies who		
20	work night shifts in the jails, whether Deputy Sheriff Is or Deputy Sheriff IIs. The evidence indicates that only deputies assigned to		
21	the jails are eligible for such pay. As deputies working in the jails, the Applicants were eligible for this shift differential pay, as		
22	opposed to other Deputy Sheriff IIs in patrol. Such		
23	differentiation supports the analysis that the applicants were in a unique Deputy Sheriff grade or class that was recognized by the		
24	Department.		
25	Likewise, the evidence reflects that custody transportation pay is equally available to a Deputy Sheriff I or II in jails or		
26	custody operations. Under the MOU, there appears to be little		
27	distinction between deputies assigned to jails or custody operations and various types of pay. This indicates that the		
28	Department considers a Deputy Sheriff II in jail/custody		
RAINS LUCIA STERN	7 APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS		
RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC	7 APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS		

operations to be in the same, or similar, grade as Deputy Sheriff I. It is axiomatic that the vast majority of such deputies are required to work the same mandatory overtime coded 6FE.

Proposed Finding of Fact No. 7:

OCERS had no objection to this proposed finding.

Proposed Finding of Fact No. 8:

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A. "Overtime coded as 6FE is not incidental and cannot be voluntarily increased."

OCERS objected that this language is vague and ambiguous. OCERS is incorrect. . 9 There was ample testimony at the hearing demonstrating that the 6FE compensation was not 10 incidental and could not be voluntarily increased. As Assistant Sheriff Briggs explained, "you 11 can't get more of it, can't get less of it, and you don't have a choice whether you work it." (RT 12 160.) Weaver testified that "planned overtime" means expected or prescheduled overtime. 13 (RT 58.) All employees assigned to a platoon schedule receive 6FE compensation. The amount 14 of 6FE compensation never changes, *i.e.*, it is always paid for one half hour and always at the 15 same rate. A deputy cannot sign up for more 6FE compensation. (RT 65.) OCERS' own 16 witness, Diane Ramos, a payroll manager in the Sheriff's Department, agreed that the overtime 17 created by the platoon schedule "is planned because it's part of that schedule for that 18 foreseeable future." (RT 217.) She also concurred that the overtime created by the platoon 19 schedule is not overtime that an individual can volunteer for. (RT 217.) 20

21 Proposed Finding of Fact No. 9:

1.

A. "Overtime coded as 6FE does not constitute 'true overtime' as defined by Board Resolution 98-001."

OCERS objects to this language on the grounds that the .5 hour worked once every pay period is overtime that was not worked by everyone in the same grade, class or pay rate. First, OCERS mischaracterizes its own resolution, Resolution 98-001, which provides, in relevant part:

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Elements to be Included in "Compensation Earnable"

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APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

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1	Remuneration earned and receivable in cash (under the applicable MOU) to the retiring employee during the final compensation
2	period for working the ordinary time required of other employees
3	in the same grade/class shall be included in "compensation earnable," including but not limited to the following items of
4	compensation, and others <u>substantially similar</u> to them:
5	Base salary and Wages
6	Bilingual Premium Pay Educational Incentive ("POST") Pay
7	Aircraft Rescue Firefighting
	Paramedic Pay
8	Motorcycle Bonus Emergency Dispatch Pay
9	Field Training Officer Bonus
10	Shift differential pay
	Confined Space Pay
11	Longevity Incentive Automobile Allowance (paid in cash or to extent
12	automobile provided for personal use and declared as
12	income)
13	Uniform Allowance Uniform Maintenance Allowance
14	Payoffs of Vacation and Sick Leave and Holiday to the
15	extent earned (pro-rated on a monthly basis), not taken as
16	time off, and permitted to be cashed out (pro-rated on a
16	monthly basis) under the applicable MOU (regardless of when actually cashed out)
17	Employee Contributions to Deferred Compensation Plan
18	"Overtime" required to be worked that is ordinarily
	worked by others in the same grade/class/rate of pay Compensatory Time (if not excluded as "true overtime"
19	(see definition in section 2) and to the extent in excess of
20	minimum required reserve)
21	"Madera" pay
	Additional compensation for Scheduled Meal Periods Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") to the Extent paid in
22	Cash (applicable to members retiring before January 1,
23	1991)
24	2. Elements to be Excluded From "Compensation Earnable".
25	Remuneration other value to the employee neither earned or
26	payable in cash to the employee during the final compensation
20	period for working the ordinary time required of other employees
27	in the same grade/class shall be excluded from "compensation earnable", including but not limited to the following items, and
28	others <u>substantially similar</u> to them:
	9 APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS
RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC	
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	(1)-7

	01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - DA-4 Szewczyk
1	
1	True Overtime (amounts paid for working in excess of
2	the time required and ordinarily worked by others in
3	the same grade/class.) Employer Contribution to Deferred Compensation Plan
4	Employer Contributions to Retirement System
5	Employer "Pick-Up" of Employee Contributions to Retirement System
6	Payoffs of Vacation and Sick Leave and Holiday Pay, to
	the extent neither earned nor permitted to be cashed-out under the applicable MOU, regardless of when actually
7	cashed-out
8	Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") provided in-kind Flexible Benefits ("Cafeteria Plan") paid in cash to the
9	extent paid to members retiring on and after January 1,
10	1991 Terminal ("Final") Pay, to the extent not included per Sec
11	.1, above
12	Expense Reimbursements In-kind Advantages (e.g., food, lodging, board, laundry,
	fuel) Fees, Licenses, Memberships provided to member
13	by the employer
14	(AR 1341-1342, bold added, underline in original.)
15	Noticeably absent from the language of the Resolution is the word "everyone".
16	Furthermore, as set forth in response to OCERS' objection to Proposed Finding No. 1,
17	Applicants belonged to the grade of Deputy Sheriff assigned to Orange County corrections
18	facilities.
19	B. "nor does it represent time worked in excess of the time ordinarily worked by
20	the Applicants in their jail/custody assignments."
21	OCERS' contends that, despite all evidence, that Applicants normal schedule was 80
22	hours every two weeks. The Department's 630 Custody Deputies ordinarily work the platoon
23	schedule which is seven 11.5 hours shifts every two weeks for a total of 80.5 hours. (RT 157.)
24	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 10:
25	A. "Overtime coded as 6FE is budgeted, planned, scheduled, mandated and
26	required by the Department for the Deputy Sheriff grade assigned to
27	jail/custody operations."
28	10
RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC	10 APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

1	As above, OCERS' objection is based on its contention that there is no "Deputy Sheriff	
2	grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities". For the reasons set forth above, it is	
3	incorrect.	
4	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 11:	
5	A. "There is substantial evidence that overtime worked by the Applicants	
6	constituted 'overtime required to be worked that is ordinarily worked by	
7	others in the same Deputy Sheriff grade/class/rate of pay."	
8	As above, OCERS' objection is based on its contention that there is no "Deputy Sheriff	
9	grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities". For the reasons set forth above, it is	
10	incorrect.	
11	Proposed Finding of Fact No. 12:	
12	A. "There is a preponderance of evidence that 6FE overtime required to be	
13	worked by the Applicants is substantially similar to other pensionable types of	
14	pay, such as shift differential and assignment pay."	
15	OCERS Resolution 98-001 provides, in relevant part:	
16	1 Elements to be Included in "Commensation Formeble"	
17	1. Elements to be Included in "Compensation Earnable" Remuneration earned and receivable in cash (under the applicable	
18	MOU) to the retiring employee during the final compensation period for working the ordinary time required of other employees	
19	in the same grade/class shall be included in "compensation earnable," including but not limited to the following items of	
20	compensation, and others <u>substantially similar</u> to them:	
21	[***]	
22	Motorcycle Bonus [***]	
23	Field Training Officer Bonus Shift differential pay	
24	[***]	
25	(AR 1341-1342, bold added, underline in original.)	
26	The above items- Motorcycle Bonus Pay, Filed Training Officer Bonus Pay and Shift	
27	Differential Pay-are all assignment pays included in compensation earnable. (RT 60-61.)	
28	Moreover, OCERS' Master Pay Item Spreadsheet (AR 1587-1596) also shows that Jail	
RAINS LUCIA STERN	11 APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS	
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1 Assignment Pay is included in compensation earnable.

The assignment pay which is perhaps closest to the 6FE compensation is the shift differential pay. Ramos testified that the shift differential bonus is only paid to those who work in the jail per the MOU. Thus, even if a deputy works the exact same shift, but is on patrol, he/she does not receive the differential. (RT 255-256.) The shift differential bonus is paid to employees who work late hours in the jails.

7 Similarly, the 6FE compensation is paid to employees who work the platoon schedule 8 in the jails. Basically, the 6FE compensation is like a jail assignment pay for those who work 9 the platoon schedule. Assistant Sheriff Briggs agreed that the 6FE compensation is substantially like jail assignment pay. (RT 161-162.) Although the 6FE compensation is 10 referred to as "Overtime" because it is compensation for hours over 80, in essence it is actually 11 akin to an assignment pay provided to Custody Deputies, who are required by their employers 12 13 to work the platoon schedule in order to meet their employer's needs. To illustrate, establishing an overtime threshold of 80.5 hours in a two-week period instead of 80 and giving applicants 14 the requisite assignment pay would put applicants in the exact same financial position as 15 providing overtime compensation for the extra half hour they work beyond 80 hours in a two-16 17 week period. According to Ramos, the reason that such a shift cannot happen is not that there is a legal prohibition precluding the County from doing so; rather the County's software system 18 will not allow it. (RT 220.) 19

During the hearing, Susan Jenike, the Assistant CEO, External Operations for OCERS, 20 was asked why the 6FE compensation is considered overtime. She answered, "Because it's 21 paid at time and a half and reported to OCERS as overtime." Later, she conceded that if it 22 were regarded as an assignment pay, OCERS would have no objection to including it in 23 24 compensation earnable. (RT 406.) Thus, it is evident that OCERS has placed the form the 25 6FE compensation has taken (overtime), over the substance behind why that compensation is 26 received (compensating employees for a platoon schedule). That is not a result that passes 27 serious scrutiny.

OCERS attempted to distinguish the shift differential pay by arguing:

RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC

28

12 APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS

	1
1	
2 Moreover, the \$100 shift differential pay is paid in proportion to the number of regular hours the employee works. It is paid \$100	
3 per month when the deputy works the requisite number of regular hours in a month, i.e. 80 per pay period. If the deputy works less	
4 than the requisite number of hours per month, he would not be paid the entire \$100. This is demonstrated in the pay stub	
5 Morikawa submitted. [AR 698.]	
6 Applicants are not contending that shift differential is identical to the 6FE	
7 compensation. Rather, applicants contend that the 6FE functions in a substantially s	<u>imilar</u>
8 manner to the shift differential. It provides additional compensation to employees wh	no are
9 required to work a particular schedule.	
10 Proposed Finding of Fact No. 13:	
11 A. "In Stevenson, the Court analyzed several lines of documentary evide	nce and
12 the administrative record in Findings that the disputed employee clas	sification
13 did not exist. Following the Court's precedence, the Hearing Officer	
14 considered the administrative record and the preponderance of the ev	idence in
15 Findings that the Applicants retired from the Deputy Sheriff grade as	signed to
16 jail/custody operations, and were required to work planned, mandato	ry
17 overtime as part of their normal working hours that the included time	e coded as
18 6FE."	
As above, OCERS' objection is based on its contention that there is no "Depu	ty Sheriff
20 grade assigned to Orange County corrections facilities". For the reasons set forth abo	ove, it is
21 incorrect.	
22 Proposed Finding of Fact No. 14:	
23 OCERS had no objection to this proposed finding.	
24 Proposed Finding of Fact No. 15:	
A. "The preponderance of evidence indicates that the 6FE overtime work	ked by
26 the Applicants was not for additional services, or for time worked out	side of
27 normal working hours."	
28 OCERS' contends that, the extra .5 hour worked once a pay period is not "nor	rmal
13 RAINS LUCIA STERN APPLICANTS' RESPONSES TO RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS	
ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC	
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	working hours." The evidence demonstrates the ordinarily work the platoon schedule which is s total of 80.5 hours. (RT 157.) Proposed Finding of Fact No. 16: OCERS had no objection to this propose Proposed Finding of Fact No. 17: OCERS had no objection to this propose	even 11.5 hours shifts every two weeks for a ed finding.
9	Dated: December 17, 2021	Respectfully submitted,
10 11		RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER, PC
12		By
13		Jacob A. Kalinski Attorneys for Applicants, Robert
14		Szewczyk and Rodney Morikawa
15		
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28		14
RAINS LUCIA STERN ST. PHALLE & SILVER. PC		RESPONDENT'S OBJECTIONS



DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Brenda Shott, Assistant CEO, Finance and Internal Operations

SUBJECT: AUDIT COMMITTEE - FINANCIAL AUDITOR SERVICES CONTRACT AWARD

Recommendation

The Audit Committee recommends the Board of Retirement award a contract for financial auditor services to Moss Adams LLP, subject to satisfactory negotiation of terms.

Background/Discussion

At its June 4, 2021 meeting, the Audit Committee approved distribution of a Request for Proposal (RFP) to initiate a search for a financial auditor, a designated named service provider in the Board's Procurement and Contracting Policy. The RFP was released in July 2021 and the top three proposers were selected for interviews. On December 15, 2021, the Audit Committee listened to separate presentations by Eide Bailly LLP, Macias, Gini & O'Connell LLP, and Moss Adams LLP. Following all the presentations, the Committee discussed the quality of the interviews, responses to questions from the Committee during the presentations, and the proposals from each firm. Moss Adams LLP was the firm selected to be awarded a contract for financial auditor services pending approval by the full Board of Retirement and subject to satisfactory negotiation of terms.

Moss Adams, LLP's proposed fees are as follows:

Audit for the Year Ending	Total Fees
December 31, 2021	\$115,800
December 31, 2022	\$117,300
December 31, 2023	\$118,500

Attached to this memo are the staff report prepared for the Audit Committee, which summarizes the RFP process and the fees proposed by the three finalist firms and Moss Adams, LLP's proposal.

Submitted by:

Approved by:

CERS T.B. - Approved

CERSB.M.S - Approved

Tracy Bowman Director of Finance Brenda Shott Assistant CEO, Finance and Internal Operations



DATE:	December 15, 2021
TO:	Members of the Audit Committee
FROM:	Brenda Shott, Assistant CEO, Finance & Internal Operations
SUBJECT:	Financial Auditor Interviews

Recommendation

Staff recommends (1) selecting one of the three finalists chosen to make an oral presentation at the December 15, 2021 Audit Committee meeting to serve as OCERS financial auditor based on the firm's presentation, responsiveness to the Audit Committee's questions, and the written proposal submitted; and (2) after conducting such interviews, that the Audit Committee recommend to the Board of Retirement to award a contract for financial auditor services to the selected finalist, subject to satisfactory negotiation of terms.

Background/Discussion

At its June 4, 2021 meeting, the Audit Committee approved distribution of a Request for Proposal (RFP) to initiate a search for a financial auditor. The Audit Committee Charter states that the Audit Committee's key areas of responsibility includes the oversight of External Auditors, including conducting the solicitation for the independent financial auditor, approving the RFPs or other solicitation vehicle, reviewing candidate qualifications and conducting interviews, and recommend one or more finalists to the Board for appointment. In addition, the Board's Procurement and Contracting Policy (Policy) designates the financial auditor as a "Named Service Provider." Under the Policy, all contracts with Named Service Providers are limited to a term of a total of six years. The current contract with Macias Gini & O'Connell, LLP (MGO) for auditing OCERS annual financial statements was completed with the approval of OCERS audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 at the June 21, 2021 Board meeting.

Selection Process

In July 2021, a RFP for financial auditor services was posted on OCERS' website and released to various affiliates in addition to directly soliciting six accounting firms. OCERS received seven proposals in response to the RFP:

- Brown Armstrong Accounting Corporation
- CliftonLarsonAllen LLP (CLA)
- Eide Bailly LLP
- Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP (LSL)
- Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP (MGO)
- Moss Adams LLP
- The Pun Group LLP



All proposals received were reviewed for responsiveness based on the following criteria:

Experience & Reputation	35%
Team Quality Assigned to OCERS	30%
Pricing & Value	25%
RFP Proposal Quality/Presentation	10%

The review panel, consisting of five staff members, three of whom are certified public accountants, thoroughly reviewed all proposals and scored them on each criterion. Based on the total score from all panelists, the firms were ranked and the top three proposers who scored far above the other four were determined to be the most qualified to provide OCERS with financial auditor services and selected for interviews:

- Eide Bailly
- MGO
- Moss Adams

Please note that all references to the finalists in this memorandum and the documents that follow are in alphabetical order based on firm names.

Interview Process

The interviews will take place at the beginning of the December 15, 2021 Audit Committee meeting. The planned procedure is for an approximately 45-minute interview with each firm as follows:

- Each candidate will be given ten minutes to make a general presentation about their firm
- The Audit Committee will ask the same 5 questions to each firm which will not be provided to the candidates ahead of time
- The Audit Committee may ask the candidate additional or follow-up questions
- Presentation to conclude with candidate summary

The interview process will be explained to the candidates prior to the date of the Audit Committee. The finalist firms not being interviewed will be excused from the meeting and placed in the Zoom waiting room during the other firm's interviews. All three firms will be excused from the meeting and placed in the Zoom waiting room during the Audit Committee's deliberation and then will return to the meeting for announcement by the Audit Committee of the finalist who will be recommended to the Board of Retirement to be awarded the contract for financial auditor services.

Summary of the RFP Responses

Of the three firms selected as finalists, only one has previously provided financial auditor services to OCERS; MGO has been OCERS financial auditor since July 2010 and as previously mentioned, completed the final contract year for auditing OCERS' annual financial statements on June 21, 2021.

The summary on the following page was based solely on staff's review and understanding of the firms' RFP responses and was not reviewed by the firms prior to inclusion with the Audit Committee materials.



Category	Eide Bailly	Macias Gini & O'Connell	Moss Adams
Total Fees (3 years)	\$340,800	\$398,500	\$351,600
Year 1	\$110,250	\$128,900	\$115,800
Year 2	\$113,600	*\$132,800	\$117,300
Year 3	\$116,950	\$136,800	\$118,500
Number of professionals and offices	2,640 employees; 441 in California 40+ offices in 14 states; 10 in California	400+ professionals 17 offices nationally and internationally; 10 in California	3,400+ professionals; 1,165 in California 25+ offices in 8 states; 11 in California
Retirement Plan Experience	 Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi Missouri State Employees' Retirement System Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho South Dakota Retirement System Utah Retirement System Wyoming Retirement System Wyoming Retirement System (See page 10 of proposal for full listing) 	 OCERS California Public Employees Retirement System California State Teachers Retirement System Oregon Public Employees Retirement System Sacramento City Employees' Retirement System San Diego City Employees Retirement System San Bernardino County Retirement Association (see page 9 of proposal for full listing) 	 El Paso Firemen and Policemen's Pension Fund Kansas Public Employees Retirement System Los Angeles City Employees Retirement System Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association New Mexico Educational Retirement Board San Diego City Employees Retirement System (consulting) Ventura County – Deferred Compensation Plans

*Excludes \$6,000 for consideration of implementation of new ERP System



The full proposals provided by each of the finalists in response to the RFP and the scoring summary are attached to this memorandum.

Submitted by:

Tracy Bowman Director of Finance

Approved by:

hunda M Shat

Brenda Shott Assistant CEO, Finance & Internal Operations



OPPORTUNITY RISING

PROPOSAL FOR FINANCIAL AUDITOR SERVICES FOR THE

ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Kory Hoggan, Partner Aaron Hamilton, Senior Manager

> Moss Adams LLP 2040 Main Street, Suite 900 Irvine, CA 92614 (949)221-4000

Moss<u>a</u>dams

Dear Jim:

We're excited about the opportunity to work with Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS). We understand you're looking for a firm to provide audit services for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021 and continuing for the next two years ending December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, with an option to renew the contract, on an annual basis, for up to an additional three years.

These are challenging times for public retirement systems. The current economic conditions resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic only accentuate the pressures felt by your board and management. Budget constraints, fid uciary responsibilities, uncertain domestic and global security markets, new accounting and reporting standards, and pressures from governments and credit rating agencies to maintain or improve the funded status and minimize reported net pension liability are only a few of the hurdles that you face in effectively providing services to the County and your members.

September 3, 2021

Jim Doezie Contracts, Risk & Performance Administrator

Orange County Employees Retirement System 2223 E. Wellington Avenue Suite 100 Santa Ana, CA 92701 As OCERS considers an independent accounting firm to provide financial audit services and perform the annual audit of OCERS financial statements, we know you're seeking a firm that has the experience, resources, and qualifications to best assist you in meeting these challenges and being successful; a firm that provides a fresh perspective on your financial statements and internal procedures and can offer meaningful suggestions based on the technical stand ards and best practices among other public retirement systems. The firm that's the best fit will be the one that not only meets your criteria, but also clearly provides the greatest value for the investment of our time and limited resources in the audit process. We believe Moss Adams is the right choice for the following reasons:

- **Deep specialty in public employee retirement systems (PERS).** As one of the 15 largest accounting firms in the nation and the largest he ad quartered on the West Coast, we have the depth of resources necessary to serve OCERS with firmwide resources at our disposal. Our national PERS te am serves as independent auditors to many public retirement systems. We have a deep understanding of the accounting and operational issues facing stand-alone PERS of all sizes and levels of funded status and will provide our firm's top industry professionals to OCERS.
- Experience with audits of governmental entities. Moss Adams is committed to serving governmental entities. We have numerous client service professionals who focus on governmental units that apply accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). All of the team members who'll serve OCERS specialize in providing services to governmental and PERS entities.

September 3, 2021

Jim Doezie Contracts, Risk & Performance Administrator

Orange County Employees Retirement System 2223 E. Wellington Avenue Suite 100 Santa Ana, CA 92701

- **Open, timely, and effective communication.** Part of the value we provide to you is a commitment to maintaining close and regular contact with you throughout the year. We're not once-a-year auditors who disappear for many months, only to return in time for the next audit. We're a hands-on resource with a bias for action and a constant resource for questions and advice.
- Local team with national perspective. Your audit will be staffed primarily with experienced professionals from our Orange County office. You'll have the resources you need in your own backyard, while having access to one of the largest providers of governmental and pension services in the western United States.
- **Fresh point of view.** Moss Ad ams and our PERS professionals have worked closely with many clients in facilitating the transition of their financial audits from other accounting firms. We'll minimize disruption to you and your staff and make the transition period as smooth as possible. Rotation of auditors assures that a fresh set of eyes is overseeing your audit. With a new perspective, we can suggest different ways to make your organization more efficient and cost effective. Our fresh viewpoint combined with our depth of experience is designed to result in a quality audit that properly assesses and responds to your unique risks and challenges.
- **Strong presence in California.** Moss Ad ams has long maintained a strong presence in the Golden State, growing our footprint in Southern California. We currently serve as independent auditors and consultants to several public pensions in California, including several "1937 Act" county retirement systems. With its complex maze of regulatory agencies and unique pension laws, California presents a number of challenges to retirement systems in the state—and those hoping to fulfill their fiduciary responsibilities in serving their members.

With client service and open communication placed above all else, we're enthusiastic about the opportunity to serve OCERS and to provide efficient and effective solutions for your audit and compliance needs. Moss Adams has a dedicated service group of trained professionals who perform audits and consulting for public and private sector retirement plans, and we offer year-round availability and flexibility in our scheduling to complete your audit early. We have the resources, conveniently located offices, and te chnical expertise to help you navigate your way to success. Thank you for your consideration of our proposal. We're excited about this opportunity and beginning a new relationship with you.

Sincerely,

Kory Hoggan, CPA Partner (505) 878-7214 kory.hoggan@mossadams.com

Tarn Hamilt

Aaron Hamilton, CPA Senior Manager (505) 837-7630 aaron.hamilton@mossadams.com

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Exhibit B

MINIMUM QUALIFICATIONS CERTIFICATION

All firms submitting a proposal in response to this RFP are required to sign and return this attachment, along with written evidence of how the respondent meets each qualification.

The undersigned hereby certifies that it fulfills the minimum qualifications outlined below, as well as the requirements contained in the RFP.

Minimum Qualifications include:

- 1. The firm should have at least five (5) years prior experience in auditing governmental agencies and/or public pension funds.
- 2. The Engagement Partner must be licensed to practice in the State of California as a certified public accountant, and must demonstrate a strong knowledge of governmental accounting and auditing requirements based on prior experience leading audits of governmental agencies, or large pension or retirement systems with at least \$1 billion in plan net assets.
- 3. The firm should be licensed to practice in the state of California and be in good standing with the state.

The undersigned hereby certifies that they are an individual authorized to bind the Firm contractually, and said signature authorizes verification of this information.

Authorized Signature

September 3, 2021

Date

Kory Hoggan, Partner Name and Title (please print)

Moss Adams LLP

Name of Firm

Exhibit C

PROPOSAL COVER PAGE AND CHECK LIST (TO BE SUBMITTED IN FIRM'S LETTERHEAD)

Respondent Name: Kory Hoggan, Partner for Moss Adams LLP

Respondent Address: 6565 Americas Parkway NE Suite 600 Albuquerque, NM 87110

By submitting this response, the undersigned hereby affirms and represents that they have reviewed the

proposal requirements and have submitted a complete and accurate response to the best of their

knowledge. By signing below, I hereby affirm that the respondent has reviewed the entire RFP and intends

to comply with all requirements.

Respondent specifically acknowledges the following:

1. Respondent possesses the required technical expertise and has sufficient capacity to provide the services outlined in the RFP.

2. Respondent has no unresolved questions regarding the RFP and believes that there are no ambiguities in the scope of services.

3. The fee schedule submitted in response to the RFP is for the entire scope of services and no extra charges or expenses will be paid by OCERS.

4. Respondent has completely disclosed to OCERS all facts bearing upon any possible interests, direct or indirect, that Respondent believes any member of OCERS, or other officer, agent, or employee of OCERS presently has, or will have, in this contract, or in the performance thereof, or in any portion of the profits thereunder.

5. Materials contained in the proposal and all correspondence and written questions submitted during the RFP process are subject to disclosure pursuant to the California Public Records Act.

6. Respondent is not currently under investigation by any state of federal regulatory agency for any reason.

7. Except as specifically noted in the proposal, respondent agrees to all of the terms and conditions included in OCERS Services Agreement.

8. The signatory below is authorized to bind the respondent contractually.

September 3, 2021 Date

Authorized Signature

Kory Hoggan, Partner

Name and Title (please print)

Moss Adams LLP

Name of Firm

Financial Auditor Services: Request for Proposal

Executive Summary

FIRM BACKGROUND

Moss Adams is a fully integrated professional services firm dedicated to growing, managing, and protecting prosperity. With over 3,400 professionals across more than 25 locations in the market capitals of the West and beyond, we work with the world's most innovative, dynamic, and promising clients and markets. Through a full spectrum of accounting, consulting, and wealth management services, we bring the deep industry specialization and inspired thinking our mid-market clients seek.

Since we put down roots in the Pacific Northwest more than 100 years ago, we've steadily expanded to serve clients not only in the West, but also across the nation and globally. Our full range of services includes accounting (assurance and tax), consulting (IT, strategy & operations, transactions, and specialty), as well as individual and institutional wealth management.

Moss Adams is one of the 15 largest US accounting and consulting firms and a founding member of Praxity, a global alliance of independent accounting firms providing clients with local expertise in the major markets of North America, South America, Europe, and Asia.



OUR COMMITMENT TO CALIFORNIA

Moss Adams has long maintained a strong presence in the Golden State, growing our footprint in both Northern and Southern California to 11 locations with over 1,165 employees, including more than 145 partners. With its complex state and local tax structure and maze of regulatory agencies, California presents a number of challenges to businesses based in the state and those hoping to do business there. Moss Adams has the resources, conveniently located offices, and technical expertise to help you navigate your way to success.

GOVERNMENT SERVICES PRACTICE



We recognize government organizations are accountable to many different constituencies—oversight agencies, audit committees, elected officials, taxpayers—all with different expectations and demands. That's why we commit significant personnel and resources to our Government Services Practice, building technical expertise in all areas of government. We have several experienced partners and senior managers who lead audit engagements for over 300 government entities including state agencies; cities and counties; public colleges and universities; special purpose governments including ports, utility districts, and transit agencies; public retirement funds; and others.

Moss Adams has a group of specialized practices with more than 260 professionals who specialize in serving tax-exempt entities including governments, higher education institutions, not-for-profits, tribal and gaming entities, energy and utility entities, and federal contractors. Below is detailed information about our government experience:

Service	Our Experience
GASB Pronouncements	As a result of our extensive involvement with GASB working groups and committees, we keep up with the latest accounting standards and help many of our clients with implementation.
GFOA Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Program	We've assisted each of our clients that participate in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report program, including the Los Angeles City Employees' Retirement System; Richmond Retirement System; American Samoa Government Employees Retirement Fund; City of Albuquerque, New Mexico; City of El Paso, Texas; City of Portland, Oregon; Port of Seattle, Washington; City of Medford, Oregon; City of Bend, Oregon; and many others.
Audits of Government Pension, Health, and Other Employee Benefit Plans and Trusts	Moss Adams audits over 1,800 plans of all types annually. Our retirement plan clients range in size from 100 to 100,000 participants with \$100,000 to over \$10 billion in assets. We audit large retirement and retiree health plans such as New Mexico Educational Retirement Board, New Mexico Public Employees Retirement Association, Kansas Public Employees Retirement System, Los Angeles City Employees' Retirement System, County of Ventura, and American Samoa Government Employees' Retirement Fund, to name a few.

Moss Adams | Proposal for Orange County Employees Retirement System 4

DEEP SPECIALTY IN PUBLIC EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (PERS)

As one of the 15 largest accounting firms in the nation and with the third largest audit practice of employee benefit plans, we have the depth of resources necessary to serve OCERS with firmwide professionals at our disposal. Our national PERS team serves as independent auditors to many public retirement systems, such as the following:

	Selected Public Employee Retire	men	t and OPEB Systems Audited
•	American Samoa Government Employees'	•	New Mexico Educational Retirement Board
	RetirementFund	•	New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority
•	Antelope Valley Hospital Medical Center Retirement Plan	•	Public Employees Retirement Association Deferred Compensation Plan of New Mexico
•	City of Portland Fire and Police Disability and Retirement Fund	•	Richmond Retirement System
	El Paso Firemen and Policemen's Pension	٠	Sacramento County Section 457 Plan
	Fund Kansas Public Employees' Retirement System	•	Salinas Valley Memorial Healthcare District Employees Pension Plan
•		•	Spokane Employees' Retirement System
•	Los Angeles City Employees' Retirement System	•	The City of Seattle Voluntary Deferred Compensation Plan and Trust
		•	Ventura County Section 457 Plan

We have a deep understanding of the accounting and operational issues facing stand-alone PERS and governmental defined contribution plans and will provide our firm's top industry professionals to OCERS.

Kory Hoggan, who has over 20 years of experience serving PERS and employee benefit plan clients, will serve as the engagement leader. Kory serves on the AICPA State & Local Government Expert Panel Task Force for Public Employee Retirement Systems, is a frequent speaker at the AICPA National Conference for Employee Benefit Plans on the topic of governmental pensions and leads panels and presentations on retirement and OPEB systems to local and national audiences.

Firm Profile

FIRM HISTORY

It begins in 1913, the year President Woodrow Wilson signed the federal income tax into law. That same year, John G. McIntosh, CPA, set up a small Seattle practice to serve a booming Pacific Northwest timber industry. Through good times and bad, through two world wars and 19 US presidents, that practice steadily extended its reach-first regionally, then nationally-to serve the businesses and industries that built this country.

Today, that practice is Moss Adams, one of the largest accounting, consulting, and wealth management firms in the nation, dedicated to assisting clients with growing, managing, and protecting prosperity. But our principles remain the same as they were when we opened our doors more than a century ago: Consistently hire talented people, work hard to make a difference in our communities, and empower our clients to discover and claim success.

OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

Moss Adams is organized as a limited liability partnership with more than 340 active partners. Firm business is conducted under the leadership of our chief executive officer, Chris Schmidt; our chief operating officer, Dave Follett; an elected executive committee; regional managing partners; partners in charge of our offices; and many industry chairpersons. Several additional committees handle specific issues and needs of the firm's business, such as accounting and auditing standards, tax practice, firm training, industry business development, and information services. Our national office, located in Seattle, Washington, provides certain centralized support services for the firm. Our practice offices have local leadership to help improve opportunities in their local business environment, but offices also work collaboratively to best serve our clients.



OFFICE LOCATIONS

Phoenix CALIFORNIA Fresno Los Angeles Napa Orange County Silicon Valley Sacramento San Diego San Francisco Santa Rosa Stockton Walnut Creek COLORADO Denver

ARIZONA

KANSAS Kansas Citv

Albuquerque OREGON Eugene Medford Portland TEXAS Dallas Houston Plano Bellingham

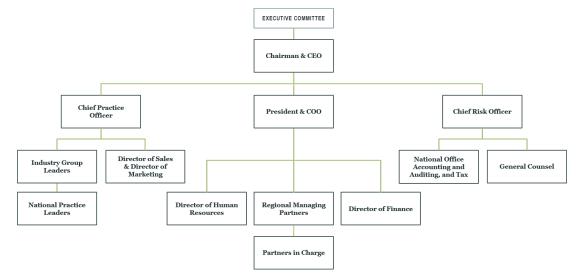
WASHINGTON

NEW MEXICO

Everett Seattle Spokane Tacoma Yakima

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ORGANIZATION CHART



NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES & ANNUAL REVENUES

Moss Adams is a fully integrated professional services firm dedicated to growing, managing, and protecting prosperity. With over 3,400 professionals across more than 25 locations in the market capitals of the West and beyond, we work with the world's most innovative, dynamic, and promising clients and markets. Through a full spectrum of accounting, consulting, and wealth management services, we bring the deep industry specialization and inspired thinking our mid-market clients seek.

Annual revenues in 2020 were \$820 million.

SCOPE OF SERVICES OFFERED

We offer a full range of services and specializations that span accounting, consulting, and wealth management to suit your specific needs.



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SPECIALTIES, STRENGTHS, AND LIMITATIONS



As OCERS selects an independent accounting firm to conduct your financial audit, you should consider a firm that has the experience, local resources, and qualifications to best assist you in meeting these challenges and being successful.

As one of the 15 largest accounting firms in the nation and the third largest pension and employee benefit plan audit services provider, we have the depth of resources necessary to serve OCERS with firmwide resources at our disposal. Very few firms truly specialize in the audits of retirement funds and other employee benefit plans, especially public retirement systems. We're proud to have this specialty and national experience with our partners and senior professionals.

Our national PERS specialty team serves as independent auditors to many public retirement systems and understands the unique accounting and operational risks and considerations for both defined benefit plans and pension systems sponsored by governmental entities, including the state of California laws and regulations specific to government-sponsored retirement systems. We'll provide our firm's top industry professionals to OCERS.

Moss Adams and our PERS professionals have worked closely with many clients to transition their financial audits from other accounting firms. We'll minimize disruption to you and your staff and make the transition period as smooth as possible. Rotation of audit firms assures you that a fresh set of eyes is overseeing your audit, and we're proposing a fresh team of experienced professionals to serve OCERS. With a new perspective, we can suggest innovative ways to make your organization more efficient and cost effective and to complete your audits in a timely manner and with minimal impact on your regular work routines. Our fresh viewpoint combined with our depth of experience is designed to result in a quality audit that properly assesses and responds to your unique risks and challenges.

CLIENT RETENTION RATE

As a result of our firm's commitment to premier client service, we have a long history of excellent client retention. An important aspect of this service includes maintaining the confidentiality of our clients', and former clients', financial and business information. As a result, we avoid disclosure of client information except as necessary to provide our services. In addition, while client relationships may be terminated for a variety of reasons, including financial reasons, project discontinuation, and change in strategy, we don't maintain records regarding such terminations.

Your Service Team

Working with the right team of professionals makes all the difference to your engagement. The team members we've thoughtfully selected to serve your specific needs have years of relevant experience. But more than that, you'll find they bring an optimistic perspective focused on helping you explore and embrace emerging opportunity. Your Moss Adams team will personally engage with your team and bring a new level of energy and enterprise to your engagement. Senior members of the audit team are duly licensed in their state of residence and will have practice privileges for California, as appropriate.

Kory Hoggan, CPA, Engagement Partner



Professional Experience

Kory has over 25 years of accounting experience and specializes in the audits of PERS and other employee benefit plans. He's a member of the executive committee for the firm's Employee Benefit Plan Services group and the technical committee for the firm's Government Services Practice. Kory led teams that developed audit templates and client tools and training for the implementation of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68, related to pension accounting and reporting; GASB Statement No. 72, covering fair value measurements and reporting; and GASB Statement No. 84, on fiduciary activities.

Kory has extensive experience managing audits of complex investments including limited partnerships, real estate, derivatives, private equity, collective trusts and pooled investments accounts, international securities, and securities lending, as well as equity and fixed income securities. Kory served on the AICPA State & Local Government Expert Panel Task Force for Public Employee Retirement Systems, a group tasked with addressing implementation issues for GASB No. 67 and No. 68.

Kory is a frequent speaker at the AICPA National Conference for Employee Benefit Plans on the topic of governmental pensions and regularly presents to national and local audiences on recent GASB pronouncements, including implementation of the governmental pension, OPEB, and fiduciary activities standards.

Kory currently serves PERS, public pension systems, and investment councils with net positions of both over and under \$10 billion. He also serves many single-employer defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans. Kory currently serves the following clients:

- American Samoa Government Employees' Retirement Fund
- Los Angeles County Employees
 Retirement Association
- Antelope Valley Memorial Hospital
- New Mexico Educational Retirement Board

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Kory Hoggan, CPA, Engagement Partner

- California Independent System Operators
- City of Portland Fire and Police Disability and Retirement Fund
- County of Sacramento
- County of Ventura
- El Paso Firemen and Policemen's Pension Fund
- Kansas Public Employees
 Retirement System
- Los Angeles City Employees' Retirement System

- New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority
- New Mexico State Investment Council
- Richmond (Virginia) Retirement System
- Salinas Valley Memorial Health Care System
- San Diego City Employees' Retirement System (consulting)
- Warehousemen's Pension Trust Fund (Port of Seattle)

Professional Affiliations

- Certified Public Accountant, California, License Number 143953
- Former member, AICPA State & Local Government Expert Panel Task Force for Public Employee Retirement Systems
- Member, Government Finance Officers Association
- Member, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Chapter president, Association of Government Accountants

Education

MAcc, Brigham Young University

Laurie Tish, CPA, Concurring Partner & National Practice Leader, Government Services Practice



Professional Experience

Laurie is our firm's national practice leader for the Government Services Practice and focuses on serving public retirement systems and governmental entities. Her expertise includes GAAP pertinent to governmental entities, municipal and tax-exempt finance, regulatory and statutory accounting and reporting, and federal compliance audits. She also serves as the lead partner on annual examinations and reviews of corporate sustainability reports. Laurie is a nationally recognized speaker on topics including government accounting and auditing standards, federal compliance, and corporate governance in the public sector.

Laurie has provided auditing and consulting services to special enterprise funds, general governments, public employee retirement systems, and not-for-profit entities.

Laurie Tish, CPA, Concurring Partner & National Practice Leader, Government Services Practice

Laurie is past chair of the Washington State Board of Accountancy and currently serves on the Board of Directors of the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy.

Professional Affiliations & Certifications

- Certified Public Accountant, Washington, License Number 11491 (with practice privileges in California)
- Immediate past chair, Board of Directors, National Association of State Boards of Accountancy
- Past chair, Washington State Board of Accountancy
- Past chair, Governmental Accounting and Auditing Committee, Washington Society of Certified Public Accountants
- Member, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Former member, Professional Ethics Executive Committee, AICPA
- Member, Washington Society of Certified Public Accountants

Education

 BA, business administration, Foster School of Business, University of Washington

Aaron Hamilton, CPA, Senior Manager



Professional Experience

Aaron has practiced public accounting since 2012. He provides audit, review, and consulting services for a variety of commercial and governmental clients. Aaron also provides consulting engagements to public retirement systems and governments across the country on pension accounting and reporting.

Aaron also leads engagements auditing private equity funds, private equity management companies, and a large private equity fund. He is one of the firm's experts on GASB No. 68 and No. 75 allocation audits and has experience drafting the allocation reports and creating user guides to help participating employers with their accounting.

Aaron currently serves the following clients:

- El Paso Firemen and Policemen's Pension Fund
- Los Angeles City Employees' Retirement System
- New Mexico Commission for the
 Blind
- New Mexico Mortgage Finance Authority
- New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority
- New Mexico State Investment Council

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Aaron Hamilton, CPA, Senior Manager

- New Mexico Educational Retirement Board
- New Mexico Finance Authority
- New Mexico State Land Office
- Richmond Retirement System

Professional Affiliations & Certifications

• Certified Public Accountant, New Mexico, License Number 6759 (with practice privileges in California)

•

- Member, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Member, New Mexico Society of Certified Public Accountants

Education

MAcc, Brigham Young University

Jason Lu, CPA, Senior Manager



Professional Experience

Jason has specialized in the audits of employee benefit plans and retirement systems since 2012. His responsibilities include assessing risk and internal controls, identifying areas of noncompliance, and drafting and preparation of financial statements and disclosures. He's also responsible for supervising and training new staff on engagements. In addition to financial audits, Jason also performs compliance audit services for plans and assists in regulatory consulting.

Jason currently serves the following clients:

- Antelope Valley Hospital
 Retirement Plan
- Los Angeles City Employees'
 Retirement System
- Kansas Public Employees
 Retirement System
- Salinas Valley Hospital Retirement Plan

Professional Affiliations & Certifications

- Certified Public Accountant, Kansas, License Number 6220 (with practice privileges in California)
- Member, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Education

MS, accounting, University of Kansas

May Lee, Senior Auditor



Professional Experience

May has practiced public accounting since 2016 and has experience with audits of pension plans in California.

Education

MS, accountancy, University of Houston

Amy Ha, Staff Auditor



Professional Experience

Amy has practiced public accounting since 2020 and has experience with audits of pension plans in California.

Education

 BBA, accounting and business management, California State University – Los Angeles

LOCAL RESOURCES

Matt Parsons, CPA, Partner



Professional Experience

Matt has practiced public accounting since 2005. He specializes in serving governmental entities. In addition to audit services, Matt has performed many agreed-upon procedures for local government clients such as transient occupancy tax and franchise agreements reviews.

Matt's experience includes preparation of financial statements, internal control examinations, and conducting audits in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and single audits of federal awards. He currently sits on the technical review panel with the firm's national practice office and is responsible for reviewing financial statements issued by the firm to ensure they meet technical reporting requirements. He also reviews changes to the draft compliance supplement before it's issued to provide recommendations and request clarifications to ensure audit requirements for federal funds are clear and understandable.

Matt Parsons, CPA, Partner

Matt also provides training on accounting and auditing topics for Moss Adams professionals as well as clients and industry organizations. He has delivered a number of webinars on topics related GASB standards and the Uniform Guidance, and actively assists with publishing alerts and other relevant articles for clients related to emerging financial reporting and compliance issues.

Professional Affiliations & Certifications

- Certified Public Accountant, California, License Number 102134
- Member, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Member, California Society of Certified Public Accountants
- Member, One OC Volunteer Advisory Council
- Member, Southern California Grantmakers
- Treasurer, Orange County Advisors in Philanthropy

Education

BA, economics, University of California, Los Angeles

Senior- and Staff-Level Service Team Members

With careful consideration of your time and deadlines, we'll select and assign professionals to your engagement based on their PERS and governmental experience and ability to complete each assignment effectively. Because Moss Adams is an industry-focused firm, our staff and seniors begin developing their specializations early in their careers. There are a number of staff and seniors with PERS and governmental experience in our Orange County and Los Angeles offices. We'd be happy to make these individuals available for interviews at your request.

Partner Rotation

Partner rotation is sometimes mandated by regulation, sometimes recommended as a best practice by influential organizations, and other times requested by a client's board of directors. For example, we work with our local agency clients in California to comply with Assembly Bill 1345 (California Government Code section 12410.6(b)) which requires rotation of the lead audit partner after six consecutive years. Rotation makes sure a fresh set of eyes is overseeing the audit and mitigates the risk of independence impairment. The drawback, however, is that tacit knowledge of the organization rotates off with the outgoing partner. Given this drawback, the rotation interval should be carefully considered. Should your organization require or request partner rotation for any reason, our policy is to structure a succession program that makes sure the replacement partner is in place with plenty of lead time for a seamless transition. You'll also have the opportunity to meet and speak with the incoming audit partner before being assigned. We want you to be confident in that person's ability to continue providing the leadership, expertise, and exceptional service that you expect.

Quality and Continuity of Staff

We take great pride in the experienced professionals we assign to engagements. Both our new and longterm clients regularly compliment our staff on their industry knowledge and practical approach. Due to our low turnover, we commit to returning staff on engagements whenever possible. OCERS will be served by some of our firm's best client service partners and technical practitioners.

Keeping your service team consistent from year to year saves you the time required to train a new team during an engagement and allows you to focus on what you do best—managing your day-to-day business. It also helps us complete the engagement in a more efficient and timely manner because the team is already familiar with your operations.

Team continuity is the hallmark of a stable and efficient firm and, with an overall retention rate averaging over 80% firmwide over the past three years, we're in a strong position to maintain your engagement team continuity.

Group	2020 Retention	2019 Retention	2018 Retention
Client Service Professionals	79.0%	78.8%	80.0%
Administrative Staff	84.1%	84.7%	84.6%

Our policy is to not rotate staff from an engagement team unless absolutely necessary. Typically, this would happen because a staff member left the firm or elected to change professional focus to a different industry group. As our retention statistics indicate, neither situation is very common. Still, if it were to become necessary to change members of your engagement team, we pledge to:

First Discuss any changes with you first

Replace departing staff members with people of comparable skill and experience Take all the steps we can to make sure the transition is smooth

Technical Resources and Industry Involvement

Our Government Industry Involvement

Moss Adams stays on the leading edge of the government industry through our continued involvement in associations and with standard-setting entities. For these and other national and regional entities, our professionals attend annual meetings, trade shows, lectures, and industry-specific events as guests, speakers, and trainers. Here are a few of our affiliations; many of your team members have spoken at these events.

Туре	Our Industry Involvement
Speaking	AICPA Government and Not-for-Profit Training Program
Engagements	AICPA Governmental Auditing and Accounting Conferences
	Association of Government Accountants (local chapters) Events
	California Society of CPAs Governmental Accounting and Auditing Conference
	Falmouth Institute's Indirect Cost Summit
	Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Conferences
	National Tribal Development Association Conference
	Native American Finance Officers Association (NAFOA) Semiannual Conference
	New Mexico Government Finance Executives Conference
	Oregon Municipal Finance Officers Association Conference
	Washington Public Utilities District Association
Professional Groups	• Several partners and senior managers are members of the Special Review Committee for the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.
	• Laurie Tish (partner and national Government Services Practice leader) serves on the GASB Recognition & Measurement Attributes Task Force, is currently a chair on the National Association of State Boards of Accountancy (NASBA) Board of Directors, and a cochair on the AICPA/NASBA CPA Evolution Joint Task Force.
	• Since 2006, Moss Adams professionals have been selected to be a members of the AICPA's Government Audit Quality Center (GAQC) Executive Committee. Erica Forhan (partner) is the immediate past chair.
	• Kory Hoggan (partner) is a member of the State & Local Government Expert Panel Task Force for Public Employee Retirement Systems and participated in the recent Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) roundtables on evaluating GASB Nos. 67 and 68.
	• Tasha Repp (partner and national Tribal & Gaming Practice leader) was the NAFOA representative on the GASAC 2013–2018 and is currently a member of the GASAC executive committee and GASB Tribal Working Group.

Туре	Our Industry Involvement
	Lisa Todd (partner and our national Employee Benefit Plan Services leader) serves on the AICPA Employee Benefit Plans Expert Panel and the AICPA Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center's (EBPAQC) executive committee.
	• Bertha Minnihan (partner and one of our national Employee Benefit Plan Services leaders) served on the AICPA Employee Benefit Plans Expert Panel and the AICPA EBPAQC executive committee, chaired the annual national AICPA Benefit Plan Conference for several years, and served on the AICPA Technical Standards Subcommittee, which assists with the DOL's review of ERISA audits and auditors.
	 Moss Adams is a world business partner of the Airports Council International- North America (ACI-NA). Olga Darlington (partner) represents our firm as an Accounting and Financing Working Group Member and Firm Representative of the ACI-NA's finance committee.
	 Tracy Paglia (partner) is the co-program director for the Tax Exempt/ Government Entities Exempt Organizations Council.
	• Kinman Tong (partner) is a member of the CalCPA Governmental Accounting and Auditing Conference planning committee.

References

Hear for yourself the unique experience our clients have in working with our firm. We're confident they'll share stories of how we make their lives easier, help them identify and take advantage of rising opportunities, and guide them to increased prosperity.

Los Angeles City Employees' Retirement System				
Point of Contact:	Rahoof "Wally" Oyewole Chief Department Accountant			
	(213)978-6897			
	rahoof.oyewole@lacers.org			
Summary of Work:	Annual financial statement audit and audit of employer allocations.			
Length of Time Providing Services:	2020-Present			
New Mexico Educational Retiremen	t Board			
Point of Contact:	Jan Goodwin Executive Director, New Hampshire Retirement System			
	(603)410-3520			
	jan.goodwin@nhrs.org			
Summary of Work:	Audits of statewide PERS financial statements and employer allocation schedules for New Mexico Educational Retirement Board, where Ms. Goodwin was the Executive Director until 2021.			
Length of Time Providing Services:	2009-Present (New Mexico Educational Retirement Board)			
Ventura County				
Point of Contact:	Patti Dowdy Deferred Compensation Program Manager			
	(805)662-6780			
	patti.dowdy@ventura.org			
Summary of Work:	Audit of deferred compensation plans.			
Length of Time Providing Services:	2018-Present			

Business License

With offices in Irvine, San Francisco, Silicon Valley, Los Angeles, Woodland Hills, San Diego, Sacramento, Stockton, Santa Rosa, Napa, Walnut Creek, and Fresno, Moss Adams LLP is duly licensed to practice public accountancy in the state of California. Below is a copy of our California Secretary of State License as well as our California Board of Accountancy license.

BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY

LICENSING DETAILS FOR: 4524 NAME: MOSS ADAMS LLP LICENSE TYPE: CPA - PARTNERSHIPS LICENSE STATUS: CLEAR PREVIOUS NAMES: MOSS ADAMS_LLP & MOSS ADAMS ADDRESS 999 3RD AVE SUITE 2800 SEATTLE WA 98104 OUT OF STATE COUNTY ISSUANCE DATE NOVEMBER 8, 1982 EXPIRATION DATE NOVEMBER 30, 2022 CURRENT DATE / TIME JANUARY 13, 2021 12:07:45 PM

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS
CBA PUBLIC ENFORCEMENT DOCUMENTS (1)
CBA WEBSITE: LINK

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Standard Professional Services Contract

Our standard professional services contract is provided on the following pages.

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September 3, 2021

Board of Retirement Orange County Employees Retirement System 2223 East Wellington Avenue, Suite 100 Santa Ana, CA 92701-3161

Re: Audit Services

Thank you for the opportunity to provide services to Orange County Employees Retirement System ("OCERS"). This engagement letter ("Engagement Letter") and the attached Professional Services Agreement, and Contract No. ______ between Moss Adams LLP and OCERS (the "Audit Contract"), which is incorporated by this reference, confirm our acceptance and understanding of the terms and objectives of our engagement, and limitations of the services that Moss Adams LLP ("Moss Adams," "we," "us," and "our") will provide to OCERS.

Scope of Services - Audit

You have requested that we audit OCERS' statement of fiduciary net position as of December 31, 2021, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ending, and the related notes to the basic financial statements. We will also report on whether the schedule of contributions, schedule of administrative expenses, schedule of investment expenses, and schedule of payments for professional services presented as supplementary information are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America provide for certain required supplementary information ("RSI"), such as management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability of participating employers, schedule of employer contributions, schedule of investment returns, significant factors affecting trends in actuarial information – pension plan, and the related notes to the RSI to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. As part of our engagement, we will apply certain limited procedures to the OCERS' RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. We will not express an opinion or provide assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

We will also audit the schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer as of December 31, 2021 and issue a separate report on the allocation audit.

Board of Retirement Orange County Employees Retirement System September 3, 2021 Page 2 of 3

Timing

Kory Hoggan is responsible for supervising the engagements and authorizing the signing of the reports. We expect to begin the audit fieldwork for these engagements on a mutually agreed-upon date. As we reach the conclusion of each audit, we will coordinate with you the date the audited financial statements will be available for issuance.

Our scheduling depends on your completion of the year-end closing and adjusting process prior to our arrival to begin the fieldwork. We may experience delays in completing our services due to your staff's unavailability or delays in your closing and adjusting process. You understand our fees are subject to adjustment if we experience these delays in completing our services.

Fees

Our fees will be as outlined in the Audit Contract.

Our ability to provide services in accordance with our estimated fees depends on the quality, timeliness, and accuracy of OCERS' records, and, for example, the number of general ledger adjustments required as a result of our work. To assist you in this process, we will provide you with a Client Audit Preparation Schedule that identifies the key work you will need to perform in preparation for the audit. We will also need your accounting staff to be readily available during the engagement to respond in a timely manner to our requests. Lack of preparation, poor records, general ledger adjustments, and/or untimely assistance will result in an increase of our fees.

Reporting

We will issue a written report upon completion of our audit of OCERS' financial statements. Our report will be addressed to the Board of Retirement. We cannot provide assurance that an unmodified opinion will be expressed. Circumstances may arise in which it is necessary for us to modify our opinion, add an emphasis-of-matter or other-matter paragraph(s), or withdraw from the engagement. Our services will be concluded upon delivery to you of our report on your financial statements and schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer for the year ending December 31, 2021.

Board of Retirement Orange County Employees Retirement System September 3, 2021 Page 3 of 3

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to you. If you agree with the terms of our engagement as set forth in the Agreement, please sign the enclosed copy of this letter and return it to us with the Professional Services Agreement.

Very truly yours,

Kory Hoggan, CPA Partner, for Moss Adams LLP

Enclosures

Accepted and Agreed:

This Engagement Letter and the attached Professional Services Agreement set forth the entire understanding of Orange County Employees Retirement System with respect to the engagements and the services to be provided by Moss Adams LLP:

Signature:	-10-
Print Name:	_\
Title:	
Date:	

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT Audit and Nonattest Services - Government Auditing Standards Version

This Professional Services Agreement (the "PSA") together with the Engagement Letter, which is hereby incorporated by reference, represent the entire agreement (the "Agreement") relating to services that Moss Adams will provide to Orange County Employees Retirement System ("OCERS"). Any undefined terms in this PSA shall have the same meaning as set forth in the Engagement Letter.

Objectives of the Audit

The objective of our audit is the expression of an opinion on the financial statements and supplementary information. The objective also includes reporting on internal control related to the financial statements and compliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a material effect on the financial statements as required by *Government Auditing Standards*.

The report on internal control and compliance will include a statement that the purpose of the report is solely to describe the scope of testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that the report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control over financial reporting the entity's internal control over financial reports and the result of the entity's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

We will conduct our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAS) and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. It will include tests of your accounting records and other procedures we consider necessary to enable us to express an opinion on the financial statements and to render the required reports. If our opinion on the financial statements is other than unmodified, we will discuss the reasons with you in advance. If, for any reason, we are unable to complete the auditor are unable to form or have not formed an opinion, we may decline to express an opinion or to issue a report as a result of this engagement.

Procedures and Limitations

Our procedures may include tests of documentary evidence supporting the transactions recorded in the accounts, tests of the physical existence of inventories, and direct confirmation of certain receivables and certain other assets, liabilities and transaction details by correspondence with selected customers, creditors, and financial institutions. We may also request written representations from your attorneys as part of the engagement, and they may bill you for responding to this inquiry. The supplementary information will be subject to certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. At the conclusion of our audit, we will require certain written representations from management about the financial statements and supplementary information and related matters. Management's failure to provide representations to our satisfaction will preclude us from issuing our report.

An audit includes examining evidence, on a test basis, supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Therefore, our audit will involve judgment about the number of transactions to be examined and the areas to be tested. Also, we will plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Such material misstatements may include errors, fraudulent financial reporting, misappropriation of assets, or noncompliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that are attributable to the entity or to acts by management or employees acting on behalf of the entity that may have a direct financial statement impact. Pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards*, we will not provide reasonable assurance of detecting abuse.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, together with the inherent limitations of internal control, an unavoidable risk exists that some material misstatements and noncompliance may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with U.S. GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*. An audit is not designed to detect immaterial misstatements or noncompliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that do not have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, we will inform you of any material errors, fraudulent financial reporting, misappropriation of assets, and noncompliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements that come to our attention, unless clearly inconsequential. We will also inform you of any other conditions or other matters involving internal control, if any, as required by *Government Auditing Standards*. Our responsibility as auditors is limited to the period covered by our audit and does not extend to any time period for which we are not engaged as auditors.

Our audit will include obtaining an understanding of OCERS and its environment, including its internal control sufficient to assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements whether due to error or fraud and to design the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures to be performed. An audit is not designed to provide assurance on internal control or to identify deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control and accordingly, no opinion will be expressed in our report on internal control issued pursuant to *Government Auditing Standards*. However, if, during the audit,

Professional Services Agreement Audit and Nonattest Services Page 2 of 6

we become aware of any matters involving internal control or its operation that we consider to be significant deficiencies under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, we will communicate them in writing to management and those charged with governance. We will also identify if we consider any significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, to be a material weakness.

We may assist management in the preparation of OCERS' financial statements and supplementary information. Regardless of any assistance we may render, all information included in the financial statements and supplementary information remains the representation of management. We may issue a preliminary draft of the financial statements and supplementary information information to you for your review. Any preliminary draft financial statements and supplementary information should not be relied upon, reproduced or otherwise distributed without the written permission of Moss Adams.

Management's Responsibility

As a condition of our engagement, management acknowledges and understands that management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We may advise management about appropriate accounting principles and their application and may assist in the preparation of your financial statements, but management remains responsible for the financial statements. Management also acknowledges and understands that management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. This responsibility includes the maintenance of adequate records, the selection and application of accounting principles, and the safeguarding of assets. You are responsible for informing us about all known or suspected fraud affecting OCERS involving: (a) management, (b) employees who have significant roles in internal control, and (c) others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements. You are responsible for informing us of your knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting OCERS received in communications from employees, former employees, regulators or others.

Management is responsible for adjusting the financial statements to correct material misstatements and for confirming to us in the management representation letter that the effects of any uncorrected misstatements aggregated by us during the current engagement and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control over compliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and for identifying and ensuring that you comply with such provisions. Management is also responsible for addressing the audit findings and recommendations, establishing and maintaining a process to track the status of such findings and recommendations, and taking timely and appropriate steps to remedy any fraud and noncompliance with the provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements or abuse that we may report.

Management is responsible for making all financial records and related information available to us and for the accuracy and completeness of that information. Management agrees that as a condition of our engagement, management will provide us with:

- access to all information of which management is aware that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation, and other matters;
- additional information that we may request from management for the purpose of the audit; and
- unrestricted access to persons within OCERS from whom we determine it necessary to obtain audit evidence.

Management's Responsibility for Supplementary Information

Management is responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the applicable criteria. Management agrees to include the auditor's report on the supplementary information in any document that contains the supplementary information and that indicates that we have reported on such supplementary information. Management is responsible to present the supplementary information with the audited financial statements or, if the supplementary information will not be presented with the audited financial statements, to make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the supplementary information no later than the date of issuance by the entity of the supplementary information and the auditor's report thereon. For purposes of this Agreement, audited financial statements are deemed to be readily available if a third-party user can obtain the audited financial statements without any further action by management. For example, financial statements on your Web site may be considered readily available but being available upon request is not considered readily available.

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Dissemination of Financial Statements

Our report on the financial statements must be associated only with the financial statements that were the subject of our engagement. You may make copies of our report, but only if the entire financial statements (including related footnotes and supplementary information, as appropriate) are reproduced and distributed with our report. You agree not to reproduce or associate our report with any other financial statements, or portions thereof, that are not the subject of this engagement.

Offering of Securities

This Agreement does not contemplate Moss Adams providing any services in connection with the offering of securities, whether registered or exempt from registration, and Moss Adams will charge additional fees to provide any such services. You agree not to incorporate or reference our report in a private placement or other offering of your equity or debt securities without our express written permission. You further agree we are under no obligation to reissue our report or provide written permission for the use of our report at a later date in connection with an offering of securities, the issuance of debt instruments, or for any other circumstance. We will determine, at our sole discretion, whether we will reissue our report or provide written permission for the use of our report only after we have conducted any procedures, we deem necessary in the circumstances. You agree to provide us with adequate time to review documents where (a) our report is requested to be reissued, (b) our report is included in the offering document or referred to therein, or (c) reference to our firm is expected to be made. If we decide to reissue our report or provide written permission to the use of our report or withhold our written permission to use our report, you agree that Moss Adams will be included on each distribution of draft offering materials and we will receive a complete set of final documents. If we decide not to reissue our report or withhold our written permission to use our report, you may be required to engage another firm to audit periods covered by our audit reports, and that firm will likely bill you for its services. While the successor auditor may request access to our engagement documentation for those periods, we are under no obligation to permit such access.

Changes in Professional or Accounting Standards

To the extent that future federal, state, or professional rule-making activities require modification of our audit approach, procedures, scope of work, etc., we will advise you of such changes and the impact on our fee estimate. If we are unable to agree on the additional fees, if any, that may be required to implement any new accounting and auditing standards that are required to be adopted and applied as part of our engagement, we may terminate this Agreement as provided herein, regardless of the stage of completion.

Representations of Management

During the course of our engagement, we may request information and explanations from management regarding, among other matters, OCERS' operations, internal control, future plans, specific transactions, and accounting systems and procedures. At the conclusion of our engagement, we will require, as a precondition to the issuance of our report, that management provide us with a written representation letter confirming some or all of the representations made during the engagement. The procedures that we will perform in our engagement will be heavily influenced by the representations that we receive from management. Accordingly, false representations could cause us to expend unnecessary efforts or could cause a material error or fraud to go undetected by our procedures. In view of the foregoing, you agree that we will not be responsible for any misstatements in OCERS' financial statements and supplementary information that we fail to detect as a result of false or misleading representations, whether oral or written, that are made to us by OCERS' management. While we may assist management in the preparation of the representation letter, it is management's responsibility to carefully review and understand the representations made therein.

In addition, because our failure to detect material misstatements could cause others relying upon our audit report to incur damages, OCERS further agrees to indemnify and hold us harmless from any liability and all costs (including legal fees) that we may incur in connection with claims based upon our failure to detect material misstatements in OCERS' financial statements and supplementary information resulting in whole or in part from knowingly false or misleading representations made to us by any member of OCERS' management.

Fees and Expenses

OCERS acknowledges that the following circumstances will result in an increase of our fees:

- Failure to prepare for the audit as evidenced by accounts and records that have not been subject to normal year-end closing and reconciliation procedures;
- Failure to complete the audit preparation work by the applicable due dates;
- Significant unanticipated transactions, audit issues, or other such circumstances;
- Delays causing scheduling changes or disruption of fieldwork;

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- After audit or post fieldwork circumstances requiring revisions to work previously completed or delays in resolution of
 issues that extend the period of time necessary to complete the audit;
- Issues with the prior audit firm, prior year account balances or report disclosures that impact the current year engagement; and
- An excessive number of audit adjustments.

We will endeavor to advise you in the event these circumstances occur, however we may be unable to determine the impact on the estimated fee until the conclusion of the engagement. We will bill any additional amounts based on the experience of the individuals involved and the amount of work performed.

Billings are due upon presentation and become delinquent if not paid within 30 days of the invoice date. Any past due fee under this Agreement shall bear interest at the highest rate allowed by law on any unpaid balance. In addition to fees, you may be billed for expenses and any applicable sales and gross receipts tax. Direct expenses may be charged based on out-of-pocket expenditures, per diem allotments, and mileage reimbursements, depending on the nature of the expense. Indirect expenses, such as processing time and technology expenses, may be passed through at our estimated cost and may be billed as a flat charge or a percentage of fees. If we elect to suspend our engagement for nonpayment, we may not resume our work until the account is paid in full. If we elect to terminate our services for nonpayment, or as otherwise provided in this Agreement, our engagement will be deemed to have been completed upon written notification of termination, even if we have not completed our work. You will be obligated to compensate us for fees earned for services rendered and to reimburse us for expenses. You acknowledge and agree that in the event we stop work or terminate this Agreement as a result of your failure to pay on a timely basis for services rendered by Moss Adams as provided in this Agreement, or if we terminate this Agreement for any other reason, we shall not be liable to you for any damages that occur as a result of our ceasing to render services.

Limitation on Liability

IN NO EVENT WILL EITHER PARTY BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER FOR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR OTHERWISE ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. IN NO EVENT SHALL EITHER PARTY BE LIABLE FOR EXEMPLARY OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT.

Subpoena or Other Release of Documents

As a result of our services to you, we may be required or requested to provide information or documents to you or a thirdparty in connection with governmental regulations or activities, or a legal, arbitration or administrative proceeding (including a grand jury investigation), in which we are not a party. You may, within the time permitted for our firm to respond to any request, initiate such legal action as you deem appropriate to protect information from discovery. If you take no action within the time permitted for us to respond or if your action does not result in a judicial order protecting us from supplying requested information, we will construe your inaction or failure as consent to comply with the request. Our efforts in complying with such requests or demands will be deemed a part of this engagement and we shall be entitled to additional compensation for our time and reimbursement for our out-of-pocket expenditures (including legal fees) in complying with such request or demand.

Pursuant to authority given by law or regulation, we may be requested to make certain engagement documentation available to an applicable entity with oversight responsibilities for the audit or its designee, a federal agency providing direct or indirect funding, or the U.S. Government Accountability Office for purposes of a quality review of the audit, to resolve audit findings, or to carry out oversight responsibilities. We will notify you of any such request. If requested, access to such engagement documentation will be provided under the supervision of Moss Adams personnel. Furthermore, upon request, we may provide photocopies of selected engagement documentation to the aforementioned parties. These parties may intend, or decide, to distribute the photocopies or information contained therein to others, including other governmental agencies.

Document Retention Policy

At the conclusion of this engagement, we will return to you all original records you supplied to us. Your records are the primary records for your operations and comprise the backup and support for the results of this engagement. Our records and files, including our engagement documentation whether kept on paper or electronic media, are our property and are not a substitute for your own records. Our firm policy calls for us to destroy our engagement files and all pertinent engagement documentation period of seven years (or longer, if required by law or regulation), after which time these items will no longer be available. We are under no obligation to notify you regarding the destruction of our records. We reserve the right to modify the retention period without notifying you. Catastrophic events or physical deterioration may result in our firm's records being unavailable before the expiration of the above retention period.

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Except as set forth above, you agree that Moss Adams may destroy paper originals and copies of any documents, including, without limitation, correspondence, agreements, and representation letters, and retain only digital images thereof.

Use of Electronic Communication

In the interest of facilitating our services to you, we may communicate by facsimile transmission or send electronic mail over the Internet. Such communications may include information that is confidential. We employ measures in the use of electronic communications designed to provide reasonable assurance that data security is maintained. While we will use our best efforts to keep such communications secure in accordance with our obligations under applicable laws and professional standards, you recognize and accept we have no control over the unauthorized interception of these communications once they have been sent. Unless you issue specific instructions to do otherwise, we will assume you consent to our use of electronic communications to your representatives and other use of these electronic devices during the term of this Agreement as we deem appropriate.

Use of Third-Party Service Providers

We may use third-party service providers in serving you. In such circumstances, if we need to share confidential information with these service providers, we will require that they maintain the confidentiality of your information.

Enforceability

In the event that any portion of this Agreement is deemed invalid or unenforceable, said finding shall not operate to invalidate the remainder of this Agreement.

Entire Agreement

This Professional Services Agreement and Engagement Letter constitute the entire agreement and understanding between Moss Adams and OCERS. OCERS agrees that in entering into this Agreement it is not relying and has not relied upon any oral or other representations, promise or statement made by anyone which is not set forth herein.

In the event the parties fail to enter into a new Agreement for each subsequent calendar year in which Moss Adams provides services to OCERS, the terms and conditions of this PSA shall continue in force until such time as the parties execute a new written Agreement or terminate their relationship, whichever occurs first.

Use of Moss Adams' Name

OCERS may not use any of Moss Adams' name, trademarks, service marks or logo in connection with the services contemplated by this Agreement or otherwise without the prior written permission of Moss Adams, which permission may be withheld for any or no reason and may be subject to certain conditions.

Use of Nonlicensed Personnel

Certain engagement personnel who are not licensed as certified public accountants may provide services during this engagement.

Dispute Resolution Procedure, Venue and Limitation Period

This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the state of Washington, without giving effect to any conflicts of laws principles. If a dispute arises out of or relates to the engagement described herein, and if the dispute cannot be settled through negotiations, the parties agree first to try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation using an agreed upon mediator. If the parties are unable to agree on a mediator, the parties shall petition the state court that would have jurisdiction over this matter if litigation were to ensue and request the appointment of a mediator, and such appointment shall be binding on the parties. Each party shall be responsible for its own mediation expenses and shall share equally in the mediator's fees and expenses.

If the claim or dispute cannot be settled through mediation, each party hereby irrevocably (a) consents to the exclusive jurisdiction and venue of the appropriate state or federal court located in King County, state of Washington, in connection with any dispute hereunder or the enforcement of any right or obligation hereunder, and (b) WAIVES ITS RIGHT TO A JURY TRIAL. EACH PARTY FURTHER AGREES THAT ANY SUIT ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT MUST BE FILED WITHIN ONE (1) YEAR AFTER THE CAUSE OF ACTION ARISES.

Termination

This Agreement may be terminated by either party, with or without cause, upon ten (10) days' written notice. In such event, we will stop providing services hereunder except on work, mutually agreed upon in writing, necessary to carry out such termination. In the event of termination: (a) you shall pay us for services provided and expenses incurred through the effective date of termination, (b) we will provide you with all finished reports that we have prepared pursuant to this Agreement, (c) neither party shall be liable to the other for any damages that occur as a result of our ceasing to render services, and (d) we will require any new accounting firm that you may retain to execute access letters satisfactory to Moss Adams prior to reviewing our files.

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Hiring of Employees

Any offer of employment to members of the audit team prior to issuance of our report may impair our independence, and as a result, may result in our inability to complete the engagement and issue a report.

Mutual Waiver of COVID-19 Claims

This provision addresses issues regarding the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"). The Parties acknowledge their respective understanding of the hazards of COVID-19, including, but not limited to, its highly contagious nature and the corresponding health risks associated with being exposed to or infected by COVID-19. Each Party agrees to waive, release, discharge, and covenants not to sue the other Party or its affiliates and its and their respective officers, directors, partners, principals, employees, agents, or subcontractors from any and all claims, damages, expense, liability, illness or losses that may occur from exposure to or infection by COVID-19 arising out of, related to, or in any way connected with the professional services provided by Moss Adams.

Fees

For our clients, it's about more than the dollars you pay at the end of the day; it's about value. Consider both the tangible and intangible benefits of working with us. You'll get solid and timely deliverables. But more than that, the experience you'll have working with forward-thinking, industry-specialized professionals who work side by side with you to explore new possibilities is where you'll see the value. Invest in your future prosperity and experience a different style of service with us. Our estimated fees are based on budgeted hours for the audits of similar public pension funds based on the standard hourly rates of the individuals proposed for your engagements.

Service Description	2	021	20	022	20	023
Audit of financial statements for the year ending December 31	\$	99,500	\$	100,500	\$	101,500
Audit of employer allocations (GASB 68) for the year ending December 31	\$	16,300	\$	16,800	\$	17,000
Total	\$	115,800	\$	117,300	\$	118,500

Fee Details

Subject	The Details	
Client Acceptance Procedures	The scope of work and fee quotes are subject to our client acceptance process, which: 1) verifies that all parties understand the specific services we're being asked to perform; 2) ensures contract terms are acceptable to both parties and in agreement with professional standards; and 3) confirms we've staffed the engagement with individuals qualified with the necessary experience to fulfill our commitments to our prospective client. We'll also need to complete our inquiries of your former auditor as required by our professional audit standards.	
First-Year Costs	We acknowledge that changing auditors can be disruptive to your staff's routines, since a new audit team needs to spend time learning your systems. We'll absorb all costs related to the transition.	
Progress Billing	Progress billings are based on hours and expenses completed at the time of billing. Bills are due upon receipt.	
Cost Overruns	During the course of the audit, we'll measure our progress against our planned budget. If situations arise that are significantly different than our expectations, we'll bring them to your attention immediately and discuss various options before we proceed. We'll meet weekly during the course of fieldwork with the appropriate parties to ensure there are open lines of communication between our organizations.	
Future New Audit and Accounting Standards	Our fee estimate discussed herein is based on accounting and professional standards that exist and are applicable as of the date of this proposal. To the extent that future rulemaking activities require modification to our audit approach, procedures, scope of work, etc., we'll advise you of such changes and the impact on our fee proposal.	

Moss Adams | Proposal for Orange County Employees Retirement System 31

Subject	The Details
Routine Phone Calls and Emails	Our policy is to not charge for short telephone calls seeking miscellaneous advice unless those consultations require significant additional work or research. If a matter requires further follow-up, we'll discuss a fee estimate with you before incurring significant time.
Predecessor Auditors	Our fee estimates are based on the assumption that the predecessor auditors will provide timely access to their audit working papers for the year ended December 31, 2020. Further, it's assumed that the audit work performed by the predecessor auditor will be adequate to support beginning balances.
Audit Preparation	Our proposed fees are based on the presumption that your books and records will be ready for audit and minimal audit adjustments will be required. If accounting assistance is required to reconcile accounts, we'll discuss the issues with you, and additional fees will be billed separately, at our standard rates. Additionally, our fee quote assumes that we won't identify any audit findings, including significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. If potential audit findings are identified, costs for investigating and reporting them will be in addition to our audit fees.

Work Plan and Audit Approach

TRANSITIONING TO MOSS ADAMS

It's our first step in welcoming you as a new client—and it's an important one. Our goal? To avoid disruption to your staff and make the transition period as smooth as possible. You'll get:



Transition Steps

- 1. Entrance meetings. Conference with your management and staff and other appropriate groups, including your actuaries (Segal & Co.) and investment custodian (State Street), to discuss risks, expectations, processes, and timelines. We currently audit various public pension systems that work with Segal & Co., State Street, and Meketa Investment Group, and have strong working relationships with each of these service providers.
- 2. **Planning sessions.** Meet with key managers to discuss risks, expectations, the audit process and timelines, and to share key strategic, financial, and operational information. Timelines will be developed for each of the key phases including the financial statements, actuarial valuations, and allocation schedules under GASB No. 68.
- 3. **Review working papers.** Examine your prior auditor's working papers to understand their audit approach and the timing of their procedures, and to determine the scope of any additional procedures our team will perform on the opening balances in your financial statements.
- 4. Develop the communication plan. Our preferred communication plan entails a weekly status meeting during fieldwork periods, and regular video conference calls when not in the field, with key members of your team to discuss findings so far, open items, a review of work completed and yet to be performed, and related information needs for the upcoming weeks. These meetings are used to gauge progress toward agreed-upon milestones and timelines. We find we can be flexible in our staffing and timing of our audit procedures to address challenges when they're identified early and discussed in these debrief meetings.

Kory Hoggan will have the ultimate responsibility for these meetings and communications based on reports from senior staff assigned to each segment, as discussed below and in our audit approach.

5. **Design audit approach.** Devise an efficient and effective approach that addresses the potential risks we discover during the transition—and assign senior level staff to key segments of the work to ensure proper and timely supervision of our team and their work. We find that by dividing the work into segments and assigning different individuals to those segments, we can ensure the timely delivery of our services and effective communication of the status to your management team.

How We'll Communicate with Your Governance and Management Teams

We'll lead extensive communication prior to beginning the actual fieldwork to gain a clear understanding of expected audit issues, our testing approach, and the documentation needed. We're very conscious of not duplicating our efforts and will attempt to use existing documentation whenever possible. We don't demand that our clients conform to pro form a documentation.

As we begin the audit, we like to conduct an entrance conference with your audit committee, finance staff, and/or other members of the governance team. We'll schedule conference calls with your key investment officers and managers to understand the composition of your alternative investment portfolio and develop a risk-based approach to auditing investments, rather than immediately sending conformation requests to all of your fund managers. We'll coordinate with your independent actuaries, as well as members of your management team who oversee the actuarial valuation and measurements, to coordinate providing reviewed financial statement drafts and understanding of actuarial assumptions used. In the entrance meeting, we'll discuss our audit approach, timing, and provide an opportunity for management and other OCERS representatives to convey any issues, risks, or areas of special focus.

At the end of our fieldwork, we'll hold an exit conference with management as well as the individuals you designate, including members of your audit committee or Board of Retirement. We'll share all findings, the status of the audit, projected timeliness for completion, and, our comments on your drafted financial statements. OCERS and management will have the opportunity to investigate and respond to any findings prior to formal communications. The goal of our preferred communication style is to allow OCERS representatives to share in the formation of our risk assessments and areas we'll perform testing, reduce surprises from any potential findings we have along the way, and present audit results in draft form before we provide final written reports. This preferred style allows us to meet our objective to help prevent unwanted surprises, as well as to meet OCERS' desire to hear from its auditor on operational issues, discuss our observations, and communicate important issues during the audit.

AUDIT METHODOLOGY

We know it's not just about what we do; it's how we do it. For us, an audit isn't just a compliance exercise. We believe it's an opportunity to view OCERS at a macro level, go well beyond the numbers, and provide greater value than simply complying with a requirement.

And, because we have a deep respect for your time and don't believe in the one-size-fits-all approach, we can offer you an audit approach that's customized specifically to your organization. After all, why spend time on procedures that aren't necessary? Customizing our process results in an efficient audit that's complete in fewer hours.

What's different about our approach? Rather than a checklist approach, which scales an audit from the needs of the largest organizations, we tailor our audits from the bottom up, focusing on the important areas of risk, relevant to OCERS operations and financial reporting.

PROPOSED SEGMENTATION OF THE ENGAGEMENT

The following is a summary of our specific audit approach including the level of staff and estimated number of hours to be assigned to each proposed segment of the engagement:

Planning

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Throughout the planning phase of the audit, we'll:

- Perform planning inquiries and discussions with OCERS management to establish a mutually agreed-upon timeline for the audit and any changes with OCERS processes, provisions, or personnel during the year.
- Conduct planning sessions with OCERS management and staff to outline and share mutual expectations. By maintaining ongoing communication throughout the year, there are typically no surprises in these planning discussions.
- Design an audit approach with effective risk coverage and efficient procedures.
- Prepare a list of audit schedules to be prepared by OCERS, with consideration of the format and information that was provided to the prior audit firm.
- Coordinate with OCERS internal audit division to consider examinations performed by internal audit during the year in our risk assessment.
- Gain an understanding of OCERS' IT environment and related information technology general controls significant to key systems and applications and perform tests of the operating effectiveness of internal controls. The way you use IT to process accounting information can have a significant impact on our assessment of, and reliance on, your internal controls. Your audit team, with specialists from our IT consulting practice, will evaluate the technology environment and assess its impact on audit procedures and our reliance on internal controls.

During the planning phase—which we primarily perform remotely—we conduct preliminary analytical reviews, which consist of a comparison of current- and prior-year results, as well as actual and budgetary information. We also consider preliminary plan results, in light of information obtained, by reviewing OCERS' Board minutes and communications with management. Also, in conformity with audit standards, our team will hold internal "brainstorming" meetings and meeting with OCERS management and staff to discuss fraud risks related to OCERS.

Evaluating Risk

For each balance presented in your financial statements and the measurements in your allocation schedules, we'll evaluate the relative levels of inherent risk and control risk, as well as assess the risk of material misstatement resulting from fraud. Our customized audit design will reflect this assessment.

Determining an Audit Approach

After evaluating levels of materiality and performing an initial risk assessment, we'll tailor our audit programs for the fieldwork to obtain evidence from a combination of tests of controls, analytical procedures, or substantive tests of details of transactions and ending balances.

Tests of controls. We'll gain an understanding of OCERS' internal control environment and control activities specific to each of the significant transaction cycles and perform tests of the operating effectiveness of internal controls. Sample sizes vary depending upon the reliability and nature of the controls selected for testing and the frequency that the control activity occurs.

Analytical procedures. Analytical procedures will be used to understand and test financial statement relationships or balances for certain accounts. We'll evaluate financial information through analysis of plausible relationships using both financial and nonfinancial data and development of explicit and independent expectations of financial statement relationships or balances that should exist under the particular circum stances.

Financial Statement Fieldwork

Given the number and breadth of experienced staff located in our Orange County and Southern California offices, we can accommodate just about any desired timing of interim and final fieldwork that meets the desired timing and needs of OCERS. Our preference is to perform interim fieldwork in January, after performing our planning procedures remotely in December, and to perform final fieldwork in late April and early May. We'd begin with an entrance conference with management to revisit the agreedupon timeline for the audit, discuss specific risk areas identified during planning, and perform the required planning communications with those charged with governance.

Audit Approach for Significant Account Balances and Transactions

Our firm's audit approach to the specific financial statement line items may include, but not be limited, to the following procedures:

Investments and investment earnings. Our approach to auditing investments will be to first gain an understanding of the design and implementation of internal controls over investments. We'll take the key controls identified and review what assertions they cover, what types of investments they address, and whether it's advantageous to test operating effectiveness of the controls. For certain investment types, our approach will be to just assess the design and implementation of the control activities. Based on the results of our control testing, we'll perform substantive audit procedures for investments as follows:

- Send independent confirmations of investment values to custodians and selected investment managers (based on preliminary discussions with your investment managers, our risk assessment, and significance of investment balances)
- Review management's monitoring activities with regard investment options and individual investment funds by reviewing board or committee minutes and monitoring logs maintained for alternative investment fund managers
- Review investment statements provided by custodians and agree reported balances to the Plan's financial statements
- Perform testing of investment earnings and transactions during the year

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In addition, we have designated professionals with experience auditing investments, particularly alternative investments. We're aware of the challenges you face in valuing alternatives, and we're aware of the challenges we face as auditors of an entity with alternative investments.

We've developed an effective approach to auditing investments based on the guidance of the AICPA Technical Practice Aid for Alternative Investments and our firm's experience auditing investment funds and limited partnerships.

Alternative investments. We'll focus our audit approach on several areas of risk associated with investments in alternative investment vehicles, including the existence of your investment in the alternative investment vehicle, the existence and valuation of the investment portfolio held by that investment vehicle, and the valuation of the alternative investment vehicle within your financial statements. During the planning phase, we meet with the appropriate investment personnel at OCERS to identify and review the organization's investment portfolio. By reviewing the investment portfolio in advance, we can identify which investments are alternative investments. During this time, we also document internal controls over investments. Based on this documentation, we determine which internal controls to test and the substantive procedures to be performed at final fieldwork.

Following our meetings with investment personnel at OCERS, we'll discuss the preparation of investment confirmations and consideration of timing lags in the availability of fair value measurements from certain fund managers. We'll coordinate the preparation of confirmations with management and sent electronic confirmations following year-end. During interim fieldwork, we test internal controls over investments, including key controls over the investment policy, authorization of investments, consideration of conflicts of interest, and monitoring of alternative investments. These are typically among the highest risk areas with most PERS. We also discuss with management the prepared by client schedules and documents needed to perform substantive testing during final fieldwork. We'll be proactive in determining the work to be performed by OCERS to document that the valuation determination will be sufficient for our audit.

Adequate support for the determination of the fair value of alternative investments can include the following:

- Sufficient understanding of the nature of the underlying investments
- Portfolio strategy of the alternative investments
- Methods and significant assumptions used by the fund manager to value the underlying investments

In the absence of a detailed list of the underlying investments for an alternative investment as of your fiscal year-end, management may be able to provide adequate support for the valuation of alternative investments through the following:

- Documentation of periodic interview with fund management
- Reconciliation to audited financial statements
- Retrospective review of the investment's annual audited financial statements
- Review of the investment's transactions at or near the date of the statement of fiduciary net position
- Review of SOC 1 report

During final fieldwork, we'll test management's documentation of the valuation of investments and test existence of investments. To test existence of marketable investments, we check the investment balance and use Moss Adams Advisory Services (MAAS) and subscriptions to an independent valuation service (Bloomberg) to verify the per-share price with a third-party source for a sample of investments. The tests for alternative investments vary from investment to investment based on the information available and nature of the investment. By planning early, we can efficiently audit the investments during final fieldwork. It's extremely important to note that management is responsible for obtaining and supplying all the information described above.

We'll send investment confirmations to selected fund managers electronically in early January. We'll establish regular communication with OCERS' accounting and investment staff through a secure portal to communicate receipt of investment confirmations and updated valuations received from your fund managers. During late February, we'll meet with OCERS' investment management to consider fair value variances due to lag reporting in received alternative investment confirmations, as well as the results of other performed audit procedures. Management may then make an estimated adjustment to remaining unconfirmed investments based on known trends and market conditions, with consideration of any cash purchases or sales of the investment during the period since the last known reporting date. This will allow management to adjust the final estimated fair value of investments and facilitate the closing of OCERS' accounts at the end of February or a date prior to receipt of all confirmations. This estimated value can be confirmed to be within accepted materiality range for the audited statements and facilitate completion of the actuarial measurement and initial drafting of the financial statements. Immaterial variances from the estimated fair value measurements that later become known can be adjusted in the following year. This method permits earlier closing of your books and is an acceptable practice among our other PERS clients.

Contributions. We'll perform audit procedures to test that amounts received or due to OCERS from the County and members have been appropriately calculated, recorded, and disclosed in the proper period. Tests of controls for contributions include selecting a representative sample of members and County contributions received and performing recalculations of contributions based on OCERS required contribution rates. Substantive audit procedures for contributions include obtaining subsidiary ledgers for contributions and reconciling to the general ledger, performing substantive analytic procedures and measuring contribution amounts to independent expectations, and confirming County contributions.

Actuarial valuation and assumptions. Our consideration of the actuarial valuations and measurement of the collective total pension liability and total OPEB liability begins with evaluating the professional qualifications of the actuary, including their competence, capabilities, and objectivity as required by generally accepted auditing standards. We've worked extensively with Segal & Co. on numerous mutual governmental, corporate, and pension clients and are familiar with their professional reputation and experience. We obtain the actuarial valuation reports used in measure the total pension liability, as well as the assumptions used, and measurements made of OCERS pension amounts to be allocated to employers. We evaluate the assumptions used by the actuary, including cost method, mortality tables used, valuation date and measurement period, long-term rate of return on investments, discount rate, and other key assumptions to the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68.

Benefit payments. Our approach to auditing benefit payments begins with assessing reliance on internal controls, based on the results of our tests of controls, to help ensure that benefit payments have been calculated and paid in accordance with PERS provisions and member authorizations and elections. We perform substantive analytical procedures and compare benefit payments for significant benefit and withdrawal accounts to expectations based on historical trends and current-year activity. During final fieldwork, auditing procedures include using directed and statistical sampling of new annuitants from the schedule of benefit payments and determining eligibility, recalculating benefit payments, evaluating whether calculations and payments were authorized, and agreeing the member data for proper classification in the retired category by the actuary. In addition, we perform directed sampling of other withdrawals including death benefits, QDROs, lump sum distributions, and other qualified payments to members and perform testing to authorizing documents and qualified amounts. We'll include a member of our Orange County health care consulting group to assist with testing of claims and premiums paid in the health care plan.

Exit conference. At the conclusion of financial statement audit fieldwork, we'll attend an exit conference with OCERS management to review the final audit report, management letter, and any compliance reports. We'll share findings and recommendations from each report with the Board of Retirement, as requested.

Employer Allocation Audit

Actuarial measurement and allocations. Our testing of the schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer begins with obtaining the actuarial measurement reports and the allocation schedules drafted by Segal & Co. and OCERS. We'll coordinate initial audit procedures, including testing of census data, with our financial statement fieldwork to maintain efficiency in our audit approach and avoid duplication. Our consideration of internal controls includes evaluating procedures for receiving contributions and employer data used in the employer allocations and for the actuary's valuation of future contributions used as the allocation method. We evaluate the assumptions used by the actuary for allocating the net pension liability and other pension amounts (GASB No. 68).

Census data. We'll coordinate and leverage OCERS internal testing of the accuracy of participant census data with a re-performance of a sample of individual census data, plan eligibility, and eligible compensation determinations. We'll coordinate testing efforts with procedures performed internally and establish a mutually agreed-upon timeline for census data testing, sample sizes, and sample selection based on the multiple-employer sampling methodology recommended in the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide for State and Local Governments Chapter 13.

Our testing of census data will cover the ability of the County to provide accurate information to OCERS that forms the basis for participant future contributions. These procedures will include identifying applicable payroll registers and payroll cycles, obtaining a population of payroll transmissions remitted to OCERS during the measurement period, and accessing database information of current employees that can be sorted by hire dates to stratify the population and emphasize testing of newly eligible employees and status changes reported during the measurement period.

Exit conference. At the conclusion of employer allocation audit fieldwork for the pension employer allocation schedules, we'll attend an exit conference with OCERS management to review the final audit reports on the allocation schedules and the related management letter.

Finalizing the Audits



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Our procedures will include testing of subsequent events, updates to investment testing for confirmation received with 90-day timing lags on year-end valuations (with consideration of estimates made by management), related party transactions, and disclosures related to risks and uncertainties. We'll review minutes of meetings of the Board of Retirement, and we'll consider procedures in place to identify illegal acts.

Throughout the course of the audit, we'll keep in close communication with the Plan's management through weekly status meetings to discuss engagement status, open items, and any preliminary findings as they arise to allow ample time for management to research and respond. Upon completion of our audit, we'll prepare our reports and management letter, and discuss them with management prior to their issuance. Drafts of any recommendations or control deficiencies, if any, will be provided to management in real time during the audit process to allow time to research and respond prior to presentation of the final drafts. Meeting OCERS' specific reporting deadlines is extremely important and a priority in our audit timeline and approach.

Audit findings. We'll use a tiered approach that assesses the significance of the observed error, lack of effective control mechanism, or instance of noncompliance. We'll use an assessment that includes the materiality of the issue to each major program and a risk analysis of the pervasiveness of the issue. We'll identify and report in writing only those major items that put the plan at risk or constitute significant noncompliance.

Post-fieldwork and Reporting

We don't like surprises, and neither do you. That's why we hold an exit meeting with management at the end of interim and final fieldwork to discuss any findings, open items, or other issues. This allows management to check that our findings are accurate and keeps you informed of any potential issues with adequate time to research and respond. After we've determined the points are valid, we'll provide draft reports to review prior to final issuance. We also invite members of the Board of Retirement and your audit committee to sit in during our exits with management to keep apprised of possible issues.

We'll present the financial statements and the communication letters, at your direction, to the Board of Retirement at the conclusion of our audit. Our goal in presenting the audit to you is to communicate information we gain in the audit process that may not be evident by simply reading the financial statements. We consider operational issues, discuss our observations, and communicate important issues during the presentation.

Report Delivery

Our firm policy is to deliver the audit reports and finalize our working papers as soon as possible after the completion of fieldwork. We commit to meeting all applicable deadlines for your audit, assuming we're provided all necessary information and data (i.e., client-prepared schedules and completed financial statements) in a complete and timely manner, and as long as no unexpected events beyond our control occur (i.e., material weaknesses in internal control or illegal acts noted during the audit).

LEVEL OF STAFF AND NUMBER OF HOURS TO BE ASSIGNED

Below is a breakdown of the number of hours to be assigned by level of staff.

Phase	2	Partners	Senior Managers	Seniors & Staff	Total
×==	Planning	8	30	90	128
\bigcirc	Financial statement fieldwork	12	80	270	362
Ê	Allocation audit fieldwork	6	30	60	96
X×	Finalizing the audits	16	20	80	116
	Post-fieldwork and reporting	8	10	20	38
	Total	50	170	520	740

TYPE AND EXTENT OF SAMPLING TECHNIQUES TO BE UTILIZED

We'll apply substantive tests of details to examine certain transactions or accounts. Examples include confirmation of investments, reading of contracts and minutes, and examination of an entire transaction or account balance. For certain balances, we'll use directed testing to focus on risk rather than audit sampling. Substantive audit sampling will be used for larger or accounts with similar balances. Our sample sizes vary depending upon the desired level of assurance, the size of the account balance, expected misstatements, number of individually significant items in a sample population, and the assessment of tolerable misstatement for a particular account balance. Where possible, we'll use audit software to determine sample sizes and use a statistically based sampling approach that isn't biased and is representative of the account population.

APPROACH TO AUDITING IT SYSTEMS

Moss Adams has a core group of technology professionals with technical and accounting backgrounds to serve our clients. Specifically, our collective technology team members hold credentials that include Certified Information Systems Auditor (CISA), Certified Information Security Manager (CISM), Certified Information System Security Professional (CISSP), Certified Information Technology Professional (CITP), and Certified in Risk and Information Systems Control (CRISC). These IT auditors work with many higher education and government agencies.

Our IT audit methodology, as discussed below, is based on AICPA guidelines, the internal control framework prescribed by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and the best practices for technology controls as defined by Control Objectives for Information and Related Technologies (COBIT).

Feature	Process
System Evaluation	We evaluate both the general technology controls and specific application controls that are in effect. This approach requires our IT auditors to consider how the accounting systems, infrastructure, processes, and people work individually and together to make sure financial records are appropriately processed and reported.
Use of IT Auditors	Our financial auditors work with our IT auditors to assess how relevant systems and technology environment components are administered and supported. They also work with your accounting staff to evaluate how financial data is processed and system controls are maintained to enforce segregation of duties and access control.
Combining Efforts	By combining both traditional financial auditors and IT auditors, we're able to gain overall audit efficiencies by having a better understanding of the control environment. We can then design a more effective testing approach, automate key testing procedures, and focus on areas that present the greatest risk to your financial statements.

ENGAGEMENT TIMELINE

The following is a proposed first-year engagement schedule for OCERS. We'll discuss any adjustments you may need when we meet with you.

Service Description	Proposed Timing
AUDITOR TRANSITION	
Schedule to meet with your prior auditor to review their working papers	Upon Award
AUDIT PLANNING (PERFORMED REMOTELY)	
Meet with management for pre-audit planning and to obtain an understanding of systems, internal controls, and current-year issues; hold conference call with actuaries and investment custodian to coordinate timeline for key deliverables	December 2021
Provide management with a detailed list of items needed to perform the audit, including the timing of when items are needed; provide listing of confirmations to be prepared along with templates	December 2021
AUDIT FIELDWORK	
Send confirmations of cash, investment, and other accounts as deemed necessary	January 2022
Perform interim audit fieldwork in OCERS' office; if the COVID-19 pandemic restrictions continue, we're able to perform this interim work remotely and are successfully starting audits currently, even with new clients (one week)	January/February 2022
If not already provided by management, we'll review preliminary financial statement balances, including estimates of investment fair value adjustments, and provide to actuary for preliminary preparation of GASB 67 measurements	February 2022

Service Description	Proposed Timing
OCERS' fiscal management staff submits financial statements and backup documentation in an "audit preparation kit" to auditor; audit final fieldwork begins	April 2022
Performance of final audit fieldwork, including tests of financial statements balances and account details and census data used in employer allocations	Late April–Early May 2022
Exit conference	May 2022
REPORT PREPARATION	
Present comments on draft of financial statements and draft audit report to OCERS management	Before May 16, 2022
BOARD COMMUNICATIONS AND FINAL REPORTING	
Present final audit report, financial statements, and management letter to the Board of Retirement	Before May 31, 2022
Signed audit reports with audited financial statements and schedule of employer allocations due to OCERS	Before May 31, 2022

Anticipated Potential Audit Problems

At this time, we don't anticipate any audit problems. If problems arise, we'll communicate immediately with management and the financial oversight committee to determine the required course of action to solve the problem in a timely manner. One of our audit strategies is auditing the riskier audit areas at the beginning of the audit to identify issues as early as possible.

Based on previous experience with similar audits, there may be potential problems relating to accounting consistency, record availability, other accounting audit trail difficulties, as well as resource issues. The following are a few examples:



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As new standards are issued, we typically summarize their purpose and implementation timing in communications that go out throughout the year (i.e., published articles or webinars). Many of our clients prefer us to present an accounting update to those charged with governance during either entrance or exit communications, or both. Prior to any presentation to those charged with governance, we take an in-depth look with management to discuss each new standard's potential impact and help them strategize on best timing for implementation.

We'll be there to provide insight on new accounting requirements as they emerge as well as implementation suggestions and actively follow up on any further developments. It's our priority to keep you informed about changes in the financial landscape and our knowledgeable professionals have written several guides to help our clients implement these historic changes.

Sample Formats for Required Reports

Below are the links to reports we've issued for clients similar to OCERS.

Los Angeles City Employees' Retirement System Financial Statement (ACFR) Report for FY2020

New Mexico Educational Retirement Board ACFR Report

New Mexico Educational Retirement GASB No. 68 Allocation Report

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Conflict of Interest

Moss Adams has always worked to embody the highest ethical standards, and we demonstrate our commitment to such standards daily. As an independent certified public accounting firm properly licensed for public practice, Moss Adams is required to meet the independence standards as defined by Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, the AICPA Code of Professional Conduct, and the US Government Accountability Office.

Prior to accepting a client relationship with your organization, we'll conclude our initial review of independence. This review will include an inquiry throughout the firm to make sure there aren't any identified circumstances that might impair our independence. To make sure we maintain our independence of your organization, we'll formally reassess our independence throughout the engagement and every year.

Additionally, each partner and client service professional, including associates (technicians) and interns, is required upon initial employment, and annually, to acknowledge his or her independence with respect to our clients. The independence compliance representation is focused on the independence of the individual and is designed to result in personal representations about matters that may impair independence. In this way, we routinely monitor our firm's independence from our attest clients.

We welcome any questions you may have regarding our review of independence.

Litigation and Disciplinary Action

As with any large firm, Moss Adams is occasionally involved in addressing legal and regulatory issues. However, no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry, or investigation before or by any court or federal, state, municipal, or other government authority is pending, or to our knowledge is threatened against Moss Adams, related to or which would have a material effect upon the services contemplated herein.

Additional Information

OUR COMMITMENT TO BEING A DIVERSE, INCLUSIVE, AND ANTI-RACIST FIRM

At Moss Adams, we know that taking a stand as an anti-racist firm is essential to growing a sustainable firm that better reflects the communities we represent and the clients we serve. By focusing our efforts, we strive towards creating a safe environment for all our employees—one that fosters innovation by being inclusive of distinct perspectives and experiences.

Now more than ever, we're focused on a growing and maintaining a diverse, equitable, and inclusive culture both inside and outside the firm. We've made it part of our firmwide strategic plan, which includes dedicating ourselves to improving workforce diversity, and working towards systemic change as it relates to our profession.

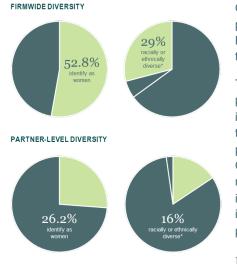


To help the firm stay accountable for our goals and drive strategy forward, we've formed the Inclusion & Diversity (I&D) Advisory Board. This board is made up of senior-level Moss Adams professionals dedicated to supporting the impact our BRGs are making in the regions. Together with firm leadership and our executive committee, they've developed a firm wide framework to help put our goals into action. This framework consists of three key components: Awareness—assessing our firmwide I&D progress and understanding the experiences of our underrepresented professionals; Action—

understanding and completing the necessary steps we need to take to foster a more diverse, inclusive, and anti-racist firm; and Accountability—evaluating our efforts to verify we're modeling our values and anti-racist behavior at all levels.

On the following pages, we've detailed what we're doing to build out these key components.

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AWARENESS

Our awareness objective includes evaluating the firm's I&D progress and seeking to understand the experience of our Black, Indigenous, and people of color (BIPOC), as well as that of our underrepresented employees as a whole.

To improve on awareness, we made engaging our people a priority in 2020. The steps we took to increase our awareness included providing education for our firm by embedding I&D topics into all milestone programs in our firm's online learning portal, Moss Adams University. Additionally, during the COVID-19 pandemic and after the death of George Floyd, our regions and BRGs hosted forums for employees to discuss issues they face such as systemic racism, racial equity, inclusion, unconscious biases, and balancing the demands of parenting during a pandemic.

We want our workforce to reflect the communities in which we

Moss Adams by the Numbers

*Smaller segments on charts indicate professionals who chose not to disclose racial or ethnic background.

work and the clients we serve. After all, bringing together professionals with different backgrounds and experiences fosters inclusion in addition to innovation in our work approach. To hold ourselves accountable for achieving a goal of being more diverse, we must first be aware of our progress so far. Overall, our racial or ethnic diversity didn't significantly change in 2020 compared to 2019, but we're taking steps to improve our diversity at both firm wide and partnership levels.

Feedback from Our People

Throughout 2020, we conducted pulse surveys to check in on the well-being of our people and how they felt about our I&D efforts. We compared findings against the national external benchmark performed by Glint, which includes the results of a broader set of companies to better contextualize our results and identify opportunities for improvement. Moss Adams scored above the external benchmark in the categories of equal opportunity, inclusion, and belonging.

ACTION

We used what we learned from 2020 to strategically plan how we'll accelerate our I&D activities and build out our five-year I&D road map. We know that the actions we take will need to grow and evolve over time to reach our goals, but it must start somewhere. For our first step, we chose five bold actions for 2021:



Attracting Diverse Talent

One contributing factor in building a diverse workforce is cultivating the next generation now. We've taken steps to invest in the future of diversity in accounting by strengthening the pipeline of diverse talent. These efforts include the following:

Partnership with Junior Achievement

In 2020, we donated \$25,000 to support translating one not-for-profit's middle school offerings into the Spanish language to increase access to financial literacy education.

Ignite Scholarships

We award this scholarship to 15 college freshmen and sophomores from diverse backgrounds who are pursuing a bachelor's degree in accounting or a related field each year. This year, we expanded our program to include funding five additional scholarships earmarked for students attending Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs).

Liftoff Recruitment Webinar

Our recruitment team shares an annual webinar for underrepresented college freshman and sophomores highlighting the benefits and opportunities available with a career in public accounting. The goal of this webinar is to not only provide information on the profession, but also educate the students on how to navigate the recruitment and hiring process.

Guide Pilot Steer (GPS) Internship

This precursor to our traditional accounting and consulting internship is designed to provide an inside look at the firm's operational functions with the hopes of converting participants to full-time hires. It's available to freshman, sophomores, or juniors pursuing a bachelor's degree program.

PhD Project

The PhD Project exists to increase workplace diversity by increasing the diversity of business school faculty who encourage, mentor, support, and enhance the preparation of tomorrow's leaders. The goal is to produce a significantly larger talent pipeline of BIPOCs for business leadership positions. We've pledged a \$75,000 donation over three years to the PhD Project and have representation on its board of directors.

Diversity-Focused, National Recruiting Conventions

We virtually attended national recruiting conventions focused on workforce diversity including the National Association of Black Accountants (NABA) Student Conference, Association of Latino Professionals for America (ALPFA) Student Symposium, and the Service Academy Career Conference (SACC).

Developing Talent

We want the employees at our firm to feel like they have an opportunity to learn, grow, and be included throughout every step of their career at Moss Adams. One of the biggest steps we've taken to give our underrepresented staff a safe space to learn and develop is through our BRGs.

Business Resource Groups

BRGs are networks of Moss Adams professionals founded and led at local and regional levels to foster advocacy and create community, camaraderie, and connection while contributing to the firm's business objectives. Members of our BRGs participate in sponsoring and attending corporate and community events, driving recruitment efforts, and designing continuing education to empower and develop our people. Currently, our BRGs include Asian, Black, Disability, Forum W (women), LatinX, PRiDE (LGBTQ+ and allies), Racial Equity, and Veterans groups. Some of the highlights from our BRGs include the following:

- Launching a multipart conversation around race, *Courageous Conversations*, to provide opportunities for our professionals to continue their learning and growth around racial equity and social justice in line with our commitment to being an anti-racist firm
- Sponsoring the NABA conference, driving on-site recruiting and awarding scholarships
- Launching a workshop, *Allies in Action*, created by our PRiDE BRG, where our people learn tactics to show up as better allies to their peers
- Amplifying Pride Month celebrations firm wide through networking events, Pride Parade viewing parties, and allyship workshops
- Sponsoring ALPFA convention, driving on-site recruitment and professional development
- Participating in SACC, the only job fair exclusively for alumni of combined US Services Academies, driving on-site recruitment

AdvancingTalent

We understand that we can't create a true diverse workforce without accelerating the advancement of our underrepresented groups as leaders. We've successfully implemented growth initiatives for women, and we're looking forward to adapting these resources to help advance our BIPOC professionals.

Succession Planning Playbook

This playbook provides insight and strategies on increasing the diverse representation in leadership roles and at the partner level. This playbook was originally developed to support women at the highest levels, but we're now in the position to leverage our other BRGs to apply its principles across other underrepresented groups. We're excited to see how it positively impacts our culture in years to come.

Path to Success Series

To help women and other underrepresented groups at Moss Adams build and maintain successful mentoring relationships and build external connections, we created a series of mentoring guides:

- A Guide for Mentors and Protégés
- A Guide to Building and Leveraging Your Network
- Investing in Your Career by Helping Others

GroWth Series

In the past year, we welcomed 14 women to our fifth cohort of the GroWth series, a year-long leadership program targeting high-potential, women senior managers. Three of our newest partners are GroWth graduates. To date, five graduates of the GroWth Series have become partners.

Retaining Talent

Retaining diverse talent is equally important to attracting diverse talent. To retain talent at our firm, we're increasing our investment in our BRGs and enhancing our benefits offerings to stay ahead of the competition. In 2020, BRGs created firm wide resources and events to deepen awareness around the issues facing underrepresented communities, drive communication, and educate our people.

Another way we offer our employees benefits that support a diverse workforce including transgender surgery benefits, gender-neutral parental leave, and a Maven Maternity program to support new parents and return-to-work challenges.

Retention Metrics

In 2020, we reduced our turnover percentage in all self-identified underrepresented communities compared to 2019. Here's where we've improved at a glance:

- Women professionals: 1.9% improvement
- Hispanic or Latinx: 6% improvement
- American Indian / Alaskan Native: 11.5% improvement
- Black or African American: 18.1% improvement

The Impact of the Fight for Racial Justice

The 2020 deaths of George Floyd, Breonna Taylor, Ahmaud Arbery, and others deeply affected the world, and our firm responded. Our I&D efforts shifted to more precisely focus on being an anti-racist firm.

In the aftermath of the 2020 assaults on Black lives, the Black BRG provided education opportunities with internal resources to increase awareness and drive individual anti-racism work for everyone across the firm.

EMBRACING EQUITY AND JUSTICE FOR BLACK AMERICANS CAMPAIGN

As a firm, we stood with the Black Lives Matter (BLM) movement to contribute to three Black-led organizations fighting systemic racism in the United States. This campaign was the largest giving campaign to date, and our people gave generously—team members across the firm donated more than \$50,000. When combined with matching from the Moss Adams Foundation, our total contributions exceeded our goal of raising \$100,000.

ORGANIZATION NAME	TEAM MEMBER DONATIONS	TOTAL DONATED (with matching)
NATIONAL URBAN LEAGUE	\$19,425	\$37,485
RACE FORWARD	\$11,305	\$21,235
EQUAL JUSTICE INITIATIVE	\$25,575	\$48,217
TOTAL	\$56,305	\$106,936

ACCOUNTABILITY

The final component of our I&D framework involves evaluating our efforts to verify we're living our values and modeling anti-racist behavior across the firm. We want to hold ourselves accountable and share that responsibility among partners and staff to strengthen our culture. Some specific steps we're taking include committing to transparent reporting of our metrics, goals, and progress at regular intervals, and embedding I&D accountability measures at every level of business, from intern to partner.

We're proud that our efforts to foster a more diverse and inclusive environment have produced positive results, but we understand that there are still improvements to make and will strive to increase those improvements year over year.

For more information on our I&D efforts and diversity statistics, you can view our full 2020 report here.

PEER REVIEW REPORT



Report on the Firm's System of Quality Control

October 8, 2020

To the Partners of Moss Adams LLP and the National Peer Review Committee

We have reviewed the system of quality control for the accounting and auditing practice of Moss Adams LLP (the firm) applicable to engagements not subject to PCAOB permanent inspection in effect for the year ended April 30, 2020. Our peer review was conducted in accordance with the Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews established by the Peer Review Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (Standards).

A summary of the nature, objectives, scope, limitations of, and the procedures performed in a System Review as described in the Standards may be found at www.aicpa.org/prsummary. The summary also includes an explanation of how engagements identified as not performed or reported in conformity with applicable professional standards, if any, are evaluated by a peer reviewer to determine a peer review rating.

Firm's Responsibility

The firm is responsible for designing a system of quality control and complying with it to provide the firm with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects. The firm is also responsible for evaluating actions to promptly remediate engagements deemed as not performed or reported in conformity with professional standards, when appropriate, and for remediating weaknesses in its system of quality control, if any.

Peer Reviewer's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the design of the system of quality control and the firm's compliance therewith based on our review.

Required Selections and Considerations

Engagements selected for review included engagements performed under *Government Auditing Standards*, including compliance audits under the Single Audit Act; audits of employee benefit plans, audits performed under FDICIA, audits of broker-dealers, and examinations of service organizations [SOC 1 and SOC 2 engagements].

As a part of our peer review, we considered reviews by regulatory entities as communicated by the firm, if applicable, in determining the nature and extent of our procedures.

Opinion

In our opinion, the system of quality control for the accounting and auditing practice of Moss Adams LLP applicable to engagements not subject to PCAOB permanent inspection in effect for the year ended April 30, 2020, has been suitably designed and complied with to provide the firm with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects. Firms can receive a rating of *pass, pass with deficiency(ies)* or *fail.* Moss Adams LLP has received a peer review rating of *pass.*

Cherry Befort LLP

Cherry Bekaert LLP

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Peer Review Report 2020 (Cont.)



National Peer Review Committee

October 29, 2020

Christopher Schmidt MOSS ADAMS LLP 999 3RD AVE STE 2800 Seattle, WA 98104-4057

Dear Christopher Schmidt:

It is my pleasure to notify you that on October 29, 2020, the National Peer Review Committee accepted the report on the most recent System Review of your firm. The due date for your next review is October 31, 2023. This is the date by which all review documents should be completed and submitted to the administering entity.

As you know, the report had a peer review rating of pass. The Committee asked me to convey its congratulations to the firm.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

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Michael Fawley Chair, National PRC +1.919.402.4502

cc: Samuel Johnson, Erica Forhan

Firm Number: 900010050024

Review Number: 577383

EXCEPTIONS TO THE CONTRACT

Exceptions to the contract are attached on the following pages.

Assurance, tax, and consulting offered through Moss Adams LLP. Investment advisory services offered through Moss Adams Wealth Advisors LLC.

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Orange County Employee Retirement System

RFP: Financial Auditor Services

Exceptions/Objections

This Proposal is contingent upon completion of the Moss Adams new client acceptance process, satisfaction of applicable professional standards (including communications with the prior auditors), and execution of a mutually acceptable contract. Additionally, applicable professional standards, which apply to any independent audit firm in the United States, require certain agreements and acknowledgements between an auditor and management of the entity being audited, and we would expect to include such provisions in any services agreement executed between the parties. Moss Adams is providing an example of the applicable provisions in our sample Engagement Letter/PSA included with this proposal.

We have successfully signed professional services agreements with thousands of clients, including numerous public entities, and we commit to working in good faith to successfully negotiate a mutually agreeable agreement for this engagement on a timely basis should we be awarded this work.

Section No.	Page No.	Term	Proposed Modification	Rationale
RFP §3	3	 • <i>Professional Liability</i> : \$2M per occurrence, \$3M aggregate OCERS must be listed as an additional insured on the above policies.	 • <i>Professional Liability</i> : \$2M per <u>claimoccurrence</u> , \$3M aggregate OCERS must be listed as an additional insured <u>on Commercial</u> <u>General Liability and Automobile Liability.</u> on the above policies.	Clarifying insurance requirements to comport with existing policies.
RFP§12	9	Make such investigation as it deems necessary to determine the respondent's ability to furnish the required services, and the respondent agrees to furnish all such information for this purpose as OCERSmay request.	Make such investigation as it deems necessary to determine the respondent's ability to furnish the required services, and the respondent agrees to furnish all <u>reasonable requests for</u> such information for this purpose as OCERS may request.	Clarifying extent of information provided.
Exhibit A – §D	12	All working papers and reports must be retained at the auditor's expense for a minimum of five (5) years, unless the firm is notified by OCERS of the need to extend the retention period. The auditor willbe required to make working papers available	All working papers and reports must be retained at the auditor's expense for a minimum of five (5) years, unless the firm is notified by OCERS of the need to extend the retention period. The auditor willbe required to make working papers available to OCERS upon request. In addition, the firm shall respond to the reasonable inquiries of	Addressing access to our working papers (which may be made available to oversight

With regards to the terms and conditions set forth in the RFP, Moss Adams suggests the following exceptions:

		to OCERS upon request. In addition, the firm shall respond to the reasonable inquiries of successor auditors and allow successor auditors to review working papers relating to matters of continuing accounting significance.	successor auditors and allow successor auditors to review <u>documentation</u> working papers relating to fees and expenses for the <u>services</u> matters of continuing accounting significance.	entities) to protect the integrity of the audit.
Exhibit D - §2.1	16	Contractor represents and warrants to OCERS that it will perform the Services in a professional and workmanlike manner, in accordance with best industry standards and practices used in well- managed operations performing services similar to the Services.	Contractor represents and warrants to OCERS that it will perform the Services in a professional and workmanlike manner, in accordance with best industry standards and practices used in well- managed operations performing services similar to the Services.	Providing representations in lieu of warrants.
Exhibit D – §2.4.8	19	Contractor shall allow a representative of OCERS during normal business hours to examine, audit, and make transcripts or copies of such records and any otherdocuments created pursuant to this Agreement. Contractor shall allow inspection of all work, data, documents, proceedings, and activities related to the Agreement for a period of four (4) years from the date of final payment under this Agreement.	Contractor shall allow a representative of OCERS <u>upon reasonable</u> <u>notice and</u> during normal business hours to examine, audit, and make transcripts or copies of such records and any otherdocuments <u>relating to the fees and expenses for the services under created</u> <u>pursuant to</u> this Agreement. Contractor shall allow inspection of all work, data, documents, proceedings, and activities related to the <u>fees and expenses for the services under this</u> Agreement for a period of four (4) years from the date of final payment under this Agreement.	Clarifying audits focused on information pertaining to fees and expenses charged by Moss Adams.
Exhibit D - §2.6	19	To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor shall immediately indemnify and holdOCERS, the members of the OCERS Board of Retirement (each a "Board member"), and OCERS' officials, officers, employees, volunteers, and agents free and harmless from any and all claims, demands, causes of action, costs, expenses, liability, loss, damage, or injury of any kind, in law or equity, to property or persons, including wrongful death (collectively, "Indemnity Claims"), inany manner arising out of, pertaining to, or incident to any alleged acts, errors, omissions, or negligence of Contractor, its officials, officers, employees, subcontractors, contractors, or agents in connection with the performance of the Services, or this Agreement, including without limitation the payment of all consequential damages, and attorneys' fees and costs, including expert witness fees. Contractor's duty to indemnify does not extend to the Indemnity Claims caused by OCERS sole	To the fullest extent permitted by law, Contractor shall immediately indemnify and holdOCERS, the members of the OCERS Board of Retirement (each a "Board member"), and OCERS' officials, officers, employees, volunteers, and agents free and harmless from any and all <u>third party</u> claims, demands, causes of action, costs, expenses, liability, loss, <u>or</u> damage, <u>arising out of</u> <u>or injury</u> damage to real <u>of</u> any kind, in law or equity, to property or <u>bodily</u> injury to persons (<u>r</u> including <u>wrongful</u> death) (collectively, "Indemnity Claims"), inany manner to the extent caused by <u>arising out of</u> the negligent <u>r</u> pertaining to, or incident to any alleged acts, errors, <u>or</u> omissions, or negligence_of Contractor, its <u>officials</u> , officers, employees, subcontractors, contractors, or agents in connection with the performance of the Services <u>performed under</u> , or this Agreement. <u>_</u> , including without limitation the payment of all consequential damages, and attorneys' fees and costs, including expert witness fees. Contractor's duty to indemnify does not extend to the Indemnity Claims caused by OCERS sole negligence or willful misconduct. In order to seek or receive indemnification hereunder, <u>OCERS shall provide Contractor with prompt written notice of such</u>	Clarifying indemnity and providing indemnification procedures.

	1			
		Contractor shall immediately defend, with legal counsel reasonably agreed to by OCERSand at Contractor's own cost, expense, and risk, any and all claims, suits, actions, or other proceedings of every kind that may be brought or instituted against OCERS or its Board members, officials, officers, employees, volunteers, and agents; excluding, however, such claims, suits, actions, or other proceedings arising from OCERS' sole negligence or willful misconduct. Contractor shall control the defense or settlement of any such action, except that Contractor will not have the right to settle or compromise the claim without the consent of OCERS. Contractor shall pay and satisfy any judgment, award, or decree that may be rendered against OCERS or its Board members, officials, officers, employees, volunteers, and agents as part of any such claim, suit, action, or other proceeding. Contractor shall also reimburse OCERS for the cost of any settlement paid by OCERS or its Board members, officials, officers, employees, agents, or volunteers as part of any such claim, suit, action, or other proceeding. Such reimbursement shall include payment for OCERS' attorneys' fees and costs, including expert witness fees.	Contractor shall immediately defend, with legal counsel reasonably agreed to by OCERSand at Contractor's own cost, expense, and risk, any and all claims, suits, actions, or other proceedings of every kind that may be brought or instituted against OCERS or its Board members, officials, officers, employees, volunteers, and agents; excluding, however, such claims, suits, actions, or other proceedings arising from OCERS' sole negligence or willful misconduct. Contractor shall control the defense or settlement of any such action, in its sole discretion, with counsel of its own choosing. recept that Contractor will not have the right to settle or compromise the claim without the consent of OCERS. Contractor shall pay and satisfy any judgment, award, or decree that may be rendered against OCERS or its Board members, officials, officers, employees, volunteers, and agents as part of any such claim, suit, action, or other proceeding. Contractor shall also reimburse OCERS for the cost of any settlement paid by OCERS or its Board members, officials, officers, employees, agents, or volunteers as part of any such claim, suit, action, or other proceeding. Such reimbursement shall include payment for OCERS' attorneys' fees and costs, including expert witness fees.	
Exhibit D - §2.7.2 (a)	20	Coverage for commercial general liability insurance shall be at least as broad as Insurance Services Office (ISO) Commercial General Liability Coverage (Occurrence Form CG 0001). Contractor shall maintain limits no less than two million dollars (\$2,000,000) per occurrence, or the full per occurrence limits of the policies available, whichever is greater, for bodily injury, personal injury, and property damage. If Commercial General Liability Insurance or other form with general aggregate limit or product-completed operations aggregate limit is used, including but not limited to form CG 2503, either the general aggregate limit shall apply separately to this Agreement or the general	Coverage for commercial general liability insurance shall be at least as broad as Insurance Services Office (ISO) Commercial General Liability Coverage (Occurrence Form CG 0001). Contractor shall maintain limits no less than two million dollars (\$2,000,000) per occurrence, or the full perin combination with umbrella coverage, occurrence limits of the policies available, whichever is greater, for bodily injury, personal injury, and property damage. If Commercial General Liability Insurance or other form with general aggregate limit or product completed operations aggregate limit is used, including but not limited to form CG 2503, either the general aggregate limit shall apply separately to this Agreement or the general aggregate limit shall be twice the required occurrence limit.	Clarifying insuranc requirements to comport with existing policies.

	aggregate limit shall be twice the require occurrence limit.	
Exhibit D - 21 §2.7.2 (b)	broad as the latest version of the Insuran Office Business Auto Coverage form num 0001, code 1 (any auto). Contractor shal limits no less than one million dollars (\$1 accident for bodily injury and property da automobile liability policy shall cover all o owned, and hired automobiles.	e Services version of the Insurance Services Office Business Auto Coverage form number CA 0001, code 1 (any auto). Contractor shall maintain limits no less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000)per accident for bodily injury and property damage. The automobile liability policy shall cover all owned, non-owned, <u>orand</u> hired automobiles.
Exhibit D - 21 §2.7.3	 All Coverages. The general liability and at liability policy shall include or be endorse that: (1) OCERS, its Board, officials, office employees, agents, and volunteers shall be as additional insured with respect to wore behalf of the Contractor, including mater or equipment furnished in connection wit using as broad a form as CG 20 10 11 85 eversions of both CG 20 10 and CG 20 37; insurance coverage shall be primary insu respects the OCERS, its directors, officials employees, agents, and volunteers using form as CG 20 01 04 13, or if excess, shal unbroken chain of coverage excess of the Contractor's scheduled underlying covera insurance or self-insurance maintained b Boardmembers, officials, officers, employ and volunteers shall be excess of the Cor insurance and shall not be called upon to with it in any way. (a) The insurance policies required shall contain or beendorsed to contain the following specific provisions: (i) The policies shall cont of transfer rights of recovery ('subrogation'') against OCERS, its Board officers, employees, agents, and volunteers (ii) Policies may provide contract (ii) Policies may provide contain the secence of the contract of the work of contract	to state , , covered by or on insured with respect to work by or on behalf of the Contractor, including materials, parts, or equipment furnished in connection with such work the latest the latest directors, officials, officers, employees, agents, and volunteers shall be covered as additional including materials, parts, or equipment furnished in connection with such work the latest the latest directors, officials, officers, employees, agents, and volunteers using as broad a form as CG 20 10 11 85 or the latest versions of both CG 20 10 and CG 20 37; and (2) the insurance directors, officials, officers, employees, agents, and volunteers using as broad a form as CG 20 10 4 13, or if excess, shall stand in an unbroken chain of coverage excess of the Contractor's insurance and shall not be called upon to contribute with it in any way. (a) The insurance policies required above shall contain or be endorsed to contain the following specific provisions: (i) The policies for commercial general liability and automobile shall contain a waiver of transfer rights of recovery ("waiver of subrogation") against OCERS, its Board members, officers, employees, agents, and volunteers, for any claims arising out of the work of Contractor. (ii) Policies may provide coverage which contains deductible or self-insured retentions. Such deductible and/or self- insured retentions shall not be applicable with respect to the coverage provided to OCERS under such policies. Contractor shall be solely responsible for deductible and/or self- insured retentions shall not be applicable with respect to the coverage provided to OCERS under such policies. Contractor shall be solely responsible for deductible and/or self- insured retentions shall not be applicable with respect to the coverage provided to OCERS under such policies. Contractor shall be solely responsible for deductible and/or self- insured retentions shall not be applicable with respect to the coverage provided to OCERS under such policies. Contr

		which contains deductible or self-insured retentions. Such deductible and/or self-insured retentions shall not be applicable with respect to the coverage provided to OCERS under such policies. Contractor shall be solely responsible for deductible and/or self-insured retention and OCERS, at its option,may require Contractor to secure the payment of such deductible or self-insured retentions by a surety bond or an irrevocable and unconditional letter of credit. The insurance policies that contain deductibles or self-insured retentions in excess of \$25,000 per occurrence shall not be acceptable without the prior approval of OCERS. (iii) Prior to start of work under this Agreement, Contractorshall file with OCERS evidence of insurance as required above from an insurer or insurers certifying to the required coverage. The coverage shall be evidenced on a certificate of insurance signed by an authorized representative of the insurer(s). (iV) Each policy required in this section shall contain a policycancellation clause that provides the policy shall not be cancelled or otherwise terminated bythe insurer or the Contractor or reduced in coverage or in limits except after thirty (30) days' prior written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, has been given to OCERS, Attention: Jim Doezie.	payment of such deductible or self insured retentions by a surety bond or an irrevocable and unconditional letter of credit. The insurance policies that contain deductibles or self insured retentions in excess of \$25,000 per occurrence shall not be acceptable without the prior approval of OCERS. (iii) Prior to start of work under this Agreement, Contractorshall file with OCERS evidence of insurance as required above from an insurer or insurers certifying to the required coverage. The coverage shall be evidenced on a certificate of insurance signed by an authorized representative of the insurer(s). (iv) Contractor shall use reasonable efforts to provide Each policy required in this section shall contain a policycancellation clause that provides the policy shall not be cancelled or otherwise terminated bythe insurer or the Contractor or reduced in coverage or in limits except after thirty (30) days' prior written notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, has been given to OCERS, Attention: Jim Doezie, of any cancellation in coverage provided, however, that Contractor shall not be obligated to provide such notice if, concurrently with such cancellation, Contractor obtains coverage from another insurer meeting the requirements described herein.	
Exhibit D - §2.9.1	23	Documents & Data; Licensing of Intellectual <u>Property</u> . This Agreement creates a non-exclusive and perpetual license for OCERS to copy, use, modify, reuse, or sublicense any and all copyrights, designs, and other intellectual property embodied in plans, specifications, studies, drawings, estimates, and other documents or works of authorship fixed in any tangible medium of expression, including but not limited to, physical drawings or data magnetically or otherwise recorded on computer diskettes, which are prepared or caused to beprepared by Contractor	Documents & DataOwnership; Licensing of Intellectual Property. OCERS shall own all final reports and other completed deliverables created under this Agreement and delivered to OCERS, excluding any Consultant Material (defined below) contained or embodied therein ("Deliverables"). However, OCERS may not alter or amend any Deliverables issued under Contractor's name. Contractor may retain a copy of Deliverables for archival purposes. Contractor shall own: (i) its working papers and any engagement documentation; and (ii) any general skills, know-how, expertise, ideas, concepts, methods, techniques, processes, software, materials, or other intellectual property which may have been discovered, created,	Clarifying OCERS ownership of final deliverables and Moss Adams' ownership (and retention) of intellectual property, working papers, works in progress, and

		under this Agreement ("Documents & Data"). Contractor shall deliver to OCERS on demand or upon the termination or expiration of this Agreement, all such Documents & Data which shall be and remain the property of the OCERS. If OCERS uses any of the data, reports, and documents furnished or prepared by Contractor for use in Services otherthan as shown on Exhibit A, Contractor shall be released from responsibility to third parties concerning the use of the data, reports, and	received, or developed by Contractor either prior to or as a result of providing services under the Agreement (collectively, "Contractor <u>Materials"</u>). This Agreement creates a non-exclusive and <u>non-</u> <u>transferable perpetual</u> license for OCERS to copy, use, modify, <u>or</u> reuse, or sublicense <u>Contractor Material for its own internal use only</u> and only for the purposes for which they are delivered to the extent <u>they form part of Deliverable</u> . any and all copyrights, designs, and other intellectual property embodied in plans, specifications, studies, drawings, estimates, and other documents or works of authorship fixed in any tangible medium of expression, including but not limited	general skills and know-how.
		documents. Contractor may retain copies of the materials. OCERS may use or reuse the materials prepared by Contractor without additional compensation to Contractor.	to, physical drawings or data magnetically or otherwise recorded on computer diskettes, which are prepared or caused to beprepared by Contractor under this Agreement ("Documents & Data"). Contractor shall deliver to OCERS on demand or upon the termination or expiration of this Agreement, all such Ddocuments & Ddata provided by OCERS which shall be and remain the property of the OCERS. If OCERS uses any of the data, reports, and documents furnished or prepared by Contractor for use in Services otherthan as shown on Exhibit A, Contractor shall be released from responsibility to third parties concerning the use of the data, reports, and documents. Contractor may retain copies of the materials. OCERS may use or reuse the materials prepared by Contractor <u>pursuant to this</u>	
Exhibit D - §2.9.2 (g)	24	Confidentiality. Upon request by OCERS and upon the termination or expiration ofthis Agreement for any reason, Contractor shall promptly return to OCERS all copies, whether inwritten, electronic, or other form or media, of Customer Data in its possession or in the possession of its employees or agents, or securely dispose of all such copies, and certify in writing to OCERS that such Customer Data has been returned to OCERS or disposed of securely.	Agreement without additional compensation to Contractor. Confidentiality. Upon request by OCERS and upon the termination or expiration of this Agreement for any reason, Contractor shall promptly <u>destroyreturn to OCERS</u> all copies, whether inwritten, electronic, or other form or media, of Customer Data in its possession or in the possession of its employees or agents, or securely dispose of all such copies, and certify in writing to OCERS that such Customer Data has been returned to OCERS or disposed of securely.	Clarifying destruction of documents upon request.
NEW		to occus of disposed of securely.	IN NO EVENT WILL EITHER PARTY BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER FOR ANY SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH OR OTHERWISE ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. IN NO EVENT SHALL EITHER PARTY BE LIABLE FOR EXEMPLARY OR PUNITIVE DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF OR RELATED TO THIS AGREEMENT.	Providing for mutual limitations of liability.

NEW	No Third-Party Beneficiaries	Clarifying there are
	OCERS and Contractor are the only parties to this contract and are	no third party
	the only parties entitled to enforce its terms. Nothing in this contract	beneficiaries to the
	gives, is intended to give, or shall be construed to give or provide any	contract.
	benefit or right, whether directly, indirectly or otherwise, to third	
	persons.	

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - A-3 Reinstatement of Emergency Paid Sick Leave EPSL



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Cynthia Hockless, Director of Human Resources

SUBJECT: REINSTATEMENT OF EMERGENCY PAID SICK LEAVE (EPSL)

Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Board of Retirement approve the reinstatement of Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) for Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS) Direct employees from December 31, 2021, through April 07, 2022. Approval and adoption of emergency leave practices will provide employees with compensation relief during COVID-19-related absences. The recommendation includes the following:

- 1. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, or Designee, to administer a 2022 Emergency Paid Sick Leave Program effective December 31, 2021, to April 7, 2022, that provides employees up to 40 hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-related absences. The use of this leave will be retroactively applied.
- 2. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, the discretion to provide up to 40 additional hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-related absences and to extend the program to June 30, 2022, in a manner consistent with combating the health pandemic.
- 3. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, or Designee, after review by Counsel and notification to the Board, to administer future state and/or federal statutorily required leave programs in a manner consistent with the parameters approved by the Board for the health pandemic.

This recommendation mirrors the reinstatement of EPSL approved by the Orange County Board of Supervisors for County of Orange employees at their January 11, 2022, Board meeting.

Background/Discussion

The Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA), effective April 1, 2020, required employers to provide up to 80 hours of Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) and 12 weeks of Emergency Family Medical Leave (EFMLA) for qualifying absences related to the COVID-19 pandemic. The FFCRA required that these leaves be provided through December 31, 2020.

At the January 19, 2021 Board meeting, OCERS CEO, Steve Delaney, recommended that OCERS approve an extension for eligible OCERS Direct employees to use remaining balances of EPSL for a qualifying reason through June 17, 2021. In addition, the CEO provided 40 additional hours of EPSL to eligible employees for qualifying reasons effective January 1, 2021, through June 17, 2021. To assist employees who were impacted by COVID-19.

In March 2021, in response to the public health emergency caused by COVID-19, the California legislature adopted Senate Bill (SB) 95. The bill added Labor Code section 248.2, which required that employers provide COVID-19 Supplemental Paid Sick Leave (SPSL) to their employees if an employee could not work or telework for certain qualifying reasons related to COVID-19. OCERS following the law administered the required leave program that expired on September 30, 2021.

Qualifying reasoning to use paid sick leave directly correlates to the health pandemic and are as follows:

- The employee is advised to self-quarantine due to concerns related to Covid-19
- The employee is attending a vaccine appointment
- The employee is experiencing symptoms related to the vaccine that prevents the employee from being able to work or telework
- The employee is experiencing symptoms of Covid-19 and seeking a medical diagnosis
- The employee is caring for a family member who is quarantining
- The employee is caring for a child whose school or place of care is closed or otherwise unavailable due to Covid-19

On January 11, 2022, the Orange County Board of Supervisors approved to reinstate Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) for their employees to be used with qualifying reasons as outlined in SB 95, listed above.

OCERS CEO, Steve Delaney, is requesting the Board of Retirement grant the same extension of leave time and provisions to the forty-one (41) OCERS Direct employees as recommended below:

- 1. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, or Designee, to administer a 2022 Emergency Paid Sick Leave Program effective December 31, 2021, to April 7, 2022, that provides employees up to 40 hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-related absences. The use of this leave will be retroactively applied.
- 2. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, the discretion to provide up to 40 additional hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-related absences and to extend the program to June 30, 2022, in a manner consistent with combating the health pandemic.
- 3. Authorize the Chief Executive Officer, or Designee, after review by Counsel and notification to the Board, to administer future state and/or federal statutorily required leave programs in a manner consistent with the parameters approved by the Board for the health pandemic.

Attachment:

Memo dated January 05, 2022, from Frank Kim to County of Orange Board of Supervisors requesting EPSL reinstatement. Approved at January 11, 2022, Board meeting.

Submitted by:



CH - Approved

Cynthia Hockless Director of Human Resources

A-3 Reinstatement of Emergency Paid Sick Leave Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022

CALLEON	Memorandum		20
January 5, 2		AN -6 PM	CEIV
То:	Clerk of the Board of Supervisors	H 1: 53	D
From:	Frank Kim, County Executive Officer Trank Kim, e-County of County		
Subject:	Exception to Rule 21	2	~ ~

The County Executive Office is requesting a Supplemental Agenda Staff Report for the January 11, 2022, Board Hearing.

Agency:	County Executive Office
Subject:	Approve Compensation Relief for COVID-19 Related Absences
Districts:	All Districts

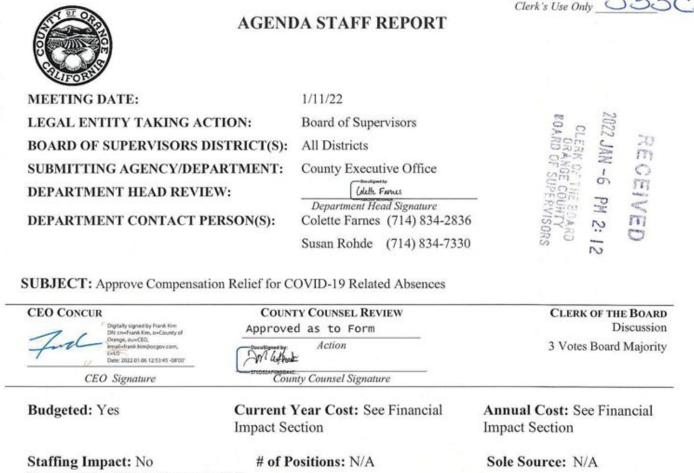
Reason for supplemental: The County Executive Office is requesting this Supplemental item be placed on the January 11, 2022, Board agenda in order to avoid delayed compensation relief during COVID-19 related absences. The Agenda Staff Report and attachments were finalized after the filing deadline to the Clerk of the Board.

Concur:

indrult

Andrew Do, Chairman of the Board of Supervisors

cc: Board of Supervisors County Executive Office County Counsel



Current Fiscal Year Revenue: N/A Funding Source: See Financial Impact Section

County Audit in last 3 years: No

Agenda Item

Prior Board Action: 12/15/2020 #S37N

RECOMMENDED ACTION(S):

- Authorize the County Executive Officer, or Designee, to administer a 2022 Emergency Paid Sick Leave Program effective December 31, 2021 to April 7, 2022, that provides employees up to 40 hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-related absences.
- Authorize the County Executive Officer the discretion to provide up to 40 additional hours of paid sick leave for qualifying COVID-related absences and to extend the program to June 30, 2022, in a manner consistent with the Board of Supervisors-approved parameters.
- Authorize the County Executive Officer, or Designee, after review by County Counsel and notification to the Board of Supervisors, to administer future state and/or federal statutorily required leave programs in a manner consistent with the parameters approved by the Board of Supervisors on March 31, 2020.

Page 1

SUMMARY:

Approval and adoption of emergency leave practices will provide employees with compensation relief during COVID-19-related absences.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

The COVID-19 pandemic has continued to disrupt school, business and government operations. On March 13, 2020, the County Executive Office issued a notice that employees who have exhausted all leave balances would be advanced up to 80 hours of Advanced Sick Leave if they needed to stay home to care for a child whose school closed (and could not telework). The ability to utilize Advanced Sick Leave is ongoing.

On March 18, 2020, the President of the United States signed HR 6201 into law, otherwise known as the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA), with an effective date of April 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. This law provided emergency paid sick leave and expanded paid leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) for COVID-19-related absences.

To ensure that the County complied with FFCRA, on March 31, 2020, your Honorable Board of Supervisors (Board) approved the implementation of the statutorily required leaves. On December 15, 2020, the Board extended employees' ability to use Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) and Health Care Providers and Emergency Responders COVID-19 Leave. All statutorily required state and federal leave protections under the FFCRA and California Senate Bill 95 (SB 95) expired on December 31, 2020 and September 30, 2021, respectively.

To ensure that the County maximizes the health and safety of its employees and the public they serve, the following recommendations are before the Board for your consideration:

Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL)

Eligible Full-Time Regular and Limited-Term employees shall be allowed to receive up to 40 hours of EPSL paid sick leave at their regular rate of pay for any qualifying leave. Administration of this EPSL shall be consistent with parameters established by SB 95.

Extra-Help, Part-Time and other employees as defined by law will receive an amount of EPSL hours tied to their regular work schedule, as previously administered by the County in 2020-2021. Such employees will also receive their regular rate of pay for any EPSL qualifying leave.

The Board approved the recommendation that the County would not apply the financial caps provided by the FFCRA for EPSL due to the complexity of administering the caps. Per statutory requirement, any EPSL granted to employees was in addition to any existing leave balances, including Advanced Sick Leave.

Health Care Providers and Emergency Responders COVID-19 Leave

County employees who are health care providers and emergency responders, as those terms are defined by the Department of Labor and any relevant regulations, may be allowed to use 40 hours of EPSL sick leave at their regular rate of pay, under the terms and conditions that other County employees receive EPSL, except that use of such leave is subject to Department Head approval to ensure that critical health and public safety needs are met.

Additional Emergency Leave Recommendations

New employees shall be eligible to use EPSL leave and/or Advanced Sick Leave under the terms and conditions that other County employees receive EPSL and Advanced Sick Leave.

For all employees, the ability to use EPSL is in addition to any existing leave balances, including Advanced Sick Leave. These leave hours have no cash value and unused balances of these hours shall not be paid out upon separation.

Use of EPSL balances may be retroactively applied from December 31, 2021 through January 11, 2022.

Board approval is requested to allow the County Executive Officer to authorize 40 additional hours (to a maximum of 80 hours) and the authority to extend the administration of this program through June 30, 2022 in a manner consistent with the Board of Supervisors-approved parameters, if warranted by the continued impact of the COVID pandemic. Additionally, Board authority is requested to allow the County Executive Officer discretion to administer future state and/or federal statutorily required leave programs, if any, in a manner consistent with the parameters approved for the implementation of the FFCRA.

The County will continue to encourage telecommuting instead of the use of leave balances for employees with each department determining the feasibility of employee telecommuting while ensuring vital services continue to be provided.

FINANCIAL IMPACT:

The financial impact is unknown at this time as Human Resources cannot forecast the number of employees who may utilize the benefit. The use of this Emergency Leave time will be paid by each department. Funding would be eligible from the Board approved allocation of American Rescue Plan Act funding for Employee Paid Sick Leave.

STAFFING IMPACT:

N/A

ATTACHMENT(S):

Attachment A – Response to COVID-19 Related School Closures dated March 13, 2020 Attachment B – H.R. 6201 (Families First Coronavirus Response Act) Attachment C – Senate Bill 95 (COVID-19 Supplemental Paid Sick Leave)

Attachment A



County Executive Office

Memorandum

March 13, 2020

To:	Orange County Employees
From:	Frank Kim, County Executive Officer
Subject:	Response to COVID-19 Related School Closures

We understand this may be a difficult time, and in response we are implementing this emergency procedure to aid our County family in dealing with the ever-evolving COVID-19 pandemic.

Effective Monday, March 16, 2020 through March 31, 2020, the following procedure shall apply to employees with children that attend a school closed due to COVID-19, but may not apply to employees essential to public health and safety as determined by each department:

- 1. Impacted employees may telecommute if doing so is deemed feasible and approved by their supervisor or manager.
- 2. Impacted employees who are not able to telecommute may use sick leave or elect to use any other leave available to them (e.g., annual leave, comp time, etc.).
- 3. Impacted employees who have exhausted all leave balances shall be advanced up to 80 hours of sick leave/healthcare leave.
- 4. Impacted extra help employees may use any accrued sick leave hours and may also be advanced an additional 3 days of sick leave.
- 5. Impacted employees should follow their department's normal call-in guidelines.

These guidelines may be extended if necessary.

We are monitoring and evaluating the situation and will communicate additional information to employees as developments arise. The Board of Supervisors and the County Executive Office thank you for your continued service, dedication and patience.



H.R.6201

Attachment B

One Hundred Sixteenth Congress of the United States of America

AT THE SECOND SESSION

Begun and held at the City of Washington on Friday, the third day of January, two thousand and twenty

An Act

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Families First Coronavirus Response $\operatorname{Act}".$

SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents is as follows:

DIVISION A—SECOND CORONAVIRUS PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2020

DIVISION B-NUTRITION WAIVERS

DIVISION C-EMERGENCY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE EXPANSION ACT

DIVISION D—EMERGENCY UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE STABILIZATION AND ACCESS ACT OF 2020

DIVISION E-EMERGENCY PAID SICK LEAVE ACT

DIVISION F—HEALTH PROVISIONS

DIVISION G—TAX CREDITS FOR PAID SICK AND PAID FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

DIVISION H—BUDGETARY EFFECTS

SEC. 3. REFERENCES.

Except as expressly provided otherwise, any reference to "this Act" contained in any division of this Act shall be treated as referring only to the provisions of that division.

DIVISION A—SECOND CORONAVIRUS PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2020

The following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE

SPECIAL SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR WOMEN, INFANTS, AND CHILDREN (WIC)

For an additional amount for the "Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children", \$500,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2021: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

COMMODITY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

For an additional amount for the "Commodity Assistance Pro-gram" for the emergency food assistance program as authorized by section 27(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2036(a)) and section 204(a)(1) of the Emergency Food Assistance Act of 1983 (7 U.S.C. 7508(a)(1)), \$400,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2021: *Provided*, That of the funds made available, the Secretary may use up to \$100,000,000 for costs associ-ated with the distribution of commodities: *Provided further*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emer-gency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Bal-anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISIONS-THIS TITLE

SEC. 1101. (a) PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.—During fiscal year 2020, in any case in which a school is closed for at least 5 consecu-tive days during a public health emergency designation during which the school would otherwise be in session, each household containing at least 1 member who is an eligible child attending the school shall be eligible to receive assistance pursuant to a state agency plan approved under subsection (b). (b) ASSISTANCE.—To carry out this section, the Secretary of Agriculture may approve State agency plans for temporary emer-gency standards of eligibility and levels of benefits under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.) for households with eligible children. Plans approved by the Secretary shall provide for supplemental allotments to households receiving benefits under such Act, and issuances to households not already receiving benefits. such Act, and issuances to households not already receiving benefits under such Act, and issuances to households not already receiving benefits. Such level of benefits shall be determined by the Secretary in an amount not less than the value of meals at the free rate over the course of 5 school days for each eligible child in the household. (c) MINIMUM CLOSURE REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Agri-with the foll not novide continue to the grader this continue in the grader without foll not novide continue on the grader this continue in the grader

culture shall not provide assistance under this section in the case of a school that is closed for less than 5 consecutive days.

(d) USE OF EBT SYSTEM.—A State agency may provide assistance under this section through the EBT card system established under section 7 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2016).

(e) RELEASE OF INFORMATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may authorize State

educational agencies and school food authorities administering a school lunch program under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) to release to appropriate officials administering the supplemental nutrition assistance program such

information as may be necessary to carry out this section. (f) WAIVERS.—To facilitate implementation of this section, the Secretary of Agriculture may approve waivers of the limits on certification periods otherwise applicable under section 3(f) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 (7 U.S.C. 2012(f)), reporting require-ments otherwise applicable under section 6(c) of such Act (7 U.S.C. 2015(c)), and other administrative requirements otherwise applicable to State agencies under such Act. (g) AVAILABILITY OF COMMODITIES.—During fiscal year 2020, the Scoretary of Acriantly and the applicable to a one

the Secretary of Agriculture may purchase commodities for emer-gency distribution in any area of the United States during a public health emergency designation.

th emergency designation. (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) The term "eligible child" means a child (as defined in section 12(d) or served under section 11(a)(1) of the Richard Definitional School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(d)) B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(d), 1759(a)(1)) who, if not for the closure of the school attended by the child during a public health emergency designation and due to concerns about a COVID-19 outbreak, would receive free or reduced price school meals under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) at the orthogle school

(2) The term "public health emergency designation" means the declaration of a public health emergency, based on an outbreak of SARS-CoV-2 or another coronavirus with pandemic potential, by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d)

(3) The term "school" has the meaning given the term in section 12(d) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(d)).

(i) FUNDING.—There are hereby appropriated to the Secretary of Agriculture such amounts as are necessary to carry out this section: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress scalar for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

SEC. 1102. In addition to amounts otherwise made available, \$100,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2021, shall be available for the Secretary of Agriculture to provide grants to the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and American Samoa for nutrition assistance in response to a COVID-19 public health emergency: *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

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TITLE II

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Defense Health Program", \$82,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, for health services consisting of SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19 related items and services as described in section 6006(a) of division F of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (or the administration of such products): *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE III

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

TAXPAYER SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Taxpayer Services", \$15,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, for the purposes of carrying out the Families First Coronavirus Response Act: *Provided*, That amounts provided under this heading in this Act may be transferred to and merged with "Operations Support": *Provided* further, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE IV

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICE

INDIAN HEALTH SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Indian Health Services", \$64,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, for health services consisting of SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19 related items and services as described in section 6007 of division F of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (or the administration of such products): *Provided*, That such amounts shall be allocated at the discretion of the Director of the Indian Health Service: *Provided further*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

Attachment B

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TITLE V

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Community Living

AGING AND DISABILITY SERVICES PROGRAMS

For an additional amount for "Aging and Disability Services Programs", \$250,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2021, for activities authorized under subparts 1 and 2 of part C, of title III, and under title VI, of the Older Americans Act of 1965 ("OAA"), of which \$160,000,000 shall be for Home-Delivered Nutrition Services, \$80,000,000 shall be for Congregate Nutrition Services, and \$10,000,000 shall be for Nutrition Services for Native Americansus Provided That State mething neuripercent and a services. Services, and \$10,000,000 shall be for Nutrition Services for Native Americans: *Provided*, That State matching requirements under sec-tions 304(d)(1)(D) and 309(b)(2) of the OAA shall not apply to funds made available under this heading in this Act: *Provided further*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i)of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

PUBLIC HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES EMERGENCY FUND

For an additional amount for "Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund", \$1,000,000,000, to remain available until expended, for activities authorized under section 2812 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300hh–11), in coordination with the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response and the Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, to pay the claims of providers for reimbursement, as described in subsection (a)(3)(D) of such section 2812, for health services consisting of SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19 related items and services consisting of SARS-COV-2 or COVID-19 related items and services as described in paragraph (1) of section 6001(a) of division F of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (or the administration of such products) or visits described in paragraph (2) of such section for uninsured individuals: *Provided*, That the term "uninsured indi-vidual" in this paragraph means an individual who is not enrolled in in-

(1) a Federal health care program (as defined under section 1128B(f) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320a-7b(f)), including an individual who is eligible for medical assistance only because of subsection (a)(10)(A)(ii)(XXIII) of Section 1902

of the Social Security Act; or (2) a group health plan or health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer in the group or individual market

by a nearth insurance issuer in the group of individual market (as such terms are defined in section 2.791 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91)), or a health plan offered under chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code: *Provided further*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Con-trol Act of 1985. trol Act of 1985.

Attachment B

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TITLE VI

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

MEDICAL SERVICES

For an additional amount for "Medical Services", \$30,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, for health services consisting of SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19 related items and services as described in section 6006(b) of division F of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (or the administration of such products): *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Con-trol Act of 1985.

MEDICAL COMMUNITY CARE

For an additional amount for "Medical Community Care", \$30,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2022, for health services consisting of SARS-CoV-2 or COVID-19 related items and services as described in section 6006(b) of division F of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (or the administra-tion of such products): *Provided*, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 Deficit Control Act of 1985.

TITLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS—THIS ACT

SEC. 1701. Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the head of each executive agency that receives funding in this Act shall provide a report detailing the anticipated uses of all such funding to the Committees on Appropriations of the House of Representatives and the Senate: *Provided*, That each report shall include estimated personnel and administrative costs, as well as the total amount of funding apportioned, allotted, obli-gated, and expended, to date: *Provided further*, That each such plan shall be updated and submitted to such Committees every 60 days until all funds are expended or expire. SEC. 1702. States and local governments receiving funds or assistance pursuant to this division shall ensure the respective State Emergency Operations Center receives regular and real-time reporting on aggregated data on testing and results from State and local public health departments, as determined by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and that such data is transmitted to the Centers for Disease Control and Preven-tion. SEC. 1701. Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment

tion.

SEC. 1703. Each amount appropriated or made available by this Act is in addition to amounts otherwise appropriated for the

Fiscal year involved. SEC. 1704. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

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SEC. 1705. Unless otherwise provided for by this Act, the addi-tional amounts appropriated by this Act to appropriations accounts shall be available under the authorities and conditions applicable to such appropriations accounts for fiscal year 2020. SEC. 1706. Each amount designated in this Act by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Con-trol Act of 1985 shall be available (or rescinded or transferred, if applicable) only if the President subsequently so designates all such amounts and transmits such designations to the Congress. SEC. 1707. Any amount appropriated by this Act, designated by the Congress as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Con-trol Act of 1985 and subsequently so designated by the President, and transferred pursuant to transfer authorities provided by this Act shall retain such designation.

Act shall retain such designation. This division may be cited as the "Second Coronavirus Preparedness and Response Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2020".

DIVISION B-NUTRITION WAIVERS

TITLE I—MAINTAINING ESSENTIAL ACCESS TO LUNCH FOR STUDENTS ACT

SEC. 2101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Maintaining Essential Access to Lunch for Students Act" or the "MEALS Act".

SEC. 2102. WAIVER EXCEPTION FOR SCHOOL CLOSURES DUE TO COVID-19.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The requirements under section 12(1)(1)(A)(iii)
of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(1)(1)(A)(iii)) shall not apply to a qualified COVID-19 waiver.
(b) ALLOWABLE INCREASE IN FEDERAL COSTS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (4) of section 12(1) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(1)), the Secretary of Agriculture may grant a qualified COVID-19 waiver that increases Federal costs costs

costs.
(c) TERMINATION AFTER PERIODIC REVIEW.—The requirements under section 12(1)(5) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(1)(5)) shall not apply to a qualified COVID-19 waiver.
(d) QUALIFIED COVID-19 WAIVER.—In this section, the term "qualified COVID-19 waiver" means a waiver—
(1) requested by a State (as defined in section 12(d)(8) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(d)(8))) or elizible service provider under section 12(1) of

1760(d)(8))) or eligible service provider under section 12(l) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C.

(1760(1)); and
(2) to waive any requirement under such Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) or the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1771 et seq.), or any regulation issued under either such Act, for purposes of providing meals and meal supplements under such Acts during a school closure due to COVID-19.

Attachment B

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TITLE II—COVID—19 CHILD NUTRITION RESPONSE ACT

SEC. 2201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "COVID-19 Child Nutrition Response Act".

SEC. 2202. NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM REQUIREMENT WAIVERS ADDRESSING COVID-19.

(a) NATIONWIDE WAIVER.

(a) NATIONWIDE WAIVER.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may establish a waiver for all States under section 12(1) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(1)), for purposes of—

(A) providing meals and meal supplements under a qualified program; and
(B) carrying out subparagraph (A) with appropriate safety measures with respect to COVID-19, as determined by the Secretary.

(2) STATE ELECTION —A waiver established under para-

(2) STATE ELECTION.—A waiver established under para-graph (1) shall—

(A) notwithstanding paragraph (2) of section 12(1) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(1)), apply automatically to any State that elects to be subject to the waiver without further application; and

(B) not be subject to the requirements under paragraph (3) of such section.

(b) CHILD AND ADULT CARE FOOD PROGRAM WAIVER.-Notwith-(b) CHILD AND ADULT CARE FOOD PROGRAM WAIVER.—Notwith-standing any other provision of law, the Secretary may grant a waiver under section 12(1) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(1)) to allow non-congregate feeding under a child and adult care food program under section 17 of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1766) if such waiver is for the purposes of— (1) providing meals and meal supplements under such child and adult care food program; and

(2) carrying out paragraph (1) with appropriate safety measures with respect to COVID-19, as determined by the Secretary

Secretary. (c) MEAL PATTERN WAIVER.—Notwithstanding paragraph (4)(A)of section 12(1) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(1)) the Secretary may grant a waiver under such section that relates to the nutritional content of meals served if the Secretary determines that—

such waiver is necessary to provide meals and meal supplements under a qualified program; and
 there is a supply chain disruption with respect to foods

served under such a qualified program and such disruption is due to COVID-19.

(d) REPORTS.—Each State that receives a waiver under sub-section (a), (b), or (c), shall, not later than 1 year after the date such State received such waiver, submit a report to the Secretary that includes the following: (1) A summary of the use of such waiver by the State

and eligible service providers.

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(2) A description of whether such waiver resulted in

improved services to children. (e) SUNSET.—The authority of the Secretary to establish or grant a waiver under this section shall expire on September 30, ž020.

(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) QUALIFIED PROGRAM.—The term "qualified program" means the following:

(A) The school lunch program under the Richard B.
Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq.).
(B) The school breakfast program under section 4 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1773).

(C) The child and adult care food program under sec-tion 17 of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1766).

(D) The summer food service program for children under section 13 of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1761).
(2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary

of Agriculture.

(3) STATE.—The term "State" has the meaning given such term in section 12(d)(8) of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C. 1760(d)(8)).

SEC. 2203. PHYSICAL PRESENCE WAIVER UNDER WIC DURING CERTAIN PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCIES.

(a) WAIVER AUTHORITY.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may grant a request described in paragraph (2) to-

(A) waive the requirement under section 17(d)(3)(C)(i)
 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C.
 1786(d)(3)(C)(i)); and
 (B) defer anthropometric and bloodwork requirements

(B) defer anthropometric and bloodwork requirements necessary to determine nutritional risk.
(2) REQUEST.—A request described in this paragraph is a request made to the Secretary by a State agency to waive, on behalf of the local agencies served by such State agency, the requirements described in paragraph (1) during any portion of the emergency period (as defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5(g)) (beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this section). section).

(b) REPORTS.-

(1) LOCAL AGENCY REPORTS .- Each local agency that uses a waiver pursuant to subsection (a) shall, not later than 1 year after the date such local agency uses such waiver, submit a report to the State agency serving such local agency that includes the following: (A) A summary of the use of such waiver by the local

agency

(B) A description of whether such waiver resulted in (2) STATE AGENCY REPORTS.—Each State agency that receives a waiver under subsection (a) shall, not later than

18 months after the date such State agency received such

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waiver, submit a report to the Secretary that includes the

(A) A summary of the reports received by the State

(A) A summary of the reports received by the State agency under paragraph (1).
 (B) A description of whether such waiver resulted in improved services to women, infants, and children.
 (c) SUNSET.—The authority under this section shall expire on turber 20 2020.

September 30, 2020.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) LOCAL AGENCY.—The term "local agency" has the meaning given the term in section 17(b) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(b)).

(2) NUTRITIONAL RISK.—The term "nutritional risk" has the meaning given the term in section 17(b) of the Child Nutri-tion Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(b)).

(3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture.

(4) STATE AGENCY.— The term "State agency" has the meaning given the term in section 17(b) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(b)).

SEC. 2204. ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS WAIVER UNDER WIC.

(a) WAIVER AUTHORITY.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Agriculture may, if requested by a State agency (as defined in section 17(b) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786(b)), modify or waive any qualified administrative requirement with respect to such State agency. (2) OUTHORN INTRODUCTION IN THE ACT OF THE

(2) QUALIFIED ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENT.—In this section, the term "qualified administrative requirement" means a regulatory requirement issued under section 17 of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1786) that the Secretary of Agriculture determines—

(A) cannot be met by a State agency due to COVID-19; and

(B) the modification or waiver of which is necessary

(b) the modification of warver of which is necessary to provide assistance under such section.
 (b) STATE AGENCY REPORTS.—Each State agency that receives a waiver under subsection (a)(1) shall, not later than 1 year after the date such State agency received such waiver, submit a report to the Secretary of Agriculture that includes the following:

(1) A summary of the use of such waiver by the State

(2) A description of whether such waiver resulted in improved services to women, infants, and children.
 (c) SUNST.—The authority under this section shall expire on tember 20, 2020

September 30, 2020.

TITLE III—SNAP WAIVERS

SEC. 2301. SNAP FLEXIBILITY FOR LOW-INCOME JOBLESS WORKERS.

(a) Beginning with the first month that begins after the enactment of this Act and for each subsequent month through the end of the month subsequent to the month a public health emergency declaration by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act based on an outbreak

of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is lifted, eligibility for of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) is lifted, eligibility for supplemental nutrition assistance program benefits shall not be limited under section 6(o)(2) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 unless an individual does not comply with the requirements of a program offered by the State agency (as defined in section 3 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008) that meets the standards of subparagraphs (B) or (C) of such section 6(o)(2). (b) Beginning on the month subsequent to the month the public health emergency declaration by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act based on an outbreak of COVID-19 is lifted for purposes of section 6(o) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, such State agency shall disregard any period during which an individual

agency shall disregard any period during which an individual received benefits under the supplemental nutrition assistance program prior to such month.

SEC. 2302. ADDITIONAL SNAP FLEXIBILITIES IN A PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.

(a) In the event of a public health emergency declaration by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act based on an outbreak of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) and the issuance of an emergency or disaster declaration by a State based on an outbreak of COVID-

disease 2019 (COVID-19) and the issuance of an emergency or disaster declaration by a State based on an outbreak of COVID-19, the Secretary of Agriculture—

(1) shall provide, at the request of a State agency (as defined in section 3 of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008) that provides sufficient data (as determined by the Secretary through guidance) supporting such request, for emergency allotments to households participating in the supplemental nutrition assistance program under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 to address temporary food needs not greater than the applicable maximum monthly allotment for the household size; and
(2) may adjust, at the request of State agencies or by guidance in consultation with one or more State agencies, issuance methods and application and reporting requirements under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 to at areas. (In making this adjustment, the Secretary shall consider the availability of offices and personnel in State agencies, any conditions that make reliance on electronic benefit transfer systems described in section 7(h) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 impracticable, any disruptions of transportation and communication facilities, and any health considerations that warrant alternative approaches.)
(b) Not later than 10 days after the date of the receipt or issuance of each document listed in paragraphs (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection, the Secretary of Agriculture shall make publicy available on the website of the Department the following documents:

(1) Any request submitted by State agencies under subsection (a).

(1) Any request submitted by State agencies under subsection (a).

(2) The Secretary's approval or denial of each such request.
(3) Any guidance issued under subsection (a)(2).
(c) The Secretary of Agriculture shall, within 18 months after the public health emergency declaration described in subsection (a) is lifted, submit a report to the House and Senate Agriculture Committees with a description of the measures taken to address

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the food security needs of affected populations during the emer-gency, any information or data supporting State agency requests, any additional measures that States requested that were not approved, and recommendations for changes to the Secretary's authority under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 to assist the Secretary and States and localities in preparations for any future health emergencies health emergencies.

DIVISION C-EMERGENCY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE EXPANSION ACT

SEC. 3101. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as "Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act".

SEC. 3102. AMENDMENTS TO THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT OF 1993.

(a) PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY LEAVE.—
 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 102(a)(1) of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, (29 U.S.C. 2612(a)(1)) is amended by

ical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2612(a)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
"(F) During the period beginning on the date the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act takes effect, and ending on December 31, 2020, because of a qualifying need related to a public health emergency in accordance with section 110.".
(2) PAID LEAVE REQUIREMENT.—Section 102(c) of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2612(c)) is amended by striking "under subsection (a)" (other than certain periods of leave under subsection (a)(l)(F))".

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Title I of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2611 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 110. PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY LEAVE.

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—The following shall apply with respect to

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—The following shall apply with respect to leave under section 102(a)(1)(F):
"(1) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN TERMS.—The definitions in section 101 shall apply, except as follows:
"(A) ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE.—In lieu of the definition in sections 101(2)(A) and 101(2)(B)(ii), the term 'eligible employee' means an employee who has been employed for at least 30 calendar days by the employer with respect to whom leave is requested under section 102(a)(1)(F).
"(B) EMPLOYER THRESHOLD.—Section 101(4)(A)(i) shall be applied by substituting 'fewer than 500 employees' for '50 or more employees' for each working day during each of 20 or more calendar workweeks in the current or preceding calendar year.
"(2) ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.—In addition to the definitions described in paragraph (1), the following definitions shall apply with respect to leave under section 102(a)(1)(F):
"(A) QUALIFYING NEED RELATED TO A PUBLIC HEALTH

"(A) QUALIFYING NEED RELATED TO A PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.—The term 'qualifying need related to a public health emergency', with respect to leave, means the

employee is unable to work (or telework) due to a need for leave to care for the son or daughter under 18 years of age of such employee if the school or place of care has been closed, or the child care provider of such son or daughter is unavailable, due to a public health emer-

or daughter is unavailable, due to a public health emer-gency. "(B) PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY.—The term 'public health emergency' means an emergency with respect to COVID-19 declared by a Federal, State, or local authority. "(C) CHILD CARE PROVIDER.—The term 'child care pro-vider' means a provider who receives compensation for providing child care services on a regular basis, including an 'eligible child care provider' (as defined in section 658P of the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S. 9858n)). "(D) SCHOOL —The term 'school' means an 'elementary.

"(D) SCHOOL.—The term 'school' means an 'elementary school' or 'secondary school' as such terms are defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

"(3) REGULATORY AUTHORITIES.—The Secretary of Labor shall have the authority to issue regulations for good cause under sections 553(b)(B) and 553(d)(A) of title 5, United States Code-

(A) to exclude certain health care providers and emergency responders from the definition of eligible employee under section 110(a)(1)(A); and "(B) to exempt small businesses with fewer than 50 employees from the requirements of section 102(a)(1)(F) when the imposition of such requirements would jeopardize the viability of the business as a going concern. Bet ATCOMPUTE PAID LEAVED and the section 2010 of the section 201

"(b) RELATIONSHIP TO PAID LEAVE.-

"(1) UNPAID LEAVE FOR INITIAL 10 DAYS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—The first 10 days for which an

employee takes leave under section 102(a)(1)(F) may consist of unpaid leave. "(B) EMPLOYEE ELECTION.—An employee may elect to

substitute any accrued vacation leave, personal leave, or medical or sick leave for unpaid leave under section 102(a)(1)(F) in accordance with section 102(d)(2)(B).

an employee takes after taking leave under such section for 10 days.

"(B) CALCULATION.— "(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), paid leave under subparagraph (A) for an employee shall be calculated based on-

"(I) an amount that is not less than two-thirds of an employee's regular rate of pay (as determined under section 7(e) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 207(e)); and

Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 207(e)); and "(II) the number of hours the employee would otherwise be normally scheduled to work (or the number of hours calculated under subparagraph (C)).

"(ii) CLARIFICATION .- In no event shall such paid leave exceed \$200 per day and \$10,000 in the aggre-

gate. "(C) VARYING SCHEDULE HOURS CALCULATION.—In the case of an employee whose schedule varies from week to week to such an extent that an employer is unable to determine with certainty the number of hours the employee would have worked if such employee had not taken leave under section 102(a)(1)(F), the employer shall use the fol-

under section 102(a)(1)(F), the employer shall use the fol-lowing in place of such number: "(i) Subject to clause (ii), a number equal to the average number of hours that the employee was sched-uled per day over the 6-month period ending on the date on which the employee takes such leave, including hours for which the employee took leave of any type. "(ii) If the employee did not work over such period, the reasonable expectation of the employee at the time of hiring of the average number of hours per day that the employee would normally be scheduled to work.

work.

"(c) NOTICE.—In any case where the necessity for leave under section 102(a)(1)(F) for the purpose described in subsection (a)(2)(A)(iii) is foreseeable, an employee shall provide the employer with such notice of leave as is practicable. "(d) RESTORATION TO POSITION.— "(1) by COMPARE Section 104(a)(1) shall not employee it

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 104(a)(1) shall not apply with respect to an employee of an employer who employs fewer than 25 employees if the conditions described in paragraph (2) are met. "(2) CONDITIONS.—The conditions described in this para-

(2) orbitations. The conditions described in this para-graph are the following: "(A) The employee takes leave under section 102(a)(1)(F).

"(B) The position held by the employee when the leave commenced does not exist due to economic conditions or other changes in operating conditions of the employer—

"(i) that affect employment; and
"(ii) are caused by a public health emergency during the period of leave.
"(C) The appropriate proceenable offects to restance

"(C) The employer makes reasonable efforts to restore the employee to a position equivalent to the position the employee held when the leave commenced, with equivalent employment benefits, pay, and other terms and conditions of employment.

"(D) If the reasonable efforts of the employer under subparagraph (C) fail, the employer makes reasonable efforts during the period described in paragraph (3) to

efforts during the period described in paragraph (3) to contact the employee if an equivalent position described in subparagraph (C) becomes available. "(3) CONTACT PERIOD.—The period described under this paragraph is the 1-year period beginning on the earlier of— "(A) the date on which the qualifying need related to a public health emergency concludes; or "(B) the date that is 12 weeks after the date on which the employee's leave under section 102(a)(1)(F) com-mences."

mences.

SEC. 3103. EMPLOYMENT UNDER MULTI-EMPLOYER BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.

(a) EMPLOYERS.—An employer signatory to a multiemployer collective bargaining agreement may, consistent with its bargaining obligations and its collective bargaining agreement, fulfill its obligations under section 110(b)(2) of title I of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as added by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act, by making contributions to a multiemployer fund, plan, or program based on the paid leave each of its employees is entitled to under such section while working under the multiemployer fund, plan, or program enables employees to secure pay from such fund, plan, or program based on hours they have worked under the multiemployer collective bargaining agreement for paid leave taken under section 102(a)(1)(F) of title I of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as added by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act.

Leave Act of 1993, as added by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act. (b) EMPLOYEES.—Employees who work under a multiemployer collective bargaining agreement into which their employers make contributions as provided in subsection (a) may secure pay from such fund, plan, or program based on hours they have worked under the multiemployer collective bargaining agreement for paid leave taken under section 102(a)(1)(F) of title I of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as added by the Families First Coronavirus Response Act.

SEC. 3104. SPECIAL RULE FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYERS.

An employer under 110(a)(B) shall not be subject to section 107(a) for a violation of section 102(a)(1)(F) if the employer does not meet the definition of employer set forth in Section 101(4)(A)(i).

SEC. 3105. SPECIAL RULE FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS AND EMER-GENCY RESPONDERS.

An employer of an employee who is a health care provider or an emergency responder may elect to exclude such employee from the application of the provisions in the amendments made under of section 3102 of this Act.

SEC. 3106. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act shall take effect not later than 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

DIVISION D-EMERGENCY UNEMPLOY-MENT INSURANCE STABILIZATION AND ACCESS ACT OF 2020

SEC. 4101. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Emergency Unemployment Insurance Stabilization and Access Act of 2020".

SEC. 4102. EMERGENCY TRANSFERS FOR UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSA-TION ADMINISTRATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 903 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1103) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"Emergency Transfers in Fiscal Year 2020 for Administration

 $^{\rm (h)(1)(A)}$ In addition to any other amounts, the Secretary of Labor shall provide for the making of emergency administration grants in fiscal year 2020 to the accounts of the States in the Unemployment Trust Fund, in accordance with succeeding provisions of this subsection.

"(B) The amount of an emergency administration grant with respect to a State shall, as determined by the Secretary of Labor, respect to a State shall, as determined by the Secretary of Labor, be equal to the amount obtained by multiplying 1,000,000,000by the same ratio as would apply under subsection (a)(2)(B) for purposes of determining such State's share of any excess amount (as described in subsection (a)(1)) that would have been subject to transfer to State accounts, as of October 1, 2019, under the provisions of subsection (a)

provisions of subsection (a). "(C) Of the emergency administration grant determined under subparagraph (B) with respect to a State—

"(i) not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, 50 percent shall be transferred to the account of such State upon a certification by the Secretary of Labor to the Secretary of the Treasury that the State meets the requirements of paragraph (2); and "(ii) only with respect to a State in which the number

(ii) only with respect to a State in which the number of unemployment compensation claims has increased by at least 10 percent over the same quarter in the previous calendar year, the remainder shall be transferred to the account of such State upon a certification by the Secretary of Labor to the Secretary of the Treasury that the State meets the requirements of paragraph (3).
(2) The requirements of this paragraph with respect to a State are the following:
"(A) The State requires employers to provide notification of the availability of unemployment compensation to employees at the time of separation from employment. Such notification may be based on model notification language issued by the Secretary of assistance with the application process, are accessible in at least two of the following: in-person, by phone, or online.

"(C) The State notifies applicants when an application is received and is being processed, and in any case in which an application is unable to be processed, provides information about steps the applicant can take to ensure the successful processful application of the applicant can take to ensure the successful processful applications. "(3) The requirements of this paragraph with respect to a

State are the following: (A) The State has expressed its commitment to maintain

"(A) The State has expressed its commitment to maintain and strengthen access to the unemployment compensation system, including through initial and continued claims. "(B) The State has demonstrated steps it has taken or will take to ease eligibility requirements and access to unemployment compensation for claimants, including waiving work search requirements and the waiting week, and non-charging employers directly impacted by COVID-19 due to an illness in the workplace or direction from a public health official to isolate or quarantine workers. official to isolate or quarantine workers.

"(4) Any amount transferred to the account of a State under this subsection may be used by such State only for the administra-tion of its unemployment compensation law, including by taking such steps as may be necessary to ensure adequate resources in periods of high demand.

"(5) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Emergency Unemployment Insurance Stabilization and Access Let State = State =

"(A) an analysis of the recipiency rate for unemployment (A) an analysis of the recipiency rate for interpropriet compensation in the State as such rate has changed over time; "(B) a description of steps the State intends to take to increase such recipiency rate.

"(6)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Sec-retary of the Treasury shall transfer from the general fund of the Treasury (from funds not otherwise appropriated) to the employ-ment security administration account (as established by section 901 of the Social Security Act) such such as the Secretary of Labor estimates to be necessary for purposes of making the transfers described in paragraph (1)(C).

"(B) There are appropriated from the general fund of the Treasury, without fiscal year limitation, the sums referred to in the preceding sentence and such sums shall not be required to be repaid.". (b) EMERGENCY FLEXIBILITY.—Notwithstanding any other law,

if a State modifies its unemployment compensation law and policies with respect to work search, waiting week, good cause, or employer with respect to work search, waiting week, good cause, or employer experience rating on an emergency temporary basis as needed to respond to the spread of COVID-19, such modifications shall be disregarded for the purposes of applying section 303 of the Social Security Act and section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to such State law. (c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Labor may prescribe any regulations, operating instructions, or other guidance necessary to carry out the amendment made by subsection (a).

SEC. 4103. TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR STATES WITH ADVANCES.

Section 1202(b)(10)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 132(b)(10)(A) is amended by striking "beginning on the date of enactment of this paragraph and ending on December 31, 2010" and inserting "beginning on the date of enactment of the Emergency Unemployment Insurance Stabilization and Access Act of 2020 and ending on December 31, 2020".

SEC. 4104. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND GUIDANCE FOR SHORT-TIME COMPENSATION PROGRAMS.

The Secretary of Labor shall assist States in establishing, implementing, and improving the employer awareness of short-time compensation programs (as defined in section 3306(v) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) to help avert layoffs, including by providing technical assistance and guidance.

SEC. 4105. FULL FEDERAL FUNDING OF EXTENDED UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FOR A LIMITED PERIOD.

(a) IN GENERAL.-In the case of sharable extended compensation and sharable regular compensation paid for weeks of unemploytion and sharable regular compensation paid for weeks of unemploy-ment beginning after the date of the enactment of this section and before December 31, 2020 (and only with respect to States that receive emergency administration grant funding under clauses (i) and (ii) of section 903(h)(1)(C) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1102(h)(1)(C))), section 204(a)(1) of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 (26 U.S.C. 3304 note) shall be applied by substituting "100 percent of" for "one-half of". (b) TEMPORARY FEDERAL MATCHING FOR THE FIRST WEEK OF EXTENDED BENEFITS FOR STATES WITH NO WAITING WEEK.—With respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after the date of

EXTENDED BENEFITS FOR STATES WITH NO WAITING WEEK.—With respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on or before December 31, 2020, subparagraph (B) of section 204(a)(2) of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 (26 U.S.C. 3304 note) shall not apply.
(c) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—

(1) the terms "sharable extended compensation" and "sharable regular compensation" have the respective meanings given such terms under section 204 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970; and
(2) the term "week" has the meaning given such term under section 205 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970; and

(d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Labor may prescribe any

operating instructions or regulations necessary to carry out this section.

DIVISION E-EMERGENCY PAID SICK LEAVE ACT

SEC. 5101. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act".

SEC. 5102. PAID SICK TIME REQUIREMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—An employer shall provide to each employee employed by the employer paid sick time to the extent that the employee is unable to work (or telework) due to a need for leave because:

(1) The employee is subject to a Federal, State, or local quarantine or isolation order related to COVID-19.
(2) The employee has been advised by a health care provider to self-quarantine due to concerns related to COVID-19.

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(3) The employee is experiencing symptoms of COVID–
19 and seeking a medical diagnosis.
(4) The employee is caring for an individual who is subject to an order as described in subparagraph (1) or has been advised as described in paragraph (2).
(5) The employee is caring for a son or daughter of such employee if the school or place of care of the son or daughter

has been closed, or the child care provider of such son or daughter is unavailable, due to COVID-19 precautions.
(6) The employee is experiencing any other substantially similar condition specified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Labor.
Except that an employer of an employee who is a health care provider or an emergency responder may elect to exclude such employee from the application of this subsection.
(b) DURATION OF PAID SICK TIME.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—An employee shall be entitled to paid sick time for an amount of hours determined under paragraph (2).

(2).

(2) AMOUNT OF HOURS.—The amount of hours of paid sick time to which an employee is entitled shall be as follows: (A) For full-time employees, 80 hours.

(B) For part-time employees, a number of hours equal to the number of hours that such employee works, on average, over a 2-week period.

(3) CARRYOVER.—Paid sick time under this section shall not carry over from 1 year to the next.
 (c) EMPLOYER'S TERMINATION OF PAID SICK TIME.—Paid sick time provided to an employee under this Act shall cease beginning with the employee's next scheduled workshift immediately following the termination of the need for paid sick time under subsection (a)

(a).
(d) PROHIBITION.—An employer may not require, as a condition of providing paid sick time under this Act, that the employee involved search for or find a replacement employee to cover the hours during which the employee is using paid sick time.
(e) USE OF PAD SICK TIME.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The paid sick time under subsection (a) shall be available for immediate use by the employee for the purposes described in such subsection, regardless of how long the employee has been employed by an employer.
(2) SEQUENCING.—

(2) SEQUENCING.

(A) IN GENERAL.—An employee may first use the paid sick time under subsection (a) for the purposes described in such subsection.

(B) PROHIBITION.—An employer may not require an employee to use other paid leave provided by the employer to the employee before the employee uses the paid sick time under subsection (a).

SEC. 5103. NOTICE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Each employer shall post and keep posted, in conspicuous places on the premises of the employer where notices to employees are customarily posted, a notice, to be prepared or approved by the Secretary of Labor, of the requirements described in this Ast

(b) MODEL NOTICE.—Not later than 7 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor shall make publicly available a model of a notice that meets the requirements of sub-

SEC. 5104. PROHIBITED ACTS.

It shall be unlawful for any employer to discharge, discipline, or in any other manner discriminate against any employee who-

(1) takes leave in accordance with this Act; and

(2) has filed any complaint or instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or related to this Act (including a proceeding that seeks enforcement of this Act), or has testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding.

SEC. 5105. ENFORCEMENT.

(a) UNPAID SICK LEAVE .- An employer who violates section 5102 shall-

(1) be considered to have failed to pay minimum wages in violation of section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206); and

(2) be subject to the penalties described in sections 16 and 17 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 216; 217) with respect to such violation.

(b) UNLAWFUL TERMINATION.—An employer who willfully vio-lates section 5104 shall—

(1) be considered to be in violation of section 15(a)(3) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 215(a)(3)); and

(2) be subject to the penalties described in sections 16 and 17 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 216; 217) with respect to such violation.

SEC. 5106. EMPLOYMENT UNDER MULTI-EMPLOYER BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.

(a) EMPLOYERS.—An employer signatory to a multiemployer collective bargaining agreement may, consistent with its bargaining obligations and its collective bargaining agreement, fulfill its obligaobligations and its collective bargaining agreement, fulfill its obliga-tions under this Act by making contributions to a multiemployer fund, plan, or program based on the hours of paid sick time each of its employees is entitled to under this Act while working under the multiemployer collective bargaining agreement, provided that the fund, plan, or program enables employees to secure pay from such fund, plan, or program based on hours they have worked under the multiemployer collective bargaining agreement and for the uses specified under section 5102(a)

under the multiemployer collective barganing agreement and for the uses specified under section 5102(a). (b) EMPLOYEES.—Employees who work under a multiemployer collective bargaining agreement into which their employers make contributions as provided in subsection (a) may secure pay from such fund, plan, or program based on hours they have worked under the multiemployer collective bargaining agreement for the uses specified in section 5102(a).

SEC. 5107. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

(1) to in any way diminish the rights or benefits that an employee is entitled to under any— (A) other Federal, State, or local law; (B) collective bargaining agreement; or (O) priotive combum to barrent

(C) existing employer policy; or(2) to require financial or other reimbursement to an employee from an employer upon the employee's termination, resignation, retirement, or other separation from employment for paid sick time under this Act that has not been used by such employee.

SEC. 5108. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act, and the requirements under this Act, shall take effect not later than 15 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 5109. SUNSET.

This Act, and the requirements under this Act, shall expire on December 31, 2020.

SEC. 5110. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of the Act: (1) EMPLOYEE.—The terms "employee" means an individual who is-

(A)(i) an employee, as defined in section 3(e) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(e)), who is not covered under subparagraph (E) or (F), including such an employee of the Library of Congress, except that a reference in such section to an employer shall be consid-ered to be a reference to an employer described in clauses (i)(I) and (ii) of paragraph (5)(A); or (ii) an employee of the Government Accountability Office:

Office;

(B) a State employee described in section 304(a) of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991 (42 U.S.C.

2000e-16c(a)); (C) a covered employee, as defined in section 101 of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.

(b) a covered employee, as defined in section 411(c) of title 3, United States Code;
(E) a Federal officer or employee covered under subchapter V of chapter 63 of title 5, United States Code; or

(F) any other individual occupying a position in the civil service (as that term is defined in section 2101(1) of title 5, United States Code).

(2) EMPLOYER.-

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "employer" means a person who is-

(i)(I) a covered employer, as defined in subpara-graph (B), who is not covered under subclause (V); (II) an entity employing a State employee described in section 304(a) of the Government Employee Rights Act of 1991;

Act of 1991; (III) an employing office, as defined in section 101 of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995; (IV) an employing office, as defined in section 411(c) of title 3, United States Code; or (V) an Executive Agency as defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code, and including the U.S. Postal Service and the Postal Regulatory Commission; and and

(ii) engaged in commerce (including government), or an industry or activity affecting commerce (including government), as defined in subparagraph (B)(iii).
 (B) COVERED EMPLOYER.—

(i) IN GENERAL.-In subparagraph (A)(i)(I), the

term "covered employer"— (I) means any person engaged in commerce or in any industry or activity affecting commerce that that-

(aa) in the case of a private entity or individual, employs fewer than 500 employees; and

(bb) in the case of a public agency or any other entity that is not a private entity or individual, employs 1 or more employees; (II) includes

(a) includes— (aa) includes any person acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to an employee (within the meaning of such phrase in section 3(d) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(d)); and (bb) any successor in interest of an

(b), any successor in interest of an employer; (III) includes any "public agency", as defined in section 3(x) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(x)); and

(IV) includes the Government Accountability Office and the Library of Congress. (ii) PUBLIC AGENCY.—For purposes of clause (i)(IV), a public agency shall be considered to be a person engaged in commerce or in an industry or activity

affecting commerce. (iii) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this subparagraph:

(I) COMMERCE.—The terms "commerce" and (I) COMMERCE.—The terms "commerce" and "industry or activity affecting commerce" means any activity, business, or industry in commerce or in which a labor dispute would hinder or obstruct commerce or the free flow of commerce, and include "commerce" and any "industry affecting commerce", as defined in paragraphs (1) and (3) of section 501 of the Labor Management Relations Act of 1947 (29 U.S.C. 142 (1) and (3)). (II) EMPLOYEE.—The term "employee" has the same meaning given such term in section 3(e) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(e)). (III) PERSON.—The term "person" has the

(III) PERSON.—The term "person" has the same meaning given such term in section 3(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C.

of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203(a)). (3) FLSA TERMS.—The terms "employ" and "State" have the meanings given such terms in section 3 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 203). (4) FMLA TERMS.—The terms "health care provider" and "son or daughter" have the meanings given such terms in section 101 of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2611). (5) PAID SICK TIME.— (A) IN GENERAL—The term "noid sick time"

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "paid sick time" means an increment of compensated leave that-

(i) is provided by an employer for use during an absence from employment for a reason described in any paragraph of section 2(a); and

(ii) is calculated based on the employee's required (ii) is calculated based on the employee's required compensation under subparagraph (B) and the number of hours the employee would otherwise be normally scheduled to work (or the number of hours calculated under subparagraph (C)), except that in no event shall such paid sick time exceed— (1) \$511 par day and \$5110 is the accurate

(I) \$511 per day and \$5,110 in the aggregate for a use described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 5102(a); and

(II) \$200 per day and \$2,000 in the aggregate for a use described in paragraph (4), (5), or (6) of section 5102(a).

(B) REQUIRED COMPENSATION.— (i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (A)(ii), the employee's required compensation under this subparagraph shall be not less than the greater of

(I) The employee's regular rate of pay (as determined under section 7(e) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 207(e)).

(II) The minimum wage rate in effect under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1)). (III) The minimum wage rate in effect for such employee in the applicable State or locality, which-

ever is greater, in which the employee is employed. (ii) SPECIAL RULE FOR CARE OF FAMILY MEMBERS.—

Subject to subparagraph (A)(ii), with respect to any paid sick time provided for any use described in paragraph (4), (5), or (6) of section 5102(a), the employee's

graph (4), (5), or (6) of section 5102(a), the employee's required compensation under this subparagraph shall be two-thirds of the amount described in clause (B)(i). (C) VARYING SCHEDULE HOURS CALCULATION.—In the case of a part-time employee described in section 5102(b)(2)(B) whose schedule varies from week to week to such an extent that an employer is unable to determine with certainty the number of hours the employee would have worked if such employee had not taken paid sick time under section 2(a), the employer shall use the fol-lowing in place of such number:

In the under section 2(a), the employer shart use the following in place of such number:

 (i) Subject to clause (ii), a number equal to the average number of hours that the employee was scheduled per day over the 6-month period ending on the date on which the employee takes the paid sick time, including hours for which the employee took leave of any type

(ii) If the employee did not work over such period, the reasonable expectation of the employee at the time of hiring of the average number of hours per day that the employee would normally be scheduled to work.

(D) GUIDELINES.—Not later than 15 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor

shall issue guidelines to assist employers in calculating the amount of paid sick time under subparagraph (A). (E) REASONABLE NOTICE.—After the first workday (or portion thereof) an employee receives paid sick time under this Act, an employer may require the employee to follow reasonable notice procedures in order to continue receiving such paid cick time such paid sick time.

SEC. 5111. REGULATORY AUTHORITIES.

The Secretary of Labor shall have the authority to issue regulations for good cause under sections 553(b)(B) and 553(d)(A) of title 5, United States Code—

(1) to exclude certain health care providers and emergency responders from the definition of employee under section 5110(1) including by allowing the employer of such health care providers and emergency responders to opt out; (2) to exempt small businesses with fewer than 50 employees from the requirements of section 5102(a)(5) when the imposition of such requirements would jeopardize the viability of the business as a going concern; and (3) as necessary, to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(3) as necessary, to carry out the purposes of this Act, including to ensure consistency between this Act and Division C and Division G of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act.

DIVISION F—HEALTH PROVISIONS

SEC. 6001. COVERAGE OF TESTING FOR COVID-19

SEC. 6001. COVERAGE OF TESTING FOR COVID-19.
(a) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health insurance coverage (including a grandfathered health plan (as defined in section 1251(e) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act)) shall provide coverage, and shall not impose any cost sharing (including deductibles, copayments, and coinsurance) requirements or prior authorization or other medical management requirements, for the following items and services furnished during any portion of the emergency period defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5(g)) beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act:

(1) In vitro diagnostic products (as defined in section 809.3(a) of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations) for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 or the diagnosis of the virus that causes COVID-19 that are approved, cleared, or authorized under section 510(k), 513, 515 or 564 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and the administration of such in vitro diagnostic products.
(2) Items and services furnished to an individual during health area proved. (which torm in this approxed)

diagnostic products. (2) Items and services furnished to an individual during health care provider office visits (which term in this paragraph includes in-person visits and telehealth visits), urgent care center visits, and emergency room visits that result in an order for or administration of an in vitro diagnostic product described in paragraph (1), but only to the extent such items and services relate to the furnishing or administration of such product or to the evaluation of such individual for purposes of determining the need of such individual for such product.

(b) ENFORCEMENT.—The provisions of subsection (a) shall be applied by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, Secretary of Labor, and Secretary of the Treasury to group health plans and health insurance issuers offering group or individual health insurance coverage as if included in the provisions of part A of title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act, part 7 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and subchapter B of chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as applicable.
(c) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services, Secretary of Labor, and Secretary of the Treasury may implement the provisions of parts.
(d) TERMS.—The terms "group health plan"; "health insurance

guidance, program instruction or otherwise. (d) TERMS.—The terms "group health plan"; "health insurance issuer"; "group health insurance coverage", and "individual health insurance coverage" have the meanings given such terms in section 2791 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg-91), section 733 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1191b), and section 9832 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as applicable.

SEC. 6002. WAIVING COST SHARING UNDER THE MEDICARE PROGRAM FOR CERTAIN VISITS RELATING TO TESTING FOR COVID-19.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1833 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 13951) is amended—

IN GENERAL. — Section 1955 of the Social Security Act (12) [395]) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1)—
(A) by striking "and" before "(CC)"; and
(B) by inserting before the period at the end the following: ", and (DD) with respect to a specified COVID—
19 testing-related service described in paragraph (1) of subsection (cc) for which payment may be made under a specified outpatient payment provision described in paragraph (2) of such subsection, the amounts paid shall be 100 percent of the payment amount otherwise recognized under such respective specified outpatient payment provision for such service,";
(2) in subsection (b), in the first sentence—

(A) by striking "and" before "(10)"; and
(B) by inserting before the period at the end the following: ", and (11) such deductible shall not apply with respect to any specified COVID—19 testing-related service described in paragraph (1) of subsection (cc) for which payment may be made under a specified outpatient payment provision described in paragraph (2) of such subsection (c) for which payment may be made under a specified outpatient payment provision described in paragraph (2) of such subscitice

ment provision described in paragraph (2) of such sub-

(3) by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(cc) SPECIFIED COVID-19 TESTING-RELATED SERVICES.—For purposes of subsection (a)(1)(DD):

"(1) DESCRIPTION.-

(1) DESCRIPTION.— (A) IN GENERAL.—A specified COVID-19 testing-related service described in this paragraph is a medical visit that-

"(i) is in any of the categories of HCPCS evaluation and management service codes described in subpara-

graph (B); "(ii) is furnished during any portion of the emer-gency period (as defined in section 1135(g)(1)(B))

(beginning on or after the date of enactment of this

(beginning on or after the date of enactment of this subsection); "(iii) results in an order for or administration of a clinical diagnostic laboratory test described in section 1852(a)(1)(B)(iv)(IV); and "(iv) relates to the furnishing or administration of such test or to the evaluation of such individual for purposes of determining the need of such individual for such test for such test.

"(B) CATEGORIES OF HCPCS CODES.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the categories of HCPCS evaluation and management services codes are the following:

"(i) Office and other outpatient services. "(ii) Hospital observation services.

"(iii) Emergency department services.

"(iv) Nursing facility services. "(v) Domiciliary, rest home, or custodial care services

"(vi) Home services.

"(vii) Online digital evaluation and management services

"(2) SPECIFIED OUTPATIENT PAYMENT PROVISION.-A specified outpatient payment provision described in this paragraph is any of the following: (A) The hospital outpatient prospective payment

(A) The hospital outpatient prospective payment system under subsection (t). (B) The physician fee schedule under section 1848. (C) The prospective payment system developed under

section 1834(o). "(D) Section 1834(g), with respect to an outpatient

critical access hospital service.

"(E) The payment basis determined in regulations pursuant to section 1833(a)(3) for rural health clinic servces

ices.". (b) CLAIMS MODIFIER.—The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall provide for an appropriate modifier (or other identi-fier) to include on claims to identify, for purposes of subparagraph (DD) of section 1833(a)(1), as added by subsection (a), specified COVID-19 testing-related services described in paragraph (1) of section 1833(cc) of the Social Security Act, as added by subsection (a), for which payment may be made under a specified outpatient payment provision described in paragraph (2) of such subsection. (c) IMPLEMENTATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Health and Human Services may implement the provisions of, including amendments made by, this section through program instruction or otherwise.

SEC. 6003. COVERAGE OF TESTING FOR COVID-19 AT NO COST SHARING UNDER THE MEDICARE ADVANTAGE PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1852(a)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w-22(a)(1)(B)) is amended— (1) in clause (iv)—

(A) by redesignating subclause (IV) as subclause (VI); and

(B) by inserting after subclause (III) the following new subclause

"(IV) Clinical diagnostic laboratory test administered during any portion of the emergency period defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) beginning on or after the date of the enactment of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 or the diagadministration of such test.

(V) Specified COVID-19 testing-related serv-

"(V) Specified COVID-19 testing-related services (as described in section 1833(cc)(1)) for which payment would be payable under a specified outpatient payment provision described in section 1833(cc)(2).";
(2) in clause (v), by inserting ", other than subclauses (IV) and (V) of such clause," after "clause (iv)"; and
(3) by adding at the end the following new clause: "(vi) PROHIBITION OF APPLICATION OF CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR COVID-19 TESTING.—In the case of a product or service described in subclause (IV) or (V), respectively, of clause (iv) that is administered or furnished during any portion of the emergency period described in subclause beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this clause, an after the date of the enactment of this clause, an MA plan may not impose any prior authorization or other utilization management requirements with respect to the coverage of such a product or service

(b) IMPLEMENTATION—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of Health and Human Services may implement the amendments made by this section by program instruction or otherwise

SEC. 6004. COVERAGE AT NO COST SHARING OF COVID-19 TESTING UNDER MEDICAID AND CHIP.

(a) MEDICAID.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1905(a)(3) of the Social Security

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1505(a(3) of the Social Security
 Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(a)(3)) is amended—

 (A) by striking "other laboratory" and inserting "(A) other laboratory";

(C) by adding at the end the following new subpara-

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph: "(B) in vitro diagnostic products (as defined in section 809.3(a) of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations) administered during any portion of the emergency period defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this subparagraph for the detection of SARS-CoV-2 or the diagnosis of the virus that causes COVID-19 that are approved, cleared, or authorized under section 510(k), 513, 515 or 564 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and the administration of such in vitro diagnostic products;". ucts

(2) No cost sharing.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Subsections (a)(2) and (b)(2) of section 1916 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396o) are each amended-

(i) in subparagraph (D), by striking "or" at the end;

(ii) in subparagraph (E), by striking "; and" and inserting a comma; and (iii) by adding at the end the following new sub-

(m) by adding at the end the following new sub-paragraphs:
"(F) any in vitro diagnostic product described in section 1905(a)(3)(B) that is administered during any portion of the emergency period described in such section beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this subparagraph (and the administration of such product), or
"(G) COVID-19 testing-related services for which pay-ment may be made under the State plan; and".
(B) APPLICATION TO ALTERNATURE COST SHAPING —Sec-

ment may be made under the State plan; and". (B) APPLICATION TO ALTERNATIVE COST SHARING.—Section 1916A(b)(3)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 13960-1(b)(3)(B)) is amended by adding at the end the following new clause: "(xi) Any in vitro diagnostic product described in section 1905(a)(3)(B) that is administered during any portion of the emergency period described in such section beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this clause (and the administration of such product) and any visit described in section 1916(a)(2)(G) that and any visit described in section 1916(a)(2)(G) that is furnished during any such portion.". (C) CLARIFICATION.—The amendments made this para-

graph shall apply with respect to a State plan of a territory in the same manner as a State plan of one of the 50 States. (3) STATE OPTION TO PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR UNINSURED

(d) STALE OTHOR. 12 INDIVIDUALS.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 1902(a)(10) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(10)) is amended— (i) in subparagraph (A)(ii)—

(i) in subparagraph (Å)(ii)— (I) in subclause (XXI), by striking "or" at the end:

(II) in subclause (XXII), by adding "or" at the

end; and (III) by adding at the end the following new

"(XXIII) during any portion of the emergency period defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) beginning on or after the date of the enact-ment of this subclause, who are uninsured individ-uals (as defined in subsection (ss))"; and (ii) is the moster following sub-generath (C)

uals (as defined in subsection (ss));"; and (ii) in the matter following subparagraph (G)— (I) by striking "and (XVII)" and inserting ", (XVII)"; and (II) by inserting after "instead of through sub-clause (VIII)" the following: ", and (XVIII) the med-ical assistance made available to an uninsured individual (as defined in subsection (ss)) who is eligible for medical assistance only because of subparagraph (A)(ii)(XXIII) shall be limited to medical assistance for any in vitro diagnostic product described in section 1905(a)(3)(B) that is administered during any portion of the emergency period described in such section beginning on or

after the date of the enactment of this subclause (and the administration of such product) and any visit described in section 1916(a)(2)(G) that is furnished during any such portion"

nished during any such portion". (B) RECEIPT AND INITIAL PROCESSING OF APPLICATIONS AT CERTAIN LOCATIONS.—Section 1902(a)(55) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a(a)(55)) is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "or (a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX)" and inserting "(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX), or (a)(10)(A)(ii)(XIII)". (C) UNINSURED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—Section 1902 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396a) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(ss) UNINSURED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—For purposes of this tion, the term 'uninsured individual' means, notwithstanding o ther provision of this title, any individual who is—

section, the term 'uninsured individual' means, notw any other provision of this title, any individual' means, notw "(1) not described in subsection (a)(10)(A)(i); and

(d) not described in subsection (a)(10)(A)(i); and
"(2) not enrolled in subsection (a)(10)(A)(i); and
"(2) not enrolled in a Federal health care program (as defined in section 1128B(f)), a group health plan, group or individual health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer (as such terms are defined in section 2791 of the Public Health Service Act), or a health plan offered under chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code.".
(D) FEDERAL MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PERCENTAGE.—Section 1905(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following new sentence: "Notwithstanding the first sentence of this subsection, the Federal medical assistance percentage shall be 100 per centum with respect to (and, notwithstanding any other provision of this title, available for) medical assistance provided to uninsured individuals (as defined in section 1902(ss)) who are eligible for such assistance only on the basis of section 1902(a)(10)((A)(ii)(XXIII) and with respect to expenditures described in section 1903(a)(7) with respect to expenditures described in section 1903(a)(7) that a State demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary are attributable to administrative costs related to providing for such medical assistance to such individuals under the State plan.".

(b) CHIP.

(b) CHIP.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2103(c) of the Social Security
Act (42 U.S.C. 1397cc(c)) is amended by adding at the end
the following paragraph:

"(10) CERTAIN IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC PRODUCTS FOR COVID

19 TESTING.—The child health assistance provided to a targeted low-income child shall include coverage of any in vitro diagnostic product described in section 1905(a)(3)(B) that is administered during any portion of the emergency period described in such section beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this subparagraph (and the administration of such product).". of such product)

of such product).". (2) COVERAGE FOR TARGETED LOW-INCOME PREGNANT WOMEN.—Section 2112(b)(4) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397ll(b)(4)) is amended by inserting "under section 2103(c)" after "same requirements". (2) December 21 Control Section 2102(c)(2) of

(3) PROHIBITION OF COST SHARING.—Section 2103(e)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1397cc(e)(2)) is amended—

(A) in the paragraph header, by inserting ", COVID-19 TESTING," before "OR PREGNANCY-RELATED ASSISTANCE"; and

(B) by striking "category of services described in sub-section (c)(1)(D) or" and inserting "categories of services described in subsection (c)(1)(D), in vitro diagnostic prod-ucts described in subsection (c)(10) (and administration of such products), visits described in section 1916(a)(2)(G), or"

SEC. 6005. TREATMENT OF PERSONAL RESPIRATORY PROTECTIVE DEVICES AS COVERED COUNTERMEASURES.

Section 319F-3(i)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6d(i)(1)) is amended-

Section 319F-3(1)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 7d-6d(i)(1)) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (B), by striking "or" at the end;
(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
(3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
"(D) a personal respiratory protective device that is—

"(i) approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under part 84 of title 42, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations);
"(ii) subject to the emergency use authorization issued by the Secretary on March 2, 2020, or subsequent emergency use of personal respiratory protective devices during the COVID-19 outbreak); and
"(iii) used during the period beginning on January 27, 2020, and ending on October 1, 2024, in response to the public health emergency declared on January 31, 2020, pursuant to section 319 as a result of confirmed cases of 2019 Novel Coronavirus (2019-nCOV)."

SEC. 6006. APPLICATION WITH RESPECT TO TRICARE, COVERAGE FOR VETERANS, AND COVERAGE FOR FEDERAL CIVILIANS

(a) TRICARE.—The Secretary of Defense may not require any copayment or other cost sharing under chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, for in vitro diagnostic products described in paragraph (1) of section 6001(a) (or the administration of such products) or visits described in paragraph (2) of such section furnished during any portion of the emergency period defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b–5(g)) beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

1320b-5(g)) beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
(b) VETERANS.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs may not require any copayment or other cost sharing under chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code, for in vitro diagnostic products described in paragraph (1) of section 6001(a) (or the administration of such products) or visits described in paragraph (2) of such section furnished during any portion of the emergency period defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5(g)) beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
(c) FEDERAL CIVILIANS—No consympt or other cost sharing

(c) FEDERAL CIVILIANS.—No copayment or other cost sharing may be required for any individual occupying a position in the civil service (as that term is defined in section 2101(1) of title 5, United States Code) enrolled in a health benefits plan, including

any plan under chapter 89 of title 5, United States Code, or for any other individual currently enrolled in any plan under chapter 89 of title 5 for in vitro diagnostic products described in paragraph (1) of section 6001(a) (or the administration of such products) or visits described in paragraph (2) of such section furnished during on participant of the approximation of adding in paragraph (1)(2) any portion of the emergency period defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5(g)) beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act. SEC. 6007. COVERAGE OF TESTING FOR COVID-19 AT NO COST SHARING

FOR INDIANS RECEIVING PURCHASED/REFERRED CARE.

The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall cover, with-out the imposition of any cost sharing requirements, the cost of providing any COVID-19 related items and services as described in paragraph (1) of section 6001(a) (or the administration of such products) or visits described in paragraph (2) of such section fur-nished during any portion of the emergency period defined in para-graph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 320b-5(g)) beginning on or after the date of the enactment of this Act to Indians (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. 1603)) receiving health services through the Indian Health Service, including through an Urban Indian Organization, regardless of whether such items or services have been authorized under the purchased/referred care system funded by the Indian Health Service. SEC. 6005 TEMPORARY INCREASE OF MEDICAD EMAP. The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall cover, with-

SEC. 6008. TEMPORARY INCREASE OF MEDICAID FMAP.

service of the infinite infinite Service.
SEC. 6008. TEMPORARY INCREASE OF MEDICAID FMAP.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), for each calendar quarter occurring during the period beginning on the first day of the emergency period defined in paragraph (1)(B) of section 1135(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5(g)) and ending on the last day of the calendar quarter in which the last day of such emergency period occurs, the Federal medical assistance percentage determined for each State, including the District of Columbia, American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands, under section 1905(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(b)) shall be increased by 6.2 percentage points.
(b) REQUIREMENT FOR ALL STATES.—A State described in subsection (a) may not receive the increase described in subsection (1) eligibility standards, methodologies, or procedures under the State plan of such State under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) (including any waiver under such title or section 1115 of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1315)) are more restrictive during such quarter than the eligibility standards, methodologies, or procedures, under such plan (or waiver) as in effect on January 1, 2020;
(2) the amount of any premium imposed by the State pursuant to section 1916 or 1916A of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1396o, 1396o, 1396o, 1396o, 10 uring such quarter, with respect to an individual enrolled under such plan (or waiver), exceeds the amount of such premium as of January 1, 2020;
(3) the State fails to provide that an individual who is enrolled for benefits under such plan (or waiver such plan (or waiver) as of the

(3) the State fails to provide that an individual who is enrolled for benefits under such plan (or waiver) as of the date of enactment of this section or enrolls for benefits under

H. R. 6201-32 such plan (or waiver) during the period beginning on such date of enactment and ending the last day of the month in which the emergency period described in subsection (a) ends shall be treated as eligible for such benefits through the end of the month in which such emergency period ends unless the individual requests a voluntary termination of eligibility or the individual requests a voluntary termination of eligibility or the individual requests a voluntary termination of eligibility or the individual requests a voluntary termination of eligibility or the individual requests a voluntary termination of eligibility or waiver), without the imposition of cost sharing, during such quarter for any testing services and treatments for COVID-19, including vaccines, specialized equipment, and therapies. (c) REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN STATES.—Section 1905(cc) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396d(cc)) is amended by striking the period at the end of the subsection and inserting "and section 6008 of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act, except that in applying such treatments to the increases in the Federal medical assistance percentage under section 6008 of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act, the reference to 'December 31, 2009' shall be deemed to be a reference to 'March 11, 2020'.". SEC. 6009. INCREASE IN MEDICAID ALLOTMENTS FOR TERRITORIES.

SEC. 6009. INCREASE IN MEDICAID ALLOTMENTS FOR TERRITORIES.

Section 1108(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1308(g)) is amended-

(ded—

(1) in paragraph (2)—
(A) in subparagraph (B)—
(i) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the end;
(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2021, \$126,000,000;" and inserting "for fiscal year 2020, \$128,712,500; and"; and
(iii) by adding at the end the following new clause:
"(iii) for fiscal year 2021, \$127,937,500;";
(B) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the end:

(B) in subparagraph (C)—

(i) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the end;
(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2021, \$127,000,000;" and inserting "for fiscal year 2020, \$130,875,000; and"; and
(iii) by adding at the end the following new clause: "(iii) for fiscal year 2021, \$129,712,500;";
(C) in subparagraph (D)—

(i) by striking "and" at the end;

(C) in subparagraph (D)—
(i) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the end;
(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2021, \$60,000,000; and" and inserting "for fiscal year 2020, \$63,100,000; and"; and
(iii) by adding at the end the following new clause:
"(iii) for fiscal year 2021, \$62,325,000; and"; and
(D) in subparagraph (E)—
(i) by clause (i) by striking "and" at the end;

(D) in subparagraph (E)—

(i) in clause (i), by striking "and" at the end;
(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2021, \$84,000,000." and inserting "for fiscal year 2020, \$86,325,000; and"; and
(ii) by adding at the end the following new clause:
"(iii) for fiscal year 2021, \$85,550,000."; and

(2) in paragraph (6)(A)—

(A) in clause (i), by striking "\$2,623,188,000" and inserting "\$2,716,188,000"; and
(B) in clause (ii), by striking "\$2,719,072,000" and inserting "\$2,809,063,000".

H R 6201-33

SEC. 6010. CLARIFICATION RELATING TO SECRETARIAL AUTHORITY REGARDING MEDICARE TELEHEALTH SERVICES FUR-NISHED DURING COVID-19 EMERGENCY PERIOD.

- Paragraph (3)(A) of section 1135(g) of the Social Security Act
- (42 U.S.C. 1320b–5(g)) is amended to read as follows: "(A) furnished to such individual, during the 3-year period ending on the date such telehealth service was fur-nished, an item or service that would be considered covered under title XVIII if furnished to an individual entitled to benefits or enrolled under such title; or".

DIVISION G-TAX CREDITS FOR PAID SICK AND PAID FAMILY AND MEDICAL **LEAVE**

SEC. 7001. PAYROLL CREDIT FOR REQUIRED PAID SICK LEAVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an employer, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by section 3111(a) or 3221(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for each calendar

anowed as a treat against the tax imposed by section of 11(a) or 3221(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for each calendar quarter an amount equal to 100 percent of the qualified sick leave wages paid by such employer with respect to such calendar quarter.
(b) LIMITATIONS AND REFUNDABILITY.—

(1) WAGES TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—The amount of qualified sick leave wages taken into account under subsection (a) with respect to any individual shall not exceed \$200 (\$511 in the case of any day any portion of which is paid sick time described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 5102(a) of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act) for any day (or portion thereof) for which the individual is paid qualified sick leave wages.
(2) OVERALL LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF DAYS TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—The aggregate number of days taken into account under paragraph (1) for any calendar quarter shall not exceed the excess (if any) of—

(A) 10, over

(B) the aggregate number of days so taken into account for all preceding calendar quarters.
(3) CREDIT LIMITED TO CERTAIN EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—The model.

for all preceding calendar quarters. (3) CREDIT LIMITED TO CERTAIN EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—The credit allowed by subsection (a) with respect to any calendar quarter shall not exceed the tax imposed by section 3111(a) or 3221(a) of such Code for such calendar quarter (reduced by any credits allowed under subsections (e) and (f) of section 3111 of such Code for such quarter) on the wages paid with respect to the employment of all employees of the employer. (4) REFUNDABILITY OF EXCESS CREDIT.— (A) IN GENERAL.—If the amount of the credit under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation of paragraph (3) for any calendar quarter, such excess shall be treated as an overpayment that shall be refunded under sections 6402(a) and 6413(b) of such Code.

overpayment that shall be refunded under sections 6402(a) and 6413(b) of such Code. (B) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section 1324 of title 31, United States Code, any amounts due to an employer under this paragraph shall be treated in the same manner as a refund due from a credit provision referred to in subsection (b)(2) of such section.

(c) QUALIFIED SICK LEAVE WAGES.—For purposes of this section, the term "qualified sick leave wages" means wages (as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) and com-Code) paid by an employer which are required to be paid by reason of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act.

(d) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT FOR CERTAIN HEALTH PLAN EXPENSES

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (a) shall be increased by so much of the employer's qualified health plan expenses as are properly allocable to the qualified sick leave wages for which such credit is so allowed.

allowed. (2) QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN EXPENSES.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "qualified health plan expenses" means amounts paid or incurred by the employer to provide and maintain a group health plan (as defined in section 5000(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986), but only to the extent that such amounts are excluded from the gross income of employees by reason of section 106(a) of such Code. (3) ALLOCATION RULES.—For purposes of this section, quali-fied health plan expenses shall be allocated to qualified sick leave wages in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) may prescribe. Except as otherwise

(or the Secretary's delegate) may prescribe. Except as otherwise provided by the Secretary, such allocation shall be treated as properly made if made on the basis of being pro rata among covered employees and pro rata on the basis of periods of coverage (relative to the time periods of leave to which such wages relate). (e) SPECIAL RULES.-

(1) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—For purposes of chapter 1 of such Code, the gross income of the employer, for the taxable year which includes the last day of any calendar quarter with respect to which a credit is allowed under this section, shall be increased by the amount of such credit. Any wages taken into account in determining the credit allowed under this section shall not be taken into account for purposes of determining the credit allowed under section 45S of such Code. (2) ELECTION NOT TO HAVE SECTION APPLY.—This section

shall not apply with respect to any employer for any calendar quarter if such employer elects (at such time and in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's

(a) CERTAIN TERMS.—Any term used in this section apply.
 (3) CERTAIN TERMS.—Any term used in this section which is also used in chapter 21 of such Code shall have the same meaning as when used in such chapter.
 (4) CERTAIN GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYERS.—This credit shall used the the the term of the term of the term of the term.

(4) CERTAIN GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYERS.—This credit shall not apply to the Government of the United States, the government of any State or political subdivision thereof, or any agency or instrumentality of any of the foregoing.
(f) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) shall prescribe such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, including—

(1) regulations or other guidance to prevent the curidance

(1) regulations or other guidance to prevent the avoidance of the purposes of the limitations under this section,

(2) regulations or other guidance to minimize compliance and record-keeping burdens under this section,
(3) regulations or other guidance providing for waiver of penalties for failure to deposit amounts in anticipation of the allowance of the credit allowed under this section,

(4) regulations or other guidance for recapturing the benefit of credits determined under this section in cases where there is a subsequent adjustment to the credit determined under subsection (a), and

(5) regulations or other guidance to ensure that the wages taken into account under this section conform with the paid sick time required to be provided under the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act.

Sick Leave Act. (g) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—This section shall apply only to wages paid with respect to the period beginning on a date selected by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's del-gate) which is during the 15-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, and ending on December 31, 2020. (h) TRANSFERS TO FEDERAL OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSUR-ANCE TRUST FUND.—There are hereby appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-ability Insurance Trust Fund established under section 201 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401) and the Social Security Equiva-lent Benefit Account established under section 15A(a) of the Rail-road Retirement Act of 1974 (45 U.S.C. 231n–1(a)) amounts equal to the reduction in revenues to the Treasury by reason of this section (without regard to this subsection). Amounts appropriated by the preceding sentence shall be transferred from the general fund at such times and in such manner as to replicate to the extent possible the transfers which would have occurred to such Trust Fund or Account had this section not been enacted. SEC. 7002. CREDIT FOR SICK LEAVE FOR CERTAIN SELFEMPLOYED

SEC. 7002. CREDIT FOR SICK LEAVE FOR CERTAIN SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS.

(a) CREDIT AGAINST SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX.—In the case of an eligible self-employed individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by subtile A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for any taxable year an amount equal to the qualified sick leave equivalent amount with respect to the individual.

(b) ELIGIBLE SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUAL.—For purposes of this section, the term "eligible self-employed individual" means an indi-

(1) regularly carries on any trade or business within the meaning of section 1402 of such Code, and

(2) would be entitled to receive paid leave during the tax-able year pursuant to the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act if the individual were an employee of an employer (other than himself or herself).

(c) QUALIFIED SICK LEAVE EQUIVALENT AMOUNT.—For purposes of this section

(1) IN GENERAL.—The term "qualified sick leave equivalent amount" means, with respect to any eligible self-employed indi-vidual, an amount equal to—

(A) the number of days during the taxable year (but not more than the applicable number of days) that the individual is unable to perform services in any trade or business referred to in section 1402 of such Code for a

reason with respect to which such individual would be entitled to receive sick leave as described in subsection (b), multiplied by

(B) the lesser of— (i) \$200 (\$511 in the case of any day of paid sick time described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 5102(a) of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act), or

(ii) 67 percent (100 percent in the case of any day of paid sick time described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 5102(a) of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act) of the average daily self-employment income of the individual for the taxable year.

(2) AVERAGE DAILY SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "average daily self-employ-ment income" means an amount equal to— (A) the net earnings from self-employment of the indi-vidual for the taxable year, divided by (B) 260

(B) 260.

(B) 200. (3) APPLICABLE NUMBER OF DAYS.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "applicable number of days" means, with respect to any taxable year, the excess (if any) of 10 days over the number of days taken into account under paragraph (1)(A) in all preceding taxable years. (d) SPECIAL RULES.—

SPECIAL KULES.— (1) CREDIT REFUNDABLE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The credit determined under this section shall be treated as a credit allowed to the taxpayer under subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter is for the Code 1 of such Code.

B) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section (B) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section 1324 of title 31, United States Code, any refund due from the credit determined under this section shall be treated in the same manner as a refund due from a credit provision without due to a content of the section.

 (2) DOCUMENTATION.—No credit shall be allowed under this section unless the individual maintains such documenta-tion as the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's dele-gate) may prescribe to establish such individual as an eligible of control of the distribution of the secretary is dele-gate. self-employed individual. (3) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—In the case of an indi-

(3) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—In the case of an individual who receives wages (as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) or compensation (as defined in section 3231(e) of the Internal Revenue Code) paid by an employer which are required to be paid by reason of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act, the qualified sick leave equivalent amount otherwise determined under subsection (c) shall be reduced (but not below zero) to the extent that the sum of the amount described in such subsection and in section 7001(b)(1) exceeds \$2,000 (\$5,110 in the case of any day any portion of which is paid sick time described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 5102(a) of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act.
(4) CERTAIN TERMS.—Any term used in this section which

(4) CERTAIN TERMS.—Any term used in this section which is also used in chapter 2 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall have the same meaning as when used in such chapter.

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(e) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—Only days occurring during the period beginning on a date selected by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) which is during the 15-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, and ending on December 31, 2020, may be taken into account under subsection $(\alpha(1)(A))$ (c)(1)(A)

(f) Application of Credit in Certain Possessions.

(1) APPLICATION OF CREDIT IN CERTAIN POSSESSIONS.— (1) PAYMENTS TO POSSESSIONS WITH MIRROR CODE TAX SYS-TEMS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's dele-gate) shall pay to each possession of the United States which has a mirror code tax system amounts equal to the loss (if any) to that possession by reason of the application of the provisions of this section. Such amounts shall be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) based on information provided by the government of the respec-tive possession (2) PAYMENTS TO OTHER POSSESSIONS.—The Secretary of

(2) PAYMENTS TO OTHER POSSESSIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) shall pay to each possession of the United States which does not have a mirror code tax system amounts estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) as being equal to the aggregate benefits (if any) that would have been provided to aggregate benefits (if any) that would have been provided to residents of such possession by reason of the provisions of this section if a mirror code tax system had been in effect in such possession. The preceding sentence shall not apply unless the respective possession has a plan, which has been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate), under which such possession will promptly distribute such payments to its residents.

(3) MIRROR CODE TAX SYSTEM.—For purposes of this section, (3) MIRROR CODE TAX SYSTEM.—For purposes of this section, the term "mirror code tax system" means, with respect to any possession of the United States, the income tax system of such possession under such system is determined by reference to the income tax laws of the United States as if such possession were the United States.
(4) TREATMENTO F PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section 1324 of title 31, United States Code, the payments under this section shall be treated in the same manner as a refund due from a credit provision referred to in subsection (b)(2) of such section.

a credit provision referred to in subsection (b)(2) of such section. (g) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (or the Sec-retary's delegate) shall prescribe such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section,

(1) regulations or other guidance to effectuate the purposes

(2) regulations or other guidance to minimize compliance and record-keeping burdens under this section.

SEC. 7003. PAYROLL CREDIT FOR REQUIRED PAID FAMILY LEAVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an employer, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by section 3111(a) or 3221(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for each calendar quarter an amount equal to 100 percent of the qualified family leave wages paid by such employer with respect to such calendar quarter.

(b) LIMITATIONS AND REFUNDABILITY.-

(1) WAGES TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—The amount of qualified family leave wages taken into account under subsection (a) with respect to any individual shall not exceed—

(A) for any day (or portion thereof) for which the indi-vidual is paid qualified family leave wages, \$200, and (B) in the aggregate with respect to all calendar quar-ters, \$10,000.

ters, \$10,000. (2) CREDIT LIMITED TO CERTAIN EMPLOYMENT TAXES.—The credit allowed by subsection (a) with respect to any calendar quarter shall not exceed the tax imposed by section 3111(a) or 3221(a) of such Code for such calendar quarter (reduced by any credits allowed under subsections (e) and (f) of section 3111 of such Code, and section 7001 of this Act, for such quarter) on the wages paid with respect to the employment of all employees of the employer. (3) REFUNDABILITY OF EXCESS CREDIT.—If the amount of the credit under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation of para-graph (2) for any calendar quarter such access chall be treated

the credit under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation of para-graph (2) for any calendar quarter, such excess shall be treated as an overpayment that shall be refunded under sections 6402(a) and 6413(b) of such Code. (c) QUALIFIED FAMILY LEAVE WAGES.—For purposes of this section, the term "qualified family leave wages" means wages (as defined in section 3121(a) of such Code) and compensation (as defined in section 3231(e) of the Internal Revenue Code) paid by an employer which are required to be paid by reason of the Emer-gency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act (including the amendments made by such Act). (d) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT FOR CERTAIN HEALTH PLAN EXPENSES.—

EXPENSES.

(1) IN GENERAL.—The amount of the credit allowed under subsection (a) shall be increased by so much of the employer's qualified health plan expenses as are properly allocable to the qualified family leave wages for which such credit is so allowed.

(2) QUALIFIED HEALTH PLAN EXPENSES.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "qualified health plan expenses" means amounts paid or incurred by the employer to provide and maintain a group health plan (as defined in section 5000(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986), but only

5000(0)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986), but only to the extent that such amounts are excluded from the gross income of employees by reason of section 106(a) of such Code. (3) ALLOCATION RULES.—For purposes of this section, quali-fied health plan expenses shall be allocated to qualified family leave wages in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary of Learning Learning). (or the Secretary's delegate) may prescribe. Except as otherwise provided by the Secretary, such allocation shall be treated as properly made if made on the basis of being pro rata among covered employees and pro rata on the basis of periods of coverage (relative to the time periods of leave to which such unconsolitat) wages relate). (e) SPECIAL RULES.-

(1) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—For purposes of chapter 1 of such Code, the gross income of the employer, for the taxable year which includes the last day of any calendar quarter with respect to which a credit is allowed under this section, shall be increased by the amount of such credit. Any wages taken into account in determining the credit allowed under

this section shall not be taken into account for purposes of determining the credit allowed under section 45S of such Code.

(2) ELECTION NOT TO HAVE SECTION APPLY .- This section (2) ELECTION NOT TO HAVE SECTION APPLY.—This section shall not apply with respect to any employer for any calendar quarter if such employer elects (at such time and in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) may prescribe) not to have this section apply.
(3) CERTAIN TERMS.—Any term used in this section which is also used in chapter 21 of such Code shall have the same meaning as when used in such chapter.
(4) CERTAIN GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYERS.—This credit shall not apply to the Government of the United States, the government of any state or political subdivision thereof or any agency

not apply to the Government of the United States, the govern-ment of any State or political subdivision thereof, or any agency or instrumentality of any of the foregoing. (f) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (or the Sec-retary's delegate) shall prescribe such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section,

as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section, including—

 (1) regulations or other guidance to prevent the avoidance of the purposes of the limitations under this section,
 (2) regulations or other guidance to minimize compliance and record-keeping burdens under this section,

(3) regulations or other guidance providing for waiver of penalties for failure to deposit amounts in anticipation of the allowance of the credit allowed under this section,

(4) regulations or other guidance for recapturing the benefit of credits determined under this section in cases where there is a subsequent adjustment to the credit determined under subsection (a), and

(5) regulations or other guidance to ensure that the wages taken into account under this section conform with the paid leave required to be provided under the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act (including the amendments made by such Act).

(g) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—This section shall apply only to wages paid with respect to the period beginning on a date selected by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's dele-gate) which is during the 15-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, and ending on December 31, 2020.

of the enactment of this Act, and ending on December 31, 2020. (h) TRANSFERS TO FEDERAL OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSUR-ANCE TRUST FUND.—There are hereby appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-ability Insurance Trust Fund established under section 201 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401) and the Social Security Equiva-lent Benefit Account established under section 15A(a) of the Rail-road Retirement Act of 1974 (45 U.S.C. 231n–1(a)) amounts equal to the reduction in revenues to the Treasury by reason of this section (without regard to this subsection). Amounts appropriated by the preceding sentence shall be transferred from the general fund at such times and in such manner as to replicate to the extent possible the transfers which would have occurred to such Trust Fund or Account had this section not been enacted.

SEC. 7004. CREDIT FOR FAMILY LEAVE FOR CERTAIN SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUALS.

(a) CREDIT AGAINST SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX .-- In the case of (a) CREDIT AGAINST SELF-EMPLOYMENT TAX.—In the case of an eligible self-employed individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by subtile A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for any taxable year an amount equal to 100 percent of the qualified family leave equivalent amount with respect to the individual.

(b) ELIGIBLE SELF-EMPLOYED INDIVIDUAL.—For purposes of this section, the term "eligible self-employed individual" means an individual who-

(1) regularly carries on any trade or business within the meaning of section 1402 of such Code, and
(2) would be entitled to receive paid leave during the taxable year pursuant to the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act if the individual were an employee of an employer (other than himself or herself).
(c) QUALIFIED FAMILY LEAVE EQUIVALENT AMOUNT.—For purses of this section—

poses of this section-

(1) IN GENERAL.—The term "qualified family leave equiva-lent amount" means, with respect to any eligible self-employed individual, an amount equal to the product of—

(A) the number of days (not to exceed 50) during the taxable year that the individual is unable to perform services in any trade or business referred to in section 1402 of such Code for a reason with respect to which such individual would be entitled to receive paid leave as described in subsection (b), multiplied by (B) the lesser of—

(i) 67 percent of the average daily self-employment income of the individual for the taxable year, or (ii) \$200.

(1) \$200.
 (2) AVERAGE DAILY SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "average daily self-employment income" means an amount equal to—

 (A) the net earnings from self-employment income of the individual for the taxable year, divided by
 (B) 960.

(B) 260.

(d) SPECIAL RULES.-

(1) CREDIT REFUNDABLE.— (A) IN GENERAL.—The credit determined under this section shall be treated as a credit allowed to the taxpayer under subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code.

(B) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section 1324 of title 31, United States Code, any refund due from the credit determined under this section shall be treated in the same manner as a refund due from a credit provision

(2) DOCUMENTATION.—No credit shall be allowed under this section unless the individual maintains such documenta-tion as the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's dele-gate) may prescribe to establish such individual as an eligible self-employed individual.

(3) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—In the case of an indi-vidual who receives wages (as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) or compensation (as defined

in section 3231(e) of the Internal Revenue Code) paid by an employer which are required to be paid by reason of the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act, the qualified family leave equivalent amount otherwise described in subsection (c) shall be reduced (but not below zero) to the extent that the sum of the amount described in such subsection and

(4) CERTAIN TERMS.—Any term used in this section which is also used in chapter 2 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall have the same meaning as when used in such is chapter 2.

(5) REFERENCES TO EMERGENCY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE EXPANSION ACT.—Any reference in this section to the Emer-gency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act shall be treated as including a reference to the amendments made by such Act

Act. (e) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—Only days occurring during the period beginning on a date selected by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) which is during the 15-day period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, and ending on December 31, 2020, may be taken into account under subsection $(\alpha(1)(A))$ (c)(1)(A)

1)(A). (f) APPLICATION OF CREDIT IN CERTAIN POSSESSIONS.— (1) PAYMENTS TO POSSESSIONS WITH MIRROR CODE TAX SYS-TEMS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's dele-gate) shall pay to each possession of the United States which has a mirror code tax system amounts equal to the loss (if any) to that possession by reason of the application of the provisions of this section. Such amounts shall be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) hased on information provided by the government of the respec-tion. based on information provided by the government of the respec-(2) PAYMENTS TO OTHER POSSESSIONS.—The Secretary of

(2) FAYMENTS TO OTHER POSSESSIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) shall pay to each possession of the United States which does not have a mirror code tax system amounts estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) as being equal to the aggregate benefits (if any) that would have been provided to residents of such possession by reason of the provisions of this social tax of the provisions of the provisions of the secretary. this section if a mirror code tax system had been in effect in such possession. The preceding sentence shall not apply unless the respective possession has a plan, which has been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate), under which such possession will promptly distribute

delegate), under which such possession will promptly distribute such payments to its residents. (3) MIRROR CODE TAX SYSTEM.—For purposes of this section, the term "mirror code tax system" means, with respect to any possession of the United States, the income tax system of such possession under such system is determined by ref-erence to the income tax laws of the United States as if such possession were the United States. (4) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section 1324

(4) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section 1324 of title 31, United States Code, the payments under this section shall be treated in the same manner as a refund due from a credit provision referred to in subsection (b)(2) of such section.

(e) REGULATIONS.-The Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate) shall prescribe such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section,

(1) regulations or other guidance to prevent the avoidance of the purposes of this Act, and

(2) regulations or other guidance to minimize compliance and record-keeping burdens under this section.

SEC. 7005. SPECIAL RULE RELATED TO TAX ON EMPLOYERS.

SEC. 7005. SPECIAL RULARELATED TO TAX ON EMPLOYERS.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Any wages required to be paid by reason of the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act and the Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act shall not be considered wages for purposes of section 3111(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or compensation for purposes of section 3221(a) of such Code.
(b) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT FOR HOSPITAL INSURANCE TAXES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The credit allowed by section 7001 and the credit allowed by section 7003 shall each be increased by the amount of the tax imposed by section 3111(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or qualified family leave wages, for which credit is allowed under such section 7001 or 7003 (respectively).
(2) DENIAL OF DOUBLE BENEFIT.—For denial of double benefit with respect to the credit increase under paragraph (1), see sections 7001(e)(1) and 7003(e)(1).
(c) TRANSFERS TO FEDERAL OLD-AGE AND SURVIVORS INSURANCE TRUST FUND.—There are hereby appropriated to the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Social Security Equivalent Benefit Account established under section 15A(a) of the Railroad Retirement Act of 1974 (45 U.S.C. 231n–1(a)) amounts equal to the reduction in revenues to the Treasury by reason of this section without regard to this subsection). Amounts appropriated by the preceding sentence shall be transferred from the general fund at such times and in such manner as to replicate to the extent possible the transfers which would have occurred to such Trust Fund or Account had this section not been enacted.

DIVISION H—BUDGETARY EFFECTS

SEC. 8001. BUDGETARY EFFECTS.

(a) STATUTORY PAYGO SCORECARDS.—The budgetary effects division B and each succeeding division shall not be entered

of division B and each succeeding division shall not be entered on either PAYGO scorecard maintained pursuant to section 4(d) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010. (b) SENATE PAYGO SCORECARDS.—The budgetary effects of division B and each succeeding division shall not be entered on any PAYGO scorecard maintained for purposes of section 4106 of H. Con. Res. 71 (115th Congress). (c) CLASSIFICATION OF BUDGETARY EFFECTS.—Notwithstanding Pulp 2: of the Budget Secretorsing Chriddings out forth in the

(c) CLASSIFICATION OF BUDGETARY EFFECTS.—Notwithstanding Rule 3 of the Budget Scorekeeping Guidelines set forth in the joint explanatory statement of the committee of conference accom-panying Conference Report 105–217 and section 250(c)(8) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the

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budgetary effects of division B and each succeeding division shall not be estimated—

(1) for purposes of section 251 of such Act; and
(2) for purposes of paragraph (4)(C) of section 3 of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 as being included in an appropriation Act.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.



Senate Bill No. 95

CHAPTER 13

An act to add Sections 248.2 and 248.3 to the Labor Code, relating to employment, and making an appropriation therefor, to take effect immediately, bill related to the budget.

[Approved by Governor March 19, 2021. Filed with Secretary of State March 19, 2021.]

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 95, Skinner. Employment: COVID-19: supplemental paid sick leave. Existing law, the Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014, entitles an employee who works in California for the same employer for 30 or more days within a year from the commencement of employment to paid sick days. Under existing law, an employee accrues paid sick days at a rate of not less than one hour per every 30 hours worked, subject to certain use, accrual, and yearly carryover limitations. Existing law requires the Labor Commissioner to enforce the act and provides for procedures, including investigation and hearing, and for remedies and penalties.

Existing law, until December 31, 2020, provided for COVID-19 food sector supplemental paid sick leave for food sector workers and required a hiring entity to provide COVID-19 food sector supplemental paid sick leave, as described, to each food sector worker unable to work due to specified reasons relating to COVID-19. Existing law also established, until December 31, 2020, COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for covered workers, including certain persons employed by private businesses of 500 or more employees or persons employed as certain types of health care providers or emergency responders by public or private entities.

This bill would provide for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for covered employees, as defined, who are unable to work or telework due to certain reasons related to COVID-19, including that the employee has been advised by a health care provider to self-quarantine due to concerns related to COVID-19. The bill would entitle a covered employee to 80 hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave if that employee either works full time or was scheduled to work, on average, at least 40 hours per week for the employer in the 2 weeks preceding the date the covered employee took COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave. The bill would provide a different calculation for supplemental paid sick leave for a covered employee who is a firefighter subject to certain work schedule requirements and for a covered employee working fewer or variable hours, as specified. The bill would provide that the total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which a covered employee is entitled to under these

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provisions is in addition to any paid sick leave available under the act, as specified.

This bill would set the compensation rate for a nonexempt covered employee at the highest of the covered employee's regular rate of pay for the pay period in which the supplemental paid sick leave is taken, the state minimum wage, or the local minimum wage to which the covered employee is entitled, up to certain daily and aggregate total maximum payment limits and subject to specified federal law increases. The bill would prohibit an employer from requiring a covered employee to use other paid or unpaid leave, paid time off, or vacation time provided by the employer to the covered employee before that employee uses COVID-19 supplemental paid leave or in lieu thereof, except in certain circumstances in which the employer provides another supplemental benefit for leave for COVID-19, as prescribed. The bill would require the Labor Commissioner to enforce these COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave provisions, as provided. The bill would also require the Labor Commissioner to make publicly available a model notice relating to COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave.

This bill would also provide for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for specified in-home supportive service providers and personal waiver care service providers, as defined, who are unable to work or telework due to certain reasons related to COVID-19. Under the bill, a provider would be entitled to COVID-19 supplemental paid leave if, among other reasons, the provider is subject to a quarantine or isolation period related to COVID-19 pursuant to an order or guidelines of the State Department of Public Health, the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, or a local health officer, or has been advised by a health care provider to self-quarantine due to concerns related to COVID-19. The bill would entitle a provider to up to 80 hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid leave, if the provider worked or was scheduled to work, on average, at least 40 hours per week, as specified, or met certain other work conditions. The bill would set the compensation rate for this supplemental paid sick leave, as specified. The bill would authorize the State Department of Social Services and the State Department of Health Care Services to implement, interpret, or make these provisions specific by means of all-county letters or similar instructions, without taking any regulatory action.

The bill would make these requirements, with respect to covered employees, in-home supportive service providers, and personal waiver care service providers, to provide COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave take effect 10 days after the date of enactment of the bill and would apply these provisions retroactively to January 1, 2021, as specified. The bill would provide that the requirement to provide COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave would apply until September 30, 2021, as specified.

This bill would appropriate \$100,000 from the General Fund to the Labor Commissioner for staffing resources to implement and enforce these provisions.

This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as a bill providing for appropriations related to the Budget Bill.

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Appropriation: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 248.2 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

248.2. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave" means supplemental paid sick leave provided pursuant to this section.

(2) "Employer" means an employer, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 245.5, that employs more than 25 employees.

(3) "Covered employee" means an employee who is unable to work or telework for an employer because of a reason listed under paragraph (1) of subdivision (b).

(4) "Firefighter" means an active firefighting member of any of the following:

(A) A fire department of a city, county, city and county, district, or other public or municipal corporation or political subdivision.

(B) A fire department of the University of California and the California State University.

(C) The Department of Forestry and Fire Protection.

(D) A county forestry or firefighting department or unit.

(E) A fire department that serves a United States Department of Defense installation and whose firefighters are certified by the United States Department of Defense as meeting its standards for firefighters.

(F) A fire department that serves a National Aeronautics and Space Administration installation and that adheres to training standards established in accordance with Article 4 (commencing with Section 13155) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 12 of the Health and Safety Code.

(G) A fire department that provides fire protection to a commercial airport regulated by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) under Part 139 (commencing with Section 139.1) of Subchapter G of Chapter 1 of Title 14 of the Federal Code of Regulations whose firefighters are trained and certified by the State Fire Marshal as meeting the standards of Fire Control 5 and Section 139.319 of Title 14 of the Federal Code of Regulations.

(H) Fire and rescue services coordinators who work for the Office of Emergency Services. For purposes of this clause, "fire and rescue services coordinators" means coordinators with any of the following job classifications: coordinator, senior coordinator, or chief coordinator.

(b) A covered employee shall be entitled to COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as follows:

(1) An employer shall provide COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to each covered employee if that covered employee is unable to work or telework due to any of the following reasons:

(A) The covered employee is subject to a quarantine or isolation period related to COVID-19 as defined by an order or guidelines of the State Department of Public Health, the federal Centers for Disease Control and

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Prevention, or a local health officer who has jurisdiction over the workplace. If the covered employee is subject to more than one of the foregoing, the covered employee shall be permitted to use COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for the minimum quarantine or isolation period under the order or guidelines that provides for the longest such minimum period.

(B) The covered employee has been advised by a health care provider to self-quarantine due to concerns related to COVID-19.

(C) The covered employee is attending an appointment to receive a vaccine for protection against contracting COVID-19.

(D) The covered employee is experiencing symptoms related to a COVID-19 vaccine that prevent the employee from being able to work or telework.

(E) The covered employee is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 and seeking a medical diagnosis.

(F) The covered employee is caring for a family member, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 245.5, who is subject to an order or guidelines described in subparagraph (A) or who has been advised to self-quarantine, as described in subparagraph (B).

(G) The covered employee is caring for a child, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 245.5, whose school or place of care is closed or otherwise unavailable for reasons related to COVID-19 on the premises.

(2) A covered employee shall be entitled to the following number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave:

(A) A covered employee is entitled to 80 hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave, if the covered employee satisfies either of the following criteria:

(i) The employer considers the covered employee to work full time.

(ii) The covered employee worked or was scheduled to work, on average, at least 40 hours per week for the employer in the two weeks preceding the date the covered employee took COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a covered employee who is a firefighter who was scheduled to work more than 80 hours for the employer in the two weeks preceding the date the covered employee took COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave is entitled to an amount of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave equal to the total number of hours that the covered employee was scheduled to work for the employer in those two preceding weeks.

(C) A covered employee who does not satisfy the criteria in subparagraph (A) or subparagraph (B) is entitled to an amount of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as follows:

(i) If the covered employee has a normal weekly schedule, the total number of hours the covered employee is normally scheduled to work for the employer over two weeks.

(ii) If the covered employee works a variable number of hours, 14 times the average number of hours the covered employee worked each day for the employer in the six months preceding the date the covered employee took COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave. If the covered employee has Attachment C

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worked for the employer over a period of fewer than six months but more than 14 days, this calculation shall instead be made over the entire period the covered employee has worked for the employer.

(iii) If the covered employee works a variable number of hours and has worked for the employer over a period of 14 days or fewer, the total number of hours the covered employee has worked for that employer.

(D) The total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which a covered employee is entitled pursuant to subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) shall be in addition to any paid sick leave that may be available to the covered employee under Section 246.

(E) A covered employee may determine how many hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to use, up to the total number of hours to which the covered employee is entitled pursuant to subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of this paragraph. The employer shall make COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave available for immediate use by the covered employee, upon the oral or written request of the covered employee to the employer.

(F) An employer is not required to provide a covered employee more than the total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which the covered employee is entitled pursuant to subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of this paragraph.

(3) (A) Each hour of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave shall be compensated at a rate equal to the following:

(i) For nonexempt covered employees, by the highest of the following:

(I) Calculated in the same manner as the regular rate of pay for the workweek in which the covered employee uses COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave, whether or not the employee actually works overtime in that workweek.

(II) Calculated by dividing the covered employee's total wages, not including overtime premium pay, by the employee's total hours worked in the full pay periods of the prior 90 days of employment.

(III) The state minimum wage.

(IV) The local minimum wage to which the covered employee is entitled.

(ii) COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for exempt covered employees shall be calculated in the same manner as the employer calculates wages for other forms of paid leave time.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a covered employee who is entitled to an amount of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), shall be compensated for each hour of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave at the regular rate of pay to which the covered employee would be entitled as if the covered employee had been scheduled to work those hours, pursuant to existing law or an applicable collective bargaining agreement.

(C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) or (B), an employer shall not be required to pay more than five hundred eleven dollars (\$511) per day and five thousand one hundred ten dollars (\$5,110) in the aggregate to a covered employee for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave taken by the covered employee unless federal legislation is enacted that increases these amounts

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beyond the amounts that were included in the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act established by the federal Families First Coronavirus Response Act (Public Law 116-127), in which case the new federal dollar amounts shall apply to this section as of the date the new amounts are applicable under the federal law. Nothing in this subparagraph shall prevent a covered employee who has reached the maximum amounts, as set forth herein, from choosing to utilize other paid leave that is available to the covered employee in order to fully compensate the covered employee for leave taken.

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(4) An employer shall not require a covered employee to use any other paid or unpaid leave, paid time off, or vacation time provided by the employer to the covered employee before the covered employee uses COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave or in lieu of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, in order to satisfy the requirement to maintain an employee's earnings when an employee is excluded from the workplace due to COVID-19 exposure under the Cal-OSHA COVID-19 Emergency Temporary Standards at Sections 3205 through 3205.4, inclusive, of Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations or the Cal-OSHA Aerosol Transmissible Diseases Standard at Section 5199 of Title 8 of the California Code of Regulations, an employer may require a covered employee to first exhaust their COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave under this section.

(c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), if an employer pays a covered employee another supplemental benefit for leave taken on or after January 1, 2021, that is payable for the reasons listed in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) and that compensates the covered employee in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of compensation for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which the covered employee is entitled as set forth under paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), then the employer may count the hours of the other paid benefit or leave towards the total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave that the employer is required to provide to the covered employee under paragraph (2) of subdivision (b). For purposes of the foregoing, the other supplemental benefit for leave taken that may be counted does not include paid sick leave to which the covered employee is entitled under Section 246, subdivision (e) of Section 248, or subdivision (f) of Section 248.1 but may include paid leave provided by the employer pursuant to any federal or local law in effect or that became effective on or after January 1, 2021, if the paid leave is provided to the covered employee under that law for any of the same reasons set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b).

(d) In addition to other remedies as may be provided by the laws of this state or its subdivisions, including, but not limited to, the remedies available to redress any unlawful business practice under Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 17200) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code, the Labor Commissioner shall enforce this section. For purposes of enforcement and to implement COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave, this section shall apply as follows:

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(1) The Labor Commissioner shall enforce this section as if COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave constitutes "paid sick days," "paid sick leave," or "sick leave" under subdivisions (i) and (n) of Section 246, subdivisions (b) and (c) of Section 246.5, Section 247, Section 247.5, and Section 248.5.

(2) For purposes of the enforcement of subdivision (i) of Section 246 as it relates to this section:

(A) COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave shall be set forth separately from paid sick days.

(B) The requirement in subdivision (i) of Section 246 is not enforceable until the next full pay period following the date that this section takes effect.

(C) When covered employees have schedules described in clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), an employer may meet the requirement of subdivision (i) of Section 246 for such covered employees by doing an initial calculation of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave available and indicating "(variable)" next to that calculation. This, however, does not exempt an employer from providing a covered employee an updated calculation when such a covered employee requests to use COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave or requests relevant records under Section 247.5.

(3) Section 249 applies to COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave.

(4) By seven days after the date of enactment of this section, the Labor Commissioner shall make publicly available a model notice for purposes of Section 247. Only for purposes of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave, if an employer's covered employees do not frequent a workplace, the employer may satisfy the notice requirement of subdivision (a) of Section 247 by disseminating notice through electronic means, such as by electronic mail.

(e) (1) The requirement to provide COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as set forth in this section shall take effect 10 days after the date of enactment of this section, at which time the requirements shall apply retroactively to January 1, 2021.

(2) The requirement to provide COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as set forth in this section applies retroactively to January 1, 2021, in order to protect the economic well-being of covered employees who took leave for the reasons listed in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) beginning on or after January 1, 2021, when the requirements in Sections 248, 248.1, and the Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act established by the federal Families First Coronavirus Response Act (Public Law 116-127) expired, and before the effective date of this section.

(A) For any such leave taken, if the employer did not compensate the covered employee in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of compensation for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which the covered employee is entitled as set forth under paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), then upon the oral or written request of the employee, the employer shall provide the covered employee with a retroactive payment that provides for such compensation.

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(B) For any such retroactive payment, the number of hours of leave corresponding to the amount of the retroactive payment shall count towards the total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave that the employer is required to provide to the covered employee under paragraph (2) of subdivision (b).

(C) This retroactive payment shall be paid on or before the payday for the next full pay period after the oral or written request of the covered employee. The retroactive payment shall be reflected on the written notice required by subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) for the corresponding pay period.

(D) The requirement to provide a retroactive payment under this subdivision is in addition to the requirements in subdivision (e) of Section 248 and subdivision (f) of Section 248.1 that a covered employee taking COVID-19 food sector supplemental paid sick leave or COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave at the time of the expiration of those sections shall be permitted to take the full amount of such supplemental paid sick leave to which that covered employee otherwise would have been entitled under those sections.

(f) The requirement to provide COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as set forth in this section shall remain in effect through September 30, 2021, except that a covered employee taking COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave at the time of the expiration of this section shall be permitted to take the full amount of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which the covered employee otherwise would have been entitled under this section.

(g) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

(h) The provisions of this section shall not apply to providers of in-home supportive services under Section 14132.95, 14132.952, or 14132.956 of, or Article 7 (commencing with Section 12300) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 9 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code, or waiver personal care services pursuant to Section 14132.97 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

SEC. 2. Section 248.3 is added to the Labor Code, to read:

248.3. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave" means supplemental paid sick leave provided pursuant to this section.

(2) "Provider" or "providers" means a provider of in-home supportive services under Section 14132.95, 14132.952, or 14132.956 of, or Article 7 (commencing with Section 12300) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 9 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code, or waiver personal care services pursuant to Section 14132.97 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

(3) "Work" or "worked" means providing authorized in-home supportive services under Section 14132.95, 14132.952, or 14132.956 of, or Article 7 (commencing with Section 12300) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 9 of, the Welfare and Institutions Code, or waiver personal care services pursuant

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to Section 14132.97 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, to an eligible recipient.

(b) A provider shall be entitled to COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as follows:

(1) COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave shall be available to a provider if that provider is unable to work due to any of the following reasons:

(A) The provider is subject to a quarantine or isolation period related to COVID-19 as defined by an order or guidelines of the State Department of Public Health, the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, or a local health officer who has jurisdiction over the workplace. If the provider is subject to more than one of the foregoing, the provider shall be permitted to use COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for the minimum quarantine or isolation period under the order or guidelines that provides for the longest minimum period.

(B) The provider has been advised by a health care provider to self-quarantine due to concerns related to COVID-19.

(C) The provider is attending an appointment to receive a vaccine for protection against contracting COVID-19.

(D) The provider is experiencing symptoms related to a COVID-19 vaccine that prevents the provider from being able to work.

(E) The provider is experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 and seeking a medical diagnosis.

(F) The provider is caring for a family member, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 245.5, who is subject to an order or guidelines described in subparagraph (A) or who has been advised to self-quarantine, as described in subparagraph (B).

(G) The provider is caring for a child, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section 245.5, whose school or place of care is closed or otherwise unavailable for reasons related to COVID-19 on the premises.

(2) A provider shall be entitled to the following number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave:

(A) A provider is entitled to 80 hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave if the provider worked or was scheduled to work, on average, at least 40 hours per week in the two weeks preceding the date the provider took COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave.

(B) A provider who does not satisfy the criteria in subparagraph (A) is entitled to an amount of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as follows, up to a maximum of 80 hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave:

(i) If the provider has a regular weekly schedule, the total number of hours the provider is normally scheduled to work over two weeks.

(ii) If the provider works a variable number of hours, 14 times the average number of hours the provider worked each day for the employer in the six months preceding the date the provider took COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave. If the provider has worked over a period of fewer than six months but more than 14 days, this calculation shall instead be made over the entire period the provider has worked.

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(iii) If the provider works a variable number of hours and has worked over a period of 14 days or fewer, the total number of hours the provider has worked.

(C) The total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which a provider is entitled pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) shall be determined on the first day that the provider uses COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave under this section and shall be in addition to any paid sick leave that may be available to the provider under Section 246.

(D) A provider may determine how many hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to use, up to the total number of hours to which the provider is entitled pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B). The COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave is available for immediate use by the provider, and the provider shall inform the recipient of the need to take sick leave and submit a sick leave claim to the county consistent with established procedures in that county.

(E) A provider is not entitled to more than the total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which the provider is entitled pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B).

(3) Each hour of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave shall be compensated at the regular rate of pay to which the provider would be entitled if the provider had been scheduled to work those hours pursuant to existing law or an applicable collective bargaining agreement.

(4) A provider shall not be required to use any other paid or unpaid leave before the provider uses COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave or in lieu of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave.

(c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b), if a provider takes paid leave on or after April 1, 2021, that is payable for the reasons listed in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) that compensates the provider in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of compensation for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which the provider is entitled as set forth under paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), the hours of the other paid benefit or leave may be counted towards the total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which the provider is entitled under paragraph (2) of subdivision (b). For purposes of the foregoing, the other supplemental benefit for leave taken that may be counted does not include paid sick leave to which the provider Section 246, but may include paid leave provided by any federal or local law that becomes effective on or after April 1, 2021, if the paid leave is provided to the provider under that law for any of the same reasons set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b).

(d) (1) The entitlement to COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as set forth in this section shall take effect 10 days after the date of enactment of this section, at which time the entitlements shall apply retroactively to January 1, 2021.

(2) The entitlement to COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as set forth in this section applies retroactively to January 1, 2021.

(A) For any such leave taken, if the provider was not compensated in an amount equal to or greater than the amount of compensation for COVID-19

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supplemental paid sick leave to which the provider is entitled as set forth under paragraph (3) of subdivision (b), then the provider shall be entitled to a retroactive payment that provides for such compensation.

(B) For any such retroactive payment, the number of hours of leave corresponding to the amount of the retroactive payment shall count towards the total number of hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave that the provider is entitled to under paragraph (2) of subdivision (b).

(C) The COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave provided under this section is in addition to any unused sick leave benefits put in place by the federal Family First Coronavirus Response Act (Public Law 116-127), which a provider may still use until March 31, 2021.

(e) The entitlement to COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave as set forth in this section shall remain in effect through September 30, 2021, except that a provider taking COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave at the time of the expiration of this section shall be permitted to take the full amount of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave to which the provider otherwise would have been entitled under this section.

(f) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

(g) Notwithstanding the rulemaking provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), the State Department of Social Services and the State Department of Health Care Services may implement, interpret, or make specific this section by means of all-county letters or similar instructions, without taking any regulatory action.

SEC. 3. The sum of \$100,000 is hereby appropriated from the General Fund to the Labor Commissioner for staffing resources to implement and enforce the provisions related to the COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave in this act.

SEC. 4. This act is a bill providing for appropriations related to the Budget Bill within the meaning of subdivision (e) of Section 12 of Article IV of the California Constitution, has been identified as related to the budget in the Budget Bill, and shall take effect immediately.

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Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer

SUBJECT: DISCOVERY OF ERRONEOUS CALCULATION OF FINAL AVERAGE SALARY FOR FULL-TIME MEMBERS WITH LESS THAN THREE YEARS OCERS SERVICE AND PART-TIME MEMBERS

Presentation

Background/Discussion

OCERS management has determined that the calculation we have used to determine Final Average Salary, a component of the retirement benefit calculation (Years of Service x Factor [2.7%, 3.0%, etc.] x Final Average Salary) for full-time members with less than three years of OCERS credited service and part-time members regardless of years of OCERS credited service is in error and must be corrected.

CALCULATING FINAL AVERAGE SALARY

An OCERS Administrative Procedure (OAP) explains the calculation of Final Average Salary for both Legacy and PEPRA members:

https://www.ocers.org/sites/main/files/file-attachments/finalaveragesalaryoap.pdf?1550791027

The OAP specifically lists "true overtime" among a number of other pay items that are excluded from the "compensation earnable" (for Legacy members) and "pensionable compensation" (for PEPRA members) used to calculate Final Average Salary. However, in discussing part-time members and full-time members with less than three years of OCERS credited service, the OAP states in part:

If a member is a part-time employee or a full-time employee with less than 1 year of service (Tier 1) or 3 years of service (Tier 2), then the FAS is calculated using the member's <u>Gross</u> <u>Salary</u>. The member's sum of Gross Salary is divided by the number of months of service credited in OCERS and multiplied by 12. (Emphasis added.)

OCERS has through the years consistently interpreted CERL sections 31462 (applicable to Legacy members) and 31462.05 (applicable to PEPRA members), and CERL section 31462.2 (applicable to part-time Legacy and PEPRA members), as providing a windfall to what was otherwise a statutory prohibition against including "true overtime" (among other otherwise non-pensionable pay items) in a member's Final Average Salary calculation.

I-1 Discovery Of Erroneous Calculation Of Final Average Salary For Full-Time Members With Less Than Three Years OCERS Service And Part-Time Members 1 of 5 Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022 Section 31462(a) states in part "[i]f a member has less than three years of service, his or her final compensation shall be determined by dividing his or her **total compensation** by the number of months of service credited to him or her and multiplying by 12." (Emphasis added.) Similarly, section 31462.05(b) says "[i]f a member has less than three years of service, that member's final compensation shall be determined by dividing the **total compensation** by the number of months of service credited to the member and multiplying by 12. (Emphasis added.)

Section 31462.2(a) says "'[f]inal compensation' for members whose service is on a tenure that is temporary, seasonal, intermittent, or for part time only means one-third of the **total compensation** earned for that period of time during which the member rendered the equivalent of three years of full-time service." (Emphasis added.)

In 2004 OCERS legal staff approved a pre-existing practice that defined "total compensation" in the CERL sections quoted above as "Gross Salary" when determining Final Average Salary for part-time members regardless of the number of years of OCERS credited service and full-time members with less than three years of OCERS credited service. "Gross Salary" included all payments reported by the employer in a member's "Gross Salary", including "true overtime". In other words, shorter-tenured employees similarly situated to longer-tenured employees (and part-time employees similarly situated to full-time and other otherwise non-pensionable pay items despite the fact that no employer or employee retirement contributions would have been collected on such non-pensionable compensation.

OCERS included this interpretation of the law in the plan definitions on the OCERS website, in our website benefit estimator, and in the Final Average Salary OAP cited above.

A number of recent developments brought this issue to the fore, and the OCERS legal team, in consultation with the Board's Fiduciary Counsel, now advise that this interpretation of "total compensation" as used in CERL sections 31462, 31462.05 and 31462.2 is in error and should be corrected.

ALAMEDA

The Supreme Court's 2020 decision in the ALAMEDA case has focused a spotlight on the inclusion of overtime hours – pay for services rendered outside normal working hours. If overtime is a part of a member's "normal working hours", those overtime hours can continue to be included in the Final Average Salary; but as we learned in this past year, no OCERS employer has yet been able to document the use of overtime in that manner. Instead, overtime has been to-date deemed "true overtime",

which as noted in the OAP is excluded from Final Average Salary. While not directly applicable to this issue of determining Final Average Salary for part-time members and full-time members with less than three years of OCERS credited service, the decision in ALAMEDA suggested that OCERS should evaluate all uses of overtime, or other similar "gross salary" pay items.

RECENTLY TRANSFERRED FIREFIGHTERS POISED TO RETIRE EARLY

The determination to change our previous interpretation of "total compensation" has been primarily driven by a situation that recently arose with the Orange County Fire Authority (OCFA). As you may be aware, in 2019 the City of Garden Grove merged its fire department, previously under CalPERS benefit coverage, with OCFA. From that date forward, these firefighters began to earn service credit in OCERS.

An OCFA representative reached out to OCERS in the last week of December, having learned that a number of OCFA's recently acquired Garden Grove employees, because of prior reciprocal service with CalPERS, were planning to retire as of December 31, 2021. OCFA's concern was that these individuals were choosing to retire sooner than originally planned in order to take advantage of how OCERS was calculating Final Average Salary for members with less than three years of OCERS credited service at the time of retirement. Having conferred with a private sector labor attorney who disagreed with how OCERS was interpreting the law, OCFA asked for an opportunity for its attorney to speak with the OCERS legal team in the hope of demonstrating what they believed to be the correct reading of the statute -- one that would disallow the windfall for shorter-tenured employees.

Prior to such a meeting, OCERS management and legal staff, in consultation with Fiduciary Counsel, determined that OCERS had been misinterpreting the phrase "total compensation" as used in CERL sections 31462, 31462.05 and 31462.2.

On Wednesday, December 29, after first informing OCERS Board Chair Dewane and OCERS 2022 Board Chair Eley, I contacted OCFA and informed them that OCERS was immediately changing its prior interpretation of "total compensation" and would not be including pay items other than those meeting the definition of "compensation earnable" (for Legacy members) or "pensionable compensation" (for PEPRA members) in any Final Average Salary calculation.

That same day Assistant CEO, Suzanne Jenike, had the painful task of calling three OCFA firefighter members who were planning to retire just two days later, and informing them of OCERS' prior error. She had to inform each member that rather than receiving a benefit based on an inflated Final Average Salary figure which included overtime, as well as any other "Gross Salary" components not normally included in "compensation earnable", as they had been previously informed, if they still chose to retire on December 31, they would instead receive a benefit based on the lower Final Average Salary figure based on "compensation earnable".

I-1 Discovery Of Erroneous Calculation Of Final Average Salary For Full-Time Members With Less Than Three Years OCERS Service And Part-Time Members
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TWO GOVERNANCE PROCESSES REQUIRE ATTENTION

Responding to Trustee Queries

The unfortunate delay in coming to this realization that OCERS had been misinterpreting the abovementioned CERL sections also requires my attention as OCERS CEO. To his credit, Trustee Jeremy Vallone, having learned of his fellow firefighters' determination to retire in order to take advantage of an inflated Final Average Salary, reached out to OCERS over the past months to assure himself that what these members were being told by OCERS was correct. He did not believe that this process of including "true overtime" and other otherwise non-pensionable pay items in Final Average Salary could be proper. Posing his questions from various angles, and on numerous occasions, he received the same response each time from staff – OCERS would use "total compensation" – that is, Gross Salary -in the calculation of these member's Final Average Salary. Trustee Vallone was ultimately right, and we were wrong.

Why didn't the incessant questioning by one of our own trustees, incredulous that OCERS could be making this determination, raise a red flag for us earlier? Why did it take a participating employer with questioning attorneys to cause us to really think hard about our multi-decade approach? That is on us. The OCERS management team will need to step back, look to our due diligence processes, and ensure that every time a question is raised by a Trustee or similar stakeholder party as to the accuracy of an existing policy or procedure, or whenever a member of our OCERS team sees a situation that just doesn't seem logical, it is given serious, thoughtful, consideration.

Determining What Other Long Term Process Determinations Might Still Need to be Corrected?

While informing the Chair, Vice Chair and later the Immediate Past Chair of this change in direction, a common question was how can OCERS management ensure that there aren't other erroneous statutory interpretations guiding other current OCERS processes?

We will need to audit our processes and our participating employers' reporting of pay codes in a manner similar to the approach taken in 2020 when all pay items were reviewed for eligibility for inclusion in Final Average Salary. That process greatly reduced if not eliminated the possibility of some obscure pay item later arising as disallowed, something we had encountered on a number of occasions prior to that effort.

Additionally, I do believe our work to implement robotic process automation (RPA) and other forms of Artificial Intelligence as part of our Vision 2030 goal will help identify and eliminate erroneous process applications such as this.

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WHAT DOES THE OCERS BOARD OF RETIREMENT NEED TO DO AT THIS TIME?

No action by the Board is presently required.

OCERS staff will continue to determine what members are impacted, whether presently retired or still active, and at a later date will return to have the Board consider its options.

Additionally, it is probable that the Board will be considering this issue in the appeal process.

Submitted by:

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SD - Approved

Steve Delaney Chief Executive Officer

I-1 Discovery Of Erroneous Calculation Of Final Average Salary For Full-Time Members With Less Than Three Years OCERS Service And Part-Time Members 5 of 5 Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022



Final Average Salary

Steve Delaney, CEO January 18, 2022





OCERS Staff recently discovered an error with the calculation of final average salary for a specific set of members:

- Full-time member less than 3 years of service
- Part-time members

FAS captured "total compensation" instead of total compensation earnable. Potential for significantly overstated FAS.





FAS using "total compensation" = \$23,000 FAS Results: \$23,000 X 2.5% X 2 years = \$1,150/month

FAS using total compensation <u>earnable</u> = \$12,000 FAS Results: \$12,000 X 2.5% X 2 = \$600/month

QUESTIONS?





Memorandum

DATE: January 5, 2022
TO: Members of the Board of Retirement
FROM: Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer
SUBJECT: 2021 OCERS INNOVATIONS AND PROCESS IMPROVEMENTS

Presentation

Background/Discussion

At the start of each calendar year your OCERS team proudly reports on the innovations and process improvements that have been undertaken at OCERS over the prior calendar year. The OCERS management team emphasizes the importance of always striving to improve the services we render to our thousands of members.

I include links here to two great contrasting articles that address the importance of innovation in public agencies such as OCERS:

The first suggests that government, just like private sector, can have break through innovative moments:

Break Through Innovation - <u>https://ssir.org/articles/entry/unleashing_breakthrough_innovation_in_government</u>

The second is what we see more of, slow continuous change that is termed here "slow growth innovation":

Slow Growth Innovation - https://www.newamerica.org/weekly/effective-government-innovation-facebook/

The key is to always encourage that mindset of continuous improvement, and innovative thinking.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) has commented on the value of maintaining an innovative outlook in government with a word of caution:

"Local governments need to worry more about creating and sustaining an innovation-friendly administrative environment than about attempting innovations because they are in vogue somewhere else. A new fad is not necessarily what will work well for your specific organization. When Peters and Waterman described how their organizations brought about innovations, they found that these companies created the right atmosphere and conditions to allow innovative thinking to flourish."

When implementing innovation and improving processes at OCERS, it's not about doing more with less; it's about doing better with the resources we have. We are not looking for complex strategies, which often add confusion; instead we look to make straightforward simple change and improvement that creates better results.

The innovations and process improvements that were implemented this past year required the assistance of the entire OCERS team, and on January 18 you will hear from OCERS' management as they share details of some of the key efforts that were made in 2021.

Submitted by:



Steve Delaney Chief Executive Officer



January 18, 2022



100% Accuracy

- Organizational Changes

- Addition of multilayer QA process, dedicated call center representatives.
- Overhaul of the Final Average Salary calculation process
 - Automation through macros, links to procedures, locked formulas.
- Enhancement of the payroll log
- Upgrade of CLEAR/Death Match Process
 - Vendor to verify initial data and pass to OCERS once information is confirmed.



Administration Improvements

Outsourcing of Mail

Incoming USPS mail scanned by a vendor and electronically routed to OCERS Team Members:

- Saves time for mail processing
- Improves Disaster Recovery/Business Continuity Plan

Streamlined Process for Medical Records related to Disability Retirement applications

- Eliminated the chronological list of medical records should result in significant reduction in processing time
- Expanded the use of a copy service to expedite retrieval of medical records





Administration Improvements

NLL (Next Level Leadership) program

- · Agency-wide program to develop next generation supervisors and managers
- Competitive internal application process
- Develop multi-dimensional leadership competencies customized to OCERS
- Real-time skills application period
- 1st pilot program resulted in successfully filling the Retirement Benefits Program Supervisor



Rafael Lopez "The Next Level Leadership program really helped me develop and apply the skills that make an effective leader."



Sandy Guevara "The NLL program taught me that there is always room for developing and strengthening leadership skills. Be patient, motivating and encouraging. "An open mind is a beautiful mind"."



David Acuna "I'm so glad I took the opportunity to apply for the NLL program. The things I learned were invaluable and I know they'll be applicable throughout my career moving forward."





Cost Savings / Risk Reductions

Private Equity Co-Investments

- Investments into direct deals sponsored by existing General Partners
- Designed to significantly reduce management fees and performance carry
- Allocation of 10% of annual private equity capital commitments

New Records Management Program

- Comprehensive OCERS-wide program
- Clear roles and responsibilities to ensure compliance
- Electronic mail auto-destruction after two years

Outsourcing Check Printing

- All retiree payments processed remotely
- Improves Business Continuity/Disaster Recovery plan

"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."



Enhanced Security



Secure Messaging

- Enables OCERS to send sensitive information via email over an encrypted channel
- Provides end-to-end security from the sender all the way through to the recipient
- Easy to use functionality embedded directly within Microsoft Outlook



Privileged Access Management

- Implemented a privileged access management system to protect administrator-level accounts
- Enforces automatic password complexity, rotation, and uniqueness for administrative accounts
- All administrator session activity is recorded for auditing and forensic purposes



Integrated Incident Response Program

- Developed an incident response program as a guideline for managing cybersecurity events
- Enables OCERS to respond to cybersecurity incidents efficiently while minimizing impact to business
- Includes playbooks for common cybersecurity incident scenarios

"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."



Continuous Improvement Suggestions Thought Leaders

Mark Adviento Rose Bowen

Jayne Ritchey

Brittany Cleberg

Megan Cortez

Lisa D'Aiello

Barbara Fields

Vincent Durigon

Gema Garcia

Erika Gonzalez

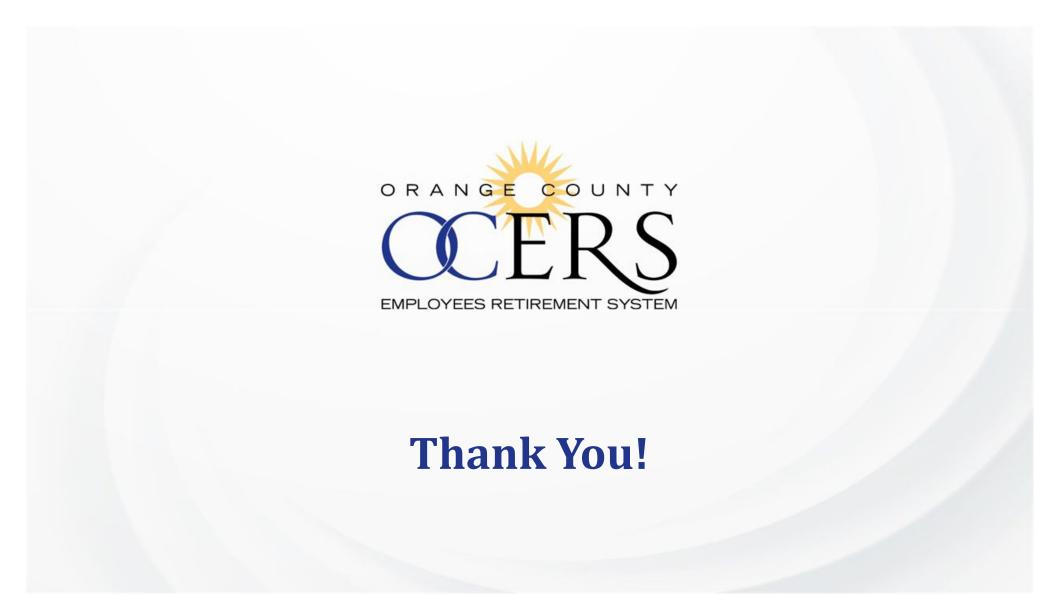
Dena Gunsolley

David Kim

Christopher Rubio

Jenny Sadoski

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Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer

SUBJECT: COVID-19 UPDATE

Presentation

The OCERS staff continues to do a great job meeting the COVID-19 challenge and ensuring that our members receive the services they expect as we fulfil this agency's mission. Rather than provide you with a written report of the agency status prior to the Tuesday, January 18th meeting of the OCERS Board of Retirement, I will instead provide a verbal update of plan status and challenges at that time. This recognizes the fact that issues impacted by COVID-19 seem to change daily.

Submitted by:



Steve Delaney Chief Executive Officer

Orange County Employees Retirement System Retirement Board Meeting January 18, 2022 Application Notices

Member Name Agency/Employer Retirement Date							
Anderson, Carol	Superior Court	11/5/2021					
Applebaum, Leonard	Child Support Services	11/20/2021					
Athas, Dianna	Public Defender	11/19/2021					
Baca, Conrad	OCTA	11/1/2021					
Barcenas-Cabrera, Marisela	Health Care Agency	10/8/2021					
Batina, Sandra	Superior Court	11/19/2021					
	OC Public Works	11/16/2021					
Blinstrub, Matthew		11/19/2021					
Bretz, Kurt	Assessor						
Cao, Andrea	Social Services Agency	10/8/2021					
Chilecki, Dana	Sheriff's Dept	11/5/2021					
Ciafone, Robin	Health Care Agency	11/5/2021					
Cocking, Paul	Treasurer - Tax Collector	11/10/2021					
Coleman, Sherrie	Probation	11/5/2021					
Condaras, Nicolas	Sheriff's Dept	11/5/2021					
Covarrubias, Jose	OCTA	11/21/2021					
Denk, Jeffrey	OCTA	11/7/2021					
Denny, Mark	County Executive Office (CEO)	11/15/2021					
Flores, Agustin	Sheriff's Dept	10/28/2021					
Flores, Richard	John Wayne Airport	11/5/2021					
Gallagher, Gina	OCTA	9/9/2021					
Gaytan Almenara, Cynthia	Social Services Agency	11/5/2021					
Gonzales, Cipriano	OCTA	11/7/2021					
Hagerty, Wanda	Sanitation District	11/17/2021					
Harden, Jocelyn	Probation	11/1/2021					
Harvey, Rosemary	OCTA	10/2/2021					
Howard, Charlotta	Health Care Agency	10/6/2021					
Jefferson Synthia	Probation	11/23/2021					
Jones, Kimberly	OC Community Resources	10/29/2021					
Knowles, Gary	OCTA	11/7/2021					
Le-Pho, Bachtuyet	Social Services Agency	11/5/2021					
Liu, Mui	OC Community Resources	11/5/2021					
Lore, Angela	Sheriff's Dept	11/5/2021					
Martinez, Dianne	Human Resources Dept	11/5/2021					
Napoles Loreto, Luz	In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)	10/31/2021					
New, Susan	Superior Court	11/5/2021					
Norombaba Petersen, Jeanette	Social Services Agency	11/9/2021					
Palmquist, Jennifer	Probation	11/19/2021					
Peck, Andrew	Sheriff's Dept	7/1/2021					
Potter, Adam	Sheriff's Dept	7/17/2021					
Raymundo, Jesse	Sheriff's Dept	11/13/2021					
Rios, Isabel	OC Waste & Recycling	9/24/2021					
Rivers, Robert	Auditor Controller	11/14/2021					
Romero, Jeffrey	City of San Juan Capistrano	11/15/2021					
Rondinella, Barry	John Wayne Airport	11/19/2021					
Rose, John	District Attorney	11/5/2021					
Saunders, Kimberly	Probation	10/22/2021					
Sickles, Robert	OCTA	11/21/2021					
Smith, Craig	Superior Court	10/8/2021					
Smith, Donna	Health Care Agency	11/5/2021					

Member Name	Agency/Employer	Retirement Date		
Sterling, James	OCTA	11/7/2021		
Teschner, Mariane	John Wayne Airport	11/5/2021		
Thai, Le	Superior Court	11/5/2021		
Tietz, Tim	OCTA	11/2/2021		
Tiliaia, Rosanna	OC Community Resources	11/19/2021		
Wallin, Laura	Health Care Agency	10/26/2021		
Williams, William	OCTA	10/4/2021		
Winterbottom, Steven	OCTA	11/4/2021		
Wolf, David Glenn	Fire Authority (OCFA)	11/19/2021		
Zeissner, Carol	OC Public Works	11/19/2021		

Orange County Employees Retirement Retirement Board Meeting January 18, 2022 Death Notices

Active Members	Agency/Employer				
Alvarez, Aldo	Child Support Services				
Aplin, Christina	Public Defender				
Lindsay, Richard	OC Public Works				
Marquis-Rodriguez, Nancy	Public Defender				
Martinez, Frank	Sheriff's Dept				

	-
Retired Members	Agency/Employer
Adams, William	OC Public Works
Andritch, Mary	County Clerk/Recorder
Balmer, Sherlyn	Public Defender
Beatty, Michael	Probation
Bournival, Pamela	OCTA
Carpenter, John	Sheriff's Dept
Conner, Kingsbury	District Attorney
Cotten, Carol Sue	Superior Court
Curtis, Mary	Child Support Services
Davidson, Alvin	County Executive Office (CEO)
Edman, Jan	OCTA
Fanning, Diane	Social Services Agency
Ferdig, Raymond	OC Public Works
Ferl, Donald	Sanitation District
Ferm, Bruce	Sheriff's Dept
Fernandez-Vasquez, Luisa	Social Services Agency
Fontanilla, Ronald	Probation
Gall, Robert	Probation
Geroch, Joan	Clerk of the Board
Goode, Robert	District Attorney
Grifo, Anthony	Health Care Agency
Jones, Robbin	OCTA
Magee, Nancy	Social Services Agency
Malone, Sharon	County Executive Office (CEO)
Mc Carthy, Joyce	OC Public Works
McDonald, Roxanne	District Attorney
McLemore, James	Sheriff's Dept
Miniaci, Michael	OC Community Resources
Mirakian, Armen	District Attorney
Morrissey, William	District Attorney
Oblena, Roman	Superior Court
Pickens, Robert	OCTA
Ramos, Raul	Sheriff's Dept
Ramos, Raul	Sheriff's Dept

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - R-1 Retiree Report

Reinig, Jeffrey	Fire Authority (OCFA)				
Rouzaud, Vincent	OCTA				
Row, Theresa	Assessor				
Sirota, Robert	Probation				
The, Hwie-ing	OC Public Works				
Trakarian, Lou Anne	Superior Court				
Trunk, Kathleen	Health Care Agency				
Udeck, Edward	Probation				
Vu, David	Health Care Agency				
Whitcomb, Howard	Assessor				
Yazdi, Manuchehr	Auditor Controller				
Zaun, Elizabeth	Superior Court				
Zuccollo, Silvino	Sanitation District				

Surviving Spouses	
Cunningham, Katsu	
Gittelman, Lucia	
Mc Carty, Michael	
Pniewski, Anthony	

ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM 2223 E. WELLINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 100 SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING October 4, 2021 9:30 a.m.

MINUTES

OPEN SESSION

The Chair called the meeting to order at 9:35 pm.

Attendance was as follows:

Present via Zoom Video conference pursuant to Government Code § 54953, as amended by AB 361:

Frank Eley, Chair; Shari Freidenrich; Charles Packard; Jeremy Vallone

Also Present via Zoom:

David Kim, Director of Internal Audit; Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer; Gina Ratto, General Counsel; Brenda Shott, Assistant CEO, Internal Operations; Suzanne Jenike, Assistant CEO, External Operations; Jeff Lamberson, Director of Member Services; Jenny Sadoski, Director of Information Technology; Mark Adviento, Internal Auditor; Sonal Sharma-Beeson, Recording Secretary; Anthony Beltran, Audio Visual Technician.

PUBLIC COMMENT

None.

COMMITTEE FINDINGS PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE § 54953, AS AMENDED BY AB 361 *Presentation by Gina Ratto, General Counsel, OCERS*

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Committee is asked to make the following findings (a majority vote is required):

- (1) The Committee has reconsidered the circumstances of the state of emergency; and
- (2) The Committee has determined that one or both of the following circumstances exist:
 - a. The state of emergency continues to directly impact the ability of the members of the Committee to meet safely in person; and/or
 - b. State or local officials continue to impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing.

MOTION by Packard, **seconded** by Freidenrich, to approve staff recommendation.

The Committee discussed the AB 361 Resolution and during the course of that discussion considered whether the following paragraph of the Resolution could be deleted:

Audit Committee Meeting October 4, 2021

"WHEREAS, the Audit Committee does hereby find that the COVID-19 pandemic, the current local case rate indicating high community transmission, and the lack of adequate space to promote safe social distancing of a large number of attendees have caused, and will continue to cause, conditions of peril to the safety of persons that are likely to be beyond the control of services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of OCERS."

And the following edit could be made to the next paragraph:

"WHEREAS, in making the aforementioned findings, the Audit Committee acknowledges the proclamation of State of Emergency by the Governor of the State of California; the proclamation of Local Health Emergency by the County of Orange Health Officer; the proclamation of a Local Emergency by the Chairwoman of the Orange County Board of Supervisors; and the ratification of the Local Health Emergency and Local Emergency by the Orange County Board of Supervisors; as well as CalOSHA's prevention Emergency Temporary Standards requiring any employee not wearing a face covering to be at least six feet apart from all other persons unless the unmasked employee is either fully vaccinated or tested at least weekly for COVID-19; the County of Orange Health Officer's Orders and Strong Recommendations for unvaccinated persons to avoid gathering and practice social distancing; and the CDC's recommendation for maintaining physical distance and avoiding crowds; and"

Further, the Committee discussed the following revision to Section 5 of the Resolution:

"Section 5. Effective Date of Resolution. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption and shall be effective until the earlier of November 3, 2021, or such time the Audit Committee or the OCERS Board adopts a subsequent resolution in accordance with Government Code section 54953(e)(3) to extend or terminate the time during which the Audit Committee and/or other legislative bodies of OCERS may continue to teleconference without compliance with paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) of section 54953."

The maker of the **MOTION**, Charles Packard, **AMENDED THE MOTION** to include the aforementioned edits and further to attach to the Resolution a copy of (i) AB 361, (ii) the State and County declarations and proclamations referenced in the Resolution, and (iii) the various guidance issued by the CDC, CalOSHA, and the County and referenced in the Resolution.

The seconder to the MOTION, Shari Freidenrich, accepted the amendments to the Motion.

The **MOTION, AS AMENDED**, passed **unanimously** with Eley, Freidenrich and Packard voting in favor of the amended motion and Vallone absent.

The Committee recessed to break at 10:21am The Committee resumed at 10:32am

C-1 APPROVE AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES

Audit Committee Meeting Minutes

June 4, 2021

MOTION by Packard, **seconded** by Freidenrich, to approve the Minutes.

Audit Committee Meeting October 4, 2021

The motion passed unanimously.

A-2 PRIVATE EQUITY CONSULTANT AUDIT

Presentation by David Kim, Director of Internal Audit and Mark Adviento, Internal Auditor

Recommendation: Receive and file.

MOTION was made by Freidenrich, **seconded** by Packard to approve staff recommendation.

The motion passed unanimously.

A-3 SURVIVOR PAYMENTS AND DEPENDENT ELIGIBILITY AUDIT

Presentation by David Kim, Director of Internal Audit

Mr. Vallone joined the meeting.

Recommendation: Receive and file.

MOTION was made by Packard, **seconded** by Freidenrich to approve staff recommendation.

The motion passed unanimously.

The Committee recessed to break at 10:56am. The Committee resumed at 11:02am.

A-5 HOTLINE UPDATE

Presentation by David Kim, Director of Internal Audit

Recommendation: Receive and file.

MOTION was made by Packard, seconded by Vallone to approve staff recommendation.

The motion passed unanimously.

- R-1 MANAGEMENT ACTION PLAN VERIFICATION Written Report
- **R-2** STATUS UPDATE OF 2021 AUDIT PLAN Written Report
- A-4 CONTINUOUS AUDIT OF FINAL AVERAGE SALARY CALCULATIONS (Q3 2021) Presentation by David Kim, Director of Internal Audit

MOTION was made by Packard, **seconded** by Freidenrich to approve staff recommendation.

The motion passed unanimously.

Audit Committee Meeting October 4, 2021

The Committee recessed into Closed Session at 11:36 am. The Committee resumed at 12:36 pm.

E-1 THREAT TO PUBLIC SERVICES OR FACILITIES (GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 54957)

Adjourn into Closed Session pursuant to Government Code section 54957 to consult with Steve Delaney, CEO, Brenda Shott, Asst. CEO; Suzanne Jenike, Asst. CEO; Matthew Eakin, Director of Information Security; Jenny Sadoski, Director of Information Technology; Jon Gossard, Information Security Manager; Gina M. Ratto, General Counsel; and David Kim, Director of Internal Audit

Recommendation: Take appropriate action.

The Audit Committee took no reportable action.

COMMITTEE MEMBER COMMENTS

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER/STAFF COMMENTS

Mr. Delaney advised the Committee that the updated and streamlined version of the Director of Internal Audit Performance Evaluation, with input from Ms. Freidenrich, was distributed to the Committee for review. The intent is also to align the timing of the annual evaluation of the Director of Internal Audit with the rest of OCERS management. Mr. Delaney will work with Chair Eley for final approval.

Mr. Kim notified the Committee that Internal Audit has performed initial exploratory work for the Alameda Audit as part of 2022 Internet Audit plan.

Ms. Shott reminded the Committee that staff is in the process of reviewing RFPs for an External Auditor and will provide the Committee the opportunity to interview finalists in 2022.

COUNSEL COMMENTS

ADJOURNMENT

The Chair adjourned the meeting at 12:40 pm.

Submitted by:

DocuSianed by: - Dr

Steve Delaney Secretary to the Board

Approved by:

DocuSigned by:

Frank Eley

Frank Eley Chair 01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - R-3 CEO Future Agendas and 2022 OCERS Board Work Plan Memo



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer

SUBJECT: CEO FUTURE AGENDAS AND 2022 OCERS BOARD WORK PLAN

Written Report

AGENDA TOPICS FOR THE OCERS BOARD OF RETIREMENT

FEBRUARY

2022 Initial STAR COLA Posting Annual Cost of Living Adjustment Overpaid And Underpaid Plan Benefits Report Policy Compliance Report Report Outcome of Prior Year Business Plan

MARCH

CIO Comments STAR COLA Final Approval GFOA awards Quarterly 2022-2024 Strategic Plan Review SACRS Election Materials Semi Annual Business Continuity Disaster Recovery Updates

<u>APRIL</u>

Annual Fiduciary Training Brown Act Training CIO Comments SACRS Board of Directors Election

Submitted by:



Steve Delaney Chief Executive Officer

R-3 CEO Future Agendas and 2022 OCERS Board Work Plan Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - R-3 CEO Future Agendas and 2022 OCERS Board Work Plan Memo

OCERS RETIREMENT BOARD - 2022 Work Plan

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep (Offsite)	Oct	Nov	Dec
System Oversight	Receive Quality of Member Services Report (I)	STAR COLA Posting (I)	Approve 2022 STAR COLA (A)	SACRS Board of Directors Election (A)	Preliminary December 31, 2021 Valuation (I)	Mid-Year Review of 2022 Business Plan Progress (I)	Alt. Invest. Return and Assumption Sensitivity: 20-year Illustration (I)	Review 2nd Quarter Budget to Actuals Financial Report (I)	Strategic Planning Workshop (I)	Overview of 2023 Administrative Budget and Investment (Workshop) (I)	Review 3rd Quarter Budget to Actuals Financial Report (I)	
	Receive OCERS Innoatinon Report (I)	Approve 2022 COLA (A)	Quarterly 2022-2024 Strategic Plan Review (A)			Approve December 31, 2021 Actuarial Valuation & Funded Status of OCERS (A)	Actuarial Review: Risk Assessment (I)	Receive OCERS by the Numbers (I)	Annual OCERS Employer Review (I)	Approve 2023-2025 Strategic Plan (A)	Approve 2023 Administrative (Operating) Budget (A)	
						Approve 2021 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (A)	Approve Early Payment Rates for Fiscal Year 2022-24 (A)	Receive Evolution of the UAAL (I)		Approve 2023 Business Plan (A)	Annual CEO Performance Review and Compensation (A)	
						Quarterly 2022-2024 Strategic Plan Review (A)		Employer & Employee Pension Cost Comparison (I)				
											Adopt 2023 Board Meeting Calendar (A)	
Board Governance				Brown Act Training (biannual) (I)				Sexual Harassment Prevention Trainnig (I)				Adopt Annual Work Plan for 2023 (A)
				Fiduciary Training (I)								Vice-Chair Election (A)
												Receive 2023 Board Committee Assignments (A)
Regulation / Policies	Communication Policy Fact Sheet (I)											
Compliance	Status of Board Education Hours for 2021 (I)			Form 700 Due (A)		Receive Financial Audit (I)			State of OCERS (I)			

(A) = Action (I) = Information

1/7/2022



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Jim Doezie, Contracts, Risk and Performance Administrator

SUBJECT: QUIET PERIOD - NON-INVESTMENT CONTRACTS

Written Report Background/Discussion

1. Quiet Period Policy Guidelines

The following guidelines established by the Quiet Period Policy, section 3.c, will govern a search process for any contract to be awarded by OCERS:

"...Board Members and OCERS staff shall not knowingly communicate with any party financially interested in any prospective contract with OCERS regarding the contract, the services to be provided under the contract or the selection process;"

2. Quiet Period Guidelines

In addition, the following language is included in all distributed RFP's:

"From the date of issuance of this RFP until the selection of one or more respondents is completed and announced, respondents are not permitted to communicate with any OCERS staff member or Board Members regarding this procurement, except through the Point of Contact named herein. Respondents violating the communications prohibition may be disqualified at OCERS' discretion. Respondents having current business with OCERS must limit their communications to the subject of such business."

Distributed RFP's

The RFP's noted below are subject to the quiet period until such time as a contract(s) is finalized.

• An RFP for <u>Financial Auditor Services</u> was distributed in July 2021. This RFP is to put into place a Financial Auditor Agreement as the prior vendor agreement with MGO has expired and cannot be extended. Interviews with the finalists were conducted during the Audit Committee meeting held on December 15 2021. Item A-2 in the Board Meeting Agenda is to address the Audit Committee recommendation for a Financial Auditor vendor.

Submitted by: Jim Doezie Contracts, Risk and Performance Administrator



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022
TO: Members of the Board of Retirement
FROM: Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer
SUBJECT: BOARD COMMUNICATIONS

Written Report

Background/Discussion

To ensure that the public has free and open access to those items that could have bearing on the decisions of the Trustees of the Board of Retirement, the OCERS Board has directed that all written communications to the entire Board during the interim between regular Board meetings be included in a monthly communications summary.

News Links

The various news and informational articles that have been shared with the full Board are being provided to you here by web link address. By providing the links in this publicly available report, we comply with both the Brown Act public meeting requirements, as well as avoid any copyright issues.

The following news and informational item was provided by staff and the CEO for distribution to the entire Board:

Shawn Dewane:

 Vice Chair Dewane shares to show the value to be gained by OCERS in encouraging a growth in CFA certification among staff. <u>https://www.cfainstitute.org/en/about/press-releases/2020/investment-professionals-worldwide-pass-cfa-examinations</u>

Steve Delaney:

 Interesting article relevant to OCERS, especially final comment that even after two years with COVID they don't know what the office of the future might look like. <u>https://www.sacbee.com/news/local/article256373227.html</u>

Robert Kinsler:

California needs pension reforms more than streetcar projects.
 <u>https://www.ocregister.com/2021/12/29/california-needs-pension-reforms-more-than-streetcar-projects/</u>

Attached:

- Interpreting Pandemic-Related Decreases in Life Expectancy
- November Summary

Submitted by:



SD - Approved

Steve Delaney Chief Executive Officer

American Academy of Actuaries

Key Points

- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has published provisional life expectancy estimates stating that the average life expectancy of Americans decreased by a year and a half during 2020 primarily due to COVID-19. This statement can be misleading due to the life expectancy measure used by the CDC.
- The CDC uses "period" life expectancy, which assumes that the COVID-19 mortality experience of 2020 would continue for every year in the future. While this measure may be useful for year-over-year comparisons in normal times, it tends to exaggerate the effect of nonrecurring events.
- "Cohort" life expectancy is how most people think about life expectancy, as it is an estimate of the actual number of years that an individual may live, reflecting expected future conditions. The temporary impacts of increased deaths due to COVID-19 in 2020 and into 2021 will have a much smaller effect on cohort life expectancy, as it is assumed that those effects will lessen over time.
- The Actuaries Longevity Illustrator can help individuals estimate how long they might live. Actuaries are well positioned to help bring clarity to understanding of longevity and life expectancy.



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Craig Hanna, Director of Public Policy Linda K. Stone, Senior Pension Fellow

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Issue Brief

Interpreting Pandemic-Related Decreases in Life Expectancy

DECEMBER 2021

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC") has published provisional life expectancy estimates in its Vital Statistics Surveillance Report¹ that the average life expectancy of Americans decreased by a year and a half during 2020, primarily due to the impact of COVID-19.² This development understandably raises concerns because it creates an impression that the average American will live a year and a half less than they otherwise would have due to COVID-19.

But what is "life expectancy"—and does the CDC's statement really mean what many people think it means?

The CDC report, which is based on deaths during 2020, garnered widespread attention that Americans had lost a year and a half of life expectancy due to the pandemic. A reduction of roughly three years in life expectancy was cited for Black and Hispanic Americans. This decrease in life expectancy follows several years of smaller life expectancy declines (on average), which have run counter to the long-term trend of increases in longevity.

While these changes in life expectancy might seem dramatic, it can be difficult to interpret what this data means. The notion of life expectancy can be confusing because there are different measures of life expectancy that are used in different contexts. It is important to fully understand these measures to interpret the CDC analysis of the data for 2020. The CDC focuses on a hypothetical measure known as "period" life expectancy. While the CDC report does distinguish this measure from the "cohort" life expectancy measure that aligns with the more intuitive understanding of the metric, described below, the CDC's focus is on changes in period life expectancy that

¹ Report No. 015; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; July 2021.

² CDC publication *Mortality in the United States, 2020* includes final statistics for 2020 showing a 1.8-year decline in life expectancy at birth.

were largely driven by the increase in deaths attributable to COVID-19. As discussed below, this focus on period life expectancy can create confusion.

Period life expectancy, measured as of a given age, is the remaining number of years that a hypothetical individual can expect to live (on average) if rates of death prevailing during a given period continue indefinitely. When mortality rates increase significantly during a given year—as has been the case during the COVID-19 pandemic—period life expectancy will decline noticeably because it is calculated as if these higher rates of mortality will continue in all future years. This often-cited measure of life expectancy can vary dramatically from one year to the next. The CDC report highlights period life expectancy at birth—the number of years that a newborn would be expected to live if the current pandemic conditions persist throughout the newborn's entire lifetime.

Cohort life expectancy (also known as "generation" life expectancy) considers changes in rates of mortality that are expected to occur in the future. A pandemic or other significant event that has a substantial effect on short-term population mortality but is expected to subside will have a much smaller effect on cohort life expectancy than it does on period life expectancy.

Period life expectancy may be a useful metric for comparing general population mortality experience for different periods of time. Nonetheless, cohort life expectancy is likely what most people envision when thinking about the concept of life expectancy because cohort life expectance is an estimate of the actual number of years that a typical individual might be expected to live based on reasonable expectations for future conditions. For this reason, cohort life expectancy is the measure used by the Actuaries Longevity Illustrator.³ Both measures of life expectancy are based on probabilities and capture the average expectation of a large population. A given individual may live many years beyond that average or may die well short of this average expected life span.

This issue brief discusses these concepts, how life expectancies are calculated, how to interpret them, and the limitations of these measures. In developing these concepts, the underlying concepts of mortality rates, mortality (or "life") tables, and the data used to calculate mortality rates and life expectancy are discussed.

3 Actuaries Longevity Illustrator; American Academy of Actuaries and Society of Actuaries.

The Pension Committee, which authored this issue brief, includes Elena Black, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA—*Chairperson*; Grace Lattyak, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA—*Vice Chairperson*; Michael Antoine, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA; Michael Bain, MAAA, ASA, FCA, FSA, EA; Rachel Barnes, MAAA, FSA, FCA, CERA, EA; Margaret Berger, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA; Maria Carnovale, MAAA, FSA, EA; Jonathan de Lutio, MAAA, EA; C. David Gustafson, MAAA, FCA, EA; Scott Hittner, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA; Lloyd Katz, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA; Maria Kirilenko, MAAA, ASA, FCA, EA; Tonya Manning, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA; Maria Moliterno, MAAA, ASA, EA; A. Donald Morgan, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA; James Ritchie, MAAA, ASA, FCA, EA; Mark Shemtob, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA; Mary Stone, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA; Todd Tauzer, MAAA, FSA, FCA, CERA; Hal Tepfer, MAAA, FSA, FCA, MSPA, EA;

The committee gratefully acknowledges the contributions of Immediate Past Chairperson Bruce Cadenhead, MAAA, FSA, FCA, EA

PAGE 2 | ISSUE BRIEF | INTERPRETING PANDEMIC-RELATED DECREASES IN LIFE EXPECTANCY

Mortality rates and mortality tables

In the course of their work, actuaries consider and study uncertain events and make assumptions about probabilities of these events occurring. For example, the probability of a person of a given age dying within the next year is what is known as an "age-specific mortality rate." Another way to look at this is that the estimated likelihood of a person living to the next age is 100% minus this age-specific mortality rate.

In general, a mortality table is composed of age-specific mortality rates for a range of ages, usually from birth to the oldest age to which anyone is expected to survive. These tables are also sometimes called "life tables."⁴ While many actuaries use mortality tables for different populations in the course of their work, life expectancies are not directly used in actuarial practice; rather, they are a separate output of the underlying mortality tables.

Factors that affect mortality rates

Mortality tables are created by tabulating observed mortality experience data from large populations. It is well established that different populations may experience very different survivorship expectations, based on the population's characteristics. Many factors can affect mortality rates, several of which are highlighted in this section.

First, by their very construction, mortality tables recognize the obvious factor of age.

Another well-established and well-known factor is gender because, as a group, females tend to live longer than males. Most mortality tables are constructed showing distinct probabilities of death for males and for females.⁵

Other factors that may be reflected by constructing separate tables or by developing other adjustments⁶ include socioeconomic status, level of education, race, occupation, health status including body mass index, level of physical activity, smoking status, other lifestyle-related factors, and geography.

⁴ For example, the CDC <u>publishes</u> mortality tables for U.S. population, under the name "Life Tables."

⁵ Although an increasing number of people identify as nonbinary, there is not yet sufficient data available to develop separate rates of mortality for these individuals.

⁶ Such adjustments may be achieved by multiplying rates by a factor, or "stepping back or forward" by simply realigning the existing rates with different ages.

How mortality experience in the U.S. has changed over time

U.S. population mortality rates have generally decreased over time. As mortality rates decrease, longevity and life expectancy increase. Over the past decade, this trend of longevity increases has stalled, with life expectancy at birth virtually unchanged between 2010 and 2018,⁷ due largely to the effects of factors such as an increased use of opioids and the prevalence of obesity offsetting the generally positive trend. Meanwhile, more affluent segments of the population have continued to experience increases in life expectancy during this period.⁸

Historically, gains in longevity can be tracked to simple improvements in living conditions, such as the use of clean water and waste removal. More recent factors that resulted in increases in longevity in the U.S. include advances in medicine (for example, the development of antibiotics), expanded access to health care through introduction of Medicare and Medicaid, continual and general improvements in education, health awareness, reduction in smoking rates, and improved standards of living.

Opinions vary among demographers, actuaries, academics, and other professionals who study and analyze mortality and associated trends as to whether the historic longevity improvement trend will resume and, if so, at what pace. In addition, the COVID-19 pandemic has produced at least a temporary dip in the trend of increasing longevity. The long-term consequences of this pandemic on mortality and health status are largely unknown at this time. Some speculate that long-term effects of COVID-19 could continue to increase rates of mortality relative to pre-pandemic levels, while others believe that medical advances driven by the pandemic, such as development of vaccines, could lead to greater improvements in longevity.

The relationship between mortality rates and life expectancy

The concept of probability is commonly used to quantify unknown and uncertain events. For example, using a mortality table can help a 65-year-old evaluate their chance of celebrating their next birthday. Computing a life expectancy is a statistical process of "collapsing" a series of age-specific survival probabilities into one number that represents the expected number of additional years a person might live.⁹

^{7 &}quot;Changes in Life Expectancy at Birth, 2010–2018"; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; Jan. 30, 2020

⁸ U.S. Population Mortality Observations-Updated with 2019 Experience; Society of Actuaries; January 2021.

⁹ In other words, this single measure is a sum of the probabilities, derived from the mortality table, of a person of a given age to live to all future ages.

The mathematics behind the calculation of life expectancy uses the concept of "expected value" of a person's future lifetime. The word "expected" communicates that the computed result is not a *fact*; it's what is *expected on average*. For example, if an actuary tells you that a 40-year-old has a life expectancy of 41.7 years,¹⁰ it does not mean that the 40-year-old will live to age 81.7 exactly. Some individuals, age 40 today, will die before that age while others will live past that age. But if we tracked the future lifetimes of 100,000 people who are 40 years old today, we would *expect* that upon the recorded death of the last of the group, these 100,000 people will have lived *an average* of 41.7 additional years.

Another issue that may cause confusion is that life expectancy measures for U.S. populations are often reported for the population as a whole, blending many characteristics that influence mortality into a single reported measure. Life expectancy can be reported for a combined population of males and females, covering individuals living in different parts of the country, and reflecting different socioeconomic characteristics.

Yet another complicating feature of this measure is that when reporting life expectancies, many—including the CDC in the report cited above—illustrate these values as of different starting ages. It is common to track life expectancy at birth, as well as at other ages. And, because (for example) a 40-year-old person has already survived from birth to age 40, the 40-year-old's expected age at death will be higher than the expected age at death for a newborn (or for anyone who is younger than 40), because the life expectancy for a anyone younger than age 40 must also incorporate the possibility that they may not survive to age 40.¹¹

The recent attention to the significant decreases in life expectancy reported by CDC focused on the "at birth" period life expectancy measure, but this nuanced distinction may be lost on the general public. When a 65-year-old person hears a "1.5-year decrease in life expectancy," they may not realize that the reported drop from 78.8 years to 77.3 refers to the "at birth" measure. For a 65-year-old, the CDC's recent report shows a drop in the period life expectancy of 0.8 years—from 19.6 in 2019¹² to 18.8 in 2020.¹³

¹⁰ Using Social Security Life Expectancy Calculator for a male, age 40 today, utilizing "cohort" life expectancy methodology and Social Security Administration (SSA) assumptions for future male mortality.

¹¹ The term "expected age at death" is used here to avoid confusion over the term "life expectancy," as it applies to individuals who have already lived a number of years. For example, for a 40-year-old person, the CDC report shows a period life expectancy of an additional 39.6 years, resulting in an expected age at death of 79.6. For newborns, on the other hand, the life expectancy and the expected age at death are the same (77.3).

¹² See CDC publication Mortality in the United States, 2019.

¹³ Note, for example, as reported by CDC for 2019, at birth the life expectancy was 78.8 while for a 65-year-old it was 19.6, resulting in average expected age at death of 84.6—which exceeds 78.8 by 5.8 years—because the 65-year-old already survived the first 65 years of their life.

Cohort and period life expectancies

The group of 40-year-old people discussed in the previous example is a "cohort" because they were all born in the same year. Computing the life expectancy for a cohort can be done by tracking the group from the time analysis is begun (in this case, age 40) and continuing as the number of years each member of this cohort lives is recorded until the last death of the group is recorded.

If actuaries had a way to peer into the future so that they could observe the actual ages at death for each cohort member, the cohort life expectancy for this group could be calculated as the average of observed life spans. For historical cohorts, such as for those born in 1880 who were alive and age 40 in 1920, average life span may be calculated from historical records.

For a cohort of current 40-year-old people, actuaries routinely use actuarially developed mortality tables to determine the number of years members of this group are expected to live. As discussed earlier, the mortality table is typically developed from experience for a relevant population for a particular period. In using this table to determine life expectancy, this approach assumes that the mortality rates measured in this period apply to all future years.

To estimate period life expectancy in the recent report, the CDC used mortality rates for the general U.S. population for 2020. This means someone who is 40 years old in 2020 is assumed to experience these mortality rates in all future years. In 25 years, for example, when this person is 65, they are assumed to have the same mortality experience as someone who is age 65 in 2020. This methodology of life expectancy calculation is a standard approach that the CDC uses when reporting life expectancy figures, and which is widely cited.

To develop an estimate more aligned with a commonly accepted understanding of how long people alive today are expected to live, this standard approach is refined by incorporating mortality improvement or changes over time into this calculation. Any such projection depends upon the assumption that future mortality rates will change over time. This assumption will have a significant effect on life expectancy. Period life expectancy measures demonstrate fluctuations that reflect events that influenced mortality in this particular period.¹⁴ For example, the Spanish flu pandemic of 1918 resulted in a dramatic decrease in period life expectancy, which was more than offset by an increase in period life expectancy the next year. A male baby born in 1917 had a period life expectancy of 52.2 years, while a male baby born in 1918 had a period life expectancy of only 45.3 years—a reduction of almost 7 years.¹⁵ The following year, a male newborn had a period life expectancy of 54.2, an increase of almost 9 years over the period life expectancy calculated in 1918 for a newborn male. These changes are much larger than those seen thus far with COVID-19, demonstrating the relative severity of that earlier pandemic relative to the current one.

It is instructive to review the impact of calculating life expectancies on a cohort basis, rather than a period basis, for these three cohorts of male newborns in the late 1910s. Using mortality rates published by the SSA for years after 1917, for a cohort of 1917 male newborns, the average life span was 59.4; for the 1918 cohort, average life span was 60.0; and for 1919, it was 61.5. Even these differences are heavily influenced by the fact that the 1917 and 1918 cohorts had to survive the high rates of death during 1918, while the 1919 cohort did not.

If both period and cohort life expectancy are measured as of 1920 for each of these groups (the 3-year-old children who were born in 1917, 2-year-old children who were born in 1918 and 1-year-old children who were born in 1919), differences are observed in these measures as they narrow substantially because the high rates of mortality during 1918 have no effect on those who survived to 1920. This is summarized in the table below.

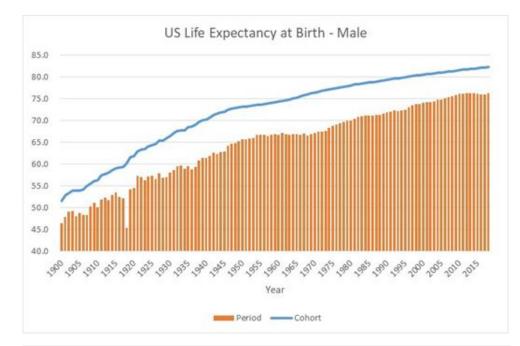
	Life Expecta	ncy at birth	Life expecta	ncy in 1920
Year of Birth	Period	Cohort	Period	Cohort
1917	52.2	59.4	58.3	65.3
1918	45.3	60.0	58.7	66.0
1919	54.2	61.5	58.6	66.2

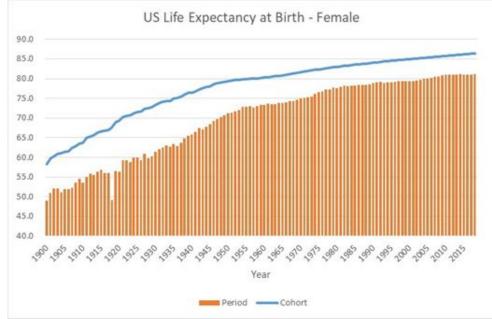
This table, as well as the graphs that follow, use historical and projected U.S. population mortality rates published by Social Security Administration in conjunction with the 2020 Trustees Report.

¹⁴ The federal government began keeping mortality statistics going back to 1900. Data is available from the CDC and SSA going back to that year. Methodologies evolved and changed over time, and those changes as well as the passage of time impacted the results. Due to these differing methodologies, numbers may be significantly different depending on the source.

¹⁵ For these numbers, <u>historical U.S. population mortality rates</u> published by the Social Security Administration in conjunction with the publication of the 2020 Trustees Report were used.

The graphs below show how both period and cohort life expectancy have changed over time. The significant dip in period life expectancy during 1918 and subsequent recovery during 1919 can be seen in these results, while the annual changes in cohort life expectancy are less volatile. Due to historical and expected future improvements in mortality rates, cohort life expectancy is consistently higher than period life expectancy.





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How not to interpret life expectancy

Life expectancy can be a confusing concept and is often subject to misinterpretation and misunderstanding. An individual may conclude that the expected life span they hear about or read about is a prediction of the exact number of years they can expect to live, and that the CDC's recent report means that they will not survive as long as they may have expected previously. In fact, however, anyone alive in 2021 reading about the CDC report will already have survived the high rates of mortality experienced during 2020.

How temporary phenomena, such as a pandemic, affect life expectancy measures

The long-term effect of COVID-19 on longevity is as yet unknown. If the effects are temporary and rates of mortality return to pre-pandemic levels and continue to improve in line with historical trends, period life expectancy measures reported by the CDC should see a corresponding rebound. The COVID-19-related effects published thus far by the CDC are, as noted in this issue brief, *period* life expectancies, which assume that current conditions continue indefinitely and have thus decreased during the pandemic. If pre-COVID-19 mortality rates return, the CDC's measure of life expectancy should increase in future years. Cohort life expectancy, which is more heavily influenced by long-term expectations, will likely see at most a small change in response to any temporary increase in mortality.

The considerations discussed in this issue brief highlight the need to carefully consider the meaning of life expectancy trends, COVID-19-related or otherwise. The American Academy of Actuaries Pension Committee has produced this issue brief to provide useful information to help the reader better understand the complexities involved in the measurement of life expectancy estimates.

The American Academy of Actuaries is a 19,500-member professional association whose mission is to serve the public and the U.S. actuarial profession. For more than 50 years, the Academy has assisted public policymakers on all levels by providing leadership, objective expertise, and actuarial advice on risk and financial security issues. The Academy also sets qualification, practice, and professionalism standards for actuaries in the United States.

PAGE 9 | ISSUE BRIEF | INTERPRETING PANDEMIC-RELATED DECREASES IN LIFE EXPECTANCY



To the members of the OCERS Board of Retirement,

The following is my regular monthly summary of OCERS' team activity, starting with an overview of key customer service statistics as well as activity highlights followed by updates for November.

MEMBER SERVICES MONTHLY METRICS

Retirement Applications Received			2021 Customer Service Statistics							
Month	2019	2020	2021	Month	Unplanned Recalculations	Member Satisfaction Approval Rate	Queue Calls Received	Direct to Extension Calls	Operator Calls Received	Total Calls (monthly)
January	261	254	101	January	2	100%	2,606	4,867	992	8,465
February	201	169	90	February	1	100%	2,618	4,839	1,811	9,268
March	206	5 80	57	March	1	95%	2,947	5,630	1,599	10,176
April	38	3 33	41	April	0	95%	2,830	5,120	1,146	9,096
May	44	47	55	May	4	95%	2,552	4,731	973	8,256
June	52	63	52	June	1	95%	2,010	4,601	747	7,358
July	56	5 288	71	July	4	95%	1,936	4,375	834	7,145
August	65	5 229	61	August	2	95%	1,745	4,091	360	6,196
September	41	1 114	73	September	0	95%	1,983	4,368	691	7,042
October	69	57	70	October	0	95%	2,270	4,333	669	7,272
November	54	52	96	November	0	95%	1,760	4,121	571	6,452
December	75	66	0	Grand Total	15	96%	25,257	51,076	10,393	86,726
Grand Total	1162	1452	767							

MEMBER SURVEY RESPONSE

"I would like to submit a compliment and recognize one of your customer service representatives for their efforts to assist me with understanding the 415 Pension CAP process. They were very professional, listened carefully to my questions, and followed up with answers in a very timely manner. This team member is a fantastic representative for OCERS. I was so impressed that I had to send this message indicating how pleased I was with their assistance. Thank You."

November 2021

"I have dealt with OCERS through the past 10 years and no one by far has been as helpful, courteous, thorough, and a joy to speak with then the customer service representative that assisted me! I've been blessed each time I've called to speak with them, and it makes it so much easier to understand."

October 2021

"Having had several issues with my Employer during retirement, I found the OCERS customer service representative was exceedingly patient and understanding and kept me calm through the entire process. I just can't say enough about how great this OCERS representative was. My spouse retired from the County of Orange around the same time I did, and he had a different OCERS representative who proved to be as talented and professional as the one I had."

September 2021



ACTIVITIES

WELLS FARGO OUTSOURCING CHECK PRINTING – RETIREE PAYROLL

Ms. Tracy Bowman of OCERS Finance Department reports:

OCERS processes approximately 65 retiree checks per month. When OCERS offices closed in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 global pandemic and staff started working remotely, we contacted Wells Fargo Bank to discuss the possibility of outsourcing the printing of retiree checks to reduce the reliance of having OCERS' staff physically perform this task at OCERS headquarters. As we decided to move forward with this project, it required a collaborative effort with team members from Finance, Member Services and IT, as well as Wells Fargo Bank and Vitech to develop a file that could be generated in V3 and used in Wells Fargo Bank's Payment Manager Platform. Effective with the November 2021 retiree payroll, the transition to outsourcing check printing to Wells Fargo was successfully completed! This has resulted in an enhanced business continuity/disaster recovery process, as well as a business process improvement that eliminated the need for staff to print and prepare the checks for mailing.

OCERS CHAIR MEETS WITH ORANGE COUNTY EMPLOYEES ASSOCIATION (OCEA) EXECUTIVE TEAM

OCERS Chair Dewane recently offered to meet with the OCEA Executive team to hear their thoughts on OCERS activities, and ensure open communications between our two agencies. Welcomed by OCEA General Manager Charles Barfield (CB,) I joined Mr. Dewane for lunch at OCEA headquarters on November 1. The meeting went well, with OCEA representatives commenting on the many years of trustful communications they have had with the OCERS team, both the Board and staff.

UPDATES

ALAMEDA RECALCULATION

I have asked Mr. Jeff Lamberson to keep us all up-to-date via this monthly newsletter as to the progress in recalculating the hundreds of members impacted by the Supreme Court's ALAMEDA decision. His report for November follows:

Upon the Board making their decision to move forward and accept Staff Recommendations regarding the Alameda implementation, our Alameda project team has met almost every week to plan out changes that need to be made to our Pension Administration System to automate as much of the implementation as possible. Our vendor has been working on an import tool process that will allow us to adjust the pay items electronically from pensionable to non-pensionable for all impacted members. We are in the process of testing the solution and once this import tool is operational, we will apply it to the members affected by the Alameda decision. We will then be able to begin processing Contribution



Refunds for Active and Deferred members and expect that process to start approximately April 2022. We anticipate Payee Benefit Recalculations for retiree, survivors and DROs to commence approximately April 2022 and take to the end of September 2022 to complete.

We have mailed out letters to all retired members with these pay items in their measuring periods to notify them of the decision and provide estimated reductions in benefits based on initial calculations. We also sent a letter to Active and Deferred members just before Thanksgiving letting them know that the contribution reconciliation is ongoing. We will also be mailing another letter to retiree's (including Surviving and DRO accounts) before the end of December 2021.

VISION 2030 – An AI Driven Pension Administration System

I will be including regular reports on our progress with Vision 2030. The AI ad hoc Committee, composed of seven OCERS staff members, met on November 17 with two special guests. Ms. Kelly Shen, Chief Information Officer for the Canada Pension Plan (their version of Social Security) Investment Arm, joined us by Zoom and let us know what steps they have been taking with regard to implementation of AI into their investment activities. Very informative, and Ms. Shen offered to join us virtually at any time in the future. We also welcomed a virtual visit by the new Deputy CEO for Los Angeles County Employees Retirement, Mr. Luis Lugo. LACERA has just launched their own AI initiative, and we have agreed to actively support one another in our mutual goal of bringing the power of AI to our pension plans. Mr. Lugo shared LACERA's early activities in this field, and has kindly agreed to join our committee meetings whenever possible so our two systems can be fully informed of our individual efforts, to avoid duplication of effort if possible.

OCERS INVESTMENT DIVISION

Mr. Beeson reports:

As of October 31, 2021, the portfolio year-to-date is up 14.2% net of fees, while the one-year return is up 26.2%. The Fund value now stands at \$22.1 billion. The OCERS Investment Team continued to work effectively remotely during the coronavirus pandemic in November. OCERS' Investment Team closed on two new strategies and one re-up investment during the month of November. OCERS committed \$75 million to Pathlight Capital Fund II within the private credit portfolio. This fund will provide stretch asset-based loans to mostly retail and other asset heavy companies in North America. OCERS committed \$75 million to Constellation Generation IV in the unique strategies asset class. Constellation will provide growth capital to private alternative asset management firms. OCERS closed on a \$75 million re-up investment in Thoma Bravo Fund XV within the private equity buyout portfolio. This strategy invests in software and tech-enabled, large cap companies with a buy-and-build emphasis. OCERS also invested \$75 million in Thoma Bravo Fund XIV in 2020. OCERS' Investment Team completed reviewing consultant RFPs during the month and selected semifinalists for Zoom interviews for general consultant, private equity



consultant, real assets consultant, and real estate consultant. Finally, Molly Murphy and Shanta Chary completed first round interviews in November for the open Director of Investments position.



As a reminder, you will see this memo included with the BOARD COMMUNICATIONS document as part of the informational agenda for the January 18, 2022 meeting of the OCERS Board of Retirement.



Memorandum

SUBJECT:	2021 OCERS YEAR IN REVIEW: COMMUNICATION PLAN
FROM:	Steve Delaney, Chief Executive Officer
TO:	Members of the Board of Retirement
DATE:	January 18, 2022

Written Report

Background/Discussion

Since 2009 OCERS has crafted a strong outreach communication plan at the start of each year. In that year of 2009 the Great Recession was at its worst, and our goal was to assure our primary stakeholders that the OCERS Board of Retirement was actively involved in tackling the challenges facing the system.

For more than a decade we have started this annual process by meeting with each of the County Supervisors on an individual basis, followed by meetings with each participating employer, major labor group, as well as the Retired Employees Association of Orange County (REAOC). In the ongoing debate over public pension benefits, ensuring a well-educated audience is one of the best methods for quelling rumors and replacing them with facts in order to better guide policy makers.

2021 as was 2020 have proven to be different sort of years. Due to pandemic restrictions it took us a few months longer to arrange for the meetings. All stakeholder groups were eventually reached, through a combination of a few in-person meetings (special thanks to Chair Dewane and Vice Chair Eley who were willing to join me as we met with some of the individual County of Orange Supervisors), and the majority via Zoom.

Because of the restrictions we did not have a general presentation at the Hall of Administration for active members, nor did I make my annual presentation at a REAOC luncheon.

I propose the same process in 2022:

- 1. Individual meetings of the OCERS Chair, Vice-Chair and CEO with each of the County Supervisors and their support staff.
- 2. Individual meetings of a team of OCERS Executive Staff (Ms. Jenike, Ms. Shott and me) with the executive staff of each OCERS plan sponsor, as well as with the executive staff of each of our primary labor groups.

These will be held as in the past year either in-person or via Zoom, depending upon official health guidelines then in place.

I will wait until later in the year, and only if official health guidelines change would we proceed with -

- 3. A presentation for our active members.
- 4. A presentation at a quarterly REAOC luncheon.
- 5. Visits to the various members of the Orange County legislative delegation in both Sacramento and Washington DC.

R-6 2021 OCERS Year in Review: Communication Plan Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022

The different stakeholder groups may not necessarily share interest in the same issues or concerns, so I have attached an outline of those topics or accomplishments I believe were of greatest importance in 2021, and have indicated which groups I plan on providing with a more detailed discussion of any given topic.

If there are any other topics you the Trustees feel it is important to share in these meetings, please let me know and I can work with the Chair of the Board to determine how and when to include additional information.

This is a fairly large undertaking, but one I believe well worth the effort. Scheduling conflicts will undoubtedly arise, but I anticipate the bulk of the outreach to be accomplished by late summer.

Attached – Matrix of 2021 Discussion Topics.

Submitted by:



SD - Approved

Steve Delaney Chief Executive Officer



2021 OCERS Year in Review

ΤΟΡΙϹ	ITEM #	MEMBERS	RETIREES	SUPERVISORS	STAKEHOLDERS	LEGISLATORS
2021 FUND EARNINGS	1	X	X	X	X	X
2021 RVK REPORT	2			X	X	X
INVESTMENT DEPARTMENT REPORT	3	X	X	X	X	
20 YEAR RATE PROJECTION	4	X	X	X	X	
UAAL and FULL FUNDING BY 2033	5			X	X	X
100% ACCURACY	6	X	X	X	x	
ALAMEDA UPDATE	7	X	X	X	X	X
FINAL AVERAGE SALARY UPDATE	8	X	X	X	X	X
VISION 2030	9	X	X	Х	X	X
OCERS BOARD MEMBERSHIP	10	X	X	X	X	X

"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Suzanne Jenike, Assistant CEO, External Operations

SUBJECT: DISABILITY RETIREMENT STATISTICS 2021 REPORT

Written Report

At the start of each year we compile statistical information capturing the various categories of disability retirement applications that were processed the prior calendar year. The information associated to the 2021 calendar year is presented here for the Board's review.

At the close of 2021, we had accepted 66 new applications and adjudicated 111 cases through the Disability Committee and the Board of Retirement.

Also included are the statistical reports applicable to the calendar years 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020 for comparison purposes.

Submitted by:

CERS

SJ-Approved

Suzanne Jenike Assistant CEO, External Operations DISABILITY RETIREMENT STATISTICS 2021 REPORT

		Total Denied 2021:			Total Granted 2021:			Total Filed 2021:
%	#	By Type / Stage:	%	#	By Type / Stage:	%	#	By Type:
50%	10	SCD/NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	88%	80	SCD (Initial Board Decision)	33%	22	SCD
35%	7	SCD (Initial Board Decision)	11%	10	NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	2%	1	NSCD
0%		NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	1%	1	SCD (Hearings)	65%	43	BOTH
15%	3	SCD/NSCD (Hearings)	0%	0	NSCD (Hearings)	100%	66	
0%	0	NSCD (Hearings)	0%	0	SCD (Writ)			
100%	20		100%	91		%		By Employer:
						2%	1	Community Resources
%		By Employer:	%		By Employer:	2%	1	JWA
5%	1	Health Care Agency	1%	1	Child Support Services	29%	19	Fire Authority
5%	1	Community Resources	2%	2	Community Resources	2%	1	Health Care Agency
10%	2	Fire Authority	1%	1	District Attorney	6%	4	Probation
5%	1	Treasurer/ Tax Collector	29%	26	Fire Authority	2%	1	Assessor
0%	0	Probation	2%	2	Health Care Agency	2%	1	Public Works
15%	3	Sanitation	5%	5	Probation	2%	1	Sanitation
25%	5	Sheriff	1%	1	Public Defender	29%	19	Sheriff
30%	6	Social Services Agency	1%	1	Sanitation	11%	7	Social Service Agency
5%	1	Transportation Authority	37%	34	Sheriff	2%	1	Superior Court
100%	20		9%	8	Social Services Agency	15%	10	Transportation Authority
			1%	1	Superior Court	0%	0	Waste and Recycling
			10%	9	Transportation Authority	100%	66	
%		By Member Type:	100%	91				
75%	15	General				%		By Member Type:
25%	5	Safety	%		By Member Type:	42%	28	General
100%	20		41%	37	General	58%	38	Safety
			59%	54	Safety	100%	66	
			100%	91				

Disabilities In Process Overview	
Total filings pending Board presentation:	93
Pending Filed within the past 12 months:	63
Pending Filed over 12 months:	25

2020 Disability Statistics

Total Denied 2020:		
By Type / Stage:	#	%
SCD/NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	14	70%
SCD (Initial Board Decision)	1	5%
NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	0	0%
SCD /NSCD(2nd Board Decision)	5	25%
NSCD (2nd Board Decision)	0	0%
	20	100%
By Employer:		%
Fire Authority	4	20%
Treasurer Tax Collector	1	5%
Probation	1	5%
OCCR	0	0%
Sheriff	4	20%
Social Services Agency	7	35%
Community Resources	1	5%
Superior Court	0	0%
Transportation Authority	1	5%
Registrar of Voters	1	5%
	20	100%
By Member Type:		%
General	14	70%
Safety	6	30%
	20	100%

Total Filed 2020:			Total Granted 2020:		
		0(0(
By Type:	#	%	By Type / Stage:	#	%
SCD	37	44%	SCD (Initial Board Decision)	52	93%
NSCD	0	0%	NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	3	5%
BOTH	47	56%	SCD (Hearings)	1	2%
	84	100%	NSCD (Hearings)	0	0%
			SCD (Writ)	0	0%
By Employer:		%		56	100%
OC Parks	1	1%			
District Attorney	3	4%	By Employer:		%
Health Care Agency	2	2%	District Attorney	1	2%
Fire Authority	17	20%	Sanitation	0	0%
Transportation Authority	7	8%	Fire Authority	24	43%
Child Support Services	1	1%	Health Care Agency	1	2%
Sanitation	1	1%	Sheriff	10	18%
Sheriff	37	44%	Public Works	2	4%
Public Defender	1		OC Information Technilogy	0	0%
Social Services Agency	5	6%	Superior Court	1	2%
Probation	5	6%	Probation	4	7%
Superior Court	1	1%	Waste and Recycling	0	0%
Child Support Services	1	1%	Community Resources	0	0%
County Counsel	1	1%			
Public Works	2	2%	Social Services Agency	4	7%
	84	100%	Transportation Authority	9	16%
				56	100%
By Member Type:		%			
General	35	42%	By Member Type:		%
Safety	49	58%	General	21	38%
	84	100%	Safety	35	63%
				56	100%
Disabilities In Process Overview					
Total filings pending Board presentation :	130				

Disabilities In Process Overview	
Total filings pending Board presentation :	130
Pending Filed within the past 12 months:	84
Pending Filed over 12 months:	46

Disability Statistics 2020 January 19, 2021

2019 DISABILITY STATISTICS

Total Denied 2019:		
By Type / Stage:	#	%
SCD/NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	9	28%
SCD (Initial Board Decision)	16	50%
NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	0	0%
SCD/NSCD(2nd Board Decision)	7	22%
NSCD (2nd Board Decision)	0	0%
	32	100%
By Employer:		%
Auditor/Controller	1	3%
Community Resources	1	3%
Health Care Agency	3	9%
Information Technology	1	3%
Probation	2	6%
Sanitation	2	6%
Sheriff	8	25%
Social Services Agency	8	25%
Superior Court	2	6%
Transportation Authority	4	14%
	32	100%
By Member Type:		%
General	26	81%
Safety	6	19%
	32	100%

Tota	Granted 2019:		
	By Type / Stage:	#	%
SCD	(Initial Board Decision)	58	83%
NSCD	(Initial Board Decision)	11	16%
	SCD (Hearings)	1	1%
	NSCD (Hearings)	0	0%
	SCD (Writ)	0	0%
		70	100%
	By Employer:		%
	Community Resources	2	3%
	Fire Authority	17	24%
	Health Care Agency	1	1%
	Information Technology	1	1%
	Probation	5	7%
	Public Defender	2	3%
	Public Works	1	1%
	Sanitation	1	1%
	Sheriff	14	20%
:	Social Services Agency	8	11%
	Superior Court	2	3%
٦	Fransportation Authority	15	21%
	Waste and Recycling	1	1%
		70	100%
	By Member Type:		%
	General	40	57%
	Safety	30	43%
		70	100%

Total Filed 2019:		
By Type:	#	%
SCD	17	19%
NSCD	2	2%
BOTH	71	79%
	90	100%
By Employer:		%
Assessor	1	1%
Auditor Controller	1	1%
Child Support Services	1	1%
District Attorney	1	1%
Fire Authority	23	26%
Health Care Agency	1	1%
Probation	8	9%
Public Works	2	2%
Sheriff	21	23%
Social Services Agency	16	18%
Superior Court	1	1%
Transportation Authority	14	16%
	90	100%
By Member Type:		%
General	49	54%
Safety	41	46%
	90	100%

Disabilities in Process Overview Pending Board presentation: 95 Pending filed within the past 12 months: 81 Pending filed over 12 months: 14

> DISABILITY STATISTICS 2019 JANUARY 21, 2020

2018 DISABILITY STATISTICS

Total Filed 2018:			Total Granted 2018:			Total Denied 2018:		
By Type:	#	%	By Type / Stage:	#	%	By Type / Stage:	#	%
SCD	29	35%	SCD (Initial Board Decision)	73	90%	SCD/NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	10	50%
NSCD	2	2%	NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	7	9%	SCD (Initial Board Decision)	5	25%
BOTH	51	62%	SCD (Hearings)	1	1%	NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	2	10%
	82	100%	NSCD (Hearings)	0	0%	SCD/NSCD(2nd Board Decision)	3	15%
			SCD (Writ)	0	0%	NSCD (2nd Board Decision)	0	0%
By Employer:		%		81	100%		20	100%
Community Resources	2	2%						
District Attorney	2	2%	By Employer:		%	By Employer:		%
Fire Authority	19	23%	Auditor Controller	1	1%	Community Resources	2	10%
Health Care Agency	3	4%	District Attorney	2	2%	Fire Authority	2	10%
Probation	4	5%	Fire Authority	22	27%	Health Care Agency	3	10%
Public Defender	1	1%	Health Care Agency	3	4%	Probation	1	15%
Public Works	1	1%	Probation	4	5%	Sanitation	1	5%
Sanitation	1	1%	Public Works	2	2%	Sheriff	4	5%
Sheriff	16	20%	Sanitation	2	2%	Social Services Agency	5	20%
Social Services Agency	17	21%	Sheriff	29	36%	Transportation Authority	2	25%
Superior Court	1	1%	Social Services Agency	7	9%		20	100%
Transportation Authority	13	16%	Transportation Authority	9	11%			
Waste & Recycling	2	2%		81	100%			
	82	100%						
By Member Type:		%	By Member Type:		%	By Member Type:		%
General	49	60%	General	32	40%	General	15	75%
Safety	33	40%	Safety	49	60%	Safety	5	25%
	82	100%		81	100%		20	100%

Disabilities In Process Overview	
Pending Board presentation:	117
Pending Filed in past 12 mos:	82
Pending Filed over 12 mos:	35

DISABILITY STATISTICS 2018 JANUARY 16, 2019

2017 Disability Statistics

Total Denied 2017:		
By Type / Stage:	#	%
SCD/NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	13	62%
SCD (Initial Board Decision)	3	14%
NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	1	5%
SCD (2nd Board Decision)	3	14%
NSCD (2nd Board Decision)	1	5%
	21	100%
By Employer:		%
Auditor Controller	1	5%
Health Care Agency	0	0%
Sheriff	9	43%
Social Services Agency	5	24%
Fire Authority	2	10%
Transportation Authority	1	5%
Community Resources	2	10%
Sanitation	1	5%
Probation	0	0%
	21	100%
By Member Type:		%
General	16	76%
Safety	5	24%
	21	100%

Total Granted 2017:		
By Type / Stage:	#	%
SCD (Initial Board Decision)	# 62	83%
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	
NSCD (Initial Board Decision)	9	12%
SCD (Hearings)	3	4%
NSCD (Hearings)	1	1%
SCD (Writ)		0%
	75	100%
By Employer:		%
Public Defender	3	4%
Sanitation	3	4%
Fire Authority	11	15%
Health Care Agency	4	5%
Sheriff	21	28%
Public Works	4	5%
Superior Court	2	3%
Probation	2	3%
Waste and Recycling	2	3%
Community Resources	5	7%
Social Services Agency	9	12%
Transportation Authority	9	12%
	75	100%
By Member Type:		%
General	48	64%
Safety	27	36%
	75	100%

Total Filed 2017:		
Ву Туре:	#	%
SCD	25	35%
NSCD	1	1%
BOTH	45	63%
	71	100%
By Employer:		%
Auditor Controller	0	0%
District Attorney	0	0%
Health Care Agency	3	4%
Fire Authority	17	24%
Transportation Authority	8	11%
Public Defender	2	3%
Sanitation	2	3%
Sheriff	25	35%
Social Services Agency	5	7%
Probation	5	7%
Superior Court	1	1%
Community Resources	2	3%
Public Guardian	1	1%
	71	100%
By Member Type:		%
General	34	48%
Safety	37	52%
	71	100%

Disabilities In Process Overview	
Total filings pending Board presentation :	113
Pending Filed within the past 12 months:	68
Pending Filed over 12 months:	45

Summary of Disability Applications and Results, 2017-2021

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Disability Applications Filed (Total)	71	82	90	84	66	393
Service Connected Disability	25	29	17	37	22	130
Non Service Connected Disability	1	2	2	0	1	6
Both	45	51	71	47	43	257
New Applications by Safety Members	49	33	35	49	38	204
by General Members	22	49	55	35	28	189
Disabilities Granted	75	81	70	56	91	373
Disabilities Denied	21	20	32	20	20	113
New Applications, by Employer*	71	82	90	84	66	393
Assessor			1		1	2
Auditor Controller			1			1
Child Support Services			1	1		2
District Attorney		2	1	3		6
Health Care Agency	3	3	1	2	1	10
Human Resource Services						0
John Wayne Airport		0			1	1
OC Community Resources	2	2			1	5
OC Fire Authority	17	19	23	17	19	95
OC Public Guardian/Administrator	1					1
OC Public Works		1	2	2	1	6
OC Transportation Authority	8	13	14	7	10	52
OC Waste and Recycling		2				2
Probation	5	4	8	5	4	26
Public Defender	2	1		1		4
Sanitation	2	1		1	1	5
Sheriff's Dept	25	16	21	37	19	118
Social Services Agency	5	17	16	5	7	50
Superior Court	1	1	1	1	1	5

*If employer is not listed, no applications received from 2017-2021



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of Board of Retirement

FROM: Gina M. Ratto, General Counsel

SUBJECT: ANNUAL FORM 700 DESIGNATED FILERS LIST AND FACT SHEET

Written Report

Background/Discussion

The purpose of this memorandum is to advise OCERS Board Members of the requirement that they file a Form 700 – Statement of Economic Interests for the 2021 calendar year on or before April 1, 2022. More information regarding the filing requirements is set forth below.

On or before April 1 of every year, each designated filer under OCERS' Conflict of Interest Code is required to file a Form 700 Statement of Economic Interests to disclose personal economic interests in real property, businesses, and investments as described in the regulations adopted by the California Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC).

OCERS' designated filers are:

All members of the Board of Retirement (including Alternate Member) **Chief Executive Officer** Assistant Chief Executive Officer, External Operations Assistant Chief Executive Officer, Finance and Internal Operations **Chief Investment Officer General Counsel** Managing Director of Investments **Director of Investments Investment Officers/Senior Investment Officers** Investment Analysts/Senior Investment Analysts **Deputy General Counsel Director of Internal Audit Director of Finance Director of Administrative Services** Director of Information Technology **Director of Information Security** Contracts, Risk & Performance Manager

Completing and Filing the Form 700

The Form 700, FPPC Reference Pamphlet, Frequently Asked Questions and the new Expanded Statement of Economic Interests Fact Sheet for 2021/2022 are attached to assist you in completing your Form 700.

OCERS filers are strongly encouraged to file their Forms 700 using the County of Orange Clerk of the Board EDisclosure system. All filers will receive an email from the Clerk of the Board's office in the next few weeks providing a link to the EDisclosure system. The EDisclosure system is very easy to use and allows for direct



Memorandum

filing and permanent electronic storage. The Clerk of the Board's office can assist filers with user names and passwords. In addition, I am available to answer questions regarding filing.

If you prefer to submit a hard copy of your Form 700, please send it to Steve Delaney's assistant, Cammy Torres, by March 25, 2022, so that we can forward it in a timely manner to the Clerk of the Board on your behalf.

Please note that the OCERS Annual Disclosure Policy was rescinded in 2018; accordingly, the filing of the separate Annual Disclosure Form is no longer required.

Attachments:

- (1) Form 700
- (2) FPPC Reference Pamphlet
- (3) Frequently Asked Questions
- (4) Expanded SEI Fact Sheet (NEW)

Submitted by:



Gina M. Ratto General Counsel

2021-2022 Statement of Economic Interests



Form 700

A Public Document

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Helpful Resources

- Video Tutorials
- Reference Pamphlet
- Excel Version
- FAQs
- Gift and Travel Fact Sheet for State and Local Officials

California Fair Political Practices Commission

1102 Q Street, Suite 3000 • Sacramento, CA 95811 Email Advice: advice@fppc.ca.gov Toll-free advice line: 1 (866) ASK-FPPC • 1 (866) 275-3772 Telephone: (916) 322-5660 • Website: www.fppc.ca.gov

December 2021

Quick Start Guide

Detailed instructions begin on page 3.

WHEN IS THE ANNUAL STATEMENT DUE?

- March 1 Elected State Officers, Judges and Court Commissioners, State Board and Commission members listed in Government Code Section 87200
- April 1 Most other filers

WHERE DO I FILE?

Most people file the Form 700 with their agency. If you're not sure where to file your Form 700, contact your filing officer or the person who asked you to complete it.

ITEMS TO NOTE!

- The Form 700 is a public document.
- Only filers serving in active military duty may receive an extension on the filing deadline.
- You must also report interests held by your spouse or registered domestic partner.
- Your agency's conflict of interest code will help you to complete the Form 700. You are encouraged to get your conflict of interest code from the person who asked you to complete the Form 700.

NOTHING TO REPORT?

Mark the "No reportable interests" box on Part 4 of the Cover Page, and submit only the signed Cover Page. Please review each schedule carefully!

Schedule	Common Reportable Interests	Common Non-Reportable Interests
A-1: Investments	Stocks, including those held in an IRA or 401K. Each stock must be listed.	Insurance policies, government bonds, diversified mutual funds, funds similar to diversified mutual funds.
A-2: Business Entitites/Trusts	Business entities, sole proprietorships, partnerships, LLCs, corporations and trusts. (e.g., Form 1099 filers).	Savings and checking accounts, and annuities.
B: Real Property	Rental property in filer's jurisdiction, or within two miles of the boundaries of the jurisdiction.	A residence used exclusively as a personal residence (such as a home or vacation property).
C: Income	Non-governmental salaries. Note that filers are required to report only half of their spouse's or partner's salary.	Governmental salary (from school district, for example).
D: Gifts	Gifts from businesses, vendors, or other contractors (meals, tickets, etc.).	Gifts from family members.
E: Travel Payments	Travel payments from third parties (not your employer).	Travel paid by your government agency.

Note: Like reportable interests, non-reportable interests may also create conflicts of interest and could be grounds for disqualification from certain decisions.

QUESTIONS?

- advice@fppc.ca.gov
- (866) 275-3772 Mon-Thurs, 9-11:30 a.m.

E-FILING ISSUES?

- If using your agency's system, please contact technical support at your agency.
- If using FPPC's e-filing system, write to form700@fppc.ca.gov.

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What's New

Gift Limit Increase

The gift limit increased to **\$520** for calendar years **2021** and **2022**. The gift limit in 2020 was \$500.

Who must file:

- Elected and appointed officials and candidates listed in Government Code Section 87200
- Employees, appointed officials, and consultants filing pursuant to a conflict of interest code ("code filers"). Obtain your disclosure categories, which describe the interests you must report, from your agency; they are not part of the Form 700
- Candidates running for local elective offices that are designated in a conflict of interest code (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, and water board members)

Exception:

- Candidates for a county central committee are not required to file the Form 700
- Employees in newly created positions of existing agencies

For more information, see Reference Pamphlet, page 3, at *www. fppc.ca.gov.*

Where to file:

87200 Filers

Your agency
The clerk of your court
Directly with FPPC
Your county filing official
Your city clerk
Your agency

Code Filers — State and Local Officials, Employees, and Consultants Designated in a Conflict of Interest

Code: File with your agency, board, or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's code (e.g., Legislative staff files directly with FPPC). In most cases, the agency, board, or commission will retain the statements.

Members of Newly Created Boards and Commissions: File with your agency or with your agency's code reviewing body pursuant to Regulation 18754.

Employees in Newly Created Positions of Existing Agencies:

File with your agency or with your agency's code reviewing body. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 3.)

Candidates file as follow:

State offices, Judicial offices and		County elections official with whom you file your
multi-county offices	€	declaration of candidacy
County offices	€	County elections official
City offices	€	City Clerk
Public Employee's		
Retirement System		
(CalPERS)	•	CalPERS
State Teacher's		
Retirement Board		
(CalSTRS)	€	CalSTRS
. ,		

How to file:

The Form 700 is available at *www.fppc.ca.gov*. Form 700 schedules are also available in Excel format. Each Statement must have a handwritten "wet" signature or "secure electronic signature," meaning either (1) a signature submitted using an approved electronic filing system or (2) if permitted by the filing officer, a digital signature submitted via the filer's agency email address. (See Regulations 18104 and 18757.) Companies such as Adobe and DocuSign offer digital signature services. All statements are signed under the penalty of perjury and must be verified by the filer. See Regulation 18723.1(c) for filing instructions for copies of expanded statements.

When to file:

Annual Statements

March 1, 2022

- Elected State Officers
- Judges and Court Commissioners
- State Board and State Commission Members listed in Government Code Section 87200

April 1, 2022

- Most other filers

Individuals filing under conflict of interest codes in city and county jurisdictions should verify the annual filing date with their filing official or filing officer.

Statements postmarked by the filing deadline are considered filed on time.

Statements of 30 pages or less may be emailed or faxed by the deadline as long as the originally signed paper version is sent by first class mail to the filing official within 24 hours.

Assuming Office and Leaving Office Statements

Most filers file within 30 days of assuming or leaving office or within 30 days of the effective date of a newly adopted or amended conflict of interest code.

Exception:

If you assumed office between October 1, 2021, and December 31, 2021, and filed an assuming office statement, you are not required to file an annual statement until March 1, 2023, or April 1, 2023, whichever is applicable. The annual statement will cover the day after you assumed office through December 31, 2022. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 6, for additional exceptions.

Candidate Statements

File no later than the final filing date for the declaration of candidacy or nomination documents. A candidate statement is not required if you filed an assuming office or annual statement for the same jurisdiction within 60 days before filing a declaration of candidacy or other nomination documents.

Late Statements

There is no provision for filing deadline extensions unless the filer is serving in active military duty. (See page 19 for information on penalties and fines.)

Amendments

Statements may be amended at any time. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised. It is not necessary to amend the entire filed form. Obtain amendment schedules at *www.fppc.ca.gov.*

Types of Statements

Assuming Office Statement:

If you are a newly appointed official or are newly employed in a position designated, or that will be designated, in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in or otherwise authorized to serve in the position. If you are a newly elected official, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in.

 Report: Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed the office or position must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed the office or position.

For positions subject to confirmation by the State Senate or the Commission on Judicial Appointments, your assuming office date is the date you were appointed or nominated to the position.

• Example: Maria Lopez was nominated by the Governor to serve on a state agency board that is subject to state Senate confirmation. The assuming office date is the date Maria's nomination is submitted to the Senate. Maria must report investments, interests in real property, and business positions she holds on that date, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to that date.

If your office or position has been added to a newly adopted or newly amended conflict of interest code, use the effective date of the code or amendment, whichever is applicable.

 Report: Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the effective date of the code or amendment must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the effective date of the code or amendment.

Annual Statement:

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021. If the period covered by the statement is different than January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021, (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2020, and December 31, 2020 or you are combining statements), you must specify the period covered.

 Investments, interests in real property, business positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the period covered by the statement must be reported. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless you are required to report the acquisition or disposition of an interest that did not occur in 2021. If your disclosure category changes during a reporting period, disclose under the old category until the effective date of the conflict of interest code amendment and disclose under the new disclosure category through the end of the reporting period.

Leaving Office Statement:

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2021, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position. If the period covered differs from January 1, 2021, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2020, and December 31, 2020, or you are combining statements), the period covered must be specified. The reporting period can cover parts of two calendar years.

• Report: Investments, interests in real property, business positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the period covered by the statement. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless you are required to report the acquisition or disposition of an interest that did not occur in 2021.

Candidate Statement:

If you are filing a statement in connection with your candidacy for state or local office, investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date of filing your declaration of candidacy must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months <u>prior to</u> the date of filing your declaration of candidacy is reportable. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B.

Candidates running for local elective offices (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, or water district board members) must file candidate statements, as required by the conflict of interest code for the elected position. The code may be obtained from the agency of the elected position.

Amendments:

If you discover errors or omissions on any statement, file an amendment as soon as possible. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised; it is not necessary to refile the entire form. Obtain amendment schedules from the FPPC website at *www.fppc.ca.gov.*

Note: Once you file your statement, you may not withdraw it. All changes must be noted on amendment schedules.

Expanded Statement:

If you hold multiple positions subject to reporting requirements, you may be able to file an expanded statement for each position, rather than a separate and distinct statement for each position. The expanded statement must cover all reportable interests for all jurisdictions and list all positions for which it is filed. The rules and processes governing the filing of an expanded statement are set forth in Regulation 18723.1

CALIFORNIA FORM / UU FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION			ECONOMIC INTERESTS Date Initial Filing OVER PAGE LIC DOCUMENT		
NAME OF FILER (LAST)			(MIDDLE)		
1. Office, Agenc	y, or Court				
Agency Name (D	o not use acronyms)				
Division, Board, D	epartment, District, if applicable	Yo	ur Position		
► If filing for mult	iple positions, list below or on an attachme	ent. (Do not use acronyms	s)		
Agency:		Po	osition:		
2. Jurisdiction	of Office (Check at least one box)				
State			udge, Retired Judge, Pro Tem Jud Statewide Jurisdiction)	ge, or Court Commissioner	
Multi-County _		C	County of		
City of		0	Other		
Annual: The Dec -or-	ement (Check at least one box) period covered is January 1, 2021, throug ember 31, 2021. period covered is//		Leaving Office: Date Left (Check one of The period covered is January	circle.)	
Dec	ember 31, 2021 .	-	leaving office. or- The period covered is/_	/ through	
	ffice: Date assumed//		the date of leaving office.	-	
	Date of Election a	nd office sought, if differen	t than Part 1:		
4. Schedule Su Schedules a		otal number of page	s including this cover page	e:	
Schedule	A-1 - Investments - schedule attached		e C - Income, Loans, & Business		
	A-2 - Investments – schedule attached B - Real Property – schedule attached		Schedule D - Income – Gifts – schedule attached Schedule E - Income – Gifts – Travel Payments – schedule attached		
-or- None - 5. Verification	No reportable interests on any sc	neaule			
MAILING ADDRESS	STREET ddress Recommended - Public Document)	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	
DAYTIME TELEPHON	E NUMBER	EMAIL ADD	RESS		
()					
herein and in any	sonable diligence in preparing this stateme attached schedules is true and complete. analty of perjury under the laws of the s	I acknowledge this is a p	ublic document.	wledge the information contained	
	many of perjury under the laws of the t				
Date Signed	(month, day, year)	Signature	(File the originally signed paper staten	nent with your filing official.)	
				PPC Form 700 - Cover Page (2021/20) a.gov • 866-275-3772 • www.fppc.ca.g Page	

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Instructions Cover Page

Enter your name, mailing address, and daytime telephone number in the spaces provided. Because the Form 700 is a public document, you may list your business/office address instead of your home address.

Part 1. Office, Agency, or Court

- Enter the name of the office sought or held, or the agency or court. Consultants must enter the public agency name rather than their private firm's name. (Examples: State Assembly; Board of Supervisors; Office of the Mayor; Department of Finance; Hope County Superior Court).
- Indicate the name of your division, board, or district, if applicable. (Examples: Division of Waste Management; Board of Accountancy; District 45). **Do not use acronyms.**
- Enter your position title. (Examples: Director; Chief Counsel; City Council Member; Staff Services Analyst).
- If you hold multiple positions (i.e., a city council member who also is a member of a county board or commission) you may be required to file separate and distinct statements with each agency. To simplify your filing obligations, in some cases you may instead complete a single expanded statement and file it with each agency.
 - The rules and processes governing the filing of an expanded statement are set forth in Regulation 18723.1. To file an expanded statement for multiple positions, enter the name of each agency with which you are required to file and your position title with each agency in the space provided. Do not use acronyms. Attach an additional sheet if necessary. Complete one statement disclosing all reportable interests for all jurisdictions. Then file the expanded statement with each agency as directed by Regulation 18723.1(c).

If you assume or leave a position after a filing deadline, you must complete a separate statement. For example, a city council member who assumes a position with a county special district after the April annual filing deadline must file a separate assuming office statement. In subsequent years, the city council member may expand their annual filing to include both positions.

Example:

Brian Bourne is a city council member for the City of Lincoln and a board member for the Camp Far West Irrigation District – a multi-county agency that covers the Counties of Placer and Yuba. The City is located within Placer County. Brian may complete one expanded statement to disclose all reportable interests for both offices and list both positions on the Cover Page. Brian will file the expanded statement with each the City and the District as directed by Regulation 18723.1(c).

Part 2. Jurisdiction of Office

- Check the box indicating the jurisdiction of your agency and, if applicable, identify the jurisdiction. Judges, judicial candidates, and court commissioners have statewide jurisdiction. All other filers should review the Reference Pamphlet, page 13, to determine their jurisdiction.
- If your agency is a multi-county office, list each county in which your agency has jurisdiction.

• If your agency is not a state office, court, county office, city office, or multi-county office (e.g., school districts, special districts and JPAs), check the "other" box and enter the county or city in which the agency has jurisdiction.

Example:

This filer is a member of a water district board with jurisdiction in portions of Yuba and Sutter Counties.

Agency Name (Do not use acronyms)	
Feather River Irrigation District	
Division, Board, Department, District, if applicable	Your Position
N/A	Board Member
\blacktriangleright If filing for multiple positions, list below or on an attachment. Agency: $\frac{N/A}{}$	
Agency: N/A Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box) State	
Agency: N/A . Jurisdiction of Office (Check at least one box)	Position:

Part 3. Type of Statement

Check at least one box. The period covered by a statement is determined by the type of statement you are filing. If you are completing a 2021 annual statement, **do not** change the pre-printed dates to reflect 2022. Your annual statement is used for reporting the **previous year's** economic interests. Economic interests for your annual filing covering January 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022, will be disclosed on your statement filed in 2023. See Reference Pamphlet, page 4.

Combining Statements: Certain types of statements for the same position may be combined. For example, if you leave office after January 1, but before the deadline for filing your annual statement, you may combine your annual and leaving office statements. File by the earliest deadline. Consult your filing officer or the FPPC.

Part 4. Schedule Summary

- Complete the Schedule Summary after you have reviewed each schedule to determine if you have reportable interests.
- Enter the total number of completed pages including the cover page and either check the box for each schedule you use to disclose interests; or if you have nothing to disclose on any schedule, check the "No reportable interests" box.
 Please do not attach any blank schedules.

Part 5. Verification

Complete the verification by signing the statement and entering the date signed. Each statement must have an original "wet" signature unless filed with a secure electronic signature. (See page 3 above.) All statements must be signed under penalty of perjury and be verified by the filer pursuant to Government Code Section 81004. See Regulation 18723.1(c) for filing instructions for copies of expanded statements. **When you sign your statement, you are stating, under penalty of perjury, that it is true and correct.** Only the filer has authority to sign the statement. An unsigned statement is not considered filed and you may be subject to late filing penalties.

	ULE A-1 tments CALIFORNIA FORM 700
Stocks, Bonds, a	nd Other Interests t is Less Than 10%)
· · ·	ust be itemized.
	e or financial statements.
► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other	NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other
(Describe) Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499 Income Received of \$500 or More (<i>Report on Schedule C</i>)	(Describe) Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499 Income Received of \$500 or More (<i>Report on Schedule C</i>)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
//21/_/21 ACQUIRED DISPOSED	//21/_/21 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other	NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other
(Describe) Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499 Income Received of \$500 or More (<i>Report on Schedule C</i>)	(Describe) Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499 Income Received of \$500 or More (<i>Report on Schedule C</i>)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
// <u>21</u> // <u>21</u> ACQUIRED DISPOSED	//21/_/21 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THIS BUSINESS
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other	NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other
(Describe) Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499 Income Received of \$500 or More (<i>Report on Schedule C</i>)	(Describe) Partnership Income Received of \$0 - \$499 Income Received of \$500 or More (<i>Report on Schedule C</i>)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
// 21 // 21	// <u>21</u> // <u>21</u>
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	ACQUIRED DISPOSED

Comments: ____

FPPC Form 700 - Schedule A-1 (2021/2022) advice@fppc.ca.gov • 866-275-3772 • www.fppc.ca.gov Page - 7

Instructions – Schedules A-1 and A-2 Investments

"Investment" means a financial interest in any business entity (including a consulting business or other independent contracting business) that is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or that has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more at any time during the reporting period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)

Reportable investments include:

- Stocks, bonds, warrants, and options, including those held in margin or brokerage accounts and managed investment funds (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)
- Sole proprietorships
- Your own business or your spouse's or registered domestic partner's business (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8, for the definition of "business entity.")
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's investments even if they are legally separate property
- · Partnerships (e.g., a law firm or family farm)
- Investments in reportable business entities held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)
- If you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and dependent children together had a 10% or greater ownership interest in a business entity or trust (including a living trust), you must disclose investments held by the business entity or trust. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16, for more information on disclosing trusts.)
- Business trusts

You are not required to disclose:

- Government bonds, diversified mutual funds, certain funds similar to diversified mutual funds (such as exchange traded funds) and investments held in certain retirement accounts. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.) (Regulation 18237)
- Bank accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposits
- Insurance policies
- Annuities
- Commodities
- Shares in a credit union
- Government bonds (including municipal bonds)

Reminders

- Do you know your agency's jurisdiction?
- Did you hold investments at any time during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers your disclosure categories may only require disclosure of specific investments.

- Retirement accounts invested in non-reportable interests (e.g., insurance policies, mutual funds, or government bonds) (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)
- Government defined-benefit pension plans (such as CalPERS and CalSTRS plans)
- Certain interests held in a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16.)

Use Schedule A-1 to report ownership of less than 10% (e.g., stock). Schedule C (Income) may also be required if the investment is not a stock or corporate bond. (See second example below.)

Use Schedule A-2 to report ownership of 10% or greater (e.g., a sole proprietorship).

To Complete Schedule A-1:

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

- · Disclose the name of the business entity.
- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity (e.g., pharmaceuticals, computers, automobile manufacturing, or communications).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period. If you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement, indicate the fair market value on the filing date or the date you took office, respectively. (See page 20 for more information.)
- Identify the nature of your investment (e.g., stocks, warrants, options, or bonds).
- An acquired or disposed of date is only required if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of the investment interest during the reporting period. The date of a stock dividend reinvestment or partial disposal is not required. Generally, these dates will not apply if you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement.

Examples:

Frank Byrd holds a state agency position. His conflict of interest code requires full disclosure of investments. Frank must disclose his stock holdings of \$2,000 or more in any company that is located in or does business in California, as well as those stocks held by his spouse or registered domestic partner and dependent children.

Alice Lance is a city council member. She has a 4% interest, worth \$5,000, in a limited partnership located in the city. Alice must disclose the partnership on Schedule A-1 and income of \$500 or more received from the partnership on Schedule C.

SCHEDULE A-2		
Investments, Income, and Assets		
of Business Entities/Trusts		



(Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

lame			Name		
ddress (Business Address Ad	cceptable)		Address (Business Address	Acceptable)	
Check one			Check one		
Trust, go to 2	Business Entity, complete the bo	ox, then go to 2	Trust, go to 2	Business Entity, complete	the box, then go to
ENERAL DESCRIPTION O	F THIS BUSINESS		GENERAL DESCRIPTION	OF THIS BUSINESS	
AIR MARKET VALUE \$0 - \$1,999 \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	IF APPLICABLE, LIST	DATE: // 21 DISPOSED	FAIR MARKET VALUE \$0 - \$1,999 \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	IF APPLICABLE, // 21 ACQUIRED	LIST DATE: // 21 DISPOSED
ATURE OF INVESTMENT Partnership Sole Pro	prietorship		NATURE OF INVESTMEN Partnership Sole F	IT Proprietorship	
OUR BUSINESS POSITION	Oth	her	YOUR BUSINESS POSITI		Other
2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS I SHARE OF THE GROSS	NCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE S INCOME <u>TO</u> THE ENTITY/TR	YOUR PRO RATA RUST)	► 2. IDENTIFY THE GROS	S INCOME RECEIVED (INC DSS INCOME <u>TO</u> THE ENT	LUDE YOUR PRO F
\$0 - \$499	\$10,001 - \$100,000		\$0 - \$499	\$10,001 - \$100,000	
INCOME OF \$10,000 OR	OVER \$100,000 CH REPORTABLE SINGLE SO MORE (Attach a separate sheet if nec listed below		INCOME OF \$10,000	OVER \$100,000 EACH REPORTABLE SING OR MORE (Attach a separate sho es listed below	
\$1,001 - \$10,000 3. LIST THE NAME OF EA INCOME OF \$10,000 OR None or Names 4. INVESTMENTS AND INT LEASED BY THE BUSIN	CH REPORTABLE SINGLE SO R MORE (Attach a separate sheet if nec	essary.)	 \$1,001 - \$10,000 3. LIST THE NAME OF INCOME OF \$10,000 None or Name ▶ 4. INVESTMENTS AND LEASED <u>BY</u> THE BU 	EACH REPORTABLE SING OR MORE (Attach a separate she	eet if necessary.) PERTY HELD OR
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\$1,001 - \$10,000 3. LIST THE NAME OF EA INCOME OF \$10,000 OF None or Names 4. INVESTMENTS AND INT LEASED BY THE BUSIT heck one box: INVESTMENT	CH REPORTABLE SINGLE SO MORE (Attach a separate sheet if nec listed below TERESTS IN REAL PROPERT NESS ENTITY OR TRUST	essary.)	\$1,001 - \$10,000 > 3. LIST THE NAME OF INCOME OF \$10,000 None or Name > 4. INVESTMENTS AND LEASED BY THE BU Check one box: INVESTMENT	EACH REPORTABLE SING OR MORE (Attach a separate she es listed below INTERESTS IN REAL PRO SINESS ENTITY OR TRUS	et if necessary.) PERTY HELD OR T
\$1,001 - \$10,000 3. LIST THE NAME OF EA INCOME OF \$10,000 OF None or Names 4. INVESTMENTS AND INT LEASED BY THE BUSIT heck one box: INVESTMENT	CH REPORTABLE SINGLE SC MORE (Attach a separate sheet if nee listed below TERESTS IN REAL PROPERT NESS ENTITY OR TRUST REAL PROPERTY vestment, <u>or</u> Street Address of Real Property	essary.)	\$1,001 - \$10,000 > 3. LIST THE NAME OF INCOME OF \$10,000 None or Name > 4. INVESTMENTS AND LEASED BY THE BU Check one box: INVESTMENT	EACH REPORTABLE SING OR MORE (Attach a separate she es listed below INTERESTS IN REAL PRO SINESS ENTITY OR TRUS REAL PROPERTY Investment, <u>or</u> or Street Address of Real Pro	et if necessary.) PERTY HELD OR T
\$1,001 - \$10,000 3. LIST THE NAME OF EA INCOME OF \$10,000 OF None or Names 4. INVESTMENTS AND INT LEASED BY THE BUSIT heck one box: INVESTMENT ame of Business Entity, if Inv ssessor's Parcel Number or the escription of Business Activit	CH REPORTABLE SINGLE SC MORE (Attach a separate sheet if nee listed below TERESTS IN REAL PROPERT NESS ENTITY OR TRUST REAL PROPERTY vestment, <u>or</u> Street Address of Real Property	Y HELD OR	 \$1,001 - \$10,000 3. LIST THE NAME OF INCOME OF \$10,000 None or Name 4. INVESTMENTS AND LEASED BY THE BU Check one box: INVESTMENT Name of Business Entity, if Assessor's Parcel Number of Description of Business Acti 	EACH REPORTABLE SING OR MORE (Attach a separate sho es listed below INTERESTS IN REAL PRO SINESS ENTITY OR TRUS REAL PROPERTY Investment, <u>or</u> or Street Address of Real Pro ivity <u>or</u> ion of Real Property	PERTY HELD OR T opperty .E, LIST DATE:
\$1,001 - \$10,000 LIST THE NAME OF EA INCOME OF \$10,000 OR None or Names None or Names None or Names None box: INVESTMENT INVESTMENT INVESTMENT And Business Entity, if Invises Secription of Business Activit ty or Other Precise Location NR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000	CH REPORTABLE SINGLE SC MORE (Attach a separate sheet if nee listed below TERESTS IN REAL PROPERT NESS ENTITY OR TRUST REAL PROPERTY REAL PROPERTY ///// Street Address of Real Property // of Real Property IF APPLICABLE, LIS //21 ACQUIRED	Y HELD OR ST DATE: 	 \$1,001 - \$10,000 3. LIST THE NAME OF INCOME OF \$10,000 None or Name 4. INVESTMENTS AND LEASED BY THE BU Check one box: INVESTMENT Name of Business Entity, if Assessor's Parcel Number of Description of Business Act City or Other Precise Locati FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$1,000,000 	EACH REPORTABLE SINC OR MORE (Attach a separate she es listed below INTERESTS IN REAL PRO SINESS ENTITY OR TRUS REAL PROPERTY Investment, <u>or</u> or Street Address of Real Pro ivity <u>or</u> ion of Real Property IF APPLICABL 21 21 21	PERTY HELD OR T opperty .E, LIST DATE:

Comments: _

FPPC Form 700 - Schedule A-2 (2021/2022) advice@fppc.ca.gov • 866-275-3772 • www.fppc.ca.gov Page - 9

Instructions – Schedule A-2 Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

Use Schedule A-2 to report investments in a business entity (including a consulting business or other independent contracting business) or trust (including a living trust) in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children, together or separately, had a 10% or greater interest, totaling \$2,000 or more, during the reporting period and which is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or which has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.) A trust located outside your agency's jurisdiction is reportable if it holds assets that are located in or doing business in the jurisdiction. Do not report a trust that contains non-reportable interests. For example, a trust containing only your personal residence not used in whole or in part as a business, your savings account, and some municipal bonds, is not reportable.

Also report on Schedule A-2 investments and real property held by that entity or trust if your pro rata share of the investment or real property interest was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period.

To Complete Schedule A-2:

Part 1. Disclose the name and address of the business entity or trust. If you are reporting an interest in a business entity, check "Business Entity" and complete the box as follows:

- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period.
- If you initially acquired or entirely disposed of this interest during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.
- · Identify the nature of your investment.
- Disclose the job title or business position you held with the entity, if any (i.e., if you were a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or held any position of management). A business position held by your spouse is not reportable.

Part 2. Check the box indicating **your pro rata** share of the **gross** income received **by** the business entity or trust. This amount includes your pro rata share of the **gross** income **from** the business entity or trust, as well as your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes.

Part 3. Disclose the name of each source of income that is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or that has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction, as follows:

- Disclose each source of income and outstanding loan to the business entity or trust identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the gross income (including your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share) to the business entity or trust from that source was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 11, for examples.) Income from governmental sources may be reportable if not considered salary. See Regulation 18232. Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.
- Disclose each individual or entity that was a source of commission income of \$10,000 or more during the reporting period through the business entity identified in Part 1. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)

You may be required to disclose sources of income located outside your jurisdiction. For example, you may have a client who resides outside your jurisdiction who does business on a regular basis with you. Such a client, if a reportable source of \$10,000 or more, must be disclosed.

Mark "None" if you do not have any reportable \$10,000 sources of income to disclose. Phrases such as "various clients" or "not disclosing sources pursuant to attorney-client privilege" are not adequate disclosure. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14, for information on procedures to request an exemption from disclosing privileged information.)

Part 4. Report any investments or interests in real property held or leased **by the entity or trust** identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the interest held was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period. Attach additional schedules or use FPPC's Form 700 Excel spreadsheet if needed.

- Check the applicable box identifying the interest held as real property or an investment.
- If investment, provide the name and description of the business entity.
- If real property, report the precise location (e.g., an assessor's parcel number or address).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your interest in the real property or investment during the reporting period. (Report the fair market value of the portion of your residence claimed as a tax deduction if you are utilizing your residence for business purposes.)
- Identify the nature of your interest.
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property or investment during the reporting period.

SCHEDULE B		
Interests in Real Property		
(Including Rental Income)		

CALIFORNIA FORM 7	0	0
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMM	ISS	ION

Name

CITY	СІТҮ
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 ///21 \$10,001 - \$1,000,000 ///21 Over \$1,000,000 DISPOSED	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000
NATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement	Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement
Leasehold Yrs. remaining Other	Leasehold Other
F RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$0 - \$499 \$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more. None	SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more. None
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of busi	
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of busi	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of businame of LENDER*	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and ness must be disclosed as follows:
business on terms available to members of the public	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and ness must be disclosed as follows:
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of busin NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows:
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of busin NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) % None	without regard to your official status. Personal loans and iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) % None
business on terms available to members of the public loans received not in a lender's regular course of business NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) % None HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	without regard to your official status. Personal loans an iness must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) % None HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD

Comments: ___

Instructions – Schedule B Interests in Real Property

Report interests in real property located in your agency's jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more any time during the reporting period. Real property is also considered to be "within the jurisdiction" of a local government agency if the property or any part of it is located within two miles outside the boundaries of the jurisdiction or within two miles of any land owned or used by the local government agency. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)

Interests in real property include:

- An ownership interest (including a beneficial ownership interest)
- · A deed of trust, easement, or option to acquire property
- A leasehold interest (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)
- A mining lease
- An interest in real property held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)
- An interest in real property held by a business entity or trust in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children together had a 10% or greater ownership interest (Report on Schedule A-2.)
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's interests in real property that are legally held separately by him or her

You are not required to report:

- A residence, such as a home or vacation cabin, used exclusively as a personal residence (However, a residence in which you rent out a room or for which you claim a business deduction may be reportable. If reportable, report the fair market value of the portion claimed as a tax deduction.)
- Some interests in real property held through a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16.)
 - Please note: A non-reportable property can still be grounds for a conflict of interest and may be disqualifying.

To Complete Schedule B:

- Report the precise location (e.g., an assessor's parcel number or address) of the real property.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your interest in the property (regardless of what you owe on the property).
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property during the reporting period.
- · Identify the nature of your interest. If it is a leasehold,

Reminders

- Income and loans already reported on Schedule B are not also required to be reported on Schedule C.
- Real property already reported on Schedule A-2, Part 4 is not also required to be reported on Schedule B.
- Code filers do your disclosure categories require disclosure of real property?

disclose the number of years remaining on the lease.

- If you received rental income, check the box indicating the gross amount you received.
- If you had a 10% or greater interest in real property and received rental income, list the name of the source(s) if your pro rata share of the gross income from any single tenant was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. If you received a total of \$10,000 or more from two or more tenants acting in concert (in most cases, this will apply to married couples), disclose the name of each tenant. Otherwise, mark "None."
- Loans from a private lender that total \$500 or more and are secured by real property may be reportable. Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.

When reporting a loan:

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Describe the lender's business activity.
- Disclose the interest rate and term of the loan. For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period. The term of a loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was established.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Identify a guarantor, if applicable.

If you have more than one reportable loan on a single piece of real property, report the additional loan(s) on Schedule C.

Example:

Allison Gande is a city planning commissioner. During the reporting period, she received rental income of \$12,000, from a single tenant who rented property she owned in the city's jurisdiction. If Allison received \$6,000 each from two tenants, the tenants' names would not be required because no single tenant paid her \$10,000 or more. A married couple is considered a single tenant.

CITY Sacramento	
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
NATURE OF INTEREST	Easement
Leasehold Yrs. remaining	Other
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOM interest, list the name of ear income of \$10,000 or more.	IE: If you own a 10% or greater ch tenant that is a single source of
NAME OF LENDER*	
Henry Wells	
NAME OF LENDER*	Acceptable)
Henry Wells NAME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo	
Henry Wells NAME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo ADDRESS (Business Address A	kway, Sacramento
NAME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo ADDRESS (Business Address A 2121 Blue Sky Park	kway, Sacramento
Henry Wells NAME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo ADDRESS (Business Address / 2121 Blue Sky Part BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, Restaurant Owner INTEREST RATE	Kway, Sacramento OF LENDER TERM (Months/Years)
AME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo ADDRESS (Business Address / 2121 Blue Sky Pari BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, Restaurant Owner	kway, Sacramento of LENDER
Henry Wells NAME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo ADDRESS (Business Address / 2121 Blue Sky Parl BUSINESS ACTIVTY, IF ANY, Restaurant Owner INTEREST RATE 8	kway, Sacramento of LENDER TERM (Months/Years) 15 Years
Henry Wells NAME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo ADDRESS (Business Address 2121 Blue Sky Part BUSINESS ACTIVITY. IF ANY, Restaurant Owner NITEREST RATE 8, % None HIGHEST BALANCE DURING	kway, Sacramento of LENDER TERM (Months/Years) 15 Years
Henry Wells NAME OF LENDER* Sophia Petroillo ADDRESS (Business Address 2121 Blue Sky Part BUSINESS ACTIVITY. IF ANY, Restaurant Owner NITEREST RATE 8, % None HIGHEST BALANCE DURING	kway, Sacramento OF LENDER TERM (Months/Years) 15 Years REPORTING PERIOD 1 \$1.001 - \$10,000

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - R-8 Memo re Annual Form 700 Filing Requirements

SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions



Name

(Other tha	n Gifts a	nd Travel	Payments)
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1. INCOME RECEIVED NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOM	F	1. INCOME RECEIV NAME OF SOURCE		1E
ADDRESS (Business Address Ac	ceptable)	ADDRESS (Busines	s Address Ad	cceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, C	DF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVIT	TY, IF ANY, (OF SOURCE
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION		YOUR BUSINESS F	POSITION	
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	No Income - Business Position Only	GROSS INCOME RE	ECEIVED	No Income - Business Position On
\$500 - \$1,000	\$1,001 - \$10,000	\$500 - \$1,000		\$1,001 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000	OVER \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,0	00	OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH	INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED		
	gistered domestic partner's income yed use Schedule A-2.)			gistered domestic partner's income oyed use Schedule A-2.)
Partnership (Less than 10% or Schedule A-2.)	wnership. For 10% or greater use	Partnership (Less Schedule A-2.)	s than 10% o	wnership. For 10% or greater use
Sale of		Sale of		
	al property, car, boat, etc.)		(Re	eal property, car, boat, etc.)
Loan repayment		Loan repayment		
Commission or Rental	Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission or	Rental	Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
	(Describe)			(Describe)
Other	(Describe)	Other		(Describe)
	(Describe)	1		(Describe)

► 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

* You are not required to report loans from a commercial lending institution, or any indebtedness created as part of a retail installment or credit card transaction, made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status. Personal loans and loans received not in a lender's regular course of business must be disclosed as follows:

NAME OF LENDER*	INTEREST RATE		TERM (Months/Years)	
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	%	None		
	SECURITY FOR L	OAN		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER	None	Personal	residence	
	Real Property _		0	
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD			Street address	
\$500 - \$1,000	-		City	
\$1,001 - \$10,000				
\$10,001 - \$100,000	Guarantor			
OVER \$100,000	Other			
			(Describe)	
Comments:				
\$500 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	Guarantor Other		Street address	

FPPC Form 700 - Schedule C (2021/2022) advice@fppc.ca.gov • 866-275-3772 • www.fppc.ca.gov Page - 13

Instructions – Schedule C Income, Loans, & Business Positions (Income Other Than Gifts and Travel Payments)

Reporting Income:

Report the source and amount of gross income of \$500 or more you received during the reporting period. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes and includes loans other than loans from a commercial lending institution. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 11.) You must also report the source of income to your spouse or registered domestic partner if your community property share was \$500 or more during the reporting period.

The source and income must be reported only if the source is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.) Reportable sources of income may be further limited by your disclosure category located in your agency's conflict of interest code.

Reporting Business Positions:

You must report your job title with each reportable business entity even if you received no income during the reporting period. Use the comments section to indicate that no income was received.

Commonly reportable income and loans include:

- Salary/wages, per diem, and reimbursement for expenses including travel payments provided by your employer
- Community property interest (50%) in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's income - **report the employer's name and all other required information**
- Income from investment interests, such as partnerships, reported on Schedule A-1
- Commission income not required to be reported on Schedule A-2 (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)
- Gross income from any sale, including the sale of a house or car (Report your pro rata share of the total sale price.)
- · Rental income not required to be reported on Schedule B
- · Prizes or awards not disclosed as gifts
- · Payments received on loans you made to others
- An honorarium received prior to becoming a public official (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.)
- Incentive compensation (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

Reminders

- Code filers your disclosure categories may not require disclosure of all sources of income.
- If you or your spouse or registered domestic partner are self-employed, report the business entity on Schedule A-2.
- Do not disclose on Schedule C income, loans, or business positions already reported on Schedules A-2 or B.

You are not required to report:

- Salary, reimbursement for expenses or per diem, or social security, disability, or other similar benefit payments received by you or your spouse or registered domestic partner from a federal, state, or local government agency.
- Stock dividends and income from the sale of stock unless the source can be identified.
- · Income from a PERS retirement account.
- (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

To Complete Schedule C:

Part 1. Income Received/Business Position Disclosure

- Disclose the name and address of each source of income or each business entity with which you held a business position.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the amount of gross income received.
- Identify the consideration for which the income was received.
- For income from commission sales, check the box indicating the gross income received and list the name of each source of commission income of \$10,000 or more. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.) Note: If you receive commission income on a regular basis or have an ownership interest of 10% or more, you must disclose the business entity and the income on Schedule A-2.
- Disclose the job title or business position, if any, that you held with the business entity, even if you did not receive income during the reporting period.

Part 2. Loans Received or Outstanding During the Reporting Period

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the lender is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Disclose the interest rate and the term of the loan.
 - For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period.
 - The term of the loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was entered into.
- Identify the security, if any, for the loan.

SCHEDULE D Income – Gifts

CALIFORNIA FORM 700

FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION

Name

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
/\$	\$
/\$	/\$
/\$	/\$
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
/\$	/\$
/\$	/\$
/\$	/\$
NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
/\$	\$
/\$	\$
/\$	// \$
/\$	\$
nts:	

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Instructions – Schedule D Income – Gifts

A gift is anything of value for which you have not provided equal or greater consideration to the donor. A gift is reportable if its fair market value is \$50 or more. In addition, multiple gifts totaling \$50 or more received during the reporting period from a single source must be reported.

It is the acceptance of a gift, not the ultimate use to which it is put, that imposes your reporting obligation. Except as noted below, you must report a gift even if you never used it or if you gave it away to another person.

If the exact amount of a gift is unknown, you must make a good faith estimate of the item's fair market value. Listing the value of a gift as "over \$50" or "value unknown" is not adequate disclosure. In addition, if you received a gift through an intermediary, you must disclose the name, address, and business activity of both the donor and the intermediary. You may indicate an intermediary either in the "source" field after the name or in the "comments" section at the bottom of Schedule D.

Commonly reportable gifts include:

- Tickets/passes to sporting or entertainment events
- · Tickets/passes to amusement parks
- Parking passes not used for official agency business
- Food, beverages, and accommodations, including those provided in direct connection with your attendance at a convention, conference, meeting, social event, meal, or like gathering
- Rebates/discounts not made in the regular course of business to members of the public without regard to official status
- Wedding gifts (See Reference Pamphlet, page 16)
- An honorarium received prior to assuming office (You may report an honorarium as income on Schedule C, rather than as a gift on Schedule D, if you provided services of equal or greater value than the payment received. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.)
- Transportation and lodging (See Schedule E.)
- Forgiveness of a loan received by you

Reminders

- Gifts from a single source are subject to a \$520 limit in **2021**. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.)
- Code filers you only need to report gifts from reportable sources.

Gift Tracking Mobile Application

• FPPC has created a gift tracking app for mobile devices that helps filers track gifts and provides a quick and easy way to upload the information to the Form 700. Visit FPPC's website to download the app.

You are not required to disclose:

- Gifts that were not used and that, within 30 days after receipt, were returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable organization or government agency without being claimed by you as a charitable contribution for tax purposes
- Gifts from your spouse or registered domestic partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, and certain other family members (See Regulation 18942 for a complete list.). The exception does not apply if the donor was acting as an agent or intermediary for a reportable source who was the true donor.
- Gifts of similar value exchanged between you and an individual, other than a lobbyist registered to lobby your state agency, on holidays, birthdays, or similar occasions
- Gifts of informational material provided to assist you in the performance of your official duties (e.g., books, pamphlets, reports, calendars, periodicals, or educational seminars)
- A monetary bequest or inheritance (However, inherited investments or real property may be reportable on other schedules.)
- Personalized plaques or trophies with an individual value of less than \$250
- Campaign contributions
- Up to two tickets, for your own use, to attend a fundraiser for a campaign committee or candidate, or to a fundraiser for an organization exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The ticket must be received from the organization or committee holding the fundraiser.
- Gifts given to members of your immediate family if the source has an established relationship with the family member and there is no evidence to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you. (See Regulation 18943.)
- Free admission, food, and nominal items (such as a pen, pencil, mouse pad, note pad or similar item) available to all attendees, at the event at which the official makes a speech (as defined in Regulation 18950(b)(2)), so long as the admission is provided by the person who organizes the event.
- Any other payment not identified above, that would otherwise meet the definition of gift, where the payment is made by an individual who is not a lobbyist registered to lobby the official's state agency, where it is clear that the gift was made because of an existing personal or business relationship unrelated to the official's position and there is no evidence whatsoever at the time the gift is made to suggest the donor had a purpose to influence you.

To Complete Schedule D:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym), address, and, if a business entity, the business activity of the source.
- Provide the date (month, day, and year) of receipt, and disclose the fair market value and description of the gift.

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM	70	U
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES	COMMISS	SION

Name

- Mark either the gift or income box.
- Mark the "501(c)(3)" box for a travel payment received from a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization
 or the "Speech" box if you made a speech or participated in a panel. Per Government Code
 Section 89506, these payments may not be subject to the gift limit. However, they may result
 in a disqualifying conflict of interest.
- For gifts of travel, provide the travel destination.

► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S):/// AMT: \$	DATE(S):/// AMT: \$
► MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income	► MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)	► NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S):/// AMT: \$	 DATE(S)://
► MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income	► MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description	Other - Provide Description
► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination	► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination
Comments:	II

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Instructions – Schedule E Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

Travel payments reportable on Schedule E include advances and reimbursements for travel and related expenses, including lodging and meals.

Gifts of travel may be subject to the gift limit. In addition, certain travel payments are reportable gifts, but are not subject to the gift limit. To avoid possible misinterpretation or the perception that you have received a gift in excess of the gift limit, you may wish to provide a specific description of the purpose of your travel. (See the FPPC fact sheet entitled "Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel, and Loans" to read about travel payments under section 89506(a).)

You are not required to disclose:

- Travel payments received from any state, local, or federal government agency for which you provided services equal or greater in value than the payments received, such as reimbursement for travel on agency business from your government agency employer.
- A payment for travel from another local, state, or federal government agency and related per diem expenses when the travel is for education, training or other inter-agency programs or purposes.
- Travel payments received from your employer in the normal course of your employment that are included in the income reported on Schedule C.
- A travel payment that was received from a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) for which you provided equal or greater consideration, such as reimbursement for travel on business for a 501(c)(3) organization for which you are a board member.

Note: Certain travel payments may not be reportable if reported via email on Form 801 by your agency.

To Complete Schedule E:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym) and address of the source of the travel payment.
- Identify the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Check the box to identify the payment as a gift or income, report the amount, and disclose the date(s).
 - **Travel payments are gifts** if you did not provide services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose gifts totaling \$50 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement.

When reporting travel payments that are gifts, you must provide a description of the gift, the **date(s)** received, and the **travel destination**.

• **Travel payments are income** if you provided services that were equal to or greater in value than the

payments received. You must disclose income totaling \$500 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement. You have the burden of proving the payments are income rather than gifts. When reporting travel payments as income, you must describe the services you provided in exchange for the payment. You are not required to disclose the date(s) for travel payments that are income.

Example:

City council member MaryClaire Chandler is the chair of a 501(c)(6) trade association, and the association pays for her travel to attend its meetings. Because MaryClaire is deemed

to be providing equal or greater consideration for the travel payment by virtue of serving on the board, this payment may be reported as income. Payments for MaryClaire to attend other events for which she is not providing services are likely considered gifts. Note that the same payment from a

۲	NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
	Health Services Trade Association
	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
	1230 K Street, Suite 610
	CITY AND STATE
	Sacramento, CA
	501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE Association of Healthcare Workers
۲	MUST CHECK ONE: Gift -or- X Income
	Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
	Other - Provide Description Travel reimbursement for board meeting.

501(c)(3) would NOT be reportable.

Example:

Mayor Kim travels to China on a trip organized by China Silicon Valley Business Development, a California nonprofit, 501(c)(6) organization. The Chengdu Municipal People's Government pays for Mayor Kim's airfare and travel costs,

as well as his meals and lodging during the trip. The trip's agenda shows that the trip's purpose is to promote job creation and economic activity in China and in Silicon Valley, so the trip is reasonably related to a governmental purpose. Thus, Mayor Kim must report the gift of travel,

 NAME OF SOURCE (Not an Acronym)
Chengdu Municipal People's Government
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
2 Caoshi St, CaoShiJie, Qingyang Qu, Chengdu Shi,
CITY AND STATE
Sichuan Sheng, China, 610000
501 (c)(3) or DESCRIBE BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S): 09/04/XX 09/08/XX AMT: \$3,874.38
► MUST CHECK ONE: X Gift -or- Income
Made a Speech/Participated in a Panel
Other - Provide Description <u>Travel reimbursement for</u> trip to China.
► If Gift, Provide Travel Destination Sichuan Sheng, China

but the gift is exempt from the gift limit. In this case, the travel payments are not subject to the gift limit because the source is a foreign government and because the travel is reasonably related to a governmental purpose. (Section 89506(a)(2).) Note that Mayor Kim could be disqualified from participating in or making decisions about The Chengdu Municipal People's Government for 12 months. Also note that if China Silicon Valley Business Development (a 501(c)(6) organization) paid for the travel costs rather than the governmental organization, the payments would be subject to the gift limits. (See the FPPC fact sheet, Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel and Loans, at www.fppc.ca.gov.)

Restrictions and Prohibitions

The Political Reform Act (Gov. Code Sections 81000-91014) requires most state and local government officials and employees to publicly disclose their economic interests including personal assets and income. The Act's conflict of interest provisions also disqualify a public official from taking part in a governmental decision if it is reasonably foreseeable that the decision will have a material financial effect on these economic interests as well as the official's personal finances and those of immediate family. (Gov. Code Sections 87100 and 87103.) The Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) is the state agency responsible for issuing the attached Statement of Economic Interests, Form 700, and for interpreting the Act's provisions.

Gift Prohibition

Gifts received by most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are subject to a limit. In 2021-2022, the gift limit increased to \$520 from a single source during a calendar year. In 2019 and 2020, the gift limit was \$500 from a single source during a calendar year.

Additionally, state officials, state candidates, and certain state employees are subject to a \$10 limit per calendar month on gifts from lobbyists and lobbying firms registered with the Secretary of State. See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.

State and local officials and employees should check with their agency to determine if other restrictions apply.

Disqualification

Public officials are, under certain circumstances, required to disqualify themselves from making, participating in, or attempting to influence governmental decisions that will affect their economic interests. This may include interests they are not required to disclose. For example, a personal residence is often not reportable, but may be grounds for disqualification. Specific disqualification requirements apply to 87200 filers (e.g., city councilmembers, members of boards of supervisors, planning commissioners, etc.). These officials must publicly identify the economic interest that creates a conflict of interest and leave the room before a discussion or vote takes place at a public meeting. For more information, consult Government Code Section 87105, Regulation 18707, and the Guide to Recognizing Conflicts of Interest page at *www.fppc.ca.gov.*

Honorarium Ban

Most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are prohibited from accepting an honorarium for any speech given, article published, or attendance at a conference, convention, meeting, or like gathering. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.)

Loan Restrictions

Certain state and local officials are subject to restrictions on loans. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

Post-Governmental Employment

There are restrictions on representing clients or employers before former agencies. The provisions apply to elected state officials, most state employees, local elected officials, county chief administrative officers, city managers, including the chief administrator of a city, and general managers or chief administrators of local special districts and JPAs. The FPPC website has fact sheets explaining the provisions.

Late Filing

The filing officer who retains originally-signed or electronically filed statements of economic interests may impose on an individual a fine for any statement that is filed late. The fine is \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$100. Late filing penalties may be reduced or waived under certain circumstances.

Persons who fail to timely file their Form 700 may be referred to the FPPC's Enforcement Division (and, in some cases, to the Attorney General or district attorney) for investigation and possible prosecution. In addition to the late filing penalties, a fine of up to \$5,000 per violation may be imposed.

For assistance concerning reporting, prohibitions, and restrictions under the Act:

- Email questions to advice@fppc.ca.gov.
- Call the FPPC toll-free at (866) 275-3772.

Form 700 is a Public Document Public Access Must Be Provided

Statements of Economic Interests are public documents. The filing officer must permit any member of the public to inspect and receive a copy of any statement.

- Statements must be available as soon as possible during the agency's regular business hours, but in any event not later than the second business day after the statement is received. Access to the Form 700 is not subject to the Public Records Act procedures.
- No conditions may be placed on persons seeking access to the forms.
- No information or identification may be required from persons seeking access.
- Reproduction fees of no more than 10 cents per page may be charged.

Questions and Answers

General

- Q. What is the reporting period for disclosing interests on an assuming office statement or a candidate statement?
- A. On an assuming office statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed office. In addition, you must disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed office.

On a candidate statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you file your declaration of candidacy. You must also disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you file your declaration of candidacy.

- Q. I hold two other board positions in addition to my position with the county. Must I file three statements of economic interests?
- A. Yes, three are required. However, you may instead complete an expanded statement listing the county and the two boards on the Cover Page or an attachment as the agencies for which you will be filing. Disclose all reportable economic interests in all three jurisdictions on the expanded statement. File the expanded statement for your primary position providing an original "wet" signature unless filed with a secure electronic signature. (See page 3 above.) File copies of the expanded statement with the other two agencies as required by Regulation 18723.1(c). Remember to complete separate statements for positions that you leave or assume during the year.
- Q. I am a department head who recently began acting as city manager. Should I file as the city manager?
- A. Yes. File an assuming office statement as city manager. Persons serving as "acting," "interim," or "alternate" must file as if they hold the position because they are or may be performing the duties of the position.

- Q. My spouse and I are currently separated and in the process of obtaining a divorce. Must I still report my spouse's income, investments, and interests in real property?
- A. Yes. A public official must continue to report a spouse's economic interests until such time as dissolution of marriage proceedings is final. However, if a separate property agreement has been reached prior to that time, your estranged spouse's income may not have to be reported. Contact the FPPC for more information.
- Q. As a designated employee, I left one state agency to work for another state agency. Must I file a leaving office statement?
- A. Yes. You may also need to file an assuming office statement for the new agency.

Investment Disclosure

- Q. I have an investment interest in shares of stock in a company that does not have an office in my jurisdiction. Must I still disclose my investment interest in this company?
- A. Probably. The definition of "doing business in the jurisdiction" is not limited to whether the business has an office or physical location in your jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)
- Q. My spouse and I have a living trust. The trust holds rental property in my jurisdiction, our primary residence, and investments in diversified mutual funds. I have full disclosure. How is this trust disclosed?
- A. Disclose the name of the trust, the rental property and its income on Schedule A-2. Your primary residence and investments in diversified mutual funds registered with the SEC are not reportable.
- Q. I am required to report all investments. I have an IRA that contains stocks through an account managed by a brokerage firm. Must I disclose these stocks even though they are held in an IRA and I did not decide which stocks to purchase?
- A. Yes. Disclose on Schedule A-1 or A-2 any stock worth \$2,000 or more in a business entity located in or doing business in your jurisdiction.

Questions and Answers Continued

- Q. The value of my stock changed during the reporting period. How do I report the value of the stock?
- A. You are required to report the highest value that the stock reached during the reporting period. You may use your monthly statements to determine the highest value. You may also use the entity's website to determine the highest value. You are encouraged to keep a record of where you found the reported value. Note that for an assuming office statement, you must report the value of the stock on the date you assumed office.
- Q. I am the sole owner of my business, an S-Corporation. I believe that the nature of the business is such that it cannot be said to have any "fair market value" because it has no assets. I operate the corporation under an agreement with a large insurance company. My contract does not have resale value because of its nature as a personal services contract. Must I report the fair market value for my business on Schedule A-2 of the Form 700?
- A. Yes. Even if there are no *tangible* assets, intangible assets, such as relationships with companies and clients are commonly sold to qualified professionals. The "fair market value" is often quantified for other purposes, such as marital dissolutions or estate planning. In addition, the IRS presumes that "personal services corporations" have a fair market value. A professional "book of business" and the associated goodwill that generates income are not without a determinable value. The Form 700 does not require a precise fair market value; it is only necessary to check a box indicating the broad range within which the value falls.
- Q. I own stock in IBM and must report this investment on Schedule A-1. I initially purchased this stock in the early 1990s; however, I am constantly buying and selling shares. Must I note these dates in the "Acquired" and "Disposed" fields?
- A. No. You must only report dates in the "Acquired" or "Disposed" fields when, during the reporting period, you initially purchase a reportable investment worth \$2,000 or more or when you dispose of the entire investment. You are not required to track the partial trading of an investment.

- Q. On last year's filing I reported stock in Encoe valued at \$2,000 \$10,000. Late last year the value of this stock fell below and remains at less than \$2,000. How should this be reported on this year's statement?
- A. You are not required to report an investment if the value was less than \$2,000 during the **entire** reporting period. However, because a disposed date is not required for stocks that fall below \$2,000, you may want to report the stock and note in the "comments" section that the value fell below \$2,000. This would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.
- Q. We have a Section 529 account set up to save money for our son's college education. Is this reportable?
- A. If the Section 529 account contains reportable interests (e.g., common stock valued at \$2,000 or more), those interests are reportable (not the actual Section 529 account). If the account contains solely mutual funds, then nothing is reported.

Income Disclosure

- Q. I reported a business entity on Schedule A-2. Clients of my business are located in several states. Must I report all clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2, Part 3?
- A. No, only the clients located in or doing business on a regular basis in your jurisdiction must be disclosed.
- Q. I believe I am not required to disclose the names of clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2 because of their right to privacy. Is there an exception for reporting clients' names?
- A. Regulation 18740 provides a procedure for requesting an exemption to allow a client's name not to be disclosed if disclosure of the name would violate a legally recognized privilege under California or Federal law. This regulation may be obtained from our website at *www.fppc.ca.gov.* (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

Questions and Answers Continued

- Q. I am sole owner of a private law practice that is not reportable based on my limited disclosure category. However, some of the sources of income to my law practice are from reportable sources. Do I have to disclose this income?
- A. Yes, even though the law practice is not reportable, reportable sources of income to the law practice of \$10,000 or more must be disclosed. This information would be disclosed on Schedule C with a note in the "comments" section indicating that the business entity is not a reportable investment. The note would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.
- Q. I am the sole owner of my business. Where do I disclose my income on Schedule A-2 or Schedule C?
- A. Sources of income to a business in which you have an ownership interest of 10% or greater are disclosed on Schedule A-2. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)
- Q. My husband is a partner in a four-person firm where all of his business is based on his own billings and collections from various clients. How do I report my community property interest in this business and the income generated in this manner?
- A. If your husband's investment in the firm is 10% or greater, disclose 100% of his share of the business on Schedule A-2, Part 1 and 50% of his income on Schedule A-2, Parts 2 and 3. For example, a client of your husband's must be a source of at least \$20,000 during the reporting period before the client's name is reported.
- Q. How do I disclose my spouse's or registered domestic partner's salary?
- A. Report the name of the employer as a source of income on Schedule C.
- Q. I am a doctor. For purposes of reporting \$10,000 sources of income on Schedule A-2, Part 3, are the patients or their insurance carriers considered sources of income?
- A. If your patients exercise sufficient control by selecting you instead of other doctors, then your patients, rather than their insurance carriers, are sources of income to you. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

- Q. I received a loan from my grandfather to purchase my home. Is this loan reportable?
- A. No. Loans received from family members are not reportable.
- Q. Many years ago, I loaned my parents several thousand dollars, which they paid back this year. Do I need to report this loan repayment on my Form 700?
- A. No. Payments received on a loan made to a family member are not reportable.

Real Property Disclosure

- Q. During this reporting period we switched our principal place of residence into a rental. I have full disclosure and the property is located in my agency's jurisdiction, so it is now reportable. Because I have not reported this property before, do I need to show an "acquired" date?
- A. No, you are not required to show an "acquired" date because you previously owned the property. However, you may want to note in the "comments" section that the property was not previously reported because it was used exclusively as your residence. This would be for informational purposes only; it is not a requirement.
- Q. I am a city manager, and I own a rental property located in an adjacent city, but one mile from the city limit. Do I need to report this property interest?
- A. Yes. You are required to report this property because it is located within 2 miles of the boundaries of the city you manage.
- Q. Must I report a home that I own as a personal residence for my daughter?
- A. You are not required to disclose a home used as a personal residence for a family member unless you receive income from it, such as rental income.
- Q. I am a co-signer on a loan for a rental property owned by a friend. Since I am listed on the deed of trust, do I need to report my friend's property as an interest in real property on my Form 700?
- A. No. Simply being a co-signer on a loan for property does not create a reportable interest in that real property.

Questions and Answers Continued

Gift Disclosure

- Q. If I received a reportable gift of two tickets to a concert valued at \$100 each, but gave the tickets to a friend because I could not attend the concert, do I have any reporting obligations?
- A. Yes. Since you accepted the gift and exercised discretion and control of the use of the tickets, you must disclose the gift on Schedule D.
- Q. Julia and Jared Benson, a married couple, want to give a piece of artwork to a county supervisor. Is each spouse considered a separate source for purposes of the gift limit and disclosure?
- A. Yes, each spouse may make a gift valued at the gift limit during a calendar year. For example, during 2021 the gift limit was \$520, so the Bensons may have given the supervisor artwork valued at no more than \$1,040. The supervisor must identify Jared and Julia Benson as the sources of the gift.
- Q. I am a Form 700 filer with full disclosure. Our agency holds a holiday raffle to raise funds for a local charity. I bought \$10 worth of raffle tickets and won a gift basket valued at \$120. The gift basket was donated by Doug Brewer, a citizen in our city. At the same event, I bought raffle tickets for, and won a quilt valued at \$70. The quilt was donated by a coworker. Are these reportable gifts?
- A. Because the gift basket was donated by an outside source (not an agency employee), you have received a reportable gift valued at \$110 (the value of the basket less the consideration paid). The source of the gift is Doug Brewer and the agency is disclosed as the intermediary. Because the quilt was donated by an employee of your agency, it is not a reportable gift.

- Q. My agency is responsible for disbursing grants. An applicant (501(c)(3) organization) met with agency employees to present its application. At this meeting, the applicant provided food and beverages. Would the food and beverages be considered gifts to the employees? These employees are designated in our agency's conflict of interest code and the applicant is a reportable source of income under the code.
- A. Yes. If the value of the food and beverages consumed by any one filer, plus any other gifts received from the same source during the reporting period total \$50 or more, the food and beverages would be reported using the fair market value and would be subject to the gift limit.
- Q. I received free admission to an educational conference related to my official duties. Part of the conference fees included a round of golf. Is the value of the golf considered informational material?
- A. No. The value of personal benefits, such as golf, attendance at a concert, or sporting event, are gifts subject to reporting and limits.

2021/2022 Form 700 Statement of Economic Interests



Reference Pamphlet

California Fair Political Practices Commission

1102 Q Street, Suite 3000 • Sacramento, CA 95811 Email advice: advice@fppc.ca.gov Toll-free advice line: 1 (866) ASK-FPPC • (866) 275-3772 Telephone: (916) 322-5660 • Website: *www.fppc.ca.gov*

December 2021

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Who Must File

1. Officials and Candidates Specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 and Members of Boards and Commissions of Newly Created Agencies

The Act requires the following individuals to fully disclose their personal assets and income described in Form 700, Statement of Economic Interests:

State Offices

- Governor
- Lieutenant Governor
- Attorney General
- Controller
- Insurance Commissioner
- Secretary of State
- Treasurer
- Members of the State Legislature
- Superintendent of Public Instruction
- State Board of Equalization Members
- Public Utilities Commissioners
- State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commissioners
- State Coastal Commissioners
- · Fair Political Practices Commissioners
- State public officials (including employees and consultants) who manage public investments
- Elected members of and candidates for the Board of Administration of the California Public Employees' Retirement System
- Elected members of and candidates for the Teachers' Retirement Board
- Members of the High Speed Rail Authority

Other officials and employees of state boards, commissions, agencies, and departments file Form 700 as described in Part 2 on this page.

Judicial Offices

- Supreme, Appellate, and Superior Court Judges
- Court Commissioners
- Retired Judges, Pro-Tem Judges, and part-time Court Commissioners who serve or expect to serve 30 days or more in a calendar year

County and City Offices

- Members of Boards of Supervisors
- · Mayors and Members of City Councils
- Chief Administrative Officers
- District Attorneys
- County Counsels
- City Attorneys
- City Managers
- Planning Commissioners
- · County and City Treasurers
- County and city public officials (including employees and consultants) who manage public investments

<u>Members of Newly Created Boards and Commissions</u> Generally, such a member must file an assuming office statement within 30 days as well as subsequent statements until the member's position is designated in a conflict of interest code. See Regulation 18754.

2. State and Local Officials, Employees, Candidates, and Consultants Designated in a Conflict of Interest Code ("Code Filers")

The Act requires every state and local government agency to adopt a unique conflict of interest code. The code lists each position within the agency filled by individuals who make or participate in making governmental decisions that could affect their personal economic interests.

The code requires individuals holding those positions to periodically file Form 700 disclosing certain personal economic interests as determined by the code's "disclosure categories." These individuals are called "designated employees" or "code filers."

Obtain your disclosure categories from your agency – they are not contained in the Form 700. Persons with broad decisionmaking authority must disclose more interests than those in positions with limited discretion. For example, you may be required to disclose only investments and business positions in or income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) from businesses of the type that contract with your agency, or you may not be required to disclose real property interests.

In addition, certain consultants to public agencies may qualify as public officials because they make, participate in making, or act in a staff capacity for governmental decisions. Agencies determine who is a consultant and the level of disclosure and may use Form 805.

Note: An official who holds a position specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 is not required to file statements under the conflict of interest code of any agency that has the same or a smaller jurisdiction (for example, a state legislator who also sits on a state or local board or commission).

Employees in Newly Created Positions of Existing Agencies An individual hired for a position not yet covered under an agency's conflict of interest code must file Form 700 if the individual serves in a position that makes or participates in making governmental decisions. These individuals must file under the agency's broadest disclosure category until the code is amended to include the new position unless the agency has provided in writing a limited disclosure requirement. The Form 804 may be used to satisfy this requirement.

Types of Form 700 Filings

Assuming Office Statement:

If you are a newly appointed official or are newly employed in a position designated, or that will be designated, in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in or otherwise authorized to serve in the position. If you are a newly elected official, your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in.

 Report: Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed the office or position must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed the office or position.

For positions subject to confirmation by the State Senate or the Commission on Judicial Appointments, your assuming office date is the date you were appointed or nominated to the position.

• Example: Maria Lopez was nominated by the Governor to serve on a state agency board that is subject to state Senate confirmation. The assuming office date is the date Maria's nomination is submitted to the Senate. Maria must report investments, interests in real property, and business positions she holds on that date, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to that date.

If your office or position has been added to a newly adopted or newly amended conflict of interest code, use the effective date of the code or amendment, whichever is applicable.

• Report: Investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the effective date of the code or amendment must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the effective date of the code or amendment.

Annual Statement:

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021. If the period covered by the statement is different than January 1, 2021, through December 31, 2021, (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2020, and December 31, 2020 or you are combining statements), you must specify the period covered.

 Investments, interests in real property, business positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the period covered by the statement must be reported. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless you are required to report the acquisition or disposition of an interest that did not occur in 2021. If your disclosure category changes during a reporting period, disclose under the old category until the effective date of the conflict of interest code amendment and disclose under the new disclosure category through the end of the reporting period.

Leaving Office Statement:

Generally, the period covered is January 1, 2021, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position. If the period covered differs from January 1, 2021, through the date you stopped performing the duties of your position (for example, you assumed office between October 1, 2020, and December 31, 2020, or you are combining statements), the period covered must be specified. The reporting period can cover parts of two calendar years.

• Report: Investments, interests in real property, business positions held, and income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the period covered by the statement. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B unless you are required to report the acquisition or disposition of an interest that did not occur in 2021.

Candidate Statement:

If you are filing a statement in connection with your candidacy for state or local office, investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date of filing your declaration of candidacy must be reported. In addition, income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) received during the 12 months <u>prior to</u> the date of filing your declaration of candidacy is reportable. Do not change the preprinted dates on Schedules A-1, A-2, and B.

Candidates running for local elective offices (e.g., county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, or water district board members) must file candidate statements, as required by the conflict of interest code for the elected position. The code may be obtained from the agency of the elected position.

Amendments:

If you discover errors or omissions on any statement, file an amendment as soon as possible. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised; it is not necessary to refile the entire form. Obtain amendment schedules from the FPPC website at *www.fppc.ca.gov.*

Where to File

1. Officials Specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 (See Reference Pamphlet, page 3):

In most cases, the filing officials listed below will retain a copy of your statement and forward the original to the FPPC.

Filers	Where to File	
87200 Filers		
State offices	Your agency	
Judicial offices	The clerk of your court	
Retired Judges	Directly with FPPC	
County offices	Your county filing official	
City offices	Your city clerk	
Multi-County offices	Your agency	
87200 Candidates		
State offices Judicial offices Multi-County offices	County elections official with whom you file your declaration of candidacy	
County offices	County elections official	
City offices	City Clerk	
Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)	CalPERS	
State Teachers' Retirement Board (CalSTRS)	CalSTRS	

Note: Individuals that invest public funds for a city or county agency must file Form 700 with the agency. Unlike most other 87200 filers, the original statement will **not** be forwarded to the FPPC pursuant to Regulation 18753.

2. Code Filers — State and Local Officials, Employees, Candidates, and Consultants Designated in a Conflict of interest Code:

File with your agency, board, or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's conflict of interest code. In most cases, the agency, board, or commission will retain the statements.

Candidates for local elective offices designated in a conflict of interest code file with the elections office where the declaration of candidacy or other nomination documents are filed.

3. Members of Newly Created Boards and Commissions:

File with your agency or with your agency's code reviewing body. See Regulation 18754.

State Senate and Assembly staff members file statements directly with the FPPC.

Exceptions:

- Elected state officers are not required to file statements under any agency's conflict of interest code.
- Filers listed in Section 87200 are not required to file statements under any agency's conflict of interest code in the same jurisdiction. For example, a county supervisor who is appointed to serve in an agency with jurisdiction in the same county has no additional filing obligations.

4. Positions Not Yet Covered Under a Conflict of interest Code

An individual hired for a position not yet covered under an agency's conflict of interest code must file Form 700 if the individual serves in a position that makes or participates in making governmental decisions. These individuals must file under the broadest disclosure category until the code is amended to include the new position unless the agency has provided in writing a limited disclosure requirement. Agencies may use FPPC Form 804 for this disclosure. Such individuals are referred to as "code filers." See Regulation 18734.

When to File

Assuming Office Statements:

Filer	Deadline	
Elected officials	30 days after assuming office	
Appointed positions specified in Gov. Code Section 87200	30 days after assuming office	
or	<u>or</u>	
Members of newly created boards and commissions not covered by a conflict of interest code	10 days after appointment or nomination if subject to Senate or judicial confirmation	
Other appointed positions (including those held by newly- hired employees) that are or will be designated in a conflict of interest code	30 days after assuming office (30 days after appointment or nomination if subject to Senate confirmation)	
Positions newly added to a new or amended conflict of interest code	30 days after the effective date of the code or code amendment	

Exceptions:

- Elected state officers who assume office in December or January are not required to file an assuming office statement, but will file the next annual statement due.
- If you complete a term of office and, within 30 days, begin a new term of the same office (for example, you are reelected or reappointed), you are not required to file an assuming office statement. Instead, you will simply file the next annual statement due.
- If you leave an office specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 and, within 45 days, you assume another office or position specified in Section 87200 that has the same jurisdiction (for example, a city planning commissioner elected as mayor), you are not required to file an assuming office statement. Instead, you will simply file the next annual statement due.
- If you transfer from one designated position to another designated position within the same agency, contact your filing officer or the FPPC to determine your filing obligations.
- If a due date falls on a weekend or an official state holiday, the due date is the next regular business day.

Late statements are subject to a late fine of \$10 per day per position up to \$100 for each day the statement is late.

Annual Statements:

 Elected state officers (including members of the state legislature, members elected to the Board of Administration of the California Public Employees' Retirement System and members elected to the Teachers' Retirement Board);

Judges and court commissioners; and

Members of state boards and commissions specified in Gov. Code Section 87200:

File no later than Tuesday, March 1, 2022.

2. County and city officials specified in Gov. Code Section 87200:

File no later than Friday, April 1, 2022.

- Multi-County officials:
 File no later than Friday, April 1, 2022.
- State and local officials and employees designated in a conflict of interest code:
 File on the date prescribed in the code (April 1 for most filers).

Exception:

If you assumed office between October 1, 2021, and December 31, 2021, and filed an assuming office statement, you are not required to file an annual statement until March 1, 2023, or April 1, 2023, whichever is applicable. The annual statement will cover the day after you assumed office through December 31, 2022.

Incumbent officeholders who file candidate statements also must file annual statements by the specified deadlines.

When to File - (continued)

Leaving Office Statements:

Leaving office statements must be filed no later than 30 days after leaving the office or position.

Exceptions:

- If you complete a term of office and, within 30 days, begin a new term of the same office (for example, you are reelected or reappointed), you are not required to file a leaving office statement. Instead, you will simply file the next annual statement due.
- If you leave an office specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 and, within 45 days, you assume another office or position specified in Section 87200 that has the same jurisdiction (for example, a city planning commissioner elected as mayor), you are not required to file a leaving office statement. Instead, you will simply file the next annual statement due.
- If you transfer from one designated position to another designated position within the same agency, contact your filing officer or the FPPC to determine your filing obligations.

Candidate Statements:

All candidates (including incumbents) for offices specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 must file statements no later than the final filing date for their declaration of candidacy.

Candidates seeking a position designated in a conflict of interest code must file no later than the final filing date for the declaration of candidacy or other nomination documents.

Exception:

A candidate statement is not required if you filed an assuming office or annual statement for the same jurisdiction **within 60 days** before filing a declaration of candidacy or other nomination documents.

Late Statements:

Late statements should be submitted as soon as possible after the filing deadline, in the same manner and place as a timely filed statement.

The filing officer who retains originally-signed or electronically filed statements of economic interests may impose on an individual a fine for any statement that is filed late. The fine is \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$100. Late filing penalties may be reduced or waived under certain circumstances.

Persons who fail to timely file their Form 700 may be referred to the FPPC's Enforcement Division (and, in some cases, to the Attorney General or District Attorney) for investigation and possible prosecution. In addition to the late filing penalties from the filing officer, a fine of up to \$5,000 per violation may be imposed.

> FPPC Form 700 Reference Pamphlet (2021/2022) advice@fppc.ca.gov • 866-275-3772 • www.fppc.ca.gov Ref. Pamphlet - 7

Terms & Definitions

The instructions located on the back of each schedule describe the types of interests that must be reported. The purpose of this section is to explain other terms used in Form 700 that are not defined in the instructions to the schedules or elsewhere.

Blind Trust: See Trusts, Reference Pamphlet, page 16.

Business Entity: Any organization or enterprise operated for profit, including a proprietorship, partnership, firm, business trust, joint venture, syndicate, corporation, or association. This would include a business for which you take business deductions for tax purposes (for example, a small business operated in your home).

Code Filer: An individual who has been designated in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code to file statements of economic interests.

An individual hired on or after January 1, 2021 for a position not yet covered under an agency's conflict of interest code must file Form 700 if the individual serves in a position that makes or participates in making governmental decisions. These individuals must file under the broadest disclosure category until the code is amended to include the new position unless the agency has provided in writing a limited disclosure requirement. Agencies may use FPPC Form 804 for such disclosure. See Regulation 18734.

Commission Income: "Commission income" means gross payments of \$500 or more received during the period covered by the statement as a broker, agent, or salesperson, including insurance brokers or agents, real estate brokers or agents, travel agents or salespersons, stockbrokers, and retail or wholesale salespersons, among others.

In addition, you may be required to disclose the names of sources of commission income if your pro rata share of the gross income was \$10,000 or more from a single source during the reporting period. If your spouse or registered domestic partner received commission income, you would disclose your community property share (50%) of that income (that is, the names of sources of \$20,000 or more in gross commission income received by your spouse or registered domestic partner).

Report commission income as follows:

- If the income was received through a business entity in which you and your spouse or registered domestic partner had a 10% or greater ownership interest (or if you receive commission income on a regular basis as an independent contractor or agent), use Schedule A-2.
- If the income was received through a business entity in which you or your spouse or registered domestic partner did not receive commission income on a regular basis or you had a less than 10% ownership interest, use Schedule C.

The "source" of commission income generally includes all parties to a transaction, and each is attributed the full value of the commission.

Examples:

- You are a partner in Jameson and Mulligan Insurance Company and have a 50% ownership interest in the company. You sold two Businessmen's Insurance Company policies to XYZ Company during the reporting period. You received commission income of \$5,000 from the first transaction and \$6,000 from the second. On Schedule A-2, report your partnership interest in and income received from Jameson and Mulligan Insurance Company in Parts 1 and 2. In Part 3, list both Businessmen's Insurance Company and XYZ Company as sources of \$10,000 or more in commission income.
- You are a stockbroker for Prince Investments, but you have no ownership interest in the firm. You receive commission income on a regular basis through the sale of stock to clients. Your total gross income from your employment with Prince Investments was over \$100,000 during the reporting period. On Schedule A-2, report your name as the name of the business entity in Part 1 and the gross income you have received in Part 2. (Because you are an employee of Prince Investments, you do not need to complete the information in the box in Part 1 indicating the general description of business activity, fair market value, or nature of investment.) In Part 3, list Prince Investments and the names of any clients who were sources of \$10,000 or more in commission income to you.
- You are a real estate agent and an independent contractor under Super Realty. On Schedule A-2, Part 1, in addition to your name or business name, complete the business entity description box. In Part 2, identify your gross income. In Part 3, for each transaction that resulted in commission income to you of \$10,000 or more, you must identify the brokerage entity, each person you represented, and any person who received a finder's or other referral fee for referring a party to the transaction to the broker.

Note: If your pro rata share of commission income from a single source is \$500 or more, you may be required to disqualify yourself from decisions affecting that source of income, even though you are not required to report the income. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

Conflict of Interest: A public official or employee has a conflict of interest under the Act when all of the following occur:

- The official makes, participates in making, or uses their official position to influence a governmental decision;
- It is reasonably foreseeable that the decision will affect the official's economic interest;
- The effect of the decision on the official's economic interest will be material; and
- The effect of the decision on the official's economic interest will be different than its effect on the public generally.

Conflict of Interest Code: The Act requires every state and local government agency to adopt a conflict of interest code. The code may be contained in a regulation, policy statement, or a city or county ordinance, resolution, or other document.

An agency's conflict of interest code must designate all officials and employees of, and consultants to, the agency who make or participate in making governmental decisions that could cause conflicts of interest. These individuals are required by the code to file statements of economic interests and to disqualify themselves when conflicts of interest occur.

The disclosure required under a conflict of interest code for a particular designated official or employee should include only the kinds of personal economic interests they could significantly affect through the exercise of their official duties. For example, an employee whose duties are limited to reviewing contracts for supplies, equipment, materials, or services provided to the agency should be required to report only those interests they hold that are likely to be affected by the agency's contracts for supplies, equipment, materials, or services.

Consultant: An individual who contracts with or whose employer contracts with state or local government agencies and who makes, participates in making, or acts in a staff capacity for making governmental decisions. The agency determines who is a consultant. Consultants may be required to file Form 700. Such consultants would file under full disclosure unless the agency provides in writing a limited disclosure requirement. Agencies may use FPPC Form 805 to assign such disclosure. The obligation to file Form 700 is always imposed on the individual who is providing services to the agency, not on the business or firm that employs the individual. FPPC Regulation 18700.3 defines "consultant" as an individual who makes a governmental decision whether to:

- Approve a rate, rule, or regulation
- Adopt or enforce a law
- Issue, deny, suspend, or revoke any permit, license, application, certificate, approval, order, or similar authorization or entitlement
- Authorize the agency to enter into, modify, or renew a contract provided it is the type of contract that requires agency approval
- Grant agency approval to a contract that requires agency approval and to which the agency is a party, or to the specifications for such a contract
- Grant agency approval to a plan, design, report, study, or similar item
- Adopt, or grant agency approval of, policies, standards, or guidelines for the agency or for any of its subdivisions

A consultant also is an individual who serves in a staff capacity with the agency and:

- participates in making a governmental decision; or
- performs the same or substantially all the same duties for the agency that would otherwise be performed by an individual holding a position specified in the agency's conflict of interest code.

Designated Employee: An official or employee of a state or local government agency whose position has been designated in the agency's conflict of interest code to file statements of economic interests or whose position has not yet been listed in the code but makes or participates in making governmental decisions. Individuals who contract with government agencies (consultants) may also be designated in a conflict of interest code.

A federal officer or employee serving in an official federal capacity on a state or local government agency is not a designated employee.

Disclosure Categories: The section of an agency's conflict of interest code that specifies the types of personal economic interests officials and employees of the agency must disclose on their statements of economic interests. Disclosure categories are usually contained in an appendix or attachment to the conflict of interest code. Contact your agency to obtain a copy of your disclosure categories.

Diversified Mutual Fund: Diversified portfolios of stocks, bonds, or money market instruments that are managed by investment companies whose business is pooling the money of many individuals and investing it to seek a common investment goal. Mutual funds are managed by trained professionals who buy and sell securities. A typical mutual fund will own between 75 to 100 separate securities at any given time so they also provide instant diversification. *Only diversified mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are exempt from disclosure*. In addition, Regulation 18237 provides an exception from reporting other funds that are similar to diversified mutual funds. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)

Elected State Officer: Elected state officers include the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Insurance Commissioner, State Controller, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, members of the State Legislature, members of the State Board of Equalization, elected members of the Board of Administration of the California Public Employees' Retirement System and members elected to the Teachers' Retirement Board.

Enforcement: The FPPC investigates suspected violations of the Act. Other law enforcement agencies (the Attorney General or district attorney) also may initiate investigations under certain circumstances. If violations are found, the Commission may initiate administrative enforcement proceedings that could result in fines of up to \$5,000 per violation.

Instead of administrative prosecution, a civil action may be brought for negligent or intentional violations by the appropriate civil prosecutor (the Commission, Attorney General, or district attorney), or a private party residing within the jurisdiction. In civil actions, the measure of damages is up to the amount or value not properly reported.

Persons who violate the conflict of interest disclosure provisions of the Act also may be subject to agency discipline, including dismissal.

Finally, a knowing or willful violation of any provision of the Act is a misdemeanor. Persons convicted of a misdemeanor may be disqualified for four years from the date of the conviction from serving as a lobbyist or running for elective office, in addition to other penalties that may be imposed. The Act also provides for numerous civil penalties, including monetary penalties and damages, and injunctive relief from the courts. **Expanded Statement:** In some circumstances, an official or an employee who holds multiple positions subject to filing obligations (for example, a city council member who also holds a designated position with a county agency, board, or commission) may complete one expanded statement for all those positions. The expanded statement must disclose all reportable interests for all jurisdictions and list all positions for which it is filed. The rules and processes governing the filing of an expanded statement are set forth in Regulation 18723.1.

Fair Market Value: When reporting the value of an investment, interest in real property, or gift, you must disclose the fair market value – the price at which the item would sell for on the open market. This is particularly important when valuing gifts, because the fair market value of a gift may be different from the amount it cost the donor to provide the gift. For example, the wholesale cost of a bouquet of flowers may be \$10, but the fair market value may be \$25 or more. In addition, there are special rules for valuing free tickets and passes. Call or email the FPPC for assistance.

Gift and Honoraria Prohibitions Gifts:

State and local officials who are listed in Gov. Code Section 87200 (except judges – see below), candidates for these elective offices (including judicial candidates), and officials and employees of state and local government agencies who are designated in a conflict of interest code were prohibited from accepting a gift or gifts totaling more than \$500 in a calendar year from a single source in 2019-2020. The gift limit is \$520 in 2021 and 2022.

In addition, elected <u>state</u> officers, candidates for elective <u>state</u> offices, and officials and employees of <u>state</u> agencies are subject to a \$10 per calendar month limit on gifts from lobbyists and lobbying firms registered with the Secretary of State.

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Honoraria:

State and local officials who are listed in Gov. Code Section 87200 (except judges – see below), candidates for these elective offices (including judicial candidates), and employees of state and local government agencies who are designated in a conflict of interest code are prohibited from accepting honoraria for any speech given, article published, or attendance at any public or private conference, convention, meeting, social event, meal, or like gathering.

Exceptions:

- Some gifts are not reportable or subject to the gift and honoraria prohibitions, and other gifts may not be subject to the prohibitions, but are reportable. For detailed information, see the FPPC fact sheet entitled "Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel, and Loans," which can be obtained from your filing officer or the FPPC website (*www.fppc.ca.gov*).
- The gift limit and the honorarium prohibitions do not apply to a part-time member of the governing board of a public institution of higher education, unless the member is also an elected official.
- If you are designated in a state or local government agency's conflict of interest code, the gift limit and honorarium prohibition are applicable only to sources you would otherwise be required to report on your statement of economic interests. However, this exception is not applicable if you also hold a position listed in Gov. Code Section 87200 (See Reference Pamphlet, page 3.)
- For state agency officials and employees, the \$10 lobbyist/lobbying firm gift limit is applicable only to lobbyists and lobbying firms registered to lobby your agency. This exception is not applicable if you are an elected state officer or a member or employee of the State Legislature.
- Payments for articles published as part of the practice of a bona fide business, trade, or profession, such as teaching, are not considered honoraria. A payment for an "article published" that is customarily provided in connection with teaching includes text book royalties and payments for academic tenure review letters. An official is presumed to be engaged in the bona fide profession of teaching if they are employed to teach at an accredited university.

Judges:

Section 170.9 of the Code of Civil Procedure imposes gift limits on judges and prohibits judges from accepting any honorarium. Section 170.9 is enforced by the Commission on Judicial Performance. The FPPC has no authority to interpret or enforce the Code of Civil Procedure. Court commissioners are subject to the gift limit under the Political Reform Act. **Income Reporting:** Reporting income under the Act is different than reporting income for tax purposes. The Act requires **gross** income (the amount received before deducting losses, expenses, or taxes, as well as income reinvested in a business entity) to be reported.

<u>Pro Rata Share</u>: The instructions for reporting income refer to your pro rata share of the income received. Your pro rata share is normally based on your ownership interest in the entity or property. For example, if you are a sole proprietor, you must disclose 100% of the gross income to the business entity on Schedule A-2. If you own 25% of a piece of rental property, you must report 25% of the gross rental income received. When reporting your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's income, your pro rata share is 50% of their income.

<u>Separate Property Agreement:</u> Generally, a public official is required to disclose their community property share of their spouse's income. But, when a public official and their spouse have a legally separate property agreement (e.g., prenuptial agreement), the official is not required to report the spouse's community property share of income, unless the funds are commingled with community funds or used to pay for community expenses or to produce or enhance the separate income of the official.

Note: This reporting exception does not apply to investments and interests in real property. Even if a public official and their spouse have a separate property agreement, the spouse's investments and interests in real property must still be disclosed because the definitions of reportable investments and interests in real property include those held by the official's immediate family (spouse, registered domestic partner, and dependent children). These definitions are not dependent on community property law.

Income to a Business Entity: When you are required to report sources of income to a business entity, sources of rental income, or sources of commission income, you are only required to disclose individual sources of income of \$10,000 or more. However, you may be required to **disqualify** yourself from decisions affecting sources of \$500 or more in income, even though you are not required to report them.

Examples:

Alice Ruiz is a partner in a business entity. She has a 25% interest. On Schedule A-2, she must disclose 25% of the fair market value of the business entity; 25% of the gross income to the business entity (even though all of the income received was reinvested in the business and she did not personally receive any income from the business); and the name of each source of \$40,000 or more to the business.

 Pat and Mark Johnson, a married couple, own Classic Autos. Income to this business was \$200,000. In determining the amount to report for income on Schedule A-2, Part 2, Mark must include his 50% share (\$100,000) and 50% of his spouse's share (\$50,000). Thus, his reportable income would be \$150,000 and he will check the box indicating \$100,001-\$1,000,000. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13, for an example of how to calculate the value of this investment and interest in real property.)

You are not required to report:

- Salary, reimbursement for expenses or per diem, social security, disability, or other similar benefit payments received by you or your spouse or registered domestic partner from a federal, state, or local government agency
- A travel payment that was received from a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) for which you provided equal or greater consideration, such as reimbursement for travel on business for a 501(c)(3) organization for which you are a board member.
- · Campaign contributions
- A cash bequest or cash inheritance
- Returns on a security registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including dividends, interest, or proceeds from a sale of stocks or bonds unless the purchaser can be identified.
- Redemption of a mutual fund
- Payments received under an insurance policy, including an annuity
- Interest, dividends, or premiums on a time or demand deposit in a financial institution, shares in a credit union, an insurance policy, or a bond or other debt instrument issued by a government agency
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's income that is legally "separate" income so long as the funds are not commingled with community funds or used to pay community expenses
- · Income of dependent children
- Automobile trade-in allowances from dealers
- Loans and loan repayments received from your spouse or registered domestic partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, parent-inlaw, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, or first cousin unless they were acting as an intermediary or agent for any person not covered by this provision
- Alimony or child support payments
- Payments received under a defined benefit pension plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)

- Any loan from a commercial lending institution made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to the public without regard to your official status
- Any retail installment or credit card debts incurred in the creditor's regular course of business on terms available to the public without regard to your official status
- Loans made to others. However, repayments may be reportable on Schedule C
- A loan you co-signed for another person unless you made payments on the loan during the reporting period

Incentive Compensation: "Incentive compensation" means income over and above salary that is either ongoing or cumulative, or both, as sales or purchases of goods or services accumulate. Incentive compensation is calculated by a predetermined formula set by the official's employer which correlates to the conduct of the purchaser in direct response to the effort of the official.

Incentive compensation does not include:

- Salary
- Commission income (For information regarding disclosure of "commission income," see Reference Pamphlet, page 8.)
- Bonuses for activity not related to sales or marketing, the amount of which is based solely on merit or hours worked over and above a predetermined minimum
- Executive incentive plans based on company performance, provided that the formula for determining the amount of the executive's incentive income does not include a correlation between that amount and increased profits derived from increased business with specific and identifiable clients or customers of the company
- Payments for personal services which are not marketing or sales

The purchaser is a source of income to the official if all three of the following apply:

- the official's employment responsibilities include directing sales or marketing activity toward the purchaser; and
- there is direct personal contact between the official and the purchaser intended by the official to generate sales or business; and
- there is a direct relationship between the purchasing activity of the purchaser and the amount of the incentive compensation received by the official.

Report incentive compensation as follows:

- In addition to salary, reimbursement of expenses, and other income received from your employer, separately report on Schedule C the name of each person who purchased products or services sold, marketed or represented by you if you received incentive compensation of \$500 or more attributable to the purchaser during the period covered by the statement.
- If incentive compensation is paid by your employer in a lump sum, without allocation of amounts to specific customers, you must determine the amount of incentive compensation attributable to each of your customers. This may be based on the volume of sales to those customers.

(See Regulations 18700.1 and 18728.5 for more information.)

Investment Funds: The term "investment" no longer includes certain exchange traded funds, closed-end funds, or funds held in an Internal Revenue Code qualified plan. These non-reportable investment funds (1) must be bona fide investment funds that pool money from more than 100 investors, (2) must hold securities of more than 15 issuers, and (3) cannot have a stated policy of concentrating their holdings in the same industry or business ("sector funds"). In addition, the filer may not influence or control the decision to purchase or sell the specific fund on behalf of their agency during the reporting period or influence or control the selection of any specific investment purchased or sold by the fund. (Regulation 18237)

Investments and Interests in Real Property: When disclosing investments on Schedules A-1 or A-2 and interests in real property on Schedules A-2 or B, you must include investments and interests in real property held by your spouse or registered domestic partner, and those held by your dependent children, as if you held them directly.

Examples:

- Julia Pearson, husband, and two dependent children each own \$600 in stock in General Motors. Because the total value of their holdings is \$2,400, Julia must disclose the stock as an investment on Schedule A-1.
- Pat and Mark Johnson, a married couple, jointly own Classic Autos. Mark must disclose Classic Autos as an investment on Schedule A-2. To determine the reportable value of the investment, Mark will aggregate the value of his 50% interest and Pat's 50% interest. Thus, if the total value of the business entity is \$150,000, he will check the box \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 in Part 1 of Schedule A-2. (Also see Reference Pamphlet, page 11, for an example of how to calculate reportable income.)

The Johnsons also own the property where Classic Autos is located. To determine the reportable value of the real property, Mark will again aggregate the value of his 50% interest and Pat's 50% interest to determine the amount to report in Part 4 of Schedule A-2.

• Katie Lee rents out a room in her home. She receives \$6,000 a year in rental income. Katie will report the fair market value of the rental portion of her residence and the income received on Schedule B.

Jurisdiction: Report disclosable investments and sources of income (including loans, gifts, and travel payments) that are either located in or doing business in your agency's jurisdiction, are planning to do business in your agency's jurisdiction, or have done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction, and interests in real property located in your agency's jurisdiction.

A business entity is doing business in your agency's jurisdiction if the entity has business contacts on a regular or substantial basis with a person who maintains a physical presence in your jurisdiction.

Business contacts include, but are not limited to, manufacturing, distributing, selling, purchasing, or providing services or goods. Business contacts do not include marketing via the Internet, telephone, television, radio, or printed media.

The same criteria are used to determine whether an individual, organization, or other entity is doing business in your jurisdiction.

Exception:

Gifts are reportable regardless of the location of the donor. For example, a state agency official with full disclosure must report gifts from sources located outside of California. (Designated employees/code filers should consult their <u>disclosure categories</u> to determine if the donor of a gift is of the type that must be disclosed.)

When reporting interests in real property, if your jurisdiction is the state, you must disclose real property located within the state of California unless your agency's conflict of interest code specifies otherwise.

For local agencies, an interest in real property is located in your jurisdiction if any part of the property is located in, or within two miles of, the region, city, county, district, or other geographical area in which the agency has jurisdiction, or if the property is located within two miles of any land owned or used by the agency.

See the following explanations to determine what your jurisdiction is:

<u>State Offices and All Courts</u>: Your jurisdiction is the state if you are an elected state officer, a state legislator, or a candidate for one of these offices. Judges, judicial candidates, and court commissioners also have statewide jurisdiction. (*In re Baty* (1979) 5 FPPC Ops. 10) If you are an official or employee of, or a consultant to, a state board, commission, or agency, or of any court or the State Legislature, your jurisdiction is the state.

<u>County Offices</u>: Your jurisdiction is the county if you are an elected county officer, a candidate for county office, or if you are an official or employee of, or a consultant to, a county agency or any agency with jurisdiction solely within a single county.

<u>City Offices</u>: Your jurisdiction is the city if you are an elected city officer, a candidate for city office, or you are an official or employee of, or a consultant to, a city agency or any agency with jurisdiction solely within a single city.

<u>Multi-County Offices</u>: If you are an elected officer, candidate, official or employee of, or a consultant to a multi-county agency, your jurisdiction is the region, district, or other geographical area in which the agency has jurisdiction. (Example: A water district has jurisdiction in a portion of two counties. Members of the board are only required to report interests located or doing business in that portion of each county in which the agency has jurisdiction.)

<u>Other (for example, school districts, special districts and JPAs)</u>: If you are an elected officer, candidate, official or employee of, or a consultant to an agency not covered above, your jurisdiction is the region, district, or other geographical area in which the agency has jurisdiction. See the multi-county example above.

Leasehold Interest: The term "interest in real property" includes leasehold interests. An interest in a lease on real property is reportable if the value of the leasehold interest is \$2,000 or more. The value of the interest is the total amount of rent owed by you during the reporting period or, for a candidate or assuming office statement, during the prior 12 months.

You are not required to disclose a leasehold interest with a value of less than \$2,000 or a month-to-month tenancy.

Loan Reporting: Filers are not required to report loans from commercial lending institutions or any indebtedness created as part of retail installment or credit card transactions that are made in the lender's regular course of business, without regard to official status, on terms available to members of the public.

Loan Restrictions: State and local elected and appointed public officials are prohibited from receiving any personal loan totaling more than \$250 from an official, employee, or consultant of their government agencies or any government agency over which the official or the official's agency has direction or control. In addition, loans of more than \$250 from any person who has a contract with the official's agency or an agency under the official's control are prohibited unless the loan is from a commercial lending institution or part of a retail installment or credit card transaction made in the regular course of business on terms available to members of the public.

State and local elected officials are also prohibited from receiving any personal loan of \$500 or more unless the loan agreement is in writing and clearly states the terms of the loan, including the parties to the loan agreement, the date, amount, and term of the loan, the date or dates when payments are due, the amount of the payments, and the interest rate on the loan.

Campaign loans and loans from family members are not subject to the \$250 and \$500 loan prohibitions.

A personal loan made to a public official that is not being repaid or is being repaid below certain amounts will become a gift to the official under certain circumstances. Contact the FPPC for further information, or see the FPPC fact sheet entitled "Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel, and Loans," which can be obtained from your filing officer or the FPPC website (*www.fppc.ca.gov*).

Original Statement: A statement containing either a handwritten "wet" signature or a "secure electronic signature" signed under the penalty of perjury and verified by the filer pursuant to Gov. Code Section 81004. A "secure electronic signature" means either (1) a signature submitted using an approved electronic filing system or (2) if permitted by the filing officer, a digital signature submitted via the filer's agency email address. (See Regulations 18104 and 18757.)

Privileged Information: FPPC Regulation 18740 sets out specific procedures that must be followed in order to withhold the name of a source of income. Under this regulation, you are not required to disclose on Schedule A-2, Part 3, the name of a person who paid fees or made payments to a business entity if disclosure of the name would violate a legally recognized privilege under California or Federal law. However, you must provide an explanation for nondisclosure, separately stating for each undisclosed person: the legal basis for the assertion of the privilege, facts demonstrating why the privilege is applicable, and that to the best of your knowledge you have not and will not make, participate in making, or use your official position to influence a governmental decision affecting the undisclosed person in violation of Government Code Section 87100.

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This explanation may be included with, or attached to, the public official's Form 700.

We note that the name of a source of income is privileged only to a limited extent under California law. For example, a name is protected by attorney-client privilege only when facts concerning an attorney's representation of an anonymous client are not publicly known and those facts,

when coupled with disclosure of the client's identity, might expose the client to an official investigation or to civil or criminal liability. A patient's name is protected by physician-patient privilege only when disclosure of the patient's name would also reveal the nature of the treatment received by the patient. A patient's name is also protected if the disclosure of the patient's name would constitute a violation by an entity covered under the Federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (also known as HIPAA).

Public Officials Who Manage Public Investments:

Individuals who invest public funds in revenue-producing programs must file Form 700. This includes individuals who direct or approve investment transactions, formulate or approve investment policies, and establish guidelines for asset allocations. FPPC Regulation 18700.3 defines "public officials who manage public investments" to include the following:

- Members of boards and commissions, including pension and retirement boards or commissions, and committees thereof, who exercise responsibility for the management of public investments;
- High-level officers and employees of public agencies who exercise primary responsibility for the management of public investments (for example, chief or principal investment officers or chief financial managers); and
- Individuals who, pursuant to a contract with a state or local government agency, perform the same or substantially all the same functions described above.

Registered Domestic Partners: Filers must report investments and interests in real property held by, and sources of income to, registered domestic partners. (See Regulation 18229.)

Retirement Accounts (for example, deferred compensation and individual retirement accounts (IRAs)): Assets held in retirement accounts must be disclosed if the assets are reportable items, such as common stock (investments) or real estate (interests in real property). For help in determining whether your investments and real property are reportable, see the instructions to Schedules A-1, A-2, and B.

If your retirement account holds reportable assets, disclose only the assets held in the account, not the account

itself. You may have to contact your account manager to determine the assets contained in your account.

<u>Schedule A-1</u>: Report any business entity in which the value of your investment interest was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period. (Use Schedule A-2 if you have a 10% or greater ownership interest in the business entity.)

<u>Schedule B</u>: Report any piece of real property in which the value of your interest was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period.

Examples:

- Anaya Tiwari deposits \$500 per month into her employer's deferred compensation program. She has chosen to purchase shares in two diversified mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Because her funds are invested solely in non-reportable mutual funds (see Schedule A-1 instructions), Anaya has no disclosure requirements with regard to the deferred compensation program.
- Earl James Jones has \$6,000 in an individual retirement account with an investment firm. The account contains stock in several companies doing business in his jurisdiction. One of his stock holdings, Misac Computers, reached a value of \$2,500 during the reporting period. The value of his investment in each of the other companies was less than \$2,000. Earl must report Misac Computers as an investment on Schedule A-1 because the value of his stock in that company was \$2,000 or more.
- Adriane Fisher has \$5,000 in a retirement fund that invests in real property located in her jurisdiction. The value of her interest in each piece of real property held in the fund was less than \$2,000 during the reporting period. Although her retirement fund holds reportable assets, she has no disclosure requirement because she did not have a \$2,000 or greater interest in any single piece of real property. If, in the future, the value of her interest in a single piece of real property reaches or

exceeds \$2,000, she will be required to disclose the real property on Schedule B for that reporting period.

Trusts: Investments and interests in real property held and income received by a trust (including a living trust) are reported on Schedule A-2 if you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, and your dependent children together had a 10% or greater interest in the trust and your pro rata share of a single investment or interest in real property was \$2,000 or more.

You have an interest in a trust if you are a trustor and:

- · Can revoke or terminate the trust;
- Have retained or reserved any rights to the income or principal of the trust or retained any reversionary or remainder interest; or
- Have retained any power of appointment, including the power to change the trustee or the beneficiaries.

Or you are a beneficiary and:

- Presently receive income (see Gov. Code Section 82030); or
- Have an irrevocable future right to receive income or principal. (See FPPC Regulation 18234 for more information.)

Examples:

- Sarah Murphy has set up a living trust that holds her principal residence, stock in several companies that do business in her jurisdiction, and a rental home in her agency's jurisdiction. Since Sarah is the trustor and can revoke or terminate the trust, she must disclose any stock worth \$2,000 or more and the rental home on Schedule A-2. Sarah's residence is not reportable because it is used exclusively as her personal residence.
- Chao Yee is listed as a beneficiary in his grandparents' trust. However, Chao does not presently receive income from the trust, nor does he have an irrevocable future right to receive income or principal. Therefore, Chao is not required to disclose any assets contained in his grandparents' trust.

Blind Trusts:

A blind trust is a trust managed by a disinterested trustee who has complete discretion to purchase and sell assets held by the trust. If you have a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest in a blind trust, you may not be required to disclose your pro rata share of the trust's assets or income. However, the trust must meet the standards set out in FPPC Regulation 18235, and you must disclose reportable assets originally transferred into the blind trust and income from those original assets on Schedule A-2 until they have been disposed of by the trustee.

Trustees:

If you are only a trustee, you do not have a reportable interest in the trust. However, you may be required to report the income you received from the trust for performing trustee services.

Wedding Gifts: Wedding gifts must be disclosed if they were received from a reportable source during the period covered by the statement. Gifts valued at \$50 or more are reportable; however, a wedding gift is considered a gift to both spouses equally. Therefore, you would count one-half of the value of a wedding gift to determine if it is reportable and need only report individual gifts with a total value of \$100 or more.

For example, you receive a place setting of china valued at \$150 from a reportable source as a wedding gift. Because the value to you is \$50 or more, you must report the gift on Schedule D, but may state its value as \$75.

Wedding gifts are not subject to the \$520 gift limit, but they are subject to the \$10 lobbyist/lobbying firm gift limit for state officials.

Privacy Information Notice

Information requested on all FPPC forms is used by the FPPC to administer and enforce the Political Reform Act (Gov. Code Sections 81000-91014 and California Code of Regulations Sections 18110-18997). All information required by these forms is mandated by the Political Reform Act. Failure to provide all of the information required by the Act is a violation subject to administrative, criminal, or civil prosecution. All reports and statements provided are public records open for public inspection and reproduction.

If you have any questions regarding this Privacy Notice or how to access your personal information, please contact the FPPC at:

General Counsel Fair Political Practices Commission 1102 Q Street, Suite 3000 Sacramento, CA 95811 (916) 322-5660 (866) 275-3772

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The FAQs listed below are selected from questions often asked about the Statement of Economic Interests (Form 700). Because it is not possible to address all of the unique variables and circumstances related to disclosure, individuals are encouraged to contact the FPPC with specific facts. Most officials must also consult their agency's conflict of interest code to determine their disclosure level and their reportable interests. The Form 700 is a public document. Form 700s filed by State Legislators and Judges, members of the FPPC, County Supervisors, and City Council Members are available on the FPPC's website.

General Questions

- 1. Q. Do officials have to complete all schedules of the Form 700?
 - A. Not necessarily. The majority of individuals who file the Form 700 must do so by following the rules set forth in their agency's conflict of interest code ("designated employees"). Before completing the Form 700, an official should be familiar with the disclosure category for their position. For example, since job duties differ from agency to agency and even unit to unit within the same agency, an analyst for one agency, or unit of that agency, may not have the same reporting requirements as an analyst from another agency, or even another unit of the same agency. Designated employees should obtain a copy of their agency's conflict of interest code from the agency.

Officials listed in Government Code Section 87200 (e.g., boards of supervisors, city council members, planning commissioners, elected state officials, etc.) must report investments, business positions, and sources of income, including receipt of gifts, loans, and travel payments, from sources located in or doing business in their agency's jurisdiction. All interests in real property within the agency's jurisdiction must also be reported. For local officials, real property located within two miles of the boundaries of the jurisdiction or any real property that the agency has an interest in is deemed to be "within the jurisdiction."

- 2. Q. Is it necessary to read all of the information before completing the Form 700?
 - A. Each individual must verify the Form 700's content under penalty of perjury. Therefore, every effort must be made to understand what the form requires. When necessary, you may contact the FPPC for specific guidance. You may only obtain immunity from a potential enforcement action when you receive formal written advice.
- 3. Q. Where are the Form 700s filed?
 - A. Most state and local officials file with their agency. In most instances, the agency is required to forward the originals for specified high-level officials to the FPPC. Only retired judges serving on assignment and legislative staff file the Form 700 *directly* with the FPPC.

- 4. Q. If the Form 700 is postmarked by the due date, is it considered filed on time?
 - A. Yes.
- 5. Q. If an official holds multiple positions subject to filing obligations, is a statement required for each position?
 - A. Yes. However, in some circumstances, such an official may file an expanded statement instead. The expanded statement must cover all reportable interests for all jurisdictions and list all positions for which it is filed. The rules and processes governing the filing of an expanded statement are set forth in Regulation 18723.1.
- 6. Q. Do individuals need to file a complete Form 700 when they leave office?
 - A. Yes. The same requirements apply for the assuming office, the annual, and the leaving office filings.
- 7. Q. An individual is hired into a newly created management position in her agency's Information Technology Department. How does she complete the Form 700?
 - A. Because it is a newly created position, the law requires that economic interests be reported under the broadest disclosure category in the agency's conflict of interest code unless the agency sets interim disclosure that is tailored to the limited range of duties of the position. An individual may request that the agency complete the Form 804 (Agency Report of New Positions) to tailor the disclosure category to the job duties of the new position. Generally, the Form 700 must be filed with the agency within 30 days of the date of hire.
- 8. Q. Must board members of a non-profit public benefit corporation that operates California charter schools file Form 700?
 - A. Yes. Members of charter schools are public officials and must file the Form 700.

Income Questions

- 9. Q. Must an official report a spouse's or registered domestic partner's salary?
 - A. Generally an official is required to report their community property share (50%) of their spouse's or registered domestic partner's salary. The disclosure lists the employer's name as the source of income on Schedule C of the Form 700. If the spouse or registered domestic partner is self-employed, the business entity is reported on Schedule A-2. Officials should check their disclosure category, if applicable, to determine if the income is reportable. A spouse or registered domestic partner's government salary is not reportable (e.g., spouse is a teacher at a public school).

- 10. Q. If an official and their spouse have a legally separate property agreement (e.g., prenuptial), must the official still report their community property share (50%) in their spouse's income?
 - A. No. If there is a legally separate property agreement, the official is not required to report their community property share in their spouse's income so long as the funds are not commingled with community funds or used to pay for community expenses or to produce or enhance the official's separate income. This reporting exception does not apply to investments and interests in real property. Even if a public official and their spouse have a separate property agreement, the spouse's investments and interests in real property must still be disclosed because the definitions of reportable investments and interests in real property include those held by the official's immediate family (spouse, registered domestic partner, and dependent children). These definitions are not dependent on community property law.
- 11. Q. If an official owns a business in which he has received income of \$10,000 or more from a client, is the official required to disclose the client's name on Schedule A-2, Part 3?
 - A. Yes, except for under rare circumstances where disclosure of the identity would violate a legally recognized privilege under California or federal law. In these cases, the FPPC may authorize an exemption. (Regulation 18740)
- 12. Q. When an official purchases a new car and trades in the old car as credit toward the purchase price, is the trade-in allowance considered reportable income on the Form 700?
 - A. No. A trade-in allowance is not considered income and is not reportable on an official's Form 700. However, income received from the sale of an auto may be reportable.
- 13. Q. An official owns a rental property that they are required to report. The renter/tenant pays a property management company and the company deposits the funds into the official's checking account. Would the source of rental income be listed as the property management company or the person living at the residence who is paying the property management company?
 - A. The source of the rental income is the person living at the residence (renter/tenant). The property management company does not need to be disclosed.

Investment Questions

- 14. Q. An official holds various stocks through an account managed by an investment firm. The account manager decides which stocks to purchase with no input from the official. Are the stocks subject to disclosure?
 - A. Yes. Unless the stocks are in a diversified mutual fund registered with the SEC or in a fund similar to a diversified mutual fund (e.g., exchange traded fund (ETF)) if the similar fund meets the specific criteria outlined in Regulation 18237. Any investments worth \$2,000 or more in a business entity located in or doing business in the jurisdiction must be disclosed on Schedule A-1 or A-2 if the official's disclosure category requires that the investments be reported.
- 15. Q. Are funds invested in a retirement account required to be disclosed?
 - A. Investments held in a government defined-benefit pension program plan (e.g., CalPERS) are not reportable. Investments held in a fund such as a defined contribution plan 401(k) or exchange traded fund (EFT) are not required to be disclosed if the fund meets the specific criteria outlined in Regulation 18237. An official may need to contact their account manager for assistance in determining what assets are held in the account.

- 16. Q. If an official reported stocks that were acquired last year on their annual Form 700, must the stocks be listed again on the official's next Form 700?
 - A. Yes. Stocks that are worth \$2,000 or more during the reporting period must be reported every year that they are held. The "acquired" and "disposed" dates are only required if the stocks were acquired or disposed of during the period covered by the Form 700.
- 17. Q. How are interests in a living trust reported if the trust includes: (1) rental property in the official's jurisdiction; (2) a primary residence; and (3) investments in diversified mutual funds? Are there different disclosure rules?
 - A. The name of the trust is reported, along with the rental property and its income, on Schedule A-2. The official's primary residence, if used exclusively as a personal residence, and investments in diversified mutual funds registered with the SEC, are not reportable. Although the official's primary residence is not required to be disclosed on the Form 700, it is still considered an economic interest for conflict of interest purposes. (See Question 18.) A secondary residence not used exclusively for personal purposes may be reportable. (See Question 19.)
- 18. Q. A Form 700 filer has a 10% or greater ownership interest in a company that provides uncompensated, pro-bono, or volunteer services within the filer's jurisdiction. Must this investment be disclosed on Schedule A-2 of the Form 700?
 - A. Yes. An investment must be disclosed if there is any financial interest in a business entity that does business or plans to do business within the jurisdiction (See Government Code 82034). Although the services are uncompensated, "doing business in" is defined as having business contacts on a regular or substantial basis including providing services or goods (Regulation 18230).

Real Property Questions

- 19. Q. Is an official's personal residence reportable?
 - A. Generally, any personal residence occupied by an official or their family is not reportable if used exclusively as a personal residence. However, a residence for which a business deduction is claimed is reportable if the portion claimed as a tax deduction is valued at \$2,000 or more. In addition, any residence for which an official receives rental income is reportable if it is located in the jurisdiction.
- 20. Q. When an official is required to report interests in real property, is a secondary residence reportable?
 - A. It depends. First, the residence must be located in the official's jurisdiction. If the secondary residence is located in the official's jurisdiction and rental income is received (including from a family member), the residence is reportable. However, if the residence is used exclusively for personal purposes and no rental income is received, it is not reportable. Although the secondary residence may not be reportable, it is still considered an economic interest for conflict of interest purposes.
- 21. Q. If a primary or secondary personal residence is required to be reported, is the street address required to be disclosed?
 - A. No. The assessor's parcel number may be listed instead of the street address.

Enforcement Question

- 22. Q. What is the penalty for not filing the Form 700 on time or not reporting all required economic interests?
 - A. A late fine of \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$100 may be assessed. In addition, if a matter is referred to the FPPC's Enforcement Division for failure to file or failure to include all required economic interests, the fine may be substantially higher. If an individual does not pay a fine, the matter may be referred to the Franchise Tax Board for collection.

Gift/Travel Questions

- 23. Q. What is the gift limit for 2021-2022?
 - A. \$520: This means that gifts from a single, reportable source, other than a lobbyist or lobbying firm (see below), may not exceed \$520 in a calendar year. For officials and employees who file the Form 700 under an agency's conflict of interest code ("designated employees"), this limit applies only if the official or employee would be required to report income or gifts from that source on the Form 700, as outlined in the "disclosure category" portion of the agency's conflict of interest purposes, the gift must be under \$520 to avoid consideration under the conflict rules.

State Lobbyist & Lobbying Firm Limit:

\$10: State candidates, state elected officers, and state legislative officials may not accept gifts aggregating more than **\$10 in a calendar month that are made or arranged by a registered state lobbyist or lobbying firm.** The same rule applies to state agency officials, including members of state boards and commissions, if the lobbyist or firm is registered to lobby, or should be registered to lobby, the official's or employee's agency.

- 24. Q. During the year, an official received several gifts of meals from the same reportable source. Each meal was approximately \$35. Is the source reportable?
 - A. Yes. Gifts from the same reportable source are aggregated, and the official must disclose the source when the total value of all meals reaches or exceeds \$50.
- 25. Q. How does an individual return a gift so that it is not reportable?
 - A. Unused gifts that are returned to the donor or reimbursed within 30 days of receipt are not reportable. The recipient may also donate the unused item to a charity or a governmental agency within 30 days of receipt or acceptance so long as the donation is not claimed as a tax deduction. An individual may not, however, reimburse a charity for the value (or partial value) of a gift from another source, in order to not report the gift, unless the charity was the original source of the gift.
- 26. Q. Two people typically exchange gifts of similar value on birthdays. Are these items reportable?
 - A. No. Gift exchanges with individuals, other than lobbyists, on birthdays, holidays, or similar occasions, are not reportable or subject to gift limits. The gifts exchanged must be similar in value.

- 27. Q. Must an official report gifts received from an individual whom the official is dating?
 - A. No. Gifts of a personal nature exchanged because the individuals are in a bona fide dating relationship are not reportable or subject to gift limits. However, the official remains subject to the conflict of interest rules and some matters may require recusal from voting.
- 28. Q. If an official makes a speech related to national public policy and their spouse attends the dinner at the event, is the spouse's meal considered a gift to the official?
 - A. Yes. The official's meal is not a reportable gift; however, their spouse's meal is a gift and reportable on the official's Form 700 if the value is \$50 or more.
- 29. Q. A vendor that does business with the agency provided entertainment tickets to the spouse of one of the agency members. Must the member report the tickets as gifts?
 - A. Yes. Unless an exception applies, the tickets are a reportable gift. A gift to an official's spouse is a gift to the official when there is no established working, social, or similar relationship between the donor/vendor and the spouse or there is evidence to suggest that the donor had a purpose to influence the official.
- 30. Q. An agency received two free tickets to a concert from a local vendor. The agency has a policy governing the reporting of tickets and passes distributed to persons for use in ceremonial roles or other agency related activities. The agency had discretion to determine who in the agency received the tickets. Each ticket was valued at \$140. If the agency director used the tickets, how are they reported?
 - A. Assuming the tickets meet the agency's policy as an appropriate use of public funds, the agency may report the tickets (worth \$280) on the Form 802 (Agency Report of Ceremonial Role Events and Ticket/Pass Distributions), which is a public record. The director does not need to report the tickets on the Form 700.
- 31. Q. An agency received a large box of chocolates as a holiday gift from a local merchant. It was addressed to the agency and not to a particular employee. Is there a reporting requirement?
 - A. No. There is no reporting requirement if the value received by each agency employee is less than \$50.
- 32. Q. An agency official receives a gift basket specifically addressed to the official worth more than \$50 from a local merchant. Is there a reporting requirement?
 - A. If the source of the gift basket is reportable by the official, the official must report the gift, even if they share the gift with other agency employees.
- 33. Q. Do prizes donated to a governmental agency by an outside source constitute gifts under the Act if they were received by city employees in a drawing conducted by the city for all city employees participating in the city's charitable food drive?
 - A. Yes. The prizes are gifts if donated by an outside source and subject to the Act's limits and reporting requirements.

- 34. Q. An official won a scholarship in a raffle at a software update training class. The scholarship covered the cost of the class. All attendees, including other public officials and members of the public, were eligible to apply for the scholarship. Is the official required to report the scholarship as a gift?
 - A. A scholarship received in a "bona fide" competition may be reported as income instead of a gift. Whether or not a competition or contest is "bona fide" depends on specific facts, such as the nature of the pool of contestants. Contact the FPPC for assistance.
- 35. Q. Is a ticket provided to an official for their admission to an event at which the official performs a ceremonial role or function on behalf of their agency reportable on the official's Form 700?
 - A. No, so long as the organization holding the event provides the ticket and so long as the official's agency completes the Form 802 (Agency Report of Ceremonial Role Events and Ticket/Pass Distributions). The form will identify the official's name and explain the ceremonial function. (See Regulation 18942.3 for the definition of "ceremonial role.")
- 36. Q. An official makes an annual donation to an educational organization that has a 501(c)(3) taxexempt status. The organization is holding a two-hour donor appreciation event, which will include wine, appetizers, and music. Free access to the event is being provided to all donors to the organization. Must the official report the event as a gift from the organization?
 - A. Because free access to the event is offered to all of the organization's donors, without regard to official status, access to the event is not a reportable gift.
- 37. Q. Are frequent flyer miles reportable?
 - A. No. Discounts received under an airline's frequent flyer program that are available to all members of the public are not required to be disclosed.

IMPORTANT NOTE: See Regulation 18950.1 for additional information on reporting travel payments. In some circumstances the agency may report the travel in lieu of the official reporting the travel.

- 38. Q. If a non-profit organization pays for an official to travel to a conference after receiving the funds to pay for the travel from corporate sponsors, specifically for the purpose of paying for the official's travel, is the non-profit organization or the corporate sponsors the source of the gift?
 - A. The corporate sponsors are the source of the gift if the corporate sponsors donated funds specifically for the purpose of the official's travel. Thus, the benefit of the gift received by the official would be pro-rated among the donors. Each reportable donor would be subject to the gift limit and identified on the official's Form 700. The FPPC should be contacted for specific guidance to determine the true source of the travel payment.

- 39. Q. May an official accept travel, lodging and subsistence from a foreign sister city while representing the official's home city?
 - A. Yes. If the travel and related lodging and subsistence is paid by a foreign government and is reasonably related to a legislative or governmental purpose, it is not subject to the gift limit. However, the payments must be disclosed as gifts on the Form 700 for this exception to apply. While in the foreign country, any personal excursions not paid for by the official must also be disclosed and are subject to the gift limit. If private entities make payments to the foreign government to cover the travel expenses, the gift limit will apply and travel payments will likely be prohibited. Please contact the FPPC for more information.
- 40. Q. An analyst for a state or local agency attends a training seminar on the new federal standards related to the agency's regulatory authority. If the analyst's travel payments are paid by the federal agency, must the analyst report the payment on the Form 700?
 - A. No. A payment for travel and related per diem received from a government agency for education, training, or other inter-agency programs or purposes, is not considered a gift or income to the official who uses the payment.
- 41. Q. A state legislator and a planning commissioner were guest speakers at an association's event. Travel expenses were paid by the association, and the event was held in the United States. Is this reportable?
 - A. Yes. The payment is reportable, but not subject to the gift limits. In general, an exception applies to payments for travel within the United States that are provided to attend a function where the official makes a speech. These payments are not limited, but are reportable as gifts. The rules require that the speech be reasonably related to a legislative or governmental purpose, or to an issue of state, national, or international public policy; and the travel payment must be limited to actual transportation and related lodging and subsistence the day immediately preceding, the day of, and the day immediately following the speech. (See Government Code Section 89506. Other rules may be applicable if this exception is not used.)
- 42. Q. An official serves as a board member for two organizations one has a 501(c)(3) tax-exempt status and the other has a 501(c)(6) tax-exempt status. The organizations pay the official's travel expenses to attend board meetings. Must the official report these travel payments?
 - A. Under the Act, travel payments provided to an official by a 501(c)(3) organization are exempt from the definition of "income" and therefore, not reportable. However, travel payments from other organizations, including a 501(c)(6) organization, are likely required to be reported. Designated employees must report such travel payment if the organization is reportable pursuant to the official's disclosure category in their agency's conflict of interest code.
- 43. Q. The local airport authority issues a certain number of airport parking cards to the County to allow the cardholders to use the parking facilities at the airport at no change, provided the cardholder is on official business. Must the officials who use the parking cards report a gift on the Form 700?
 - A. No. As long as the parking cards are used for official business only, the parking cards do not provide a personal benefit, so no gift is received. If a parking card is used for *personal* purposes, a gift must be reported.

Tickets to Non-Profit and Political Fundraisers Questions

- 44. Q. An official is offered a ticket from a 501(c)(3) organization to attend its fundraising event. The face value (price) of the ticket is \$500, and the ticket states that the tax deductible portion is \$350. If the official accepts the ticket, what must be reported?
 - A. Nothing is required to be reported on the Form 700, so long as the ticket is provided directly by the 501(c)(3) organization for its own fundraising event and is used for the official's own attendance at the fundraiser. In this case, the ticket is deemed to have no value. The official may also accept a second ticket provided directly by the 501(c)(3) organization for their guest attending the event, without a reporting obligation by either the official or the guest.
- 45. Q. What if someone purchases a table at a non-profit fundraiser and offers an official a seat at the table?
 - A. If another person or entity provides a ticket, it is a gift and subject to the gift limit. The value is the non-deductible portion on the ticket. If there is no declared face value, then the value is the pro-rata share of the food, catering service, entertainment, and any additional item provided as part of the event. The "no value" exception only applies if the official receives no more than two tickets for their own use directly from the 501(c)(3) organization and it is for the organization's fundraising event.
- 46. Q. A 501(c)(3) organization provides a ticket to an official for its fundraising event. The organization seats the official at a table purchased by a business entity. Does the official have to report the ticket?
 - A. No. So long as the ticket is provided directly by the 501(c)(3) organization and is used for the official's own attendance at the fundraiser, the ticket is not reportable regardless of where the official is seated.
- 47. Q. An agency employee who holds a position designated in its agency's conflict of interest code receives a ticket to a fundraiser from a person not "of the type" listed in the agency's code. Is the agency employee required to report the value?
 - A. No. A ticket or any other gift may be accepted under these circumstances without limit or reporting obligations. Agencies must ensure the conflict of interest code adequately addresses potential conflicts of interests but not be so overbroad as to include sources that are not related to the employee's official duties.
- 48. Q. An official receives a ticket to attend a political fundraiser held in Washington D.C. from a federal committee. Is the official required to disclose the ticket as a gift, and is it subject to the gift limit?
 - A. No. The value of the ticket is not a gift, so long as the ticket is provided to the official directly by the committee holding the fundraiser and the official personally uses the ticket. (Regulation 18946.4.) Separate rules apply for travel provided to attend the fundraiser. Regulation 18950.3 covers issues on travel paid by or for a campaign committee.

- 49. Q. A political party committee is holding a political fundraiser at a golf course and a round of golf is included. If the committee provides an elected official a ticket, is the ticket reportable by the official?
 - A. No, so long as the official uses the ticket for their own use. If someone other than the political party provides a ticket, the full cost of the ticket is a gift. The political party must report the total amount spent on the fundraiser on its campaign statement.
- 50. Q. If a business entity offers an official a ticket or a seat at a table that was purchased for a political fundraiser, what is the value?
 - A. Because the ticket was not offered by the campaign committee holding the fundraiser, it is a gift to the official. The value is either the face value of the ticket or the pro-rata share of the food, catering services, entertainment, and any additional benefits provided to attendees.
- 51. Q. If an official attends an event that serves only appetizers and drinks, does the "drop-in" exception apply no matter how long the official stays or how many appetizers or drinks are consumed?
 - A. No. The focus of the "drop-in" exception is on the official's brief attendance and limited consumption, not on the nature of the event as a whole. If an official attends an event that serves only appetizers and drinks, the "drop-in" exception applies only if the official just "drops in" for a few minutes and consumes only a "de minimis" amount of appetizers and drinks. The "drop-in" exception does not automatically apply just because the event does not serve more than appetizers and drinks.
- 52. Q. An organization, which is not a 501(c)(3) organization, is holding a fundraiser at a professional sporting event. Tickets to this sporting event are sold out and it appears that tickets are only available at a substantially higher price than the face value amount of the ticket provided to the official by the organization. If the official attends the event, what is the value of the gift?
 - A. The value is the face value amount on the ticket to the sporting event. This valuation rule applies to all tickets to such events that are not covered by a separate valuation exception, such as non-profit and political party fundraisers.
- 53. Q. An official receives a ticket to a fundraiser, and if accepted, the ticket will result in a reportable gift or a gift over the current gift limit. What are the options?
 - A. The official may reimburse the entity or organization that provided the ticket for the amount over the gift limit. Alternatively, the official may pay down the value of the ticket to under the \$50 gift reporting threshold if the official does not want to disclose the ticket. Reimbursement and/or pay down must occur within 30 days of receipt of the ticket. A candidate or elected official may use campaign funds to make the reimbursement if the official's attendance at the event is directly related to a political, legislative, or governmental purpose. A ticket that is not used and not given to another person is not considered a gift to the official and therefore is not reportable.

California Fair Political Practices Commission Update of Rules Regarding the Filing of Expanded Statements of Economic Interests by Public Officials with Multiple Positions

In November 2020, the Commission updated its regulations governing the filing of an Expanded Statement of Economic Interests (an "Expanded Statement") by a public official who holds multiple positions. The goal of this fact sheet is to help filing officers, filing officials, and officials with multiple positions to understand the updated rules governing the filing of an Expanded Statement.¹

Background

In order to reduce redundant filing obligations, which did not provide additional disclosure, and to improve Commission and agency staff efficiency, the Commission has updated the rules governing filing of Expanded Statements.

The Political Reform Act^2 governs the filing of Statements of Economic Interests ("SEIs") by public officials, including officials specified in Section 87200 (Sections 87202 – 87204), designated employees (Section 87302), candidates for any elective office designated in a conflict of interest code (Section 87302.3), and members of boards or commissions of newly created agencies (Section 87302.6).

Prior to the update, certain officials with multiple positions were authorized to file an Expanded Statement covering all reportable interests, but minor modification and additional guidance on filing rules and processes for Expanded Statements was necessary.

New Regulation 18723.1

New Regulation 18723.1(a) defines "Expanded Statement of Economic Interests," "primary position," and "additional position" for purposes of the regulation. Subdivision (c) authorizes, but does not require, an official with multiple positions subject to filing obligations to file an Expanded Statement for each position, rather than a separate and distinct SEI for each position. That provision also specifies processes for filing such a statement: the original Expanded Statement is filed for the official's primary position and

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¹ This fact sheet is informational only and contains only highlights of selected provisions of the law. It does not carry the weight of the law. For further information, consult the Political Reform Act and its corresponding regulations, advice letters, and opinions.

² The Act is contained in Government Code Sections 81000 through 91014. All statutory references are to the Government Code, unless otherwise indicated. The regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission are contained in Sections 18110 through 18997 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations. All regulatory references are to Title 2, Division 6 of the California Code of Regulations, unless otherwise indicated.

a copy of that Expanded Statement is filed for each additional position. Subdivision (a) provides criteria for determining which position is the official's primary position.

Subdivision (a) also requires an official who files an Expanded Statement to list all positions for which the Expanded Statement is submitted. Subdivision (b), however, provides that a statewide elected officer is not required to list additional positions and is not required to file a copy of the Expanded Statement for additional positions as they already provide full disclosure throughout the State.

In regard to assuming office or leaving office Expanded Statements, subdivision (c)(4) only authorizes an official with multiple positions to file such an Expanded Statement if the official assumes or leaves each position on the same day.

Subdivision (e) requires the Expanded Statement to be submitted in paper format if the Commission's electronic filing system or the agency's approved electronic filing system is incapable of processing the Expanded Statement.

In order to improve filing official and Commission staff efficiency, subdivision (f) expressly provides that if an official files a copy of an Expanded Statement for an additional position, that copy is not required to be forwarded to the Commission.

2 www.fppc.ca.gov FPPC Advice: advice@fppc.ca.gov FPPC Ed. Pro. | 089-01-2021 | Page 2 of 2



Memorandum

SUBJECT:	BOARD COMMUNICATIONS POLICY FACT SHEET
FROM:	Gina M. Ratto, General Counsel
TO:	Members of the Board of Retirement
DATE:	January 18, 2022

Written Report

Background/Discussion

The OCERS Monitoring and Reporting Policy requires that a copy of the Board of Retirement Communications Policy Fact Sheet be provided to the members of the Board annually. The Fact Sheet summarizes the contents of the OCERS Communications Policy and is intended to provide Board members with a quick reference guide.

The objectives of the OCERS Communication Policy are to encourage and facilitate open, accurate, timely and effective communications among all relevant parties, and to mitigate the risks to OCERS, the Board and the Board members that may arise in connection with communications. The policy was last revised in April 2020.

A copy of the OCERS Communication Policy and the Communications Policy Fact Sheet are attached.

Attachments

- (1) Communications Policy
- (2) Communications Policy Fact Sheet

Submitted by:



Gina M. Ratto General Counsel



Background

1. The OCERS Board of Retirement (Board) recognizes that effective communication is integral to good governance. In order to achieve the mission and objectives of OCERS, the Board wishes to establish protocols and mechanisms for communications among Board members; and between Board members and OCERS management, employers, members, and external parties. The Board has adopted this Policy to provide the Board as a whole, individual Board members, and OCERS team members with guidelines for executing the communications function of the Board.

Policy Objectives

- 2. To encourage and facilitate open, accurate, timely, and effective communications with all relevant parties.
- 3. To mitigate risks to OCERS, the Board, and Board members that may arise in connection with communications.

Principles and Assumptions

- 4. Inappropriate or erroneous communications from Board members may represent a significant risk to OCERS, the Board, and individual Board members.
- 5. A Board member communications policy must balance the need to mitigate that risk with the need for open and efficient communication.

Policy Guidelines

General Guidelines

- 6. Members of the Board and the OCERS team represent many differing backgrounds and viewpoints. Therefore, Board members and staff will not send partisan political communications to members of the Board, OCERS team members, contractors, temporary employees, or others working for or providing services to OCERS.
- 7. Members of the Board and OCERS team members will not use OCERS equipment for disseminating partisan political communications to anyone, except where specifically authorized for fulfillment of duties of a duly appointed labor representative.
- 8. Members of the Board and OCERS team members will not engage in communications that may be considered offensive, profane, vulgar, or based on any characteristics of a protected class under Federal law or laws in the State of California, regardless of the motivation for such communications.
- 9. Electronic mail allows for near instantaneous communications between individuals and / or groups of people. Electronic communications also present challenges in managing communications, potential violations of the *Ralph M. Brown Act* (Gov. Code §§ 54950-54962) (the "Brown Act") and challenges in complying with the Public Records Act (Gov. Code §§6250, et.seq.). As such, the Board has adopted the following guidelines for use and management of electronic mail by Board members:



- a. Electronic mail pertaining to OCERS business constitutes a business record of OCERS subject to the OCERS Records Retention and Guidelines Policy and the Public Records Act.
- b. Electronic mail between Board members must not violate any provision of the Brown Act.
- c. Communications that a Board member wishes to disseminate to a majority of the members of the Board or a majority of the members of a standing committee of the Board shall be submitted to the CEO or his or her designee only. The CEO or his or her designee will then, in his or her discretion, forward said communications to the full Board via a special email. Regardless of whether or not provided via a special email, unless the content of the message is inconsistent with OCERS' policies or applicable law (e.g., violates paragraph 8 above of this policy), it will be distributed publicly to the entire Board as a communications item posted with the public agenda for the next regular Board meeting. This paragraph in no way authorizes serial communications or communications by or between a majority of the members of the Board or a standing committee of the Board that would violate the Brown Act.
- d. In the event that an electronic mail communication is sent by a member of the OCERS team to a Board member's personal email account, the OCERS team member shall retain a copy of the email communication according to the Records Retention and Guidelines Policy and for purposes of compliance with the Public Records Act.
- e. Electronic mail communications regarding OCERS business are public records disclosable under the Public Records Act (unless otherwise covered by an exemption) regardless of the fact that they were sent, received or stored in a personal email account. Whenever possible, electronic mail communications regarding OCERS business should be sent to and from an OCERS email address. In the event an electronic mail communication pertaining to OCERS business is sent from a personal email account to a member of the OCERS team, other Board members or to any other party, the Board member shall copy the electronic mail message to an OCERS email address so that OCERS can maintain a record of the electronic mail communication and produce it in response to a request for it under the Public Records Act. This paragraph in no way authorizes serial communications or communications by or between a majority of the members of the Board or a standing committee of the Board that would violate the Brown Act.

Communications Among Board Members

- 10. The Board shall carry out its activities in accordance with the spirit of open governance, including the provisions of the Brown Act, which include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Ensuring that communications by and between Board members comply with the Brown Act (section 54952.2 of the Brown Act);
 - b. Properly noticing and posting an agenda for Board and Committee meetings (section 54954.2 of the Brown Act);
 - c. Allowing proper public comment on agenda items before or during consideration by the Board (section 54954.3 of the Brown Act);
 - d. Properly describing all items to be considered in closed session in the notice or agenda for the meeting (section 54954.5 of the Brown Act);



- e. Not conducting or participating in a series of communications one at a time or in a group that in total constitutes a quorum of the Board or Committee either directly or through intermediaries or electronic devices, for the purpose of developing a concurrence as to action to be taken (a serial or secret meeting prohibited by section 54952.3 of the Brown Act);
- f. Not taking any action, whether preliminary or final, by secret ballot (section 54953(c) of the Brown Act); and
- g. Ensuring Board and committee meeting agenda materials are properly made available to members of the public, upon request and without delay (section 54957.5 of the Brown Act).
- 11. Internal or external counsel for OCERS shall provide biennial Brown Act training/education to members of the Board.
- 12. A member of the Board shall disclose information in his or her possession pertinent to the affairs of OCERS to the entire Board in a timely manner.
- 13. During meetings of the Board and its committees, Board members shall communicate in a straightforward, constructive manner with due respect and professionalism.

Board Member Communications with OCERS Members and Employers

- 14. Members of the Board shall mitigate the risk of miscommunication with employers, OCERS active and deferred members, and retirees, and potential liability through adverse reliance by third parties by avoiding giving explicit advice, counsel, or education with respect to the technicalities of the plan provisions, policies, or processes.
- 15. Where explicit advice, counsel, or education with respect to the technicalities of the plan provisions, policies, or process is needed, Board members will refer inquiries to the CEO or appropriate designee. The CEO or such designee will inform the Board member when and how the matter was resolved.
- 16. Board members shall not disclose confidential communications received orally or in writing in closed session meetings of the Board or a committee of the Board or received orally or in writing from internal or external legal counsel unless the communication is specifically identified by legal counsel as not confidential.

Board Member Communications with OCERS Management

- 17. a. Board members who seek information solely in order to respond to inquiries from members about OCERS' policies and practices may direct their inquiries to the CEO or, with notice to the CEO, to the appropriate Assistant CEO or department head, who shall in turn direct subordinate staff as appropriate.
 - b. All other Board member requests for information shall be directed to the CEO, who shall in turn direct staff as appropriate.
 - c. All Board member expressions of concern and ideas about OCERS' policies, administration, contracting, investments, benefits, media relations and public policy issues shall be directed



solely to the CEO. Under no circumstances shall Board members directly communicate about any such matters with any staff subordinate to the CEO outside of a duly noticed Board or committee meeting, without the CEO's prior express permission. If exigent circumstances arise during the CEO's absence, such matters may be directed to the CEO's designee, who shall act in lieu of the CEO.

- 18. a. The CEO may decline to accept Board member requests for information that require the expenditure of significant staff time or external resources, provided that the CEO then places the matter on the next subsequent Board or committee agenda, as appropriate, for consideration and direction by the full Board or committee.
 - b. The Board and individual Board members shall not retaliate against either the CEO or any of OCERS' staff for acting consistently with this Policy. Board member conduct inconsistent with this Policy may subject the Board member to public censure or reprimand, loss of committee membership or other privileges of office, and/or other appropriate action by the Board.
- 19. The CEO shall ensure that all information requested by one or more Board members is made available to the entire Board.
- 20. Board members shall share any information in their possession pertinent to the affairs of OCERS with the CEO in a timely manner. Similarly, the CEO shall ensure that all relevant and pertinent information is disclosed to all of the Board members in a timely manner.

Board Member Communications with External Parties

- 21. In general, in communicating with external parties, the following guidelines will apply:
 - a. The purpose of any communications by members of the Board shall be consistent with their sole and exclusive fiduciary duty to represent the interests of all OCERS members;
 - b. Board members and OCERS management are expected to respect the decisions and policies of the Board in external communications even if they may have opposed them or disagreed with them during Board deliberations;
 - c. Board members shall not disclose confidential communications received orally or in writing in closed session meetings of the Board or a committee of the Board or received orally or in writing from internal or external legal counsel unless the communication is specifically identified by legal counsel as not confidential;
 - d. Individual Board members shall not speak for the Board as a whole unless authorized by the Board to do so; and
 - e. In external communications, Board members are expected to disclose when they are not representing an approved position of the Board or are not speaking in their capacity as a member of the Board.
- 22. Subject to section 21 above, in situations that call for a spokesperson for the Board, the Chair or his or her designee shall act as spokesperson for the Board. Generally, the spokesperson should request that reporters put questions in writing.



- 23. When interviewed, or otherwise approached by the media for information concerning the affairs of OCERS, members of the Board shall refrain from making any unilateral commitments on behalf of the Board or OCERS.
- 24. To help ensure the accuracy of any oral and/or written material created for the purpose of publication or presentation by members of the Board, in their capacity as such, and to ensure that neither OCERS, the Board, or such member of the Board is placed at risk thereby, all such material shall be peer reviewed by the CEO or legal counsel prior to being submitted for publication or presentation.

Policy Review

25. The Board shall review this policy at least every three years to ensure that it remains relevant and appropriate.

Policy History

- 26. This policy was adopted by the Board of Retirement on November 18, 2002.
- 27. The policy was revised on April 16, 2007, March 24, 2008, May 17, 2011, March 17, 2014, January 20, 2015, March 16, 2015, May 15, 2017 and April 20, 2020.

Secretary's Certificate

I, the undersigned, the duly appointed Secretary of the Orange County Employees Retirement System, hereby certify the adoption of this policy.

Stere D

Steve Delaney Secretary of the Board 04/20/2020

Date

COMMUNICATIONS POLICY FACT SHEET

COMMUNICATIONS AMONG BOARD MEMBERS

- Carry out all activities in the spirit of open governance and in compliance with the Brown Act.
- Disclose pertinent information to the entire Board and CEO in a timely manner.
- Communicate in a straightforward, constructive and professional manner.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH OCERS MANAGEMENT

- Direct concerns or questions about OCERS to the CEO or senior management staff.
- Direct requests for information to the CEO and limit those requiring expenditure of staff time or resources to those consistent with the Board's roles and responsibilities.
- All information requested by Board members shall be made available to the entire Board.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH EXTERNAL PARTIES

- Communications shall be consistent with the fiduciary duty to represent the interests of plan members.
- Board decisions shall be respected despite personal agreement or disagreement.
- Board members shall not disclose confidential communications.
- Board members shall not speak for the entire Board unless authorized to do so.
- Board members shall disclose when not representing an approved Board position or when not speaking in their Board capacity.
- The Chair and CEO shall jointly designate a spokesperson on an issue by issue basis.
- No Board member shall make unilateral commitments to the press to provide information on behalf of the Board or OCERS.
- Written material created for publication or presentation by a Board member, in his or her capacity as such, shall be peer reviewed by the CEO or internal legal counsel prior to submission or presentation.



Memorandum

DATE: January 6, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Tracy Bowman, Director of Finance

SUBJECT: FOURTH QUARTER 2021 TRAVEL AND TRAINING EXPENSE REPORT

Written Report

Background/Discussion

In accordance with OCERS' Travel Policy, the Chief Executive Officer is required to submit a quarterly report to the Board of Retirement on conference attendance and related expenditures incurred by OCERS' Board Members and staff. Attached is the Fourth Quarter 2021 Travel and Training Expense Report that includes all expenses submitted through December 31, 2021.

Submitted by:

CERST.B. - Approved

Tracy Bowman Director of Finance

R-10 Fourth Quarter 2021 Travel and Training Expense Report Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - R-10 Fourth Quarter 2021 Travel and Training Expense Report

TRAVEL AND TRAINING EXPENSE REPORT FOURTH QUARTER 2021 Submitted Through December 31, 2021**

Name	Trip OR Class Dates	Trip Name	Destination	Trip Type	Mileage	Reg. Fee	Meals	Airfare	Hotel	Trans.	Misc.	2021 YTD Total	2020 Total*
ELEY	11/9-11/12/21	SACRS Fall 2021 Conference	Los Angeles, CA	Conference		120.00			902.79	161.70	-	1,184,49	
Sub Total					-	120.00	•	-	902.79	161.70		1,184.49	
FREIDENRICH	5/11-5/14/21	SACRS Spring 2021 Conference	Online	Conference	-	120.00	-	-	-	-	-	120.00	
	10/25-10/27/21	18th Annual Global ARC Boston	Boston, MA	Conference	-	375.00	64.89	405.80	1,275.18	45.91	-	2,166.78	
Sub Total						495.00	64.89	405.80	1,275.18	45.91		2,286.78	170.00
HIDALGO					-	-		-	-	-		0.00	
Sub Total					-	-	-	-	-	-	•	0.00	50.00
HILTON	5/11-5/14/21	SACRS Spring 2021 Conference	Online	Conference	-	120.00	-	-		-	-	120.00	
-	6/28/21-7/1/21	OC Legislative Delegation	Washington, D.C.	Meeting	-	-	-	697.96	436.74			1,134.70	
Sub Total			-		•	120.00	•	697.96	436.74	•	-	1,254.70	6,637.89
OATES	9/26-9/28/21	NCPERS 2021 Public Pension Funding Forum	Scottsdale, AZ	Training	418.88	695.00	-	-	1,058.72	-	-	2,172.60	
	9/28-9/30/21	CALAPRS Principles for Trustees 2021	Online	Training	-	500.00	-	-	-	-	-	500.00	
Sub Total	11/9-11/12/21	SACRS Fall 2021 Conference	Los Angeles, CA	Conference	40.32 459.20	120.00 1.315.00			902.79 1.961.51	161.70 161.70		1,224.81	
					459.20		-	-	1,961.51		•		-
PACKARD	2/2-2/3/21	NCPERS Fall Conference	Online	Conference	-	300.00	-	-	-	-		300.00	
	3/8-3/9/21	CALAPRS General Assembly 2021	Online	Conference		250.00		-	-			250.00	
Sub Total PREVATT	0/00 0/04/04		0.r			550.00	-	-	•	-		550.00	•
PREVAIL	2/22-2/24/21	NASRA Winter System Round Table	Online	Conference	-	350.00	-	-	-	-	-	350.00	
	5/11-5/14/21	SACRS Spring 2021 Conference	Online	Conference	-	120.00	-	-		-	-	120.00	
	8/4/21	NASRA Annual Conference 2021	Online	Conference	-	395.00	-	-		-		395.00	
	11/9-11/12/21	SACRS Fall 2021 Conference	Los Angeles, CA	Conference	-	120.00		-	902.79			1,022.79	
Sub Total TAGALOA	2/2-2/3/21	NCPERS Fall Conference	Online	Conference		985.00 300.00	•	-	902.79			1,887.79 300.00	515.00
TAGALUA								-	-				
	3/8-3/9/21	CALAPRS General Assembly 2021	Online	Conference		250.00	-	-	-	-		250.00	
	5/10/21	CALAPRS Trustees Round Table	Online	Training	-	50.00	-	-	-	-		50.00	
	5/11-5/14/21	SACRS Spring 2021 Conference	Online	Conference	-	120.00	-	-				120.00	
	8/4/21	NASRA Annual Conference 2021	Online	Conference	-	395.00		-	-	-		395.00	
	8/22-8/24/21	NCPERS 2021 Public Pension Funding Forum	New York, NY	Training	-	685.00	-	615.80	706.44	205.88	-	2,213.12	
	9/28/21	CALAPRS Principles for Trustees 2021	Online	Training	-	500.00	-	-	-	-	-	500.00	
	10/25-10/27/21	18th Annual Global ARC Boston	Boston, MA	Conference	36.40	300.00	140.33	446.80	1,700.24	-	-	2,623.77	
	10/29/21	CALAPRS Trustees Round Table	Online	Training	-	50.00	-	-	-		-	50.00	
	11/9-11/12/21	SACRS Fall 2021 Conference	Los Angeles, CA	Conference	-	120.00	26.84	-	902.79	161.70		1,211.33	
Sub Total					36.40	2,770.00	167.17	1,062.60	3,309.47	367.58		7,713.22	2,058.45
VALLONE Sub Total	5/11-5/14/21	SACRS Spring 2021 Conference	Online	Conference	-	120.00 120.00	•					120.00 120.00	
BOARD Total					495.60	6,475.00	232.06	2.166.36	8.788.48	- 736.89		18.894.39	9,431.34
DELANEY	2/11/21	CALAPRS Virtual Administrators Round Table	Online	Conference	-	50.00	232.00	2,100.30	0,700.40	130.03		50.00	3,431.34
	2/22-2/24/21	NASRA Winter System Round Table	Online	Conference		350.00				-		350.00	
	3/8-3/9/21	CALAPRS General Assembly 2021	Online	Conference	-	250.00		-	-	-		250.00	
	3/18/21	Vitech Conference	Online	Conference	-	40.00	-	-	-	-	-	40.00	
	3/31/21	WSJ Pro Artificial Intelligence Forum	Online	Training	-	75.00	-	-				75.00	
	5/10/21	CALAPRS Trustees Round Table	Online	Training	-	50.00	-	-	-			50.00	
	5/11-5/14/21	SACRS Spring 2021 Conference	Online	Conference	-	120.00		-				120.00	
	6/25/21	CALAPRS Administrators Round Table	Online		-	50.00		-			-	50.00	
	6/28/21-7/1/21	OC Legislative Delegation	Washington, D.C.	Training Meeting	46.09	50.00	350.58	- 646.81	436.74	245.89		1,726.11	
	8/4/21				40.09	- 395.00	300.00	040.01	430.74	240.09	-		
	9/22-9/24/21	NASRA Annual Conference 2021 CALAPRS Administrators Institute 2021	Online Online	Conference	-	500.00		-				395.00 500.00	
				Training	-		-	-	-	-			
	10/25-10/27/21	18th Annual Global ARC Boston	Boston, MA	Conference		300.00	76.95	338.71	1,254.67	118.88		2,089.21	
	10/29/21	CALAPRS Trustees Round Table	Online	Training		50.00	-	-	-	-	-	50.00	
Sub Total	11/9-11/12/21	SACRS Fall 2021 Conference	Los Angeles, CA	Conference	46.15 92.24	120.00 2,350.00	427.53	985.52	476.43 2,167.84	58.17 422.94		700.75 6,446.07	3,792.60
JENIKE	3/8-3/9/21	CALAPRS General Assembly 2021	Online	Conference		2,350.00	421.03	900.52	2,107.84	422.94		6,446.07	3,792.60
JENINE	5/11-5/14/21	SACRS Spring 2021 Conference	Online	Conference	-	250.00			-	-		120.00	
		CALAPRS Benefits Round Table			-			-					
	6/25/21		Online	Training	-	50.00	-	-	-	-	-	50.00	
	8/4/21	NASRA Annual Conference 2021	Online	Conference	-	395.00 500.00	-	-	-	-		395.00 500.00	
Sub Total	8/23/21	CALAPRS Management/Leadership Forum 2021	Online	Training		1,315.00	-		-	-		1,315.00	916.31
SHOTT	3/8-3/9/21	CALAPRS General Assembly 2021	Online	Conference		1,315.00						1,315.00	910.31
511011	3/18/21	Vitech Conference	Online	Conference	-	250.00 40.00	-	-	-	-	-	40.00	
	4/14/21	2021 LCW Annual Conference	Online	Conference		40.00	-	-	-	-		40.00	
								-	-	-			
	5/11-5/14/21	SACRS Spring 2021 Conference	Online	Conference	-	120.00	-	-	-	-	-	120.00	
	7/12/21	GFOA Conference	Online	Conference	-	535.00	-	-	-	-		535.00	
	8/4/21	NASRA Annual Conference 2021	Online	Conference	-	395.00	-	-	-	-		395.00	
	9/24-9/25/21	CALAPRS Administrators Institute 2021	Online	Training	-	500.00	-	-	-	-	-	500.00	
	10/19-10/29/21	P2F2 Conference 2021	Online	Training	-	500.00	-		-	-		500.00	
Sub Total			0.5		-	2,965.00		-	-	•		2,965.00	8,798.34
TORRES Sub Total	Varies	Leadership Development for Executive Assistant	Online	Training		170.10 170.10						170.10 170.10	149.00
ouu rotai						170.10				-	•	170.10	
EXECUTIVE Total					92.24	6.800.10	427.53	985.52	2,167,84	422.94		10.896.17	13.656.25

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - R-10 Fourth Quarter 2021 Travel and Training Expense Report

TRAVEL AND TRAINING EXPENSE REPORT

FOURTH QUARTER 2021 Submitted Through December 31, 2021**

Name Trip OR Class Dates Trip Name Destination Trip Type Mileage Reg. Fee Meals Airfare Hotel Trans. Misc. 2021 YTD Total 2020 Total* BEESON 5/11-5/14/21 SACRS Spring 2021 Conference Online Conference 120.00 120.00 2,339.42 Sub Total 120.00 120.00 CHARY CALAPRS Investments Round Table 3/16/21 Online Training 50.00 50.00 5/11-5/14/21 SACRS Spring 2021 Conference Online Conference 120.00 120.00 JCLA High Performing Teams Program 4 400 00 4 400 00 aries Online Training Sub Total 4,570.00 4.570.00 CI EBERG 0.00 Sub Total 0.00 684.96 DEPAULA 4/23/21 CALAPRS Overview Course in Retirement Plan Admin 100.00 Online Training 100.00 1/3/21 CALAPRS Intermediate Course in Retirement Plan Admin 200.00 200.00 Online Training 2/8/21 CALAPRS Advanced Course in Retirement Plan Admin Online Training 200.00 200.00 Sub Total 500.00 500.00 2/18/21 A Conversation with Dr. Ben Bernanke Online Training 20.00 20.00 ternative Investment Series 2021 250.00 250.00 aries Online Training Sub Total 270.00 270.00 400.00 CALAPRS General Assembly 2021 MURPHY 3/8-3/9/21 Online Conference 250.00 250.00 3/16/21 CALAPRS Investments Round Table Online Training 50.00 50.00 5/11-5/14/21 Conference SACRS Spring 2021 Conference 120.00 120.00 Online 7/14/21 58.52 25.20 PIMCO CIO Conference Los Angeles CA Conference 83 72 9/28/21 27.44 27.44 Women's Private Equity Summit Conference Dana Point, CA Conference 10/15/21 LA CIO Luncheon Meeting Meeting 22.81 22.81 Long Beach, CA 10/17/21 ken Institute Global Conference werly Hills, CA 57.48 1,430.58 75.00 1,563.06 Conference 58.23 224.48 2,075.91 12/8/21 021 CIO Industry Innovation Awards lew York, NY 22 1F 686 10 1.128.00 181.42 Meeting 420.00 22.10 2,558.58 Sub Total 2,999.38 686.10 281.62 NGUYEN 0.00 Sub Total 0.00 2,720.21 TURAIGI 0.00 0.00 179.52 Sub Total WALANDER-SARKIN 5/11-5/14/21 SACRS Spring 2021 Conference Conference 120.00 120.00 Online 3.326.29 Sub Total 120.00 120.00 INVESTMENTS Tota 224.48 6,000.00 22.16 686.10 2,558.58 281.62 9,772.94 9,323.49 KINSLER 4/13/21 CALAPRS Communications Round Table Training 50.0 50.0 Online Sub Total 50.00 50.00 CALAPRS Communications Round Table RITCHEY 4/13/21 Online Training 50.00 50.00 Sub Total 50.00 50.00 400.00 COMMUNICATIONS Total 100.00 100.00 400.00 MATSUO CALAPRS Attorneys Round Table 2/19/21 Online Training 50.00 50.00 5/28/21 CALAPRS Attorneys Round Table 50.00 Training 50.00 Online 11/9-11/12/21 ACRS Fall 2021 Conference Los Angeles, CA Conference 120.00 120 00 Sub Total MCINTOSH 580.00 220.00 220.00 2/19/21 CALAPRS Attorneys Round Table Online Training 50.00 50.00 11/9-11/12/2 SACRS Fall 2021 Conference 120.00 898.16 1.018.16 Los Angeles, CA Conference Sub Total RATTO 170.00 898.16 1,068.16 100.00 . 5/11-5/14/21 SACRS Spring 2021 Conference Online Conference 120.00 120.00 6/22-6/25/21 NAPPA Legal Education Conference Online Training 499.00 499.00 1 019 05 64 64 1 226 58 10/5-10/7/21 APPA Legal Education Conference empe, AZ Conference 93 91 48.98 Sub Total 619.00 93.91 48.98 1,019.05 64.64 2,177.68 1,845.58 SERPA 6/22-6/24/21 APPA 2021 Legal Education Conference Online Conference 499.00 499.00 Sub Total 499.00 499.00 SINGLETON 10/8/21 CALAPRS Disability Staff Training Training Conference Online 100.00 100.00 18.00 11/9-11/12/21 SACRS Fall 2021 Conference Los Angeles, CA 46.14 120.00 184.14 Sub Total 46.14 220.00 18.00 284.14 93.91 1,917.21 2,857.68 LEGAL Total 46.14 1,728.00 48.98 82.64 3.916.88 GUEVARA usiness Writing Training Online 256.75 256.75 1/22/21 256.75 256.79 Time Management Online Training Sub Total 513.50 513.50 **IBARRA** 4/23/21 CALAPRS Overview Course in Retirement Plan Admin Online Training 100.00 100.00 Sub Total 100.00 100.00 LAMBERSON 3/18/21 /itech Conference Online Conference 40.00 40.00 8/23/21 CALAPRS Management/Leadership Forum 2021 Online Training 500.00 500.00 9/17/21 CALAPRS Renefits Round Table Online Training 50.00 50.00 1 499 00 1 499 00 aries EAN Six Sigma Black Belt Complete Certificate Online Training Sub Total 2,089.00 2,089.00 450.00 3/30/21 Business Writing Online Training 256.75 256.75 1/22/21 Time Management Online Training 256 75 256 75 Sub Total 513.50 513.50 PANAMENO 4/23/21 CALAPRS Overview Course in Retirement Plan Admin Online Training 100.00 100.00 Sub Total 100.00 100.00 PERSI 3/18/21 vitech Conference Online Conference 40.00 40.00 Sub Total 40.00 40.00 RODRIGUEZ CALAPRS Overview Course in Retirement Plan Admin 4/23/21 Online Training 100.0 Sub Total 100.00 100.00 CALAPRS Overview Course in Retirement Plan Admin RUBIO 4/23/21 Online Training 100.00 100 00 100.00 100.00 Sub Total WOOD 8/23/21 CALAPRS Management/Leadership Forum 2021 Online 500.00 500.00 Training 200.00 Sub Total 500.00 500.00 MEMBER SERVICES Total 4,056.00 4,056.00 650.00

01-18-2022 REGULAR BOARD MEETING - R-10 Fourth Quarter 2021 Travel and Training Expense Report

TRAVEL AND TRAINING EXPENSE REPORT

FOURTH QUARTER 2021 Submitted Through December 31, 2021**

Name Trip OR Class Dates Trip Name Destination Trip Type Mileage Reg. Fee Meals Airfare Hotel Trans. Misc. 2021 YTD Total 2020 Total* BARKER 3/19/21 CALAPRS Accountants Round Table Conference 50.00 50.00 Online 170.00 170.00 12/9/21 GFOA Annual Governmental GAAP Update Online Training Sub Total 1,590.00 220.00 220.00 10/19-10/29/21 BOWMAN 2021 P2F2 Conference Online Conference 500.00 500.00 GFOA Annual Governmental GAAP Update 2/9/21 170.00 170 00 Online Training Sub Total DAVEY 670.00 670.00 1,161.15 0.00 Sub Total 0.00 400.00 DURIGON 10/29/21 Excel Data Analysis with Power Pivot 191.75 191.75 Online Training 391.75 Sub Total 191.75 191.75 GUERRERO 0.00 702.00 Sub Total 0.00 KANG 3/18/21 itech Conference Online Conference 40.00 40.00 3/19/21 CALAPRS Accountants Round Table Online Conference 50.00 50.00 12/9/21 GFOA Annual Governmental GAAP Update Online Training 170.00 170.00 aries CalCPA Continuing Education Online Training 1 385 00 1 385 00 Sub Total 1,645.00 1,645.00 872.00 REYES 3/18/21 tech Conference 40.00 40.00 Online Conference 12/9/21 GFOA Annual Governmental GAAP Update Online Training 170.00 170.00 Sub Total 210.00 210.00 957.00 FINANCE Total 2,936.75 2,936.75 6,073.90 ACUNA 3/30/21 Business Writing Online Training 256.75 256.75 4/22/21 Time Managemen Online Training 256 75 256 75 Sub Total 513.50 599.00 513.50 . CORTEZ 0.00 Sub Total DISABILITY Total 699.00 1,298.00 0.00 513.50 513.50 DURRAH 3/30/21 Business Writing Training 256.75 256.75 Online 11/3/21 CALAPRS Intermediate Course in Retirement Plan Admin Online 200.00 200.00 Training aries Day Drive Results with Talent training Online Training 2 100 00 2 100 00 Sub Total 513.20 2.556.75 2,556.75 GUNSOLLEY Business Writing Training Online 256.75 256.75 11/3/21 CALAPRS Intermediate Course in Retirement Plan Admin 200.00 200.00 Online Training 12/8/21 CALAPRS Advanced Course in Retirement Plan Admin 200.00 Online 200.00 Training Sub Total HOCKLESS 8,500.00 656.75 656.75 11/3/21 CALAPRS Intermediate Course in Retirement Plan Admin Online Training 200.00 200.00 12/8/21 CALAPRS Advanced Course in Retirement Plan Admin 200.00 Online Training 200.00 Sub Total 400.00 400.00 WOZNIUK 3/30/21 Business Writing Dnline Training 256.75 256.75 3/31/21 2-Day Drive Results with Talent training Online Training 3 080 00 3 080 00 Sub Total 3,336.75 3,336.75 HUMAN RESOURCES Total 6,950,25 6,950,25 DOEZIE 6/14-6/16/21 PRIMA (Risk) Conference Online Conference 315.00 315.00 315.00 Sub Total 315.00 375.00 OPERATIONS SUPPORT SERVICES Total 315.00 315.00 375.00 I.T. DEPARTMENT TRAINING 0.00 Sub Tota 0.00 19,305.42 JOHNSON 3/18/21 Vitech Conference Online Conference 40.00 40.00 Sub Total 40.00 40.00 ARA 3/18/21 Vitech Conference Online Conference 40.00 40.00 Sub Total 40.00 40.00 SADOSKI 3/18/21 Vitech Conference Online Conference 40.00 40.00 Sub Total 40.00 40.00 120.00 120.00 19,305.42 ota ADVIENTO 6/23-6/24/21 CSFMO Introduction to Gov. Accounting Online Training 75.00 75.00 7/13-7/14/21 CSEMO Investment Accounting Online Training 150.00 150.00 165.00 165.00 8/24/21 IIA Training Online Training 9/1/21 CSMFO CA Local Budgeting Online Training 150.00 150.00 10/19-10/29/21 525.00 525.00 P2F2 Conference 2021 Online Conference 11/12/21 IIA OC Fall 1/2 Day Training Online Training 75.00 75.00 /aries ermediate Governmental Accounting/Financial Reporting Online Training 150.00 150.00 Sub Total 1.290.00 1.290.00 3,756.20 -1/21/21 Fraud & Financial Crimes in the New Age Online Training 10.00 10.00 7/13-7/14/21 CSFMO Investment Accounting Online 150.00 150.00 Training 8/24/21 IIA Training Training 165.00 165.00 Online 10/19-10/29/21 P2F2 Conference 2021 525.00 525.00 Online Conference Sub Total INTERNAL AUDIT Total 850.00 2,140.00 1,220.00 4,976.20 850.00 2,140.00 . EAKIN 3/18/21 Vitech Conference Online Conference 40.00 40.00 Sub Total 40.00 40.00 2.510.40 GOSSARD 0.00 Sub Total 0.00 2.555.40 INFORMATION SECURITY Total 40.00 40.00 5.065.80 858.46 775.66 3 886 96 15,432.11 1,524.09 38 174 60 60 651 88 85.752.57

Footnotes:

* Prior year totals only presented for 2021 active staff & Board members. Totals include online training.

** Excludes non-training expenses such as meetings, mileage, strategic planning and tuition reimbursement.



Memorandum

DATE:January 18, 2022TO:Members of the Board of RetirementFROM:Cynthia Hockless, Director of Human ResourcesSUBJECT:OCERS TRUSTEE EDUCATION SUMMARY REPORT

Written Report

Effective January 1, 2013, Trustees are required to complete a minimum of 24 hours of Trustee Education within the first two (2) years assuming office and for every subsequent 2-year period in which the Trustee serves on the Board.

Trustees that commenced membership on the Board after the initial tracking period will reset their two-year period on anniversary date of assumed Board membership.

Staff annually prepares a spreadsheet for each Trustee to track their education credits. The following is the current hourly total we have on file for each Trustee for their current measuring period:

Shawn Dewane – appointed 2017, current term 01/01/2020 – 12/31/2022

For Current Education Measuring Period 1/21-12/22: 28.75 hours

Frank Eley – elected 2016, current term 01/01/2020 – 12/31/2022

For Current Education Measuring Period 1/21-12/22: 18.75 hours

Shari Freidenrich – elected Nov. 2010, took office in Jan. 2011, current term [Ex-Officio Member]

For Current Education Measuring Period 1/21-12/22: **32.75 hours**

Richard Oates – elected May 2021, current term [7/01/2021-06/30/2024]

For Current Education Measuring Period 7/21-12/22: 44.25 hours

R-11 OCERS Trustee Education Summary Report Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022 Wayne Lindholm – appointed Jan. 2010, current term 01/1/2019 – 12/31/2021 For Current Education Measuring Period 1/20-12/21: 25.75 hours

Charles Packard – appointed Dec. 2011, current term 1/01/2020 – 12/31/2022 For Current Education Measuring Period 1/20-12/21: **42.25 hours**

Chris Prevatt – elected Fall 2012, current term 01/01/2022 – 12/31/2024

For Current Education Measuring Period 1/20-12/21: 96.60 hours

Jeremy Vallone – elected 2018, current term [7/01/21-6/30/24]

For Current Education Measuring Period 1/20-12/21: 24.25 hours

Adele Tagaloa – elected 2020, current term 01/01/2020 – 12/31/2022

For Current Education Measuring Period 1/20-12/21: 190.75 hours

Arthur Hidalgo – elected 2019, current term 01/01/2020 – 12/31/2022

For Current Education Measuring Period 1/20-12/21: 26.25 hours

Attachments:

- 1. Board Members individual annual Education Report for current two year measuring period.
- 2. Trustee Education Policy.

Submitted by:



Cynthia Hockless Director of Human Resources

R-11 OCERS Trustee Education Summary Report Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022



Purpose

- 1. It is the policy of the Board of Retirement to ensure that individual Trustees have sufficient knowledge of the issues and challenges facing OCERS so as to craft policies to guide the administration of the plan and effectively monitor their implementation based on ongoing exposure to up-to-date benefit, financial, investment and policy information and together with staff are properly trained to perform their respective duties.
- 2. Effective January 1, 2013, Trustees are required to complete a minimum of 24 hours of Trustee education within the first two (2) years of assuming office and for every subsequent 2-year period in which the Trustee serves on the Board (Gov. Code § 31522.8).
- 3. Trustees are also required to complete two hours of ethics training every two years. (Gov. Code § 53235) Ethics training received as part of the 24 hours of Trustee education will satisfy this requirement.
- 4. Trustees are also required to complete two hours of harassment prevention training every two years. (Gov. Code § 12950.1) Harassment prevention training is in addition to the 24 hour education requirement set forth in Gov. Code § 31522.8.
- 5. To that end, each Trustee is encouraged to regularly participate in those educational opportunities that will enable competent discharge of the obligations of that position and meet the statutory requirements for continuing education.

Policy Objectives

6. The objective of this policy is to ensure that all Trustees have adequate opportunity to acquire the knowledge they need to carry out their fiduciary duties.

Policy Guidelines

- 7. Trustees agree to develop and maintain knowledge of relevant issues pertaining to the administration of OCERS throughout their terms.
- 8. Trustees agree to pursue appropriate education across a range of pension-related areas, rather than limiting their education to specific areas. General pension-related areas to be pursued include:
 - a. Pension funding;
 - b. Institutional investments and investment program management;
 - c. Investment performance measurement;
 - d. Actuarial science;
 - e. Benefits structure and administration;
 - f. Disability retirements;
 - g. Due process in benefit determinations;



- h. Pension law;
- i. Organizational structure, methods, and practices;
- j. Budgeting;
- k. Governance and fiduciary duty; and
- I. Ethics.
- 9. Trustees agree that at least two hours of education they receive will qualify as ethics training relevant to the Trustees' public service. Subject matter that qualifies for ethics training includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. Laws relating to personal financial gain by public servants, including, but not limited to, laws prohibiting bribery and conflict-of-interest laws.
 - b. Laws relating to claiming prerequisites of office, including, but not limited to, gift and travel restrictions, prohibitions against the use of public resources for personal or political purposes, prohibitions against gifts of public funds, mass mailing restrictions, and prohibitions against acceptance of free or discounted transportation by transportation companies.
 - c. Government transparency laws, including, but not limited to, financial interest disclosure requirements and open government laws.
 - d. Laws relating to fair processes, including, but not limited to, common law bias prohibitions, due process requirements, incompatible offices, competitive bidding requirements for public contracts, and disqualification from participating in decisions affecting family members.
- 10. Educational tools for trustees include, but are not limited to:
 - a. External conferences, seminars, workshops, roundtables, courses or similar sessions (henceforth referred to collectively as "conferences");
 - b. Industry association meetings or events;
 - c. In-house educational seminars or briefings;
 - d. Periodicals, journals, textbooks and similar materials; and
 - e. Electronic media including CD ROM-based education, Internet-based education and videobased education.
- 11. On an ongoing basis, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Investment Officer will identify appropriate educational opportunities, based on the needs of individual Trustees or the Board as a whole, and include details of such in Board meeting information packages for Trustee consideration. Trustees are encouraged to suggest educational opportunities that may provide value to the Board of Retirement.
- 12. Standards for determining the appropriateness of a potential educational opportunity shall include:
 - a. The extent to which the opportunity is expected to provide Trustees with the knowledge they need to carry out their roles and responsibilities;
 - b. The extent to which the opportunity meets the requirements of this policy; and



- c. The cost-effectiveness of the program in light of travel, lodging and related expenses.
- 13. Beginning January 1, 2013, Trustees will acquire a minimum of 24 hours of Trustee education within the first two (2) years of assuming office and for every subsequent 2-year period for which the Trustee serves on the Board.
 - a. Trustees will endeavor to complete 24 hours of education in the remainder of the first and second calendar year after appointment. For trustees who are appointed later in November or December, the first education year will commence on January 1 of the subsequent calendar year.
 - b. After the initial two years after assuming office, education hours will be tracked on a calendar year basis with each trustee required to complete 24 hours of education within each two year period.
 - c. OCERS staff will track hours on an odd and even year basis with trustees grouped according to the year of term commencement.
 - d. For example, if a trustee assumes office on April 1, 2016, he or she will be expected to complete 24 hours of education by December 31, 2017. Subsequent to January 1, 2018, his or her education will be tracked on a rolling basis with completion of the 24 hour requirement on December 31, 2019, 2021, 2023, etc.
- 14. Trustees will attempt to meet the following minimum goals:
 - a. To secure, over time, a useful level of understanding in each of the topic areas listed in paragraph 8 above;
 - b. To attend at least one conference annually. In accordance with a. above, Trustees are encouraged to attend conferences, on occasion, that address pension topics other than investments; and
 - c. Participate in any in-house educational seminars or briefings that are organized by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer including:
 - i. The educational component of the annual Strategic Planning Session;
 - ii. The Education Forum;
 - iii. Individual sessions at regular Board meetings; and
 - iv. Workshops available to Board and staff members.
- 15. The Board shall maintain a record of Trustee compliance with this policy, and the Chief Executive Officer or his designee will ensure that the policy and annual compliance report are placed on the OCERS website.

Attendance at Conferences & Industry Association Meetings

- 16. Approval for attendance and reimbursement of travel expenses in connection with educational conferences and industry association meetings will be in accordance with the Travel Policy.
- 17. In furtherance of this policy, the Chief Executive Officer shall have discretionary authority to approve staff travel as necessary to carry out the administrative responsibilities of the OCERS,



such as attendance at legislative meetings or hearings, conducting on-site visits as part of due diligence evaluation of existing and proposed service providers, participating in continuing education programs, and other duties as directed.

18. The Board will periodically review the programs, training or educational sessions that qualify for Trustee education.

Harassment Prevention Training

- 19. As an employer of over 5 employees, OCERS is required to provide two hours of harassment and abusive conduct prevention training to all "supervisory employees" every two years, and (effective calendar year 2020) one hour of prevention training to all nonsupervisory employees.
- 20. Trustees are considered "supervisory employees" for the purposes of the statute since Trustees may influence the terms and conditions of employment for OCERS employees.
- 21. The Chief Executive Officer working with the Legal Department and outside vendors will schedule appropriate training for Trustees every two years.

Orientation Program

- 22. Working with the Chief Investment Officer and OCERS' professional advisors, the Chief Executive Officer will hold an orientation program, covering the general topic areas outlined in paragraph 8 above, and designed to introduce new Trustees to all pertinent operations of the System and highlight the knowledge bases required of a Trustee. The aim of the orientation program will be to ensure that new Trustees are in a position to contribute fully to Board of Retirement and committee deliberations, and effectively carry out their fiduciary duties as soon as possible after joining the Board.
- 23. Prior to a Trustee's first official meeting with the Board of Retirement, he or she will endeavor to attend a Board meeting or a standing committee meeting in the role of an observer.
- 24. Within 30 days of a trustee's election or appointment to the Board, the Chair will designate an incumbent member of the Board to provide the new Trustee an orientation to current Board governance practices.
- 25. As part of the orientation process, new Trustees will, within 30 days of their election or appointment to the Board of Retirement:
 - a. Be briefed by the Chief Executive Officer on the history and background of OCERS;
 - b. Be oriented by the Chair on current issues before the Board;
 - c. Be introduced to members of senior management;
 - d. Be provided a tour of OCERS offices by the Chief Executive Officer;
 - e. Be briefed by the Board's fiduciary counsel on their fiduciary duties, conflict of interest guidelines, the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937, Proposition 162, The Brown Act, and other pertinent legislation; and



- f. Be provided with an iPad (or other electronic device) with access to a document repository containing the following:
 - i. A Trustee Reference Manual (the contents of which are listed in the Appendix);
 - ii. A listing of upcoming recommended educational opportunities; and
 - iii. Other relevant information and documentation deemed appropriate by the Chief Executive Officer.
- 26. During the course of their first 12 months on the Board of Retirement, new Trustees will endeavor to attend a seminar on the principles of pension management or a comparable program.
- 27. The Chief Executive Officer will review, and if necessary, update all orientation material. It is the responsibility of Trustees to maintain their Trustee Reference Manuals, by ensuring that they contain the most up to date materials. A master copy of the Trustee Reference Manual will be available for use by Trustees at the OCERS office.

Policy Review

28. The Board of Retirement will review this policy at least every three years to ensure that it remains relevant and appropriate.

Policy History

- 29. This policy was adopted by the Board of Retirement on February 19, 2002.
- 30. The policy was revised on May 16, 2005, March 24, 2008, June 18, 2012, November 19, 2012, July 20, 2015, and December 19, 2016, September 25, 2019

Secretary's Certificate

I, the undersigned, the duly appointed Secretary of the Orange County Employees Retirement System, hereby certify the adoption of this policy.

Fere Dalan

10/21/19

Date

Steve Delaney Secretary of the Board

Trustee Education Policy Adopted Date February 19, 2002 Last Revised October 21, 2019



OCERS Board Policy

APPENDIX 1

Trustee Reference Manual

A Trustee Reference Manual will include the following materials:

- a. OCERS Board Handbook;
- b. Relevant sections of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937;
- c. The Brown Act and Proposition 162;
- d. Most recent plan description and member handbook;
- e. Copies of Board policies;
- f. Most recent Annual Report;
- g. Most recent actuarial valuation and financial statements;
- h. Most recent actuarial experience study;
- i. Most recent asset/liability study;
- j. Most recent investment performance report;
- k. Most recent Business Plan and budget;
- I. Organizational chart;
- m. Names and phone numbers of the trustees and the Chief Executive Officer;
- n. Listing of current committee assignments;
- o. Listing of current service providers; and
- p. Glossary of key pension administration terms and definitions.



Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

Department: Board

Employee:

"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."

Date Range: 1/1/2021 - 1/5/2022

Dewane, Shawn

Dewane, Shawn (25 Records)					Total Hours:	28.7
itle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS – AN OVERVIEW	Continuing Education	Segal Consulting	Completed	01/19/2021	01/19/2021	1.0
Description: <i>by Paul Angelo and Todd Tauzer, Segal Consulting</i>						
itle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Private Equity Co-investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS February I/C Meeting	Completed	02/24/2021	02/24/2021	1.0
Description:						
itle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Global Economic Outlook Discussion	Continuing Education	OCERS March I/C Meeting	Completed	03/24/2021	03/24/2021	1.0
Description:						
itle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Annual Fiduciary Education	Continuing Education	OCERS April Regular Board Meeting	Completed	04/19/2021	04/19/2021	0.
Description: Presented by Harvey Leide	erman		· · ·			
itle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
China Education Session	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed	04/21/2021	04/21/2021	1.0
Description:						
itle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
The Townsend Group View of the World	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C May Meeting	Completed	05/26/2021	05/26/2021	1.
Description:						
itle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou

	ning records in regards to their Career Develo		"We provide secur	e retirement and disability be with the highest standard	
Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
	•				
Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
58; Diminished Capacity, Finar or Focus, Legislator Focus	ncial Exploitation, Trusted				
Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
ribery, Anti Corruption: F	raud and Identity Theft, Anti-				
Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
	ort details an individual's Train nent: Board nge: 1/1/2021 - 1/5/2022 Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education S8; Diminished Capacity, Finar Continuing Education S8; Diminished Capacity, Finar Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education Continuing Education	nem: Board Employee: Dewane, Shawa nge: 1/1/2021 - 1/5/2022 Raymond James University Institution Type Institution Institution Institution Continuing Education Raymond James University Institution trype Institution Institution Type Institution Institution Continuing Education Raymond James University Institution Type Institution Institution Continuing Education Raymond James University Institution Stype Institution Institution Institution Continuing Education Raymond James University Institution Stype Institution Institution Institution Continuing Education Raymond James University Institution Continuing Education Raymond James University Institution Continuing Education Raymond James University Institution Itery, Anti Corruption: Fraction, Trusted Institution Institution Itery Institution Institution Institution Institution	ort details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development. nene: Board 1/1/2021 - 1/5/2022 Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed Type Institution Status Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed s, Buyout Offers. Suitability and Type Institution Status Type Institution Status Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed Sages/Disadvantages, Insurance Benefits of Living and s, Buyout Offers. Suitability and Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed Sages Disadvantages, Insurance Benefits of Living and s, Buyout Offers. Suitability and Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed Sage Diminished Capacity, Financi-Exploitation, Trusted Sage Diminished Capacity, Financi-Exploit	Type Institution Status Due Date Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed 09/30/2021 Type Institution Status Due Date Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed 09/30/2021 Type Institution Status Due Date Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed 09/30/2021 Intages/Disadvantages, Insurance Benefits of Living and s, Buyout Offers. Suitability and Status Due Date Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed 09/30/2021 Type Institution Status Due Date Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed 09/30/2021 Status Institution Status Due Date Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed 09/30/2021 Status Institution Status Due Date Continuing Education Raymond James University Completed 09/30/2021 Status Institution Status Due Date Continuing Education <	We provide secure retinent and disability be with the highest standard mass with

	ment: Board	Report ning records in regards to their Career Develo Employee: Dewane, Shawr		"We provide securi	e retirement and disability ber with the highest standards	
Description: Regulatory Requirements& Protection, Information Security, Informa Business Continuity						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Regulatory Requirements: Conflicts of Interest, Client Complaints and Dispute Resolution, Confidential Information, Risk Management, Restricted Securities, Code of Conduct and Ethics	Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
Description: Regulatory Requirements& Resolution, Confidential Information, Ris Code of Conduct and Ethics						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Supervision CE: General Issues / Focus, Communications with the Public, Products, Firm and Regulatory Requirements	Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
Description: Supervision CE: Gener Products, Firm and Regulatory Requirem		ons with the Public,				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Compliance CE: Client Best Interest, Product Offerings, Advisor Practices and Branch Operations	Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
Description: Compliance CE: Client Branch Operations	Best Interest, Product Offering	s, Advisor Practices and				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Anti Money Laundering and Financial Crimes Management: Know Your Customer, Economic Sanctions, Money Laundering, High Risk Securities	Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.00
Description: Anti Money Laundering and Economic Sanctions, Money Laundering,	_	t: Know Your Customer,				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Executed: 1/5/2022 9:24:22 AM Executed By: OCERS\ctorres					Doc. No.	0060-1480-R0001 Page 3 of 5

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ERS Depar	eport details an individual's Train rtment: Board Range: 1/1/2021 - 1/5/2022	ning records in regards to their Career Develop Employee: Dewane, Shawn		we provide securi	e retirement and disability ber with the highest standards	
MPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM						
California Consumer Privacy Act: What is CCPA, Third Party Suppliers, FA's with Outside Business Activities, Independent Registered FA's - Exempt Third Party Status	Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.0
Description: California Consumer Privad Outside Business Activities, Independer Status						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
2021 Fair Credit Reporting Act Authorization - California: 2021 Fair Credit Reporting Act Disclosure and Authorization	Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.0
Description: 2021 Fair Credit Reporting Reporting Act Disclosure and Authoriza		#58; 2021 Fair Credit		·		
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
2021 Alternative Investments: Alternative Investments, Alternative Mutual Funds	Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.0
Description: 2021 Alternative Investme	nts: Alternative Investmen	ts, Alternative Mutual Funds		·		
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Consolidated Order Entry	Continuing Education	Raymond James University	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	1.0
Description: Consolidated Order Entry						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
2021 Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education		Completed	09/09/2021	09/09/2021	3.2
Description: Investment and Non Invest	tment Education Credit					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
ASSET BASED LENDING OVERVIEW	Continuing Education		Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	1.(
Description: Investment Committee Me Presentation by Michael Chandra, CFA,		stofer R. Kraus, Pl				



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Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

Department: Board

"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."

Date Range: 1/1/2021 - 1/5/2022

Employee: Eley, Frank

BOARD

PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS - AN OVERVIEW Continuing Education Segal Consulting Completed 01/19/2021 01/19/2021 Description: vord Tauzer, Segal Consultings Type Institution Status Due Date Completed Private Equity Co-investment Education Continuing Education OCERS February I/C Meeting Completed 02/24/2021 02/24 Description: Type Institution Status Due Date Completed Global Economic Outlook Discussion Continuing Education OCERS March I/C Meeting Completed 03/24/2021 02/24 Global Economic Outlook Discussion Continuing Education OCERS March I/C Meeting Status Due Date Completed Global Economic Outlook Discussion Continuing Education OCERS March I/C Meeting Status Due Date Complet Annual Fiduciary Education Continuing Education OCERS April Regular Board Meeting Completed 04/19/2021 04/19 Description: "tree Type Institution Status Due Date Complete China Education Session Continuing Education <	tion Date 4/2021 Carter	но 1 Но 1 Но 1 Но 0 0
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Description: Type Institution Status Due Date Complete	tion Date	Но
Title Type Institution Status Due Date Comple	1/2021	1
The Teursend Crown View of the	tion Date	Но
The Townsend Group View of the World Continuing Education OCERS I/C May Meeting Completed 05/26/2021 05/2	6/2021	1
Description:		
Title Type Institution Status Due Date Comple	tion Date	Но
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2021 Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education		Completed	09/09/2021	09/09/2021	3.2
Description: Investment and Non Inve	estment Education Credit		/			
litle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
ASSET BASED LENDING OVERVIEW	Continuing Education		Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	1.0
itle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Ηοι
SACRS Fall Conference	Continuing Education	State Association of County Retirement Systems (SACRS)	Completed	11/10/2021	11/10/2021	6.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
SACRS / SEXUAL HARASSMENT PREVENTION TRAINING	Mandatory Training	State Association of County Retirement Systems (SACRS)	Completed	11/10/2021	11/10/2021	2.0
Description:						
ītle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Infrastructure Overview	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.



Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

Department: Board Date Range: 1/1/2021 - 12/31/2022 Employee: Freidenrich, Shari

"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."

BOARD

Freidenrich, Shari (10 Records)					Total Hours:	32.7
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS – AN OVERVIEW	Continuing Education	Segal Consulting	Completed	01/19/2021	01/19/2021	1.0
Description: <i>by Paul Angelo and Todd Tauzer, Segal Consulting</i>						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Private Equity Co-investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS February I/C Meeting	Completed	02/24/2021	02/24/2021	1.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Annual Fiduciary Education	Continuing Education	OCERS April Regular Board Meeting	Completed	04/19/2021	04/19/2021	0.5
Description: Presented by Harvey Leide	erman					
Tial	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Intie	Type					
Title China Education Session	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed	04/21/2021	04/21/2021	
						1.0
China Education Session Description:						1.0
China Education Session	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed	04/21/2021	04/21/2021	
China Education Session Description: Title	Continuing Education Type	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed Status	04/21/2021 Due Date	04/21/2021 Completion Date	1.(Hou
China Education Session Description: Title SACRS Spring Conference 2021 Description:	Continuing Education Type	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed Status	04/21/2021 Due Date	04/21/2021 Completion Date	1.(Hou
China Education Session Description: Title SACRS Spring Conference 2021	Continuing Education Type Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting Institution SACRS	Completed Status Completed	04/21/2021 Due Date 05/14/2021	04/21/2021 Completion Date 05/14/2021	1.(Hou 3.:
China Education Session Description: Title SACRS Spring Conference 2021 Description: Title Sexual Harassment Prevention Training - SACRS Spring Conference	Continuing Education Type Continuing Education Type Type	OCERS I/C April Meeting Institution SACRS Institution Institution	Completed Completed Status Completed Status Status	04/21/2021 Due Date 05/14/2021 Due Date	04/21/2021 Completion Date 05/14/2021 Completion Date	1.(Hou 3.:

Description: Investment and Non Investment	nt Education Cradit					
-	Int Education Credit					
ïtle 1	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
OCERS November Investment Meeting C	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	11/17/2021	11/17/2021	1.00
Description: Blockchain and the Rise of Dec	centralization					
itle 1	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Infrastructure Overview C	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.00
Description: Presentation by Michael Dorre	ell, Chairman, CEO, Co-Found	der, Stonepeak				
ïtle 1	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Global ARC Conference - Boston	Continuing Education	Global ARC	Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	18.50
Description: Global ARC - Boston				·		

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Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

Department: Board

Employee:

Hidalgo, Arthur



Date Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/2021

Hidalgo, Arthur (19 Records)					Total Hours:	26.25
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Ethics Training	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	05/23/2020	05/23/2020	2.00
Description: SACRS Online Training						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Sexual Harrassment Prevention Training	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	07/15/2020	07/15/2020	2.00
Description: SACRS online training						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
CALAPRS Trustee Roundtable	Continuing Education	CALAPRS Trustee Roundtable	Completed	10/23/2020	10/23/2020	2.50
Description: CALAPRS Trustee Roundtal	ble		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		
Fitle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
OCERS Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.50
Description: OCERS Strategic Planning V	Vorkshop		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
INVESTMENT MARKETS DISCUSSION	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	06/24/2020	06/24/2020	1.00
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	tee Meeting - Discussion by Ha	milton E. James, Blackstone				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
THE AFTER CORONA WORLD	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	07/29/2020	07/29/2020	1.00
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	tee Meeting - Presentation by	Ruchir Sharma		·		
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Strategic Planning Workshop - Cybersecurity Training	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.00
Executed: 1/5/2022 12:23:10 PM Executed By: OCERS\ctorres					Doc. No. 0	060-1480-R00 Page 1 oj

ERS Depar	eport details an individual's Tra tment: Board Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/20	ining records in regards to their Career Developme Employee: Hidalgo, Arthur 21	nt.		e retirement and disability ber with the highest standards	
Description: Strategic Planning Worksho	op - Cybersecurity Training					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Co-Investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/14/2020	12/14/2020	1.00
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	ttee Meeting					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS – AN OVERVIEW	Continuing Education	Segal Consulting	Completed	01/19/2021	01/19/2021	1.00
Description: by <i>Paul Angelo at Tauzer, Segal Consulting</i>	nd Todd					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
Private Equity Co-investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS February I/C Meeting	Completed	02/24/2021	02/24/2021	1.00
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Global Economic Outlook Discussion	Continuing Education	OCERS March I/C Meeting	Completed	03/24/2021	03/24/2021	1.00
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
Annual Fiduciary Education	Continuing Education	OCERS April Regular Board Meeting	Completed	04/19/2021	04/19/2021	0.5
Description: Presented by Harvey Leide	rman					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
China Education Session	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed	04/21/2021	04/21/2021	1.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
The Townsend Group View of the World	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C May Meeting	Completed	05/26/2021	05/26/2021	1.00
Description:						

Description: Investment and Non Investment		Institution	Completed	09/09/2021	09/09/2021	3.25
Fitle Typ		Institution				
	pe	Institution				
			Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
ASSET BASED LEINDING OVERVIEW CO	ontinuing Education		Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	1.00
Fitle Typ	pe	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
OCERS November Investment Con Meeting	ontinuing Education	OCERS	Completed	11/17/2021	11/17/2021	1.00
Description: Blockchain and the Rise of Decen	ntralization					
Title Typ	ре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
Infrastructure Overview Con	ontinuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.00
Description: Presentation by Michael Dorrell,	, Chairman, CEO, Co-Founder	, Stonepeak				
Title Typ	pe	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
Canterbury Consulting's 2021 Annual Con Investment Forum	ontinuing Education	Canterbury Consulting's 2021 Annual Investment Forum	Completed	01/21/2021	01/21/2021	2.5
Description: Meeting held via ZOOM						

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EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTE	м

Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

Department: Board Date Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/2021 Employee: Lindholm, Wayne

"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."

BOARD

Lindholm, Wayne (16 Records)					Total Hours:	25.7
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
OCERS Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.5
Description: OCERS Strategic Planning V	Vorkshop		· · ·			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
INVESTMENT MARKETS DISCUSSION	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	06/24/2020	06/24/2020	1.0
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	ttee Meeting - Discussion by Ha	amilton E. James, Blackstone				
litle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
THE AFTER CORONA WORLD	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	07/29/2020	07/29/2020	1.0
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	ttee Meeting - Presentation by	Ruchir Sharma				
Fitle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Strategic Planning Workshop - Cybersecurity Training	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.0
Description: Strategic Planning Worksho	op - Cybersecurity Training					
Fitle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Opal Conference	Continuing Education	Opal	Completed	12/02/2020	12/02/2020	4.
Description: Global Alternative Investm Non-Correlated/Niche Alternative Fund Foreclosure & Eviction Crisis Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Geopolitical Update & Interviews	Strategies					
Fitle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Co-Investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/14/2020	12/14/2020	1.
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	ttee Meeting					
xecuted: 1/5/2022 9:41:10 AM			_		Doc No (060-1480-R0

FRS Depai	rtment: Board Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/20	ining records in regards to their Career Developm Employee: Lindholm, Wayne 21	эн .		with the highest standard	s of excellence
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS – AN OVERVIEW	Continuing Education	Segal Consulting	Completed	01/19/2021	01/19/2021	1.0
Description: <i>by Paul Angelo and Todd Tauzer, Segal Consulting</i>						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Global Economic Outlook Discussion	Continuing Education	OCERS March I/C Meeting	Completed	03/24/2021	03/24/2021	1.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Annual Fiduciary Education	Continuing Education	OCERS April Regular Board Meeting	Completed	04/19/2021	04/19/2021	0.
Description: Presented by Harvey Leide	erman					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
The Townsend Group View of the World	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C May Meeting	Completed	05/26/2021	05/26/2021	1.
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
2021 Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education		Completed	09/09/2021	09/09/2021	3.
Description: Investment and Non Inves	tment Education Credit					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
ASSET BASED LENDING OVERVIEW	Continuing Education		Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	1.0
Description: Investment committee me Presentation by Michael Chandra, CFA,	-	ristofer R. Kraus, Pl				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
OCERS November Investment Meeting	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	11/17/2021	11/17/2021	1.0

Description: Blockchain and the R	ise of Decentralization					
Fitle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Infrastructure Overview	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.0
Description: Presentation by Mich	ael Dorrell, Chairman, CEO, Co-Four	nder, Stonepeak				
Fitle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
The Alternative Investing Summit Conference	Continuing Education	Opal Financial Group	Completed	12/09/2021	12/09/2021	4.5
Description: The Alternative Inves	ting Summit will bring together trus	tees and representatives of institutions as well as	money managers and consu	ultants to explore the roles	of alternative opportunities and	strategies.
litle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Not Your Average Harrassment Prevention for Supervisor Training	Mandatory Training	Burke, Williams & Sorensen, LLP	Completed	12/14/2021	12/14/2021	2.0

	rtment: Board Range: 7/1/2021 - 1/5/2022	Employee: Oates, Richard				- COM
BOARD						
Oates, Richard (8 Records)					Total Hours:	44.25
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
2021 Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education		Completed	09/09/2021	09/09/2021	3.25
Description: Investment and Non Invest	stment Education Credit					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
CALAPRS Principles of Pension Governance for Trustees 2021	Continuing Education	CALAPRS	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	9.00
Description: 9/28/21-9/30-21						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
NCPERS Fall Conference	Continuing Education	NCPERS	Completed	09/28/2021	09/28/2021	8.00
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
ASSET BASED LENDING OVERVIEW	Continuing Education		Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	1.00
Description: Investment Committee M Presentation by Michael Chandra, CFA,		ristofer R. Kraus, Pl				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
SACRS Fall Conference	Continuing Education	State Association of County Retirement Systems (SACRS)	Completed	11/09/2021	11/11/2021	19.00
Description: SACRS Fall Conference pro	ovided education and insight to	those entrusted with managing the funds of these p	lans.			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
SACRS / SEXUAL HARASSMENT PREVENTION TRAINING	Continuing Education	State Association of County Retirement Systems (SACRS)	Completed	11/09/2021	11/09/2021	2.00
Description: SEXUAL HARASSMENT PRI	EVENTION TRAINING					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours

Career Development Report This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development. Department: Board Employee: Oates, Richard Date Range: 7/1/2021 - 1/5/2022			"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."				
OCERS November Investment Meeting	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	11/17/2021	11/17/2021	1.00	
Description: Blockchain and the Rise of Decentralization							
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours	
Infrastructure Overview	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.00	
Description: Presentation by Michael Do	orrell, Chairman, CEO, Co-Founder	, Stonepeak					
Executed:1/5/2022 9:39:29 AMExecuted By:OCERS\ctorres					Doc. No.	0060-1480-R0001 Page 2 of 2	

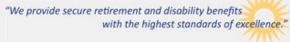


Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

Department: Board

Employee: Packard, Charles



Packard, Charles (20 Records)					Total Hours:	42.25
ītle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
Sexual Harrassment Prevention Training	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	07/15/2020	07/15/2020	2.0
Description: SACRS online training						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Ethics Training	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	05/23/2020	05/23/2020	2.0
Description: SACRS online training						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
OCERS Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.5
Description: OCERS Strategic Planning V	/orkshop					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
INVESTMENT MARKETS DISCUSSION	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	06/24/2020	06/24/2020	1.0
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	tee Meeting - Discussion by Ha	milton E. James, Blackstone				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
THE AFTER CORONA WORLD	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	07/29/2020	07/29/2020	1.0
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	tee Meeting - Presentation by	Ruchir Sharma				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Strategic Planning Workshop - Cybersecurity Training	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.0
	op - Cybersecurity Training					
Description: Strategic Planning Worksho						
Description: Strategic Planning Worksho	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou

DERS Depail	This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development. Department: Board Employee: Packard, Charles Date Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/2021 1/1/2020 1/1/2020				"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence		
MPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Description: OCERS Investment Commi	ttee Meeting						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour	
PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS – AN OVERVIEW	Continuing Education	Segal Consulting	Completed	01/19/2021	01/19/2021	1.0	
Description: <i>by Paul Angelo and Todd Tauzer, Segal Consulting</i>							
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour	
NCPERS Fall Conference	Continuing Education	NCPERS	Completed	02/03/2021	02/03/2021	9.00	
Description:							
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou	
Private Equity Co-investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS February I/C Meeting	Completed	02/24/2021	02/24/2021	1.0	
Description:							
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour	
CALAPRS Virtual General Assembly	Continuing Education	CALAPRS	Completed	03/09/2021	03/09/2021	10.0	
Description:							
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou	
CALAPRS Ethics Training	Mandatory Training	CALAPRS - Ethics Training provided by Nossaman, LLP	Completed	03/08/2021	03/08/2021	2.0	
Description:							
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou	
Global Economic Outlook Discussion	Continuing Education	OCERS March I/C Meeting	Completed	03/24/2021	03/24/2021	1.0	
Description:							
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou	
Annual Fiduciary Education	Continuing Education	OCERS April Regular Board Meeting	Completed	04/19/2021	04/19/2021	0.5	
Description: Presented by Harvey Leide	erman						

Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
China Education Session	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed	04/21/2021	04/21/2021	1.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
The Townsend Group View of the World	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C May Meeting	Completed	05/26/2021	05/26/2021	1.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
2021 Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education		Completed	09/09/2021	09/09/2021	3.
Description: Investment and Non Invest	stment Education Credit					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Ηοι
ASSET BASED LENDING OVERVIEW	Continuing Education		Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	1.
Description: Investment Committee M Presentation by Michael Chandra, CFA		istofer R. Kraus, Pl				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
OCERS November Investment Meeting	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	11/17/2021	11/17/2021	1.0
Description: Blockchain and the Rise o	fDecentralization					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Но
	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.
Infrastructure Overview	0					



BOARD

Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

Department: Board

Employee:

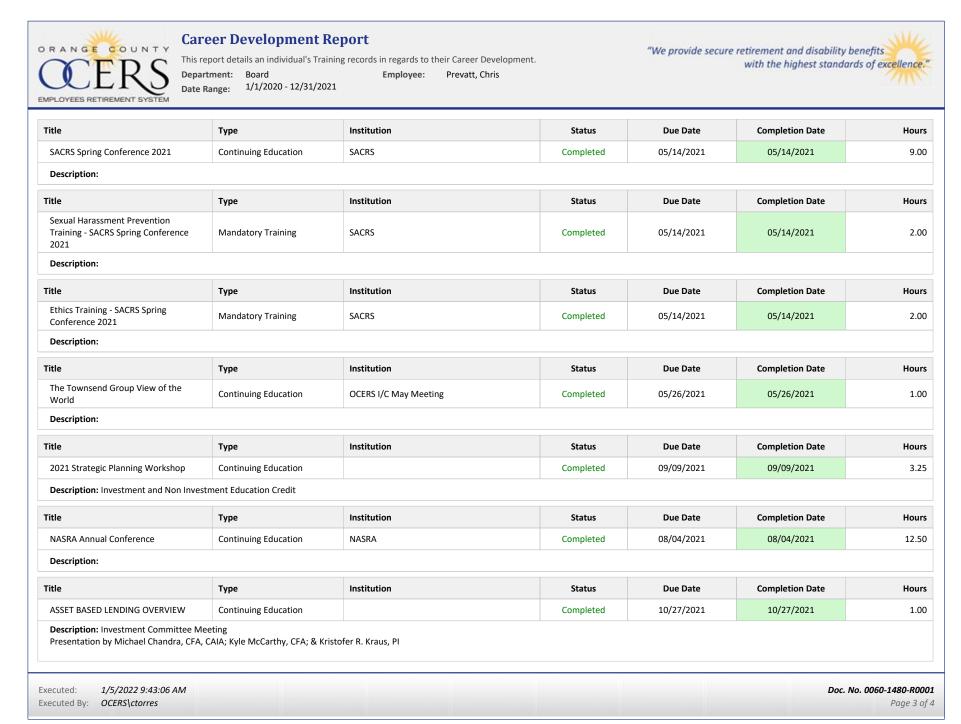
"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."

Date Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/2021

Prevatt, Chris

Prevatt, Chris (24 Records)					Total Hours:	96.60
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
NASRA Annual Conference	Continuing Education	NASRA	Completed	08/12/2020	08/12/2020	13.50
Description: NASRA Annual Conference	e - August 5-12, 2020					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Pension Bridge Annual Meeting 2020	Continuing Education	Pension Bridge	Completed	08/28/2020	08/28/2020	17.10
Description: Pension Bridge Annual Me	eting 2020 - Online					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
SACRS Fall Conference 2020	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	11/13/2020	11/13/2020	9.00
Description: SACRS Fall Conference 202	20		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
OCERS Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.50
Description: OCERS Strategic Planning V	Workshop		· · · ·			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
INVESTMENT MARKETS DISCUSSION	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	06/24/2020	06/24/2020	1.00
Description: OCERS Investment Commi	ttee Meeting - Discussion by Ha	amilton E. James, Blackstone				
Fitle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
THE AFTER CORONA WORLD	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	07/29/2020	07/29/2020	1.00
Description: OCERS Investment Commi	ttee Meeting - Presentation by	Ruchir Sharma				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Strategic Planning Workshop - Cybersecurity Training	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.00

FRS Depar	tment: Board Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/20	ining records in regards to their Career Developme Employee: Prevatt, Chris 21			with the highest standards	of excellence.
Description: Strategic Planning Worksh	op - Cybersecurity Training					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Co-Investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/14/2020	12/14/2020	1.00
Description: OCERS Investment Commit	ttee Meeting					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS – AN OVERVIEW	Continuing Education	Segal Consulting	Completed	01/19/2021	01/19/2021	1.00
Description: <i>by Paul Angelo and Todd Tauzer, Segal Consulting</i>						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Private Equity Co-investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS February I/C Meeting	Completed	02/24/2021	02/24/2021	1.00
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
NASRA Winter Conference	Continuing Education	NASRA	Completed	02/24/2021	02/24/2021	4.00
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Global Economic Outlook Discussion	Continuing Education	OCERS March I/C Meeting	Completed	03/24/2021	03/24/2021	1.00
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Annual Fiduciary Education	Continuing Education	OCERS April Regular Board Meeting	Completed	04/19/2021	04/19/2021	0.50
Description: Presented by Harvey Leide	rman		· · ·			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
China Education Session	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed	04/21/2021	04/21/2021	1.00
Description:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			





Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
					•	
Infrastructure Overview	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.00
Description: Presentation by Mic	hael Dorrell, Chairman, CEO, Co-Found	der, Stonepeak				

1/5/2022 9:43:06 AM Executed: Executed By: OCERS\ctorres

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Hours

10.25

Hours

1.00

11/11/2021

11/17/2021



Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

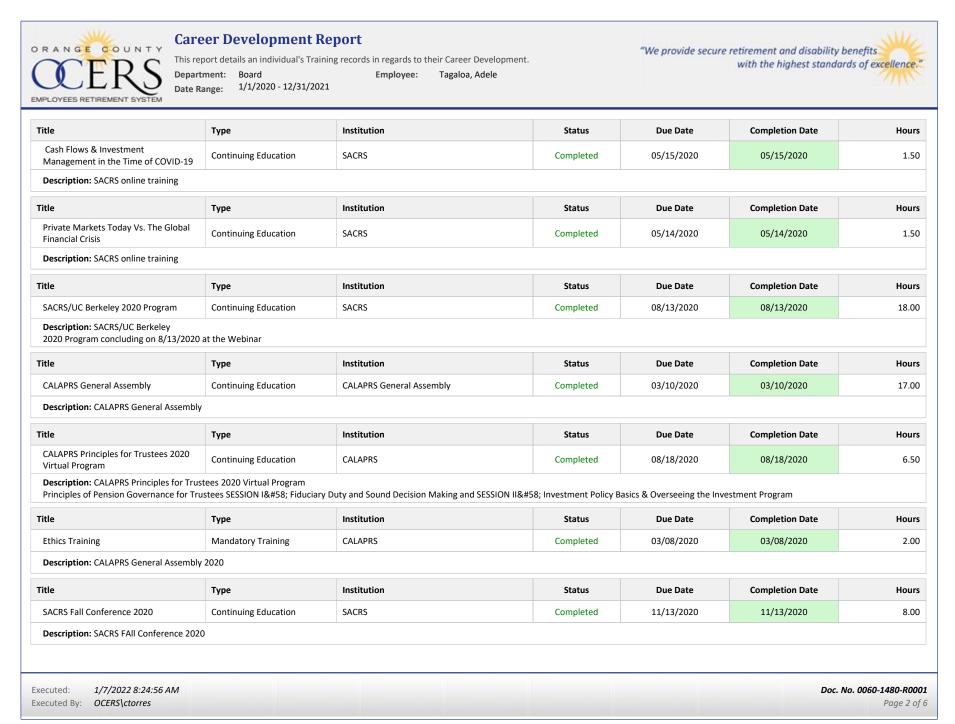
Department: Board

Employee: Tagaloa Adele



Employee:	Tagaloa, Auele	

galoa, Adele (38 Records)					Total Hours:	190.75
tle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
2020 Pension Bridge Annual - Complimentary Webinar	Improvement Training	Pension Bridge	Completed	04/15/2020	04/15/2020	3.00
Description: 2020 Pension Bridge Annua	al - Complimentary Webinar					
tle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Sexual Harassment Prevention Training	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	07/15/2020	07/15/2020	2.00
Description: SACRS Online Training						
tle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Litigation 101 & Current Cases	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	05/22/2020	05/22/2020	1.50
Description: SACRS online training						
tle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Has the Coronavirus Pandemic Changed the Outlook for ESG Investing?	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	05/19/2020	05/19/2020	1.50
Description: SACRS online training						
tle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
The Case for Investing with Small and Emerging Managers	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	05/21/2020	05/21/2020	1.50
Description: SACRS online training						
tle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Private Market Investing in a Late- Cycle Market or Private Market Investing in the 8th Inning	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	05/20/2020	05/20/2020	1.50



	rtment: Board Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/2021	Employee: Tagaloa, Adele	2		with the highest standards	
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
OCERS Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.
Description: OCERS Strategic Planning	Workshop					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Ноц
INVESTMENT MARKETS DISCUSSION	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	06/24/2020	06/24/2020	1.
Description: OCERS Investment Commi	ttee Meeting - Discussion by Ham	ilton E. James, Blackstone				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Но
Strategic Planning Workshop - Cybersecurity Training	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.
Description: Strategic Planning Worksh	op - Cybersecurity Training					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Но
THE AFTER CORONA WORLD	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	07/29/2020	07/29/2020	1.
Description: OCERS Investment Commi	ttee Meeting - Presentation by Ru	ichir Sharma				
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Но
Co-Investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/14/2020	12/14/2020	1
Description: OCERS Investment Commi	ttee Meeting					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Но
PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS – AN OVERVIEW	Continuing Education	Segal Consulting	Completed	01/19/2021	01/19/2021	1.
Description: <i>by Paul Angelo and Todd Tauzer, Segal Consulting</i>			· · · · · ·			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Но
NCPERS Fall Conference	Continuing Education	NCPERS	Completed	02/03/2021	02/03/2021	9
Description:	1	1	1	1		
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Но



Career Development Report This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development. Department: Board

Employee: Tagaloa, Adele "We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."



Private Equity Co-investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS February I/C Meeting	Completed	02/24/2021	02/24/2021	1.00			
Description:									
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
CALAPRS Virtual General Assembly	Continuing Education	CALAPRS	Completed	03/09/2021	03/09/2021	6.00			
Description:									
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
Global Economic Outlook Discussion	Continuing Education	OCERS March I/C Meeting	Completed	03/24/2021	03/24/2021	1.00			
Description:				·					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
Annual Fiduciary Education	Continuing Education	OCERS April Regular Board Meeting	Completed	04/19/2021	04/19/2021	0.50			
Description: Presented by Harvey Leide	rman			·					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
China Education Session	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed	04/21/2021	04/21/2021	1.00			
Description:									
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
CALAPRS Trustee Roundtable	Continuing Education	CALAPRS	Completed	05/10/2021	05/10/2021	4.50			
Description:									
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
SACRS Spring Conference 2021	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	05/14/2021	05/14/2021	10.00			
Description:				·					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
The Townsend Group View of the World	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C May Meeting	Completed	05/26/2021	05/26/2021	1.00			
					Doc. I	No. 0060-1480-R000			
Executed: 1/7/2022 8:24:56 AM Executed By: OCERS\ctorres				_	Doc. I	No. 0060-1480- Page			

	eport details an individual's Tra rtment: Board Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/20	ining records in regards to their Career Development Employee: Tagaloa, Adele 121	i.	we provide securi	e retirement and disability ber with the highest standards	
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
2021 Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education		Completed	09/09/2021	09/09/2021	3.25
Description: Investment and Non Invest	stment Education Credit					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
CALAPRS Principles of Pension Governance for Trustees 2021	Continuing Education	CALAPRS	Completed	09/30/2021	09/30/2021	12.50
Description:						
litle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
NASRA Annual Conference	Continuing Education	NASRA	Completed	08/11/2021	08/11/2021	12.50
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
NCPERS Forum	Continuing Education	NCPERS	Completed	08/25/2021	08/25/2021	9.00
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
ASSET BASED LENDING OVERVIEW	Continuing Education		Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	1.0
Description: Investment Committee M Presentation by Michael Chandra, CFA,	-	ristofer R. Kraus, Pl				
Fitle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
CALAPRS Virtual Trustees Round Table	Continuing Education		Completed	10/29/2021	10/29/2021	3.0
Description: CALAPRS Virtual Trustees	Round Table					
litle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
SACRS Fall Conference	Continuing Education	State Association of County Retirement Systems (SACRS)	Completed	11/09/2021	11/11/2021	17.50
SACRS Fall Conference xecuted: 1/7/2022 8:24:56 AM	Continuing Education		Completed	11/09/2021	11/11/2021	

	tment: Board	port og records in regards to their Career Development. Employee: Tagaloa, Adele		"We provide secure	retirement and disability ber with the highest standards	
Description: SACRS Fall Conference prov	vided education and insight to tho	se entrusted with managing the funds of these plan	15.			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
OCERS November Investment Meeting	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	11/17/2021	11/17/2021	1.00
Description: Blockchain and the Rise of	Decentralization					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Infrastructure Overview	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.00
Description: Presentation by Michael Do	orrell, Chairman, CEO, Co-Founder	, Stonepeak		·		
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
ARC Global - Boston	Continuing Education	Global ARC	Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	24.00
Executed: 1/7/2022 8:24:56 AM Executed By: OCERS\ctorres					Doc. No.	0060-1480-R0001 Page 6 of 6



Career Development Report

This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development.

Department: Board

"We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."

Employee:	Vallone, Jeremy	

Vallone, Jeremy (18 Records)					Total Hours:	24.25
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
OCERS Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.50
Description: OCERS Strategic Planning	Workshop					
litle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
THE AFTER CORONA WORLD	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	07/29/2020	07/29/2020	1.00
Description: OCERS Investment Commi	ttee Meeting - Presentation by	Ruchir Sharma				
litle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Strategic Planning Workshop - Cybersecurity Training	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	09/10/2020	09/10/2020	1.00
Description: Strategic Planning Worksh	op - Cybersecurity Training					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
Co-Investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/14/2020	12/14/2020	1.00
Description: OCERS Investment Commi	ttee Meeting		· · · ·			
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS – AN OVERVIEW	Continuing Education	Segal Consulting	Completed	01/19/2021	01/19/2021	1.00
Description: <i>by Paul Angelo and Todd Tauzer, Segal Consulting</i>						
ïtle	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours
Private Equity Co-investment Education	Continuing Education	OCERS February I/C Meeting	Completed	02/24/2021	02/24/2021	1.00
Description:						

ERS Depaid	eport details an individual's Tra rtment: Board Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/20	ining records in regards to their Career Developme Employee: Vallone, Jeremy 21	ent.	"We provide securi	e retirement and disability ber with the highest standards	
Global Economic Outlook Discussion	Continuing Education	OCERS March I/C Meeting	Completed	03/24/2021	03/24/2021	1.00
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
Annual Fiduciary Education	Continuing Education	OCERS April Regular Board Meeting	Completed	04/19/2021	04/19/2021	0.5
Description: Presented by Harvey Leide	erman					
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hour
China Education Session	Continuing Education	OCERS I/C April Meeting	Completed	04/21/2021	04/21/2021	1.0
Description:				·		
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Нош
Sexual Harassment Prevention Training - SACRS Spring Conference 2021	Mandatory Training	SACRS	Completed	05/14/2021	05/14/2021	2.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
Ethics Training - SACRS Spring Conference 2021	Mandatory Training	SACRS	Completed	05/14/2021	05/14/2021	2.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
SACRS Spring Conference 2021	Continuing Education	SACRS	Completed	05/14/2021	05/14/2021	2.0
Description:						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
2021 Strategic Planning Workshop	Continuing Education		Completed	09/09/2021	09/09/2021	3.2
Description: Investment and Non Inves	tment Education Credit			·		
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hou
ASSET BASED LENDING OVERVIEW	Continuing Education		Completed	10/27/2021	10/27/2021	1.0

CAREC Development Report This report details an individual's Training records in regards to their Career Development. Department: Board Employee: Vallone, Jeremy Date Range: 1/1/2020 - 12/31/2021 "We provide secure retirement and disability benefits with the highest standards of excellence."									
Description: Oct Investment Commit	tee Meeting - Presentation by Mi	chael Chandra, CFA, CAIA; Kyle McCarthy, CFA; & Krist	ofer R. Kraus, Pl						
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
OCERS November Investment Meeting	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	11/17/2021	11/17/2021	1.00			
Description: Blockchain and the Rise of Decentralization									
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
Infrastructure Overview	Continuing Education	OCERS	Completed	12/13/2021	12/13/2021	1.00			
Description: Presentation by Michael	l Dorrell, Chairman, CEO, Co-Foun	der, Stonepeak							
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
EMS HIPPA Awareness	Continuing Education	Target Solutions	Completed	12/19/2020	12/19/2020	1.00			
Description:									
Title	Туре	Institution	Status	Due Date	Completion Date	Hours			
CA Anti-Harassment Training	Continuing Education	Vector Solutions	Completed	07/06/2021	07/06/2021	2.00			
Description:									



Memorandum

DATE: December 29, 2021

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Frank Eley, OCERS Board Chair (2022)

SUBJECT: 2022 OCERS BOARD COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

Written Report

I would like to thank my fellow OCERS Board Trustees for their input regarding committee assignments in 2022. I appreciate your flexibility and willingness to serve where needed:

In determining assignments, I had a number of goals to guide me:

- o To fulfill each Board member's stated committee preference(s) where possible
- o To have each Board member assigned to at least one committee
- To continue the practice of appointing a Vice Chair for all committees (should the Chair be absent)
- To continue the practice of alternating elected and appointed members as the committee's Chairs and Vice-Chairs.

The 2022 OCERS Board of Retirement committee assignments are as follows:

INVESTMENTS

[Liaison – Molly Murphy]

Mr. Hidalgo - Chair Ms. Tagaloa - Vice Chair All other Trustees of the OCERS Board serve as members of the Investment Committee

AUDIT

[Liaison – David Kim]

Mr. Eley - Chair Ms. Freidenrich - Vice Chair Mr. Packard Mr. Oates

BUILDING

[Liaison – Brenda Shott]

Mr. Lindholm - Chair Mr. Prevatt - Vice Chair Mr. Packard Mr. Eley

R-12 2022 OCERS Board Committee Assignments Regular Board Meeting 01-18-2022

DISABILITY

[Liaison – Suzanne Jenike]

Ms.Tagaloa - Chair Mr. Packard – Vice Chair Mr. Vallone

[Please note: Mr. Packard has kindly consented to serve on the Disability Committee as an Appointed Member representative through June 30, 2022. At a future date options for appointed member service on the Disability Committee in the second half of the year will be determined.

GOVERNANCE

[Liaison – Gina Ratto]

Mr. Hidalgo - Chair Mr. Oates - Vice Chair Ms. Freidenrich Ms. Tagaloa

PERSONNEL

[Liaison – Cynthia Hockless]

Mr. Prevatt - Chair Mr. Packard - Vice Chair Mr. Oates Mr. Dewane

My thanks to each of you individually and best wishes to the OCERS Board of Retirement as a whole for a successful 2022.

Submitted by:



FE - Approved

Frank Eley OCERS Board Chair (2022)



Memorandum

DATE: January 18, 2022

TO: Members of the Board of Retirement

FROM: Jim Doezie, Contracts, Risk and Performance Administrator

SUBJECT: CONTRACT STATUS FOR NAMED SERVICE PROVIDERS

Written Report

Background/Discussion

1. Performance Reviews

The following policy provisions stipulate the terms by which vendor performance reviews will be conducted:

- The Procurement & Contracting Policy (Section II.D.) specifies that vendors will be reviewed every three years. "The performance of Named Service Providers and Contractors with Contract Values that exceed \$100,000 will be reviewed at least every three years. In addition, at least six months before the expiration of the initial term of a contract with a Named Service Provider and Contract Value over \$100,000, the continued appropriateness and cost-effectiveness of the Contractor will be assessed."
- The Board of Retirement Charter (Item #21) states that an Actuarial Review is needed every five (5) years. (With coordination by the Internal Audit department.)
- 2. Pursuant to OCERS policy and charter provisions, the schedules below references the Named Service Provider contracts that are up for renewal, expiration, review, or RFP:

Named Service Provider	Vendor	Contract Start	Contract Expiration	Last Review Date	Next Review Date	RFP start	Responsible Senior Exec	Notes
								Reviewed 2017. Report received
Actuarial Auditor (Every 5 years)	Cheiron	8/1/2017	12/31/2017	12/31/2017	N/A	Feb-2022	Delaney/Kim	January, 2018
								Reviewed and presenting to Board
Consulting Actuary	Segal	8/25/2016	12/31/2022	7/11/2019	Jun-2022	May-2022	Shott	7/11/2019. Extended 3 years
Fiduciary Counsel	Reed Smith	7/1/2021	6/30/2024	3/15/2021	Mar-2024	Jan-2027	Ratto	
Financial Auditor	MGO	2/19/2016	12/31/2021	1/19/2021	N/A	N/A	Shott	RFP in process. See Agenda item A-2
								Last review presented to Board
General investment consultant	Meketa	6/15/2016	3/31/2022	5/6/2019	Dec-2022	Nov-2021	Murphy	5/20/2019.
Private Equity consultant	Aksia (TorreyCove)	4/1/2018	4/1/2022	1/19/2021	Jan-2024	Oct-2021	Murphy	RFP in process
Real Estate consultant	Townsend Holdings	4/1/2018	3/31/2022	1/19/2021	Jan-2024	Oct-2021	Murphy	RFP in process
								Last review reported to Board on
Securities lending manager	State Street	7/1/2017	6/30/2023	11/16/2020	Jul-2023	Jan-2023	Murphy	11/16/2020

Submitted by:

Jim Doezie Contracts, Risk and Performance Administrator